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Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products

Public summary of opinion on orphan designation

Rilonacept for the treatment of cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome (FCUS), Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), and Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID), also known as Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome (CINCA))

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Disclaimer	
Please note that revisions to the Public Summary of Opinion are purely administrative updates. Therefore, the scientific content of the document reflects the outcome of the Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP) at the time of designation and is not updated after first publication.	

On 10 July 2007, orphan designation (EU/3/07/456) was granted by the European Commission to Regeneron UK Limited, United Kingdom, for rilonacept for the treatment of cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome (FCUS), Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), and Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID), also known as Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome (CINCA)).

What is cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome (FCUS), Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), and Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID), also known as Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome (CINCA))?

Cryopyrin is a protein encoded by the CIASI/NAPL3 gene that is involved in the activation of a signalling compound called IL-1 β . This compound is very important for the inflammatory process (the body's response to an infection). In patients affected by cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes, the CIASI/NAPL3 gene is defective, which leads to an excessive activity of the cryopyrin protein and subsequently to an excessive signalling by IL-1 β . Symptoms of the resulting systemic (covering the entire body) inflammation include periods of high fever, rash, headaches, fatigue and joint problems. In the long run the condition can cause further complications such as deafness. Cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes are chronically debilitating.



What is the estimated number of patients affected by the condition?

At the time of designation, cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome (FCUS), Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), and Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID), also known as Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome (CINCA)) affected less than 0.05 in 10,000 people in the European Union (EU). This was equivalent to a total of fewer than 2,500 people*, and is below the ceiling for orphan designation, which is 5 people in 10,000. This is based on the information provided by the sponsor and the knowledge of the Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP).

What treatments are available?

There are no medicinal products authorised for the treatment of the condition in the Community. Severe flares of the disease can sometimes be treated symptomatically with anti-inflammatory products.

How is this medicine expected to work?

Rilonacept is structurally similar to the IL-1 β receptor (the protein that IL-1 β interacts with and through which it signals). Rilonacept binds to IL-1 β and thus inhibits its harmful activity of IL-1 β .

What is the stage of development of this medicine?

The effects of rilonacept were evaluated in experimental models.

At the time of submission of the application for orphan designation, clinical trials in patients with cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes were ongoing.

Rilonacept was not authorised anywhere worldwide for the treatment of cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes nor designated as orphan medicinal product elsewhere for this condition, at the time of submission.

In accordance with Regulation (EC) No 141/2000 of 16 December 1999, the COMP adopted a positive opinion on 31 May 2007 recommending the granting of this designation.

Update: Rilonacept (Rilonacept Regeneron, previously Arcalyst) has been authorised in the EU since 23 October 2009 for the treatment of Cryopyrin-Associated Periodic Syndromes (CAPS) with severe symptoms, including Familial Cold Autoinflammatory Syndrome (FCAS) and Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), in adults and children aged 12 years and older.

More information on Rilonacept Regeneron can be found in the European public assessment report (EPAR) on the Agency's website: [ema.europa.eu/Find medicine/Human medicines/European Public Assessment Reports](http://ema.europa.eu/Find%20medicine/Human%20medicines/European%20Public%20Assessment%20Reports)

*Disclaimer: For the purpose of the designation, the number of patients affected by the condition is estimated and assessed on the basis of data from the European Union (EU 27), Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein. At the time of designation, this represented a population of 500,300,000 (Eurostat 2007).

Opinions on orphan medicinal product designations are based on the following three criteria:

- the seriousness of the condition;
- the existence of alternative methods of diagnosis, prevention or treatment;
- either the rarity of the condition (affecting not more than 5 in 10,000 people in the EU) or insufficient returns on investment.

Designated orphan medicinal products are products that are still under investigation and are considered for orphan designation on the basis of potential activity. An orphan designation is not a marketing authorisation. As a consequence, demonstration of quality, safety and efficacy is necessary before a product can be granted a marketing authorisation.

For more information

Sponsor's contact details:

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For contact details of patients' organisations whose activities are targeted at rare diseases see:

- [Orphanet](#), a database containing information on rare diseases, which includes a directory of patients' organisations registered in Europe;
- [European Organisation for Rare Diseases \(EURORDIS\)](#), a non-governmental alliance of patient organisations and individuals active in the field of rare diseases.

Translations of the active ingredient and indication in all official EU languages¹, Norwegian and Icelandic

Language	Active ingredient	Indication
English	Rilonacept	Treatment of cryopyrin-associated periodic syndromes (Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome (FCUS), Muckle-Wells Syndrome (MWS), and Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease (NOMID), also known as Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome (CINCA))
Bulgarian	Рилонацепт	Лечение на периодични синдроми, свързани с криопирин (синдром на фамилна студова уртикария (FCAS), синдром на Muckle-Wells (MWS) и мултисистемно възпалително заболяване с начало в неонаталния период (NOMID), известно също като хроничен инфантilen неврологично-кожно-ставен синдром (CINCA))
Czech	Rilonacept	Léčba kryopyrin- asociovaného syndromu (Familiárního chladového autozánětlivého syndromu, FCAS) Muckle-Wellsova syndromu (MWS), , multisystémového zánětlivého onemocnění se začátkem v novorozeneckém věku (NOMID) / chronického infantilního neurologického kožního a kloubního syndromu (CINCA)
Danish	Rilonacept	Behandling af kryopyrin-associerede periodiske syndromer (familiært kulde-urticaria syndrom (FCUS), Muckle-Wells syndrom (MWS), og systemisk inflammatorisk sygdom med neonatal debut (NOMID)også kendt som kronisk infantil neurologisk hud- og ledsyndrom (CINCA))
Dutch	Rilonacept	Behandeling van cryopyrine geassocieerde periodieke syndromen (familiaal koude-geïnduceerd auto-inflammatoire syndroom [FCAS], Muckle-Wells syndroom [MWS], en neonatale multisystemische inflammatoire aandoening [NOMID], ook omschreven als chronisch infantiel neurologisch cutaan en articulair [CINCA] syndroom).
Estonian	Rilonacept	Krüopiriiniga seotud perioodiliste sündroomide (perekondliku külma tingitud urtiikaaria sündroomi (FCUS), Muckle-Wells sündroomi (MWS), ja neonataalse algusega multisüsteemse pöletikulise haiguse (NOMID), tuntud ka kui kroonilise infantiilse neuroloogis-kutaanse-artikulaarse sündroomi (CINCA)) raviks

¹ At the time of designation

Language	Active ingredient	Indication
Finnish	Rilonasepti	Kryopiriiniin liittyvien periodisten oireyhtymien hoito (familialinen kylmäurtikaria (FCUS), Muckle-Wellsin oireyhtymä (MWS), imeväisiässä alkava multisysteeminen inflammatorinen tauti (NOMID), joka tunnetaan myös nimellä imeväisiän krooninen neurologinen kutaaninen artikulaarinen oireyhtymä (CINCA))
French	Rilonacept	Traitemen des syndromes périodiques associés à la cryopyrine (urticaire familial au froid (FCAS), syndrome de Muckle-Wells (MWS), maladie systémique inflammatoire à début néo-natal (NOMID) aussi appelée syndrome chronique infantile neurologique cutané et articulaire (CINCA))
German	Rilonacept	Behandlung von Cryopirin-assoziiertem Syndrom (familiäres autoinflammatorisches Kälte-Syndrom (FACS), Muckle-Wells-Syndrom (MWS) und der multisystemischen entzündlichen Erkrankung mit Beginn im Neugeborenenalter (NOMID), auch bekannt als chronisch infantiles neuro-dermo-artikuläres Syndrom (CINCA))
Greek	Rilonacept	Θεραπεία των περιοδικών συνδρόμων που συσχετίζονται με την κρυοπυρίνη (του οικογενούς συνδρόμου κνησμού μετά από έκθεση στο ψύχος (FCUS), του συνδρόμου Muckle-Wells (MWS), και της πολυσυστηματικής νόσου νεογνικής έναρξης (NOMID) επίσης γνωστή ως χρόνιο βρεφικό φλεγμονώδες νευρολογικό δερματικό αρθρικό σύνδρομο (CINCA))
Hungarian	Rilonacept	Cryopirin függő periodikus szindrómák (Familiáris hideg urticaria szindróma), Muckle-Wells szindróma (MWS), újszülöttkori multiszisztemás gyulladásos betegség, más néven krónikus gyermekkori neuro-dermo-artikuláris szindróma kezelése
Italian	Rilonacept	Trattamento delle sindromi periodiche associate a criopirinopatia (sindrome di Muckle-Wells (MWS), orticaria da freddo (FCAS), malattia infiammatoria multisistemica ad insorgenza neonatale (NOMID)/sindrome cronica infantile neurologica cutanea ed articolare (CINCA))
Latvian	Rilonacepts	Ar kriopirīnu saistītu periodisku sindromu Makla un Velsa sindroma (MWS-Muckle-Wells Syndrome), ģimenes aukstuma nātrenes sindroma (FCUS- Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome) un jaundzimušo multisistēmiskās iekaisuma slimības (NOMID- Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease) un hroniska zīdaiņu neiroloģiskā ādas un locītavu sindroma (CINCA- Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome) ārstēšanai.

Language	Active ingredient	Indication
Lithuanian	Rilonaceptas	Periodinių sindromų, asocijuotų kriopirino (Šeiminio šalčio urtikarijos sindromo – ŠŠUS/ angl. FCUS - Familial Cold Urticaria Syndrome; Muckle-Wells sindromo (MWS) ir Daugiasisteminiés uždegiminés ligos naujagimystės pradžioje – DULNP/angl. NOMID - Neonatal Onset Multisystem Inflammatory Disease, taip pat žinomas kaip Lėtinio kūdikių neurologinio, odos ir sąnarių sindromo – LKNOSS/angl. CINCA -Chronic Infantile Neurological Cutaneous Articular Syndrome) gydymas
Maltese	Rilonacept	Kura tas-sindromi perjodiċi assoċjati mal-cryopyrin (sindrome ta' l-urtikarja tal-kesha (FCAS), sindrome ta' Muckle-Wells (MWS), u l-marda ta' infjammazzjoni multisistemika li tibda mat-tweliid (NOMID), magħrufa ukoll bħala sindrome kronika infantili newroloġika, tal-ġilda u artikulari (CINCA)
Polish	Rilonacept	Leczenie okresowego zespołu zależnego od kriopiryny (rodzinna zimna pokrzywka – ang. familial cold autoinflammatory syndrome – FCAS), zespołu Muckle-Wells'a (ang. Muckle-Wells Syndrome - MWS) i noworodkowej zapalnej choroby wieloukładowej (ang. neonatal-onset multisystem inflammatory disease – NOMID) znanej również jako przewlekły niemowlęcy zespół neurologiczno-skórno-stawowy (ang. chronic infantile neurological cutaneous and articular syndrome - CINCA)
Portuguese	Rilonacept	Tratamento dos síndromes periódicos associados à criopirina (Síndrome de urticária ao frio familiar [FCUS], Síndrome de Muckle-Wells [MWS], e Doença inflamatória multisistémica de início neonatal (NOMID), também conhecida por Síndrome neuro-cutâneo-articular crônico do lactente(CINCA)
Romanian	Rilonacept	Tratamentul sindroamelor periodice asociate criopirinei (sindromul familial al urticariei la rece=FCUS, sindromul Muckle-Wells=MWS) și a bolii inflamatorii multisistemice cu debut neonatal, cunoscută și ca sindromul cronic infantil neurologic articular și cutanat (CINCA).
Slovak	Rilonacept	Liečba periodického syndrómu spojeného s kryopirínom (syndróm familiárnej chladovej žihľavky (FCUS), Muckleovho-Wellsovho syndrómu (MWS) a multisystémovej zápalovej choroby s nástupom v novorodeneckom veku (NOMID)/chronického neurologického, kožného a kĺbového syndrómu detí (CINCA)

Language	Active ingredient	Indication
Slovenian	Rilonacept	Zdravljenje s kriopirinom povezanih sindromov (sindrom familiarne urtikarije na mraz (FCUS), sindrom Muckle-Wells (MWS) in multisistemska vnetna bolezen novorojenčkov (NOMID) znana tudi kot kronični infantilni nevrološki kožni in sklepni sindrom (CINCA))
Spanish	Rilonacept	Tratamiento del los síndrome periódicos asociados a la criopirina (síndrome de Muckle-Wells (MWS), síndrome autoinflamatorio familiar inducido por frío (FCAS), y enfermedad neonatal multisistémica inflamatoria (NOMID), también denominada síndrome articular y cutáneo neurológico infantil crónico (CINCA))
Swedish	Rilonacept	Behandling av cryopyrin-förbindade periodiska syndrom (familjärt autoinflammatoriskt köldsyndrom (FCAS), Muckle-Wells syndrom (MWS), och systemisk inflammatorisk sjukdom med neonatal debut (NOMID)/kroniskt neurologiskt, hud och ledssyndrom hos barn (CINCA)),
Norwegian	Rilonacept	Behandling av cryopyrin-assosierete periodiske syndromer (familiært kuldeurticaria-syndrom (FCUS), Muckle-Wells syndrom (MWS), og neonatal multisystem inflammatorisk sykdom (NOMID)/kronisk infantilt nevrologisk hud- og ledssyndrom (CINCA))
Icelandic	Rílonacept	Til meðferðar á cryópýrín-tengdum lotubundnum heilkennum (ættgengur kulda ofsjúkdómi hjá nýburum (NOMID), einnig þekkt sem langvarandi taugarænt húð- og liðaheilkenni hjá ungbörnum (CINCA))