



London, 24 October 2005
Doc. Ref. EMEA/HMPC/340865/2005

**COMMITTEE ON HERBAL MEDICINAL PRODUCTS
(HMPC)**

DRAFT

**COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON
PSYLLIUM SEED (PLANTAGO AFRA ET PLANTAGO INDICA, SEMEN)**

DISCUSSION IN THE DRAFTING GROUP ON SAFETY & EFFICACY	May 2005 June 2005 September 2005
ADOPTION BY HMPC FOR RELEASE FOR CONSULTATION	September 2005
END OF CONSULTATION (DEADLINE FOR COMMENTS)	31 January 2006

Comments should be provided to hmpc.secretariat@emea.eu.int
Fax +44 20 7523 7051

KEYWORDS	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monograph; well-established use.
-----------------	--

**COMMUNITY HERBAL MONOGRAPH ON
PSYLLIUM SEED (PLANTAGO AFRA ET PLANTAGO INDICA, SEMEN)**

1. NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT

To be specified for the individual finished product.

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION¹

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>With regard to the marketing authorisation application of Article 10(1)(a)(ii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended</p> <p>Psyllium seed² consists of the ripe, whole, dry seeds of <i>Plantago afra</i> L. (<i>Plantago psyllium</i> L.) or <i>Plantago indica</i> L. (<i>Plantago arenaria</i> Waldstein and Kitaibel).</p>	<p>With regard to the registration application of Article 16d(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended</p>

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Herbal substance or herbal preparation in solid dosage forms such as granules.</p> <p>The pharmaceutical form should be described according to the standard terms published by the European Pharmacopoeia.</p>	

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1. Therapeutic indications

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Herbal medicinal product</p> <p>a) for the treatment of habitual constipation;</p> <p>b) in conditions in which easy defaecation with soft stools is desirable, e.g. in cases of painful defaecation after rectal or anal surgery, anal fissures or haemorrhoids.</p>	<p>None</p>

¹ The declaration of all active substances should be done in accordance with the 'Guideline on quality of herbal medicinal products / traditional herbal medicinal products' (CPMP/QWP/2819/00 Rev.1, EMEA/CVMP/814/00 Rev.1).

² The herbal substance complies with the European Pharmacopoeia (monograph reference 01/2005:0858)

4.2. Posology and method of administration

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Posology Oral use</p> <p>Daily dose:</p> <p><i>Adolescents over 12 years of age, adults, elderly</i> 25 - 40 g in 1 - 3 doses</p> <p><i>Children from 6 to 12 years of age</i> Half to two-thirds of the adult dose (12 - 25 g) daily</p> <p>Method of administration Mix approximately 1 g of the herbal substance with at least 30 ml of water, milk, fruit juice or other liquid; stir briskly and swallow as quickly as possible. Alternatively the herbal substance can be taken and swallowed with sufficient quantity (at least 30 ml per g of herbal substance) of water, milk, fruit juice or other liquid; then maintain adequate fluid intake. The product should be taken during the day at least ½ to 1 hour before or after intake of other medicines.</p> <p>Warning: Not to be taken immediately prior to bed-time.</p> <p>Duration of use See section 4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use.</p>	

4.3. Contraindications

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Psyllium seed is not to be used by patients with a sudden change in bowel habit that persists for more than 2 weeks, undiagnosed rectal bleeding and failure to defaecate following the use of a laxative. Psyllium seed is also not to be used by patients suffering from abnormal constrictions in the gastro-intestinal tract, with diseases of the oesophagus and cardia, potential or existing intestinal blockage (ileus), paralysis of the intestine, or megacolon, diabetes mellitus, which is difficult to regulate.</p> <p>Patients with known hypersensitivity to Psyllium seed should not use Psyllium seed preparations.</p>	

4.4. Special warnings and precautions for use

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>As there is no sufficient experience available, use is not recommended in children below the age of 6 years. Bulk producers should be used before using other purgatives if change of nutrition is not successful.</p> <p>Psyllium seed is not to be used by patients with faecal impaction and undiagnosed abdominal symptoms abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting unless advised by a doctor because these symptoms can be signs of a potential or existing intestinal blockage (ileus).</p> <p>If the constipation does not resolve within 3 days or if abdominal pain occurs or in case of any irregularity of faeces, the use of Psyllium seed should be discontinued and medical advice must be sought.</p> <p>A sufficient amount of liquid should always be taken e.g. 30 ml of water per 1 g of herbal substance.</p> <p>In the package leaflet, the patient is informed about the following warning: Warning: Take this product with at least 150 ml of water or other fluid. Taking this product without adequate fluid may cause it to swell and block your throat or oesophagus and may cause choking. Intestinal obstruction may occur should an adequate fluid intake not be maintained. Do not take this product if you have ever had difficulty in swallowing or have any throat problems. If you experience chest pain, vomiting, or difficulty in swallowing or breathing after taking this product, seek immediate medical attention. The treatment of the debilitated patient requires medical supervision. The treatment of elderly patients should be supervised.</p>	

4.5. Interactions with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Enteral absorption of concomitantly administered medicines such as minerals (e.g. lithium), vitamins (B 12), cardiac glycosides, coumarin derivatives, and carbamazepine may be delayed. For this</p>	

<p>reason the product should not be taken ½ to 1 hour before or after intake of other medicinal products.</p> <p>If the product is taken together with meals in the case of insulin dependent diabetics it may be necessary to reduce the insulin dose.</p> <p>Psyllium seed should be used concomitantly with thyroid hormones only under medical supervision because the dose of the thyroid hormones may have to be adjusted.</p> <p>In order to decrease the risk of gastrointestinal obstruction (ileus) Psyllium seed should only be used under medical supervision together with medicinal products known to inhibit the peristaltic movement (e.g. morphinomimetics, loperamide).</p>	
---	--

4.6. Pregnancy and lactation

<p><u>Well-established use</u></p> <p>No restriction. Bulk producers should be used before using other purgatives if change of nutrition is not successful.</p>	<p><u>Traditional use</u></p>
---	-------------------------------

4.7. Effects on ability to drive and use machines

<p><u>Well-established use</u></p> <p>Not known.</p>	<p><u>Traditional use</u></p>
--	-------------------------------

4.8. Undesirable effects

<p><u>Well-established use</u></p> <p>Flatulence may occur with the use of the product, which generally disappears in the course of the treatment. Abdominal distension and risk of intestinal or oesophageal obstruction and faecal impaction, particularly if swallowed with insufficient fluid.</p> <p>Due to the allergic potential of Psyllium, patients must be aware of reactions of hypersensitivity including anaphylaxis-like reactions very rarely.</p>	<p><u>Traditional use</u></p>
--	-------------------------------

4.9. Overdose

<p><u>Well-established use</u></p> <p>None reported.</p>	<p><u>Traditional use</u></p>
--	-------------------------------

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1. Pharmacodynamic properties

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p>Pharmacotherapeutic group: Laxatives – Bulk Producers ATC-Code: A 06 AC</p> <p>The active ingredient Psyllium seed consists of the dried, ripe seeds of <i>Plantago psyllium</i> L. (<i>Plantago afra</i> L.) or <i>Plantago indica</i> L. (<i>Plantago arenaria</i> Waldstein and Kitaibel). Psyllium seed is particularly rich in alimentary fibres and mucilages. Psyllium seed is capable of absorbing up to 10 times its own weight in water. Psyllium seed consists of 10 - 12% mucilage polysaccharides, which are located in the episperms. It is partly fermentable (in vitro 72% unfermentable residue) and act by hydration in the bowel. The pharmacological effects, gut motility and transit rate can be modified by Psyllium through mechanical stimulation of the gut wall depending on the increase in intestinal bulk by water and the decrease in viscosity of the luminal contents or by contact with rough fiber particles. When taken with a sufficient amount of liquid (at least 30 ml per 1 g of herbal substance) Psyllium produces an increased volume of intestinal content due to its highly bulking properties and hence a stretch stimulus which triggers defaecation; at the same time the swollen mass of mucilage forms a lubricating layer which makes the transit of intestinal content easier.</p>	<p>Not applicable as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended</p>

5.2. Pharmacokinetic properties

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
<p><i>Absorption:</i> The material hydrates and swells to form a mucilage because it is only partially solubilised. Less than 10 % of the mucilage gets hydrolysed in the stomach; mainly free arabinose is well absorbed.</p> <p><i>Progress of action:</i> Psyllium seed usually acts within 12 to 24 hours after single administration. Sometimes the maximum effect is not reached for 2 or 3 days.</p> <p><i>Elimination:</i> Human intestinal flora in the large intestine degrades the polysaccharides.</p>	<p>Not applicable as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended</p>

5.3. Preclinical safety data

<u>Well-established use</u>	<u>Traditional use</u>
No new experimental data available. No data are available in the literature on mutagenicity and carcinogenicity. Data are based on scientific literature about <i>Psyllium semen</i> ; there are no preclinical concerns based on extensive human experience.	Not applicable as per Article 16c(1)(a)(iii) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended

6. DATE OF COMPILATION

20 September 2005