

CPMP/255/98-EN

FINAL OPINION OF THE COMMITTEE FOR PROPRIETARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 12 OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 75/319/EEC AS AMENDED FOR

Medicinal products

International non-proprietary name: Names: Pharmaceutical form: **Terfenadine** see Annex A tablet (including coated tablet and film coated tablet) 60 mg oral use

Strength: Route of administration:

Background

A CPMP Opinion for terfenadine containing medicinal products, pursuant to Article 12 of Council Directive 75/319/EEC as amended, was adopted on 19 November 1997, recommending by a majority of 21 out of 24 votes, the maintenance of the Marketing Authorisations in accordance with the draft Summary of Product Characteristics set out in Annex I to that opinion. The Scientific Conclusions and the grounds for the amendment of the Summaries of Product Characteristics were set out in Annex B to that opinion. Some Members expressed divergent positions which were appended to that opinion. Such opinion with its Annexes is set out in Annex C.

An intent of appeal against the opinion was submitted on 12 December 1997 by Prodes S.A., Marketing Authorisation Holder for a terfenadine 60 mg tablet formulation.

On 21 January 1998, the grounds for appeal were submitted to the EMEA.

Supplementary written information was provided by Prodes S.A. during the period 28 January 1998 to 20 February 1998.

Grounds for appeal

The grounds for appeal submitted by Prodes S.A. were based on the wording of section 4.5 of the Summary of Product Characteristics (Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction) and are appended to this opinion.

Basis for opinion

On the basis of the grounds for appeal in relation to the Summary of Product Characteristics, the CPMP considers that:

- 1. Section 4.5 of the draft Summary of Product Characteristics for terfenadine containing medicinal products should be amended as set out in Annex I.
- 2. Such amendment to the draft Summary of Product Characteristics for terfenadine 60 mg tablet formulation also applies to the draft Summaries of Product Characteristics of terfenadine 30 mg tablet and 6 mg/ml oral suspension formulations which were annexed to their respective opinions of 19 November 1997 and therefore are to be revised accordingly.

Final opinion

The CPMP having considered the grounds for appeal in relation to the draft Summary of Product Characteristics as set out in the appended assessment report has concluded that its opinion of 19 November 1997 should be revised and that the draft Summary of Product Characteristics should be amended.

The Members of the CPMP who expressed divergent positions concerning the CPMP opinion of 19 November 1997 maintained their positions in relation to this opinion.

The amended draft Summary of Product Characteristics is set out in Annex I.

The Scientific Conclusions and the grounds for amendment of the Summaries of Product Characteristics are set out in Annex B.

This opinion is forwarded to the European Commission, to Member States and to the Marketing Authorisation Holders together with its annexes and appendices.

London, 25 February 1998

On behalf of the CPMP Prof. J. -M. Alexandre, Chairman ANNEX A LIST OF THE NAMES OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCTS AND OF THE MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDERS IN THE MEMBER STATES

Member State	Marketing Authorisation Holder	Product Name	Pack Size
			(tablets)
Austria	Albert Roussel Pharma Altmansdorferstr. 104 1121 Wien	Triludan	10 30
Austria	Mundipharma GmbH Apollogasse 16-18 1072 Wien	Terlane	10 30
Belgium	Hoechst Marion Roussel Rue Colonel Bourt, 155 1140 Brussels	Triludan 60	14 28
Belgium	Cox Pharma Belgium Brixtonlaan 7 B-1930 Zaventem	Seldane 60	14 28
Denmark	Astra Danmark A/S Roskildevej 22 DK-2620 Albertslund	Teldanex	20 50 100
Denmark	Durascan Medical Products AS Svendborgvej 243 DK-5260 Odense S	Histanex	
Denmark	Stada Arzneimittel AG Stadastrasse 2-18 Bad Vilbel D-61118 Germany	Terfenadin "Stada"	
Finland	Suomen Astra OY PL 6 02431 Masala	Teldanex	10 20 50 100
France	Biogalenique 82 rue Curial 75019 Paris	Terfenadine RPG	14
France	Cassenne Marion (Merrel Dow) Tour Roussel Hoechst 92910 Paris la Défense Cedex	Teldane	14 30
France	Laboratoires Cox France Tour Roussel Hoechst 1 Terrasse Bellini 92910 Paris la Défense Cedex	Terfenadine Henning	14
France	Teva Pharma Mme Boutin 3 Parc Ariane Immeuble Saturne 78284 Guyancourt Cedex	Terfenadine Teva Pharma	14
Germany	Aliud Pharma GmbH & Co KG Gottlieb-Daimler-Strasse 19 D-89150 Laichingen	Terfenadin AL 60	20 50 100
Germany	Azupharma GmbH Dieselstrasse 5 D-70839 Gerlingen	Histaterfen	20 50 100

Germany	BASF Generics GmbH	Terfum	20
C C 1 1 1 1 1	Carl-Zeiss-Ring 3		50
	D-85737 Ismaning		100
			200
Germany	betapharm Arzneimittel GmbH	Terfami	20
,	Steinerne Furt 78		50
	D-86167 Augsburg		100
			200 (5x40)
Germany	ct-Arzneimittel Chemische	Terfenadin von ct	20
	Tempelhof GmbH		50
	Lengeder Str. 42a		100
	D-13407 Berlin		
Germany	ct-Arzneimittel Chemische	Terfenadin akut von	6
	Tempelhof GmbH	ct	
	Lengeder Str. 42a		
0	D-13407 Berlin	T () 00	
Germany	Dermapharm GmbH Arzneimittel	Terfederm 60	20
	Lochhamer Schlag 10		50
Cormony	D-82166 Gräfelfing Dolorgiet GmbH & Co KG	Aaronaran 60	100 20
Germany	Otto-von-Guericke-Str. 1	Aeroparan 60	20 50
	D-53754 Sankt Augustin		250 (5x50)
Germany	Dr August Wolf GmbH & Co	Hisfedin	20
Germany	Arzneimittel Sudbrackstrasse 56		50
	D-33611 Bielefeld		100
Germany	Dr. Gerhard Mann Chem. Pharm.	Vividrin-Tabletten	20
Connaily	Fabrik GmbH	mit Terfenadin	50
	Brunsbütteler Damm 165/173		100
	13581 Berlin		
Germany	Heumann Pharma GmbH	Terfenadin 60	20
	Heideloffstrasse 18-28	Heumann	50
	D-90478 Nürnberg		100
			500 (5x100)
Germany	Hexal AG	Hexaterfen	20
	Industriestrasse 25		50
	D-83607 Holzkirchen		100
•			200
Germany	Hexal AG	Terfat	20
	Industriestrasse 25		50
	D-83607 Holzkirchen		100
Cormony			200 (5x40)
Germany	Hexal AG Industriestrasse 25	Lergium T 60	20 50
	D-83607 Holzkirchen		100
			200 (5x40)
Germany	Hexal AG	Terfium	200 (0,40)
Connuny	Industriestrasse 25		50
	D-83607 Holzkirchen		100
Germany	Hoechst AG	Teldane 60	20
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Brüningstrasse 50		50
	D-65929 Frankfurt		100
			200 (10x20)

Germany	Hoechst AG	Hisfedin	20
Germany	Brüningstrasse 50	TISICUIT	50
	D-65929 Frankfurt		100
Germany	Hoechst AG	Zeladin	20
Germany	Brüningstrasse 50		50
	D-65929 Frankfurt		50
Germany	Hoechst AG	Terfenadin Merrel	10
Cermany	Brüningstrasse 50	r chichadin mener	50
	D-65929 Frankfurt		00
Germany	Hoechst AG	Terfenadin-	20
Connary	Brüningstrasse 50	ratiopharm	50
	D-65929 Frankfurt		
Germany	Karl Engelhard Fabrik pharm.	Terfen-Diolan	20
-	Präparate GmbH & Co KG		50
	Sandweg 94		100
	D-60316 Frankfurt		
Germany	Logomed Pharma GmbH	Logomed Allergie-	20
-	Eckenheimer Landstrasse 100-	tabletten	50
	104		100
	D-60318 Frankfurt		
Germany	Mundipharma GmbH	Terfemundin	20
	Mundipharmastrasse 2	Tabletten	50
	D-65549 Limburg		100
Germany	Mundipharma GmbH	Terfemundin	20
	Mundipharmastrasse 2		50
	D-65549 Limburg		100
Germany	ratiopharm GmbH	Terfenadin 60	20
	Graf-Arco-Strasse 3	Tabletten	50
	D-89079 Ulm		100
Germany	Stadapharm GmbH	Terfenadin 60	20
	Stadastrasse 2-18	Stada	50
	D-61118 Bad Vilbel		100
Germany	TAD Pharmazeutisches Werk	Terfenat T 60	20
	GmbH		50
	Heinz-Lohmann-Strasse 5		100
	D-27472 Cuxhaven		200 (5x40)
Germany	Wyeth-Gruppe	Terfedura	20
	Durachemie GmbH & Co KG		50
	Schleebrüggenkamp 15		100
	D-48159 Münster		
Ireland	Hoechst Marion Roussel	Triludan	10
	Broadwater Park		60
	Denham, Uxbridge		
	Middlesex UB9 5HP		
	UK		
Ireland	Norton Healthcare	Terfenadine	60
	Gemini House		
	Flex Meadow, Harlow		
	Essex CM19 5TY		
	UK		

Ireland	Norton Healthcare	Terfenor	10
	Gemini House		60
	Flex Meadow, Harlow		100
	Essex CM19 5TY		
	UK		
Italy	Astra Farmaceutici	Allerplus	30
	Via Messina 38		
	20154 Milan		
Italy	Bruno Farmaceutici	Allerzil	30
	Via Castello della Magliana 38		
	00100 Rome		
Italy	Hoechst Farmaceutici	Triludan	30
	Via Garofalo 39		
	20133 Milan		
Italy	Lepetit	Teldane	30
	Via R. Lepetit 8		
	20020 Lainate (MI)		
Luxembourg	Hexal A.G.	Terfium 60 mg	20
	Industriestrasse 25		50
	D-83607 Holzkirchen		100
	Germany		
Luxembourg	Hoechst Marion Roussel	Triludan 60 mg	28
	Rue Colonel Bourt, 155		
	1140 Brussels		
	Belgium		
Netherlands	Albic B.V.	Terfenadine Albic	30
	Govert van Wijnkade 48	60	
	3144 EG Maassluis		
Netherlands	Apothecon	Terfenadine 60 A	10
	PO 514		30
N I I I	3440 AM Woerden	T (" 00	300
Netherlands	B.V. Pharbita	Terfenadine 60	10
	Ronde Tocht 11	"pharbita"	30
	1507 CC Zaandam		50
		T (" OF OO	250
Netherlands	Centrafarm Services B.V.	Terfenadine CF 60	10
	Nieuwe Donk 9		50
	4879 AC Etten-Leur		100
Netherlands	Dumex B.V.	Terfenadine Dumex	30
	Bothalaan 2	60	100
	1217 JP Hilversum	T (" ED 00	
Netherlands	Eli Lilly Nederland B.V.	Terfenadine EB 60	30
	Krijtwal 17-23		
	3432 ZT Nieuwegein	T (" 00	
Netherlands	Genfarma B.V.	Terfenadium 60	30
	Sterrebaan 14		
	3606 EB Maarssen	T (1 00	
Netherlands	Hexal Pharma Nederland B.V.	Terfenadine 60	30
	Pastoorslaan 28		
Nie de la la	2182 BX Hillegom		
Netherlands	Hoechst Marion Roussel B.V.	Triludan OTC tablet	30
	Bijenvlucht 30	60	
	3871 JJ Hoevelaken		

Netherlands	Hoechst Marion Roussel B.V. Bijenvlucht 30 3871 JJ Hoevelaken	Terfenadine YM tablet 60	30
Netherlands	Hoechst Marion Roussel B.V. Bijenvlucht 30 3871 JJ Hoevelaken	Triludan	30
Netherlands	Katwijk farma B.V. Archimedesweg 2 2333 CN Leiden	Terfenadine 60 Katwijk	30
Netherlands	Multipharma B.V. Gemeenschapspolderweg 28 1382 GR Weesp	MP-Terfenadine 60	10 30 300
Netherlands	Pharmachemie B.V. Swensweg 5 2003 RN Haarlem	Terfenadine 60 PCH	30
Netherlands	Rhone-Poulenc Rorer B.V. Bovenkerkenweg 6-8 1185 XE Amstelveen	Terfenadine Pharbil 60	3 6 10
Netherlands	Samenwerkende Apothekers Nederland Europalaan 2 3526 KS Utrecht	Terfenadine 60 Bij overgevoeligheidsre acties Samenwerkende Apothekers, tabletten 60 mg	10
Netherlands	Sudco B.V. Valkweg 12 6374 AE Landgraaf	Terfenadine 60	10 100
Portugal	Laboratorio Medinfar - Produtos Farmacêuticos, Lda Rua Manuel Ribeiro de Pavia, 1 - 1 Venda Nova 2700 Amadora	Medoraxil	20
Portugal	Laboratórios Vitória Rua Elias Garcia, 28 Venda Nova 2700 Amadora	Terfax	20
Portugal	Hoechst Marion Roussel, Lda Estrada Nacional 249, Km 15 Apartado 39 2726 Mem Martins Codex	Triludan	20
Spain	Cantabria Industrial Farmaceutica Ctra de Cazona Adarzo s/n 39011 Santander	Ternadin	20 30
Spain	Ifidesa Aristegue Alameda de Urquijo, 27 48008 Bilbao	Rapidal	20 30
Spain	Marion Merrell, S.A. Rda. General Mitre, 72-74 08017 Barcelona	Triludan	20 30
Spain	Normon Nierenberg 10 28002 Madrid	Terfenadina Normon	20 30

Prodes	Alergist	20
	/ lioigiot	30
08960 Barcelona		
Sigma Tau España SA	Cyater	20
Pl. Ind. Axque, Parcelas 13,14		30
Alcala de Henares		
28806 Madrid		
	Aldira	20
		30
	Teldanex	20
-		50
22100 Lund		98 100
		250
AH Cox & Colltd	Terfenadine	10
	renenaume	60
-		00
	Terfenadine	10
Ltd	(Histafen)	14
Brampton Road	· · · ·	20
Hampden Park		28
Eastbourne		30
East Sussex BN22 9AG		50
		58
		60
	Terfenadine	10
		56
		60 500
		500
	Triludan	10
	Inddan	60
MIDDX UB9 5HP		
Lagap Pharmaceuticals Ltd	Terfenadine	60
37 Woolmer Way		
Bordon		
	Terfenadine	10
		20
		50
Essex CM19 51 Y		60
Doop Dhormoooutionia Ltd	Torfox	100
	renex	10
		28 30
Gwent NP2 3AA		56
	1	50
		60
-	Sigma Tau España SA Pl. Ind. Axque, Parcelas 13,14 Alcala de Henares 28806 Madrid Novartis Consumer Health Gran Via de las Cortes Catalanas, 764 08013 Barcelona Tika Läkemedel AB Box 2 22100 Lund AH Cox & Co Ltd Whiddon Valley Barnstaple Devon EX32 8NS Approved Prescription Services Ltd Brampton Road Hampden Park Eastbourne East Sussex BN22 9AG Dallas Burston Healthcare Ltd c/o Ashbourne Pharmaceuticals Victors Barns Hill Farm Brixworth Northampton NN6 9DQ Hoechst Marion Roussel Broadwater Park Denham, Uxbridge MIDDX UB9 5HP Lagap Pharmaceuticals Ltd 37 Woolmer Way Bordon HANTS GU35 9QE Norton Healthcare Gemini House Flex Meadow, Harlow Essex CM19 5TY Penn Pharmaceuticals Ltd Tafarnaubach Industrial Estate Tredegar	Trabajo s/n San Justo de Desvern 08960 BarcelonaCyaterSigma Tau España SA PI. Ind. Axque, Parcelas 13,14 Alcala de Henares 28806 MadridCyaterNovartis Consumer Health Gran Via de las Cortes Catalanas, 764 08013 BarcelonaAldiraTika Läkemedel AB Box 2 22100 LundTeldanexAH Cox & Co Ltd Whiddon Valley Barnstaple Devon EX32 8NSTerfenadine (Histafen)Approved Prescription Services Ltd Brampton Road Hampden Park Eastbourne East Sussex BN22 9AGTerfenadine (Histafen)Dallas Burston Healthcare Ltd c/o Ashbourne Pharmaceuticals Victors Barns Hill Farm Brixworth Northampton NN6 9DQTerfenadine (Histafen)Hoechst Marion Roussel Broadwater Park Denham, Uxbridge MIDDX UB9 5HPTerfenadine (TriludanLagap Pharmaceuticals Ltd 37 Woolmer Way Bordon HANTS GU35 9QETerfenadine TerfenadineNorton Healthcare Gemini House Flex Meadow, Harlow Essex CM19 5TYTerfenadinePenn Pharmaceuticals Ltd Tafarnaubach Industrial Estate TredegarTerfex

United	Sanofi Winthrop Ltd	Terfenadine	10
Kingdom	One Onslow Street		60
	Guilford		
	Surrey GU16 5SG		
United	Teva Pharma BV	Terfenadine	10
Kingdom	Industrieweg 23		60
_	PO Box 217		100
	3640 AE Mijderecht		1000
	Netherlands		
United	Wallis Laboratory Ltd	Terfenadine	10
Kingdom	Laporte Way		14
	Luton		20
	Beds LU4 8WL		28
			30
			50
			58
			60

ANNEX B SCIENTIFIC CONCLUSIONS AND GROUNDS FOR RESTRICTION

SCIENTIFIC CONCLUSIONS PRESENTED BY THE EMEA ON THE BASIS OF THE OPINION OF THE CPMP FORMULATED UNDER ARTICLE 12 OF COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 75/319/EEC

OVERALL SUMMARY OF THE SCIENTIFIC EVALUATION OF TERFENADINE 60 MG TABLET FORMULATIONS

On 10 February 1997 France requested that the CPMP, under Article 12 of Council Directive 75/319/EEC as amended, give an opinion on whether there is an unfavourable benefit/risk ratio for terfenadine in relation to its arrhythmogenic potential and to its serious cardiac adverse effects. The opinion should take into account the global safety profile of terfenadine in comparison with existing alternative non sedative anti-histamines (NSAHs) drugs available for the same indications in the European Union.

The CPMP at its meetings of 17-19 November 1997 and of 23-25 February 1998 considered the issues raised by the referral and, based on all the information brought to its attention, reached the following conclusions:

SAFETY

Pharmacological data

Terfenadine is a potent inhibitor of several cardiac potassium channels. In animals and in humans, the effect of terfenadine on QTc is dose dependent. The effect is more marked in cardiac patients. Statistically significant prolongation of QTc has been observed after concomitant administration of terfenadine with grapefruit juice, azole antifungals and macrolide antibiotics.

Terfenadine is rapidly transformed to metabolites which apparently do not affect cardiac action potential duration. However, overdosage or disregarding contraindications may result in increased plasma levels and consequent cardiotoxicity.

From the electrophysiological viewpoint, some alternative NSAHs might be more favourable, but some others, for which either the parent substance or the metabolite is cardiotoxic, seem to bear a similar cardiotoxic potential.

Spontaneous ADR reporting

As far as can be assessed from spontaneous reports, serious ADRs in relation to terfenadine are rare. The number of spontaneous reports of serious cardiac ADRs, including fatal cases, are relatively higher for terfenadine than for other NSAHs. The increase in some MS, since 1992, of spontaneous ADR-reports related to terfenadine (absolute and relative to sales figures) has not been seen with other NSAHs and is likely to indicate a reporting bias.

A considerable number of the cases of spontaneously reported serious cardiac terfenadine-related ADRs was apparently caused by improper use of that drug. Several risk factors have been recognised which appear to predispose to cardiotoxicity with terfenadine.

Pharmacoepidemiological data

Seven cohort studies, with a size of study population between 23,949 and 1,007,467 patients, were taken in account (five published studies: Herings (1993), Pratt (1994), Hanrahan (1995), Staffa (1995), Brandebourg (abstract 1996) and two unpublished studies: Martinez and Suissa and Garcia Rodriguez).

Taking all of the epidemiological data together the evidence indicated that the risk of cardiotoxicity for all non-sedating antihistamines was low but was higher than in non users. There was no evidence of a difference in risk between the NSAHs evaluated. Despite the inevitable limitations of epidemiological studies it was considered that the studies conducted had shown that the cardiotoxic risk could be identified. The Pratt study indicated that the risk of cardiotoxicity associated with terfenadine could be substantially increased in the presence of risk factors such as concomitant treatment with cytochrome P450 3A4 inhibitors (RR 23.6, CI 7.3-75.9). The epidemiological studies also showed a level of concomitant use of those inhibitors studied with NSAHs of 0.5-1%.

EFFICACY

The main indications were seasonal allergic rhinitis, perennial allergic rhinitis, chronic urticaria, and other skin disorders with chronic itching. When used for the approved indications, the efficacy of terfenadine containing medicinal products is considered similar to other NSAHs.

RISK-BENEFIT ANALYSIS

Pharmacoepidemiological evidence and spontaneous reports suggest that in spite of restrictions and repeated provision of information on the risks associated with terfenadine, coprescription with contraindicated drugs and misuse in the form of overdose occur. Misuse of terfenadine (including ingestion with grapefruit juice, or taking 2-3 times the daily dose) may lead to serious consequences.

It is concluded that the safety of terfenadine was acceptable if used as recommended in the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC). However the precautions for safe use were extensive and had become even more complicated. Precautions are also required for the safe use of some other NSAHs and there was considered to be no basis for discriminating terfenadine from these NSAHs.

It has been considered that the risk-benefit of terfenadine 60 mg tablet formulations is acceptable and the Marketing Authorisations should be maintained provided that:

-the indications are restricted to adults and children over 12 years and 50 kg of body weight to avoid the likelihood of overdose in children.

-the Summaries of Product Characteristics (SPCs) are revised with emphasis on contraindications due to hepatic or cardiac diseases and pharmacokinetic or pharmacodynamic interactions between terfenadine and other substances as stated in Annex I.

These conclusions were not endorsed by the following CPMP members: Mrs Genoux-Hames, Prof Trouvin, Dr Abadie:

In the light of the experience gained in France particularly since 1992, and because of the seriousness of cardiac ADRs which included fatal cases, they considered that the safe use of terfenadine would not be sufficiently ensured by a more restrictive SPC and that the Marketing Authorisations for all terfenadine containing medicinal products must be withdrawn.

GROUNDS FOR THE AMENDMENTS OF THE SUMMARIES OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Whereas

-the Committee considered the referral made under Article 12 of Council Directive 75/319/EEC for terfenadine.

-the Committee agreed that there was particular concern related to the safety of terfenadine containing medicinal products in relation to its arrhythmogenic potential and to its serious cardiac adverse effects for which various risk factors have been identified and that, as a consequence, the safety of terfenadine

may only be considered acceptable if it is used according to very strict instructions since association to any risk factor may lead to serious consequences.

-the Committee agreed that the efficacy of terfenadine containing medicinal products is considered similar to the other NSAHs.

-the Committee considered the risk/benefit balance of terfenadine containing medicinal products. It considered the risk-benefit balance of terfenadine 60 mg tablet formulations acceptable and that the Marketing Authorisations should be maintained provided that the SPC is amended as stated in Annex I.

the EMEA has recommended the maintenance of the Marketing Authorisations for terfenadine 60 mg tablet formulations in accordance with the draft SPC as stated in Annex I.

ANNEX I SUMMARY OF PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

1. TRADE NAME OF THE MEDICINAL PRODUCT See Annex A

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

Active ingredient:

One tablet contains 60 mg terfenadine. For inactive ingredients see section 6.1

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM Tablets

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Therapeutic indications

Symptomatic relief of allergic rhinitis and conjunctivitis and of allergic skin disorders

4.2 **Posology and method of administration**

The recommended dose must not be exceeded.

Patients should be advised, in case of insufficient symptom relief

- not to exceed the maximum dose
- not to add another antihistamine (even OTC preparations) but consult their physician.

Terfenadine should not be taken with grapefruit juice.

Adults and children over 12 years:

This dosage recommendation for 60 mg tablets applies to children over 12 years only if their body weight exceeds 50 kg.

Allergic rhinitis and conjunctivitis:

Starting dose is 60 mg daily (<u>one tablet</u>), increasing to 120 mg (<u>two tablets</u>) daily if required. The total daily dose may be taken as a single dose or in two divided doses.

Allergic skin disorders:

60 mg (one tablet) twice daily. Alternatively, 120 mg (two tablets) may be taken in the morning.

Dosage adjustment in renal failure:

Normal age-related decrease of renal function does not require dosage adjustment for terfenadine. However, dose reduction by 50% is advisable for patients with significant renal impairment, particularly with creatinine clearance below 40 ml/minute.

4.3 Contra-indications

Terfenadine preparations must not be used in patients with hypersensitivity to terfenadine or any of the excipients of the formulation.

Significant impairment of hepatic function or concomitant treatment with inhibitors of the hepatic cytochrome P4503A4 isoenzyme (CYP3A4) can result in a decrease of terfenadine metabolism.

Accumulation of unmetabolised terfenadine may cause prolongation of the QT interval in the ECG with risk of life-threatening cardiac arrhythmias.

Therefore, terfenadine is contraindicated in the following conditions:

- significant impairment of hepatic function (e.g. in patients with jaundice, hepatitis, cirrhosis).
- concomitant treatment with azole antifungals/antimicrobials (including topical antifungals)
- concomitant treatment with macrolide antibiotics (including topical macrolide antibiotics)
- concomitant treatment with mibefradil dihydrochloride
- concomitant treatment with other medicinal products known to inhibit hepatic metabolism of terfenadine.

These are listed under 4.5 (Interactions).

Grapefruit juice should not be taken during terfenadine treatment.

Terfenadine is also contraindicated in patients having known QT prolongation (corrected QT, QTc > 440 ms), e.g. congenital long QT Syndrome, or conditions which may lead to QT prolongation, such as

- clinically significant bradycardia
- history of symptomatic arrhythmias
- any other clinically significant cardiac disease
- concomitant treatment with Class I or III anti-arrhythmics
- concomitant treatment with other medicinal products known to prolong the QT interval

These are also listed under 4.5 (Interactions).

 electrolyte imbalance, particularly hypokalemia or hypomagnesemia, and medical conditions or concomitant treatment with drugs with the potential of inducing such imbalance. These include anorexia, vomiting, and diarrhea.

4.4 Special warnings and special precautions for use

Elevated concentrations of terfenadine, whether due to terfenadine overdose, significant impairment of hepatic function or concomitant administration of inhibitors of CYP3A4, may cause QT interval prolongation with risk of life-threatening ventricular tachyarrhythmias (such as severe ventricular tachycardia, torsades de pointes, and ventricular fibrillation).

Patients having other conditions leading to QT prolongation may also be at risk of these cardiac reactions to terfenadine.

Terfenadine should be discontinued if symptoms such as palpitations, dizziness, syncope or convulsion occur, and the patient should be evaluated for QT prolongation and arrhythmias.

In the majority of cases where serious cardiac adverse reactions were reported as related to terfenadine, underlying predisposing conditions for arrhythmias were identified. This underlines the importance of careful adherence to the above mentioned contra-indications and safeguards.

See also section 4.3 and 4.5.

4.5 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction

Concomitant treatment with inhibitors of the hepatic CYP 3A4 may result in a decrease of terfenadine metabolism. Accumulation of unmetabolised terfenadine may cause prolongation of the QT interval in the ECG with risk of life-threatening cardiac arrhythmias.

Pharmacokinetic interactions between terfenadine and the following medicinal products which inhibit the hepatic terfenadine metabolism are expected:

 azole antifungals / antimicrobials, such as miconazole, ketoconazole and itraconazole (including topical antifungals)

- macrolide antibiotics, such as erythromycin, clarithromycin, josamycin, and troleandomycin (including topical macrolide antibiotics)
- mibefradil dihydrochloride
- zileutone
- the serotonin reuptake inhibitors fluvoxamine, fluoxetine, nefazodone, paroxetine, citalopram
- the HIV protease inhibitors indinavir, ritonavir, saquinavir, nelfinavir.

Grapefruit juice should not be taken during terfenadine treatment because this may inhibit its metabolism.

Pharmacodynamic interactions between terfenadine and other potentially arrhythmogenic drugs may occur e.g.:

- other antihistamines that prolong QT interval
- antiarrhythmics, in particular those of class I and III
- bepridil
- trimethoprime
- sparfloxacin
- cisapride
- tricyclic antidepressants, neuroleptics, lithium
- probucol
- pentamidine
- halofantrine

Drugs known to induce electrolyte imbalance may also precipitate QT prolongation and thus interact with terfenadine.

These include

- diuretics and laxatives
- supraphysiological use of steroid hormones with mineralocorticoid potential (e.g. systemic fludrocortisone)

Concomitant treatment with the medicinal products mentioned in this section is contraindicated. These drugs are also referred to under section 4.3 (Contra-indications).

These lists may not be exhaustive, and any drug known to have the potential to either significantly inhibit terfenadine metabolism (via inhibition of CYP 3A4) or to prolong the QT interval should also not be used together with terfenadine.

Before co-administration of another drug, particularly a newly available drug, and terfenadine, product information of the other drug should be consulted to determine if an interaction (by CYP 3A4 inhibition or QT prolongation) between that drug and terfenadine is possible.

4.6 Use during pregnancy and lactation

Pregnancy

Teratogenic/non-teratogenic effects: No evidence of teratogenicity was observed in animal reproduction studies. Foetal toxicity was not observed in the absence of maternal toxicity.

Fertility effects: Studies with terfenadine in rats showed no effects on male or female fertility in the absence of maternal toxicity.

Terfenadine should not normally be used in pregnancy unless, in the opinion of the physician, potential benefits outweigh possible risks.

Lactation

The carboxylic acid metabolite (fexofenadine) is detectable in human breast milk after terfenadine administration. Therefore, infants should not be fed breast milk by a patient receiving terfenadine

unless, in the physician's judgement, the potential benefit to the patient outweighs the potential risk to the infant.

4.7 Effects on ability to drive and use machines

In objective tests no adverse effects of terfenadine on the central nervous system have been detected. Reports of drowsiness are rare. This means that patients usually may drive or perform tasks requiring concentration. Patients should check their individual response before driving or performing complicated tasks.

4.8 Undesirable effects

Cardiovascular adverse reactions:

The most serious, although rare, adverse reactions which may be caused by terfenadine are those related to QT prolongation. These include serious potentially fatal ventricular tachyarrhythmias, such as severe ventricular tachycardia, torsades de pointes, ventricular fibrillation, and cardiac arrest. Early symptoms might be palpitations, while hypotension, dizziness, syncopes, and convulsions might be the consequences.

Other adverse reactions of various kinds have been reported spontaneously during marketing of terfenadine. These include:

- confusion, insomnia, depression, nightmares, drowsiness, fatigue, headache, dizziness
- tremor, sweating, paresthesia, visual disturbances
- anaphylaxis, angioedema, bronchospasm
- pruritus, skin eruption (including rash, urticaria, erythema multiforme and photosensitivity), hair loss or thinning
- dry mouth, nose, throat, gastrointestinal distress
- transaminase elevations, cholestasis, jaundice, hepatitis
- thrombocytopenia
- galactorrhea, menstrual disorders (including dysmenorrhea)
- increased urinary frequency
- musculoskeletal symptoms

4.9 Overdose

Human Experience

In some cases, QT prolongation, cardiac arrest and serious and potentially fatal arrhythmias including ventricular tachycardia or fibrillation or torsades de pointes have occurred at overdoses as low as 360 mg and up to 15 hours after the dose

Symptoms

Dry mouth, nausea, vomiting, tiredness, dizziness, confusion, headache, tremor, in some cases seizures. Sinus tachycardia, hypotension, palpitation, ventricular arrhythmias (mainly torsades de pointes). Cardiac reactions might occur without CNS symptoms.

Management

Cardiac monitoring for at least 24 hours and control of QT interval is recommended, along with standard measures to remove any unabsorbed drug.

Temporary cardiac pacing is the suggested mode of therapy in recurrent episode of torsades de pointes.

Hemodialysis or hemoperfusion does not effectively remove the carboxylic acid metabolite of terfenadine from blood. There is no information about the dialysability of terfenadine.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

Therapeutic classification: Antihistamine H1-antagonist, ATC-code: R06A X12.

Mechanism of action: Antagonistic effect on H₁-receptors.

Terfenadine is a substance with extensive first-pass metabolism and practically acts through its active metabolite carboxy terfenadine. The preparation exhibits specific antagonistic actions on H1-receptors and affects histamine-induced skin wheals with a maximum effect reached after 4 hours. In clinical dosage regimen, it causes neither anticholinergic, adrenergic or serotoninergic nor sedative effects.

With in vitro experiments, terfenadine, but not its active metabolite, has been shown to exhibit strong inhibitory actions on certain cardiac potassium channels, even at concentrations which might be reached in human plasma with moderate overdoses, in patients with significant impairment of hepatic function or concomitant treatment with CYP 3A4 inhibitors. This effect may explain the prolongation of cardiac repolarisation manifested as prolonged QT in cases of increased levels of unmetabolised terfenadine.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic properties

Terfenadine is fast absorbed and after oral administration undergoes almost complete first pass biotransformation into two metabolites formed by the enzyme CYP 3A4; the carboxy terfenadine metabolite (fexofenadine) is active, the other (N-dealkylated terfenadine) is inactive: As a consequence of this extensive first-pass biotransformation, less than 1% of unmetabolised terfenadine reaches systemic circulation. The terminal elimination half-life of carboxy terfenadine is about 20 hours. Following single dose terfenadine administration, plasma kinetics of this active metabolite were linear up to 180 mg. At therapeutic doses (60 mg twice daily), mean steady state peak plasma concentrations of 1.7 ng/ml for terfenadine and 340 ng/ml for carboxy terfenadine are observed. One third of the latter is excreted in urine and two thirds in faeces.

In patients with impaired liver function, increased plasma levels of terfenadine and decreased concentrations of carboxy terfenadine may be found (see also section 4.3).

Normal age-related decrease of renal function does not require dosage adjustment for terfenadine. However, dose reduction by 50% is advisable for patients with significant renal impairment, particularly with creatinine clearance below 40 ml/minute.

5.3 Preclinical safety data

In repeated dose toxicity studies in dogs, high dose levels induced some central nervous symptoms such as ataxia, trembling, rigidity and weakness. Lower doses were tolerated without adverse effects. Terfenadine has no specific mutagenic effects and long term studies in rats and mice revealed no carcinogenic potential.

Studies in rats and rabbits indicated no teratogenic potential.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS

6.1 List of excipients

CPMP/255/98-EN

One 60 mg tablet contains:

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- 6.2 Incompatibilities None known
- 6.3 Shelf life
- 6.4 Special precautions for storage
- 6.5 Nature and contents of container Pack sizes: see Annex A
- 7. MARKETING AUTHORISATION HOLDER See Annex A
- 8. MARKETING AUTHORISATION NUMBER
- 9. DATE FOR FIRST AUTHORISATION / RENEWAL OF AUTHORISATION
- 10. DATE OF REVISION OF THE TEXT