# EMA Involvement of patients\* in scientific advice procedures at EMA

### What is scientific advice (SA)?

Scientific advice is when a medicine developer requests advice from the European Medicines Agency (EMA) for a medicine they are developing. This advice may be requested at any stage or on any aspect of development from:

- manufacturing,
- ▶ non-clinical,
- clinical (appropriateness of studies in patients or healthy volunteers, selection of endpoints, post-authorisation activities including risk-management plans) or
- methodological issues.

The advice is based on documentation provided by the medicine developer with the objective of producing high-quality, effective and acceptably safe medicines.

Scientific advice can be given either in writing or in a face-to-face meeting (patients can choose to respond in writing or to join virtually via telephone).

### The role of the patient

Patients are invited to share their real-life perspective and experience in relation to a particular medicine in their disease area. This can help medicines developers and regulators better understand what is important to patients.

Patients may be asked to contribute by participating in meetings with EMA and the medicine developer or by providing written feedback on the proposed development plan. Please note that all documents and meetings are in English and that EMA covers costs of travel and accommodation.



Patient input resulted in modification of advice to company — **20%** 



Patient input resulted in further reflection by coordinators —53%



## Who provides scientific advice?

The Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) is responsible for scientific advice, which is based on recommendations from the Scientific Advice Working Party (SAWP).

Patients have participated in scientific advice procedures since 2005 and their input has been shown to contribute to the improvement of the advice provided as well as increasing transparency and trust in the regulatory processes.

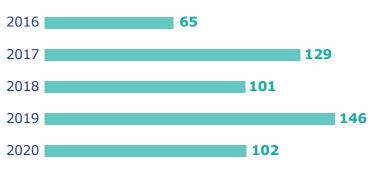
# Outcome of patient participation in scientific advice

It has been shown that in nearly every case (90%) patient input provided added value to the scientific advice. In some cases patient input was critical in providing a fresh perspective and real life experience that resulted in a more practical and better designed development plan for the medicine.

In over 20% of instances where advice was given to medicines developers, this advice was modified to reflect patient input. In more than half the cases, patients' comments led to further reflection by regulators on the development plan.

This shows that patients can genuinely make a difference in the development of medicines.

# Number of patients in Scientific advice, protocol assistance and HTA (2013-2017)



<sup>\*</sup> In this case, the term patient is used to encompass patients, carers or consumers

#### What is the process?

