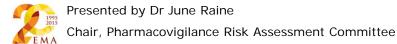


Overview of key improvements

^{9th} Stakeholder forum on the Pharmacovigilance legislation, 15 September 2015





Looking ahead to ongoing improvement EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY

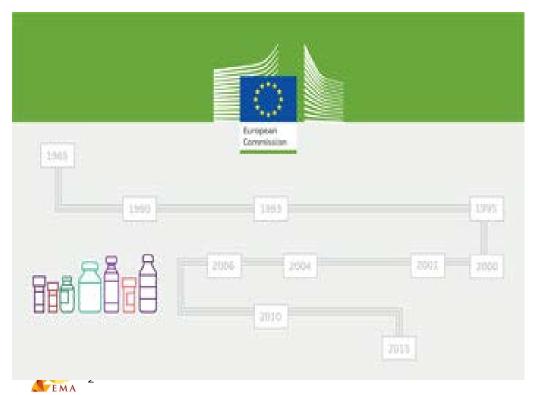
In this presentation:

- Key pharmacovigilance improvement themes
- Highlights of PRAC work plan 2015
- Challenges and some approaches to solutions

Ongoing improvement



European Anniversary year 2015:



50 years of EU regulation

20 years of EMA

5 years since adoption of Phvig legislation

3 years of PRAC

PRAC Improvement themes



Keeping up the PACE

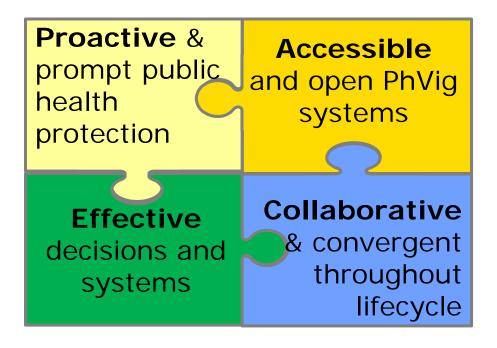


Making a difference



Keeping up the PACE







The 2015 PRAC Work Plan



Comprehensive activity- focussed plan to utilise potential of all new legislative tools

Priorities include:

- Enhanced quality and consistency of PRAC reviews
- Lifecycle management
- Use of new tools

Focus on developing new guidance where needed

Strengthened collaboration with other EMA committees



| EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH | |
|--|--|
| 25 June 2015 EMA/PRAC/455126/2015 Procedure Management and Committees Support Division | |
| PRAC work plan | |
| 2015 - Adopted by the Committee on 25 June 2015 | |
| Table of contents | |
| List of abbreviations | |
| Priorities | |
| 1 Evaluation activities for human medicines | |

Proactive public health protection



Proactive & prompt public health protection

- Strengthening evidence and science base
- Investigating use of benefit risk decision methodologies
- Focus on Post Authorisation studies PASS and PAES
- SMART signal detection methodologies
- Best Practice for referrals
- New GVP guidance
 - Special populations
 - Biologics and vaccines
 - Pregnancy
 - Medication errors





The IMI PROTECT project





TO STRENGTHEN THE MONITORING OF BENEFIT-RISK OF MEDICINES IN EUROPE BY DEVELOPING INNOVATIVE METHODS





TO ENHANCE EARLY DETECTION
AND ASSESSMENT OF ADVERSE
DRUG REACTIONS FROM
DIFFERENT DATA SOURCES
(CLINICAL TRIALS, SPONTANEOUS
REPORTING AND OBSERVATIONAL
STUDIES)



TO ENABLE THE INTEGRATION AND PRESENTATION OF DATA ON BENEFITS AND RISKS



Use of pharmacogenomic evidence





Using pharmacogenomics to define populations at risk of ADRs



- 1 10 January 2014
- EMA/281371/2013

 Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)
- Guideline on key aspects for the use of pharmacogenomic
- 5 methodologies in the pharmacovigilance evaluation of
- 6 medicinal products
- 7 Draft

| Draft Agreed by Pharmacogenomics Working Party | April 2013 |
|--|------------------|
| Adoption by CHMP for release for consultation | 20 December 2013 |
| Start of public consultation | 30 January 2014 |
| End of consultation (deadline for comments) | 30 July 2014 |



Transformative medicines



Early access to medicines in areas of high unmet need

PRIME medicines procedures under development

Focus on real-world real-time evaluation







Accessible pharmacovigilance systems



Optimising safety communications – update of GVP XV

Criteria for PRAC communication other than on referrals

Report on experience with coordination of EU communications

Introducing public hearings

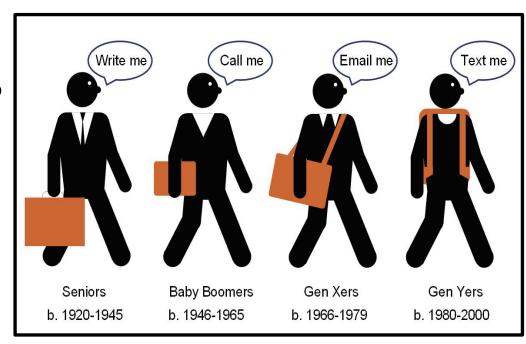
Accessible and open PhVig systems

Optimising pharmacovigilance communications



PRAC is supporting work by EMA, PCWP & HCPWP

Workshop on risk minimisation 16th Sept



Engaging with patients and the public





Interaction with patient and healthcare professional organisations so far during formal European reviews

Rules of procedure for conduct of public hearings being finalised



Collaborative pharmacovigilance



Working with internal and external stakeholders – building effective inter-committee collaboration

Context of EU Network Plan

SCOPE Joint Action project

Innovative Medicines Initiative WEB-RADR



Collaboration between committees



Informal PRAC and Paediatric Committee meeting 28-9 May



SCOPE EU Joint Action



Strengthening pharmacovigilance collaboration:

- ADR reporting
- Signal detection
- Risk communications
- Pharmacovigilance assessment
- Quality management

Project due for completion October 2017



Innovative Medicines Initiative WEB-RADR project

Development of a mobile app for

- –ADR reporting
- -Provision of information to users

Scientific evaluation of using social media data to identify ADRs, propose policy guidance









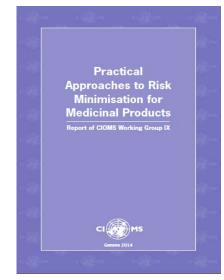
Effective pharmacovigilance systems



Developing GVP module XII on regulatory options

Developing strategy to strengthen evaluation of risk minimisation proposals

Developing a strategy to measure impact of pharmacovigilance



Effective decisions and systems



Impact of regulatory action



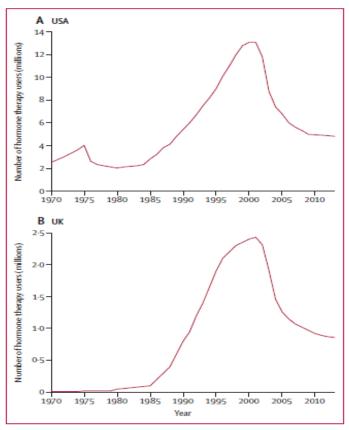


Figure 1: Trends in hormone therapy use in the USA and the UK since 1970 For source of data, see appendix p 4.

Removal of first-line indication in osteoporosis for HRT after WHI study showed harms

Followed by fall in incidence of breast cancer in women over 50 eg 7% in Australia

Trends in use of hormone therapy for the menopause since 1970

Some key challenges

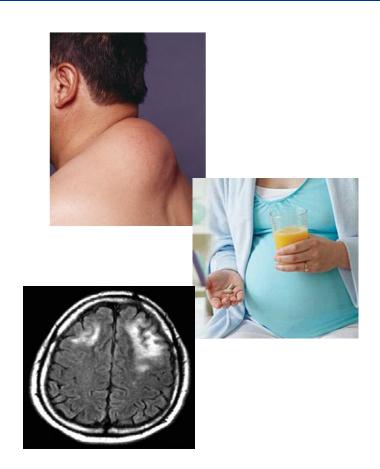


Workload, resources and prioritisation

Optimising benefit risk of "mature" products

Medicines in pregnancy

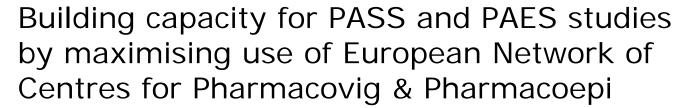
Long term safety (biologics)



Some approaches and solutions



Maximising use of new methodologies from collaborative projects in particular PROTECT





Optimising IT to support and streamline pharmacovigilance systems

Benefits of international collaboration







Conclusions



- Last three years have seen **great progress** in realising potential of EU Pharmacovigilance legislation & role of PRAC
- Experience has demonstrated areas where a **strengthened**, **clarified** or **simplified** approach needed
- This will be the basis for developing a **focussed work plan** for 2016
- Ongoing collaboration between all stakeholders essential to achieve highest standards of public health protection in EU



With thanks to:

Jolanta Palepsaitiene for help with this presentation All members and secretariat of PRAC



Thank you

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