

31 March 2011 EMA/HMPC/688216/2008 Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)

Community herbal monograph on *Echinacea angustifolia* DC., radix

Draft

Discussion in Working Party on Community monographs and Community list	January 2009
(MLWP)	May 2009
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consultation	
Release of draft public statement for public consultation postponed	2010
Adoption of draft monograph by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products	31 March 2011
(HMPC) for release for consultation	
End of consultation (deadline for comments). Comments should be provided	15 August 2011
using this template to hmpc.secretariat@ema.europa.eu	
Rediscussion in Working Party on Community monographs and Community list	
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Adoption by Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)	

Keywords	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monographs; traditional
	use; Echinacea angustifolia DC., radix; Echinaceae angustifoliae radix; narrow-
	leaved coneflower root



BG (bălgarski): Дълголистна ехинасея, корен	LT (lietuvių kalba):
CS (čeština): kořen třapatky úzkolisté	LV (latviešu valoda): Šaurlapu ehinacejas saknes
DA (dansk): Smalbladet solhatrod	MT (malti): Gherq ta' l-Echinacea
DE (Deutsch): Schmalblättriger-Sonnenhut-	NL (nederlands): Rode Zonnehoed
Wurzel	PL (polski): Korzeń jeżówki wąskolistnej
EL (elliniká): Εχινακεασ στενοφυλλου ριζα	PT (português): Equinácia angustifólia, raiz
EN (English): narrow-leaved coneflower root	RO (română):
ES (espanol): Equinácea oficinal, raíz de	SK (slovenčina): Koreň echinacey úzkolistej
ET (eesti keel): ahtalehise siilkübara juur	SL (slovenščina): korenina ozkolistne ehinaceje
FI (suomi):	SV (svenska): Liten läkerudbeckiarot
FR (français): Echinacea angustifolia (racine d')	IS (íslenska):
HU (magyar): Keskenylevelű kasvirág gyökér	NO (norsk): Smalbladet solhatt, rot
IT (italiano): Echinacea angustifoglia radice	

Community herbal monograph on Echinacea angustifolia DC., radix

1. Name of the medicinal product

To be specified for the individual finished product.

2. Qualitative and quantitative composition 1, 2

Well-established use	Traditional use
	With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended
	Echinacea angustifolia DC., radix (narrow-leaved coneflower root)
	i) Herbal substance
	Not applicable
	ii) Herbal preparations
	a) Comminuted herbal substance
	b) Powdered herbal substance

 $^{^{1}}$ The material complies with the Ph. Eur. monograph (ref.: 01/2008:1821 corrected 6.0) 2 The declaration of the active substance(s) for an individual finished product should be in accordance with relevant herbal quality guidance

3. Pharmaceutical form

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Comminuted herbal substance as herbal tea for oral use.
	Herbal preparations in solid dosage forms for oral use.
	The pharmaceutical form should be described by the European Pharmacopoeia full standard term.

4. Clinical particulars

4.1. Therapeutic indications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Traditional herbal medicinal product for supportive treatment of common cold.
	The product is a traditional herbal medicinal product for use in the specified indication exclusively based upon long-standing use.

4.2. Posology and method of administration

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Posology
	Adolescents, adults and elderly
	Single dose
	a) Herbal tea: 1 g of the comminuted herbal substance in 150 ml of water as a decoction 3 times daily.
	b) 250-500 mg, up to 3 times daily.
	The use in children under 12 years of age is not recommended (see section 4.4 'Special warnings and precautions for use').
	Duration of use
	The therapy should start at first signs of common cold.
	If the symptoms persist longer than 10 days
	during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor
	or a qualified health care practitioner should be

Well-established use	Traditional use
	consulted.
	Method of administration
	Oral use.

4.3. Contraindications

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Hypersensitivity to the active substance(s) and to other plants of the Asteraceae (Compositae) family.

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not recommended in cases of progressive systemic diseases such as tuberculosis, diseases of the white blood cells system, collagenoses, multiple sclerosis, AIDS, HIV infections and other immune diseases.
	If the symptoms worsen or high fever occurs during the use of the medicinal product, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.
	There is a possible risk of allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Those patients should consult their doctor before using <i>Echinacea</i> .
	There is a possible risk of anaphylactic reactions in atopic patients. Atopic patients should consult their doctor before using <i>Echinacea</i> .
	The use in children under 12 years of age has not been established due to lack of adequate data.

4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Well-established use	Traditional use
	None reported.

4.6. Pregnancy and lactation

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Safety during pregnancy and lactation has not
	been established. In the absence of sufficient
	data, the use during pregnancy and lactation is
	not recommended.

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No studies on the effect on the ability to drive and use machines have been performed.

4.8. Undesirable effects

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Hypersensitive reactions (skin reactions) may occur. The frequency is not known.
	If other adverse reactions not mentioned above occur, a doctor or a qualified health care practitioner should be consulted.

4.9. Overdose

Well-established use	Traditional use
	No case of overdose has been reported.

5. Pharmacological properties

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

5.3. Preclinical safety data

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not required as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, unless necessary for the safe use of the product.
	Tests on reproductive toxicity, genotoxicity and carcinogenicity have not been performed.

6. Pharmaceutical particulars

Well-established use	Traditional use
	Not applicable.

7. Date of compilation/last revision

31 March 2011