



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/776065/2014

European Medicines Agency decision

P/0007/2015

of 30 January 2015

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for eltrombopag (Revolade) (EMA-000170-PIP02-10-M02) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Disclaimer

This Decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.



European Medicines Agency decision

P/0007/2015

of 30 January 2015

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for eltrombopag (Revolade) (EMA-000170-PIP02-10-M02) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004¹,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency²,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/234/2011 issued on 30 September 2011, and the decision P/312/2011 issued on 22 December 2011,

Having regard to the application submitted by GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited on 24 October 2014 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 12 December 2014, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan, including changes to the deferral.

¹ OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

² OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for eltrombopag (Revolade), film-coated tablet, powder for oral suspension, oral use, including changes to the deferral, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

Article 2

This agreed PIP covers all conditions, indications, pharmaceutical forms, routes of administration, measures, timelines, waivers and deferrals, as agreed in PIP EMEA-000170-PIP01-07 (decision P/83/2008), including subsequent modifications thereof.

Article 3

This decision is addressed to GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited, Currabinny, Carriglane, Cork, Ireland.

Done at London, 30 January 2015

For the European Medicines Agency
Zaide Frias
Head of Division (ad interim)
Human Medicines Research and Development Support
(Signature on file)



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/PDCO/684724/2014

Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

EMA-000170-PIP02-10-M02

Scope of the application

Active substance(s):

Eltrombopag

Invented name:

Revolade

Condition(s):

Treatment of secondary thrombocytopenia

Authorised indication(s):

See Annex II

Pharmaceutical form(s):

Film-coated tablet

Powder for oral suspension

Route(s) of administration:

Oral use

Name/corporate name of the PIP applicant:

GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited

Information about the authorised medicinal product:

See Annex II



Basis for opinion

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, GlaxoSmithKline Trading Services Limited submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 24 October 2014 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/234/2011 issued on 30 September 2011, and the decision P/312/2011 issued on 22 December 2011.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral.

The procedure started on 19 November 2014.

Scope of the modification

Some timelines of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

Opinion

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
 - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Icelandic and the Norwegian Paediatric Committee members agree with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

London, 12 December 2014

On behalf of the Paediatric Committee
Dr Dirk Mentzer, Chairman
(Signature on file)

Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)

1. Waiver

Not applicable.

2. Paediatric investigation plan

2.1. Condition:

Treatment of secondary thrombocytopenia

2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of thrombocytopenia secondary to treatment of myeloid or lymphoid malignancies or of solid tumours.

2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From birth to less than 18 years of age.

2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Film-coated tablet

Powder for oral suspension

2.1.4. Measures

Area	Number of measures	Description
Quality-related studies	1	Study 1: Development of a powder for oral suspension in fixed single dose sachets.
Non-clinical studies	0	Not applicable.
Clinical studies	1	Study 2: Double-blind, placebo-controlled, randomised, multicentre trial to evaluate safety and efficacy of eltrombopag in addition to best standard of care in children with malignant diseases and secondary thrombocytopenia, from birth to less than 18 years of age.
Extrapolation, modelling and simulation studies	0	Not applicable.
Other studies	0	Not applicable.
Other measures	0	Not applicable.

3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety/efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	Yes.
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By December 2019.
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes.

Annex II

Information about the authorised medicinal product

Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):

1. Treatment of immune thrombocytopenia

Authorised indications:

Revolade is indicated for adult chronic immune (idiopathic) thrombocytopenic purpura (ITP) splenectomised patients who are refractory to other treatments (e.g. corticosteroids, immunoglobulins). Revolade may be considered as second line treatment for adult non-splenectomised patients where surgery is contraindicated.

2. Treatment of secondary thrombocytopenia

Authorised indication(s):

Revolade is indicated in adult patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection for the treatment of thrombocytopenia, where the degree of thrombocytopenia is the main factor preventing the initiation or limiting the ability to maintain optimal interferon-based therapy (see sections 4.4 and 5.1)

Authorised pharmaceutical form(s):

Film-coated tablet

Authorised route(s) of administration:

Oral use