European Medicines Agency policy on the handling of competing interests of scientific committees’ members and experts

POLICY/0044
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1. Introduction and purpose

EU legislation\(^1\) clearly states that the members\(^2\) of the scientific committees and experts shall not have financial or other interests in the pharmaceutical industry that could affect their impartiality. They shall make an annual declaration of their financial interests. In addition, all indirect interests which could relate to the pharmaceutical industry shall be entered in a register held by the European Medicines Agency (referred to in this document as “Agency”), which is accessible to the public, on request, at the Agency’s offices.

The Agency’s Code of Conduct\(^3\) provides general guidance on several aspects related to declarations of interests. Information is made available about what should be declared by whom and at what moment in time. In addition, clarification about some operational aspects is given by stating the tasks of the Agency’s secretariat, the obligations of the individuals concerned and the meeting proceedings.

Experience with the handling of declarations of interests for the scientific committees’ members and experts has been gained since the establishment of the Agency in 1995. With a view to continuously improving the processes in the context of its integrated quality management system, the Agency decided to review at regular intervals the procedures and arrangements in place and to strengthen its handling of declarations of interests taking into account the outcome of these reviews.

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2 The reference to members also applies to alternates.
3 The EMA Code of Conduct (EMA/385894/2012 Rev 1).
A policy on the handling of conflicts of interests for the scientific committee members and experts was established in March 2004 and subsequently reviewed and updated in the light of experience gained. The policy was first revised in December 2005 and on 29 September 2011, 3 April 2012, 30 January 2015 and 6 October 2016, respectively.

The current revision addresses the outcome of the Agency’s annual reviews of its independence policies and their state of implementation, hereby demonstrating the Agency’s commitment to continue to develop a policy that effectively addresses the Agency’s specific needs. The revision also takes account of the requirement for experts to declare interests in relation to their or their organisation’s role in the repurposing of a medicinal product as well as the requirement for CAT members and alternates to declare interests in the biotechnology sector and medical device sector.

The policy shall be reviewed within 3 years or at an earlier stage if considered necessary.

2. Scope

The scope of the policy relates to the handling of competing interests of scientific committees’ (i.e. CHMP, CVMP, COMP, HMPC, PDCO, CAT and PRAC) members (including, where relevant, alternates) and experts involved in activities at the level of the Agency. Involvement in the Agency’s activities means all activities carried out at the Agency in the context of the authorisation, supervision and maintenance of medicinal products for human and veterinary use. This includes meeting attendance, involvement in the scientific assessment and guidance development, as well as participation in inspections. Throughout this policy, the use of the term ‘expert’ encompasses both scientific committee members (including, where relevant, alternates) and experts involved in activities at the level of the Agency.

The policy focuses on competing interests in the pharmaceutical industry and, in particular on medicinal products. The policy also implements the specific requirement from Article 22 of the ATMP Regulation that CAT members and alternates shall not have financial or other interests in the biotechnology sector and medical device sector that could affect their impartiality.

In addition, in accordance with Article 63.2 of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004, scientific committee members and experts who participate in meetings or working groups of the Agency are also required to declare at each meeting any specific interests which could be considered to be prejudicial to their independence with respect to the items on the agenda.

The scope of this policy does not relate to staff and experts at the level of the NCAs participating in the (evaluation) work (with respect to the authorisation, supervision and maintenance of medicinal products) at national level for services provided to the Agency. This is in line with the MoU concluded between the NCAs and the Agency.


5 Memorandum of Understanding between the European Medicines Agency and the National Competent Authorities of the Member States on the monitoring of the scientific level and independence of the evaluation carried out by the National Competent Authorities for services to be provided to the Agency (EMA/150487/2010).
3. Definitions

3.1. Abbreviations

- ATMP: Advanced Therapy Medicinal Product
- CAT: Committee for Advanced Therapies
- CHMP: Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use
- CME: Continuing Medical Education
- COMP: Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products
- CPD: Continuing Professional Development
- CRO: Clinical Research Organisation
- CV: Curriculum Vitae
- CVMP: Committee for Medicinal Products for Veterinary Use
- DoI: Declaration of Interests
- EMA: European Medicines Agency
- EU: European Union
- HMPC: Committee for Herbal Medicinal Products
- MAH: Marketing Authorisation Holder
- MoU: Memorandum of Understanding
- NCA: National Competent Authority
- PDCO: Paediatric Committee
- PRAC: Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee
- SAG: Scientific Advisory Group

3.2. Definitions

3.2.1. General definitions

For the purpose of this policy, the following terms should be understood as:

- **Pharmaceutical company** shall mean: any legal or natural person whose focus is to research, develop, manufacture, maintain, market and/or distribute medicinal products. For the purpose of this policy, the definition includes companies to which activities relating to the research, development, manufacturing, maintenance, marketing and/or distribution of medicinal products (which might also be carried out in house) are outsourced on a contractual basis.

In this regard CROs or consultancy companies providing advice or services relating to the above activities, or to activities linked with marketing authorisation or other regulatory procedures (e.g. initial applications, variations) fall under the definition of a pharmaceutical company.
Legal or natural persons which do not fall within the scope of the above definition but (i) control (i.e. own a majority stake in, or otherwise exercise a significant influence in the decision-making processes of the relevant pharmaceutical company), (ii) are controlled by or (iii) are under common control of a pharmaceutical company, shall be considered as pharmaceutical companies for the purposes of this policy.

Independent researchers and research organisations including universities, hospitals and learned societies are excluded from the scope of the present definition. However, any unit, department, section or entity within such organisation, that manufactures medicinal products, including ATMPs under hospital exemption, or is a marketing authorisation applicant/holder, shall be considered as a pharmaceutical company for the purpose of this policy. Staff members of such units, sections, departments or entities are considered to be equivalent to staff members of a pharmaceutical company. Other parts of the organisation to which the unit, section, department or entity belongs can be excluded from this definition of a pharmaceutical company.

- **Biotechnology sector** shall mean: any legal or natural person involved in the biotechnology sector whose research, development, manufacturing, maintaining, marketing and/or distribution activities are closely linked to ATMPs, i.e.:
  - Blood, cells and tissues establishments;
  - Manufactures of critical starting materials for ATMPs, e.g. viral vector manufacturers.

For the purpose of this policy, the definition includes natural and legal persons to which activities relating to the research, development, manufacturing, maintaining, marketing and/or distribution closely linked with ATMPs (which might also be carried out in house) are outsourced on a contractual basis.

In this regard consultancy companies providing advice or services relating to the above activities, or to activities linked with marketing authorisation or other regulatory procedures (e.g. initial applications, variations) for ATMPs, fall under the definition of biotechnology sector.

Legal or natural persons which do not fall within the scope of the above definition but (i) control (i.e. own a majority stake in, or otherwise exercise a significant influence in the decision-making processes of the relevant biotechnology sector), (ii) are controlled by or (iii) are under common control of the biotechnology sector, shall be considered as biotechnology sector for the purposes of this policy.

Independent researchers and research organisations including universities, hospitals and learned societies are excluded from the scope of the present definition. However, any unit, department, section or entity within such organisation, that performs the above defined activities of the biotechnology sector, shall be considered as biotechnology sector for the purpose of this policy. Staff members of such units, sections, departments or entities are considered to be involved in the biotechnology sector. Other parts of the organisation to which the unit, section, department or entity belongs can be excluded from this definition of biotechnology sector.

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6 The term “independent researcher and research organisations” covers facilities, resources and services that are used by the research communities to conduct research and foster innovation in their fields as well as public or private non-profit organisations/legal entities whose primary mission is to pursue research.

The term “universities” covers public or private higher education establishments awarding academic degrees.

The term “hospital” includes university hospitals.

The term “learned societies” covers non-profit organisations that exist to promote an academic discipline or profession, or a group of related disciplines or professions.
• **Medical device sector** shall mean: any legal or natural person involved in the medical device sector whose focus is to research, develop, maintain, manufacture, market and/or distribute medical devices or active implantable medical devices used or to be used in combined ATMPs as defined in article 2, 1 (d) of Regulation (EC) No 1394/2007. For the purpose of this policy, the definition includes natural or legal persons to which activities relating to the research, development, manufacturing, maintenance, marketing and/or distribution of medical devices used or to be used in combined ATMPs (which might also be carried out in house) are outsourced on a contractual basis.

In this regard consultancy companies providing advice or services relating to the above activities, or to activities linked with the Notified Bodies’ procedures (e.g. applications, follow-up) fall under the definition of medical device sector.

Legal or natural persons which do not fall within the scope of the above definition but (i) control (i.e. own a majority stake in, or otherwise exercise a significant influence in the decision-making processes of the relevant medical device sector), (ii) are controlled by or (iii) are under common control of the medical device sector, shall be considered as medical device sector for the purposes of this policy.

Independent researchers and research organisations including universities, hospitals and learned societies are excluded from the scope of the present definition. However, any unit, department, section or entity within such organisation, that develops or manufactures medical devices, shall be considered as medical device sector for the purpose of this policy. Staff members of such units, sections, departments or entities are considered to be involved in the medical device sector. Other parts of the organisation to which the unit, section, department or entity belongs can be excluded from this definition of medical device sector.

• **Repurposing of a medicinal product** shall mean: the process of identifying a new use for an existing medicinal product – out of regulatory protection – in an indication that is not registered in its marketing authorisation.

• **Champion for the repurposing of a medicinal product** shall mean: a non-profit stakeholder developing or gathering evidence, including the use of scientific advice as the main regulatory tool, for the repurposing of a medicinal product, that can be e.g. a patient organisation, academia, collaborative groups or European Reference Networks.

A champion is typically (a) able to coordinate and/or foster the research programme up until the point of full engagement by a pharmaceutical company, (b) initially responsible for liaising and leading the interactions with regulatory authorities and pharmaceutical companies/other stakeholders and (c) transparent regarding interactions with relevant pharmaceutical company(ies) in charge of filing the initial request for scientific/regulatory advice on the basis of the available data.

### 3.2.2. Direct versus indirect interests

Taking into account the aforementioned EU legislation applicable to the Agency in the field of declarations of interests, the two categories of interests, i.e. direct and indirect interests, are defined as follows.

• **Direct interests in pharmaceutical industry** are:
  – Employment with a pharmaceutical company
  – Consultancy to a pharmaceutical company
Strategic advisory role for a pharmaceutical company
Financial interests in a pharmaceutical company
Involvement of the expert in the repurposing of a medicinal product

Indirect interests in pharmaceutical industry are:

- Principal investigator for a pharmaceutical company
- Involvement of the expert’s organisation in the repurposing of a medicinal product
- Investigator for a pharmaceutical company
- Grant or other funding from a pharmaceutical company to the expert’s organisation/institution
- Close family member direct interest in a pharmaceutical company.

For CAT members and alternates, in addition, the following direct and indirect interests are defined:

Direct interests in the biotechnology sector or medical device sector are:

- Employment in the biotechnology sector or medical device sector
- Consultancy to the biotechnology sector or medical device sector
- Strategic advisory role for the biotechnology sector and medical device sector
- Financial interests in the biotechnology sector and medical device sector

Indirect interests in the biotechnology sector or medical device sector are:

- Clinical investigator for the medical device sector
- Grant or other funding from the biotechnology sector or medical device sector to the expert’s organisation/institution
- Close family member direct interest in the biotechnology sector or medical device sector.

Each of these interests is further defined below. However, it should be emphasised that some of the definitions cannot address all the various scenarios which may exist. Additional guidance is included in the document “Procedural guidance on inclusion of declared interests in the European Medicines Agency’s electronic declaration of interests form (for scientific committees’ members and experts)” (EMA/91468/2020).

3.2.2.1. Direct interests

Employment with a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector shall mean: any form of occupation, part-time or full-time, paid or unpaid, in a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector.

Consultancy to a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector shall mean: any activity where the concerned expert provides advice (including training on a one to one basis or involvement in the repurposing of a medicinal product) to a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector regardless of contractual arrangements or any form of remuneration.

It should be noted that (scientific) advice provided by the NCA of a Member State is not considered a consultancy activity.
• **Strategic advisory role for a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector** shall mean: any activity where the expert is participating (with a right to vote/influence the outputs) in a(n) (scientific) advisory board/steering committee with the role of providing advice/expressing opinions on the (future) strategy, direction and development activities of a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector, either in terms of general strategy or product related strategy, regardless of contractual arrangements or any form of remuneration.

It should be noted that:

− Data monitoring committees (composed of independent external experts reviewing unblinded clinical trial data independently of the sponsor/pharmaceutical company or the medical device sector) fall outside the scope of this definition. Experts participating in these fora are considered in the same way as principal investigators for a pharmaceutical company or the clinical investigator for the medical device sector (for definition of principal investigator and clinical investigator see below).

− Involvement of an expert in research work for a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector is considered an indirect interest.

• **Financial interests in a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector** shall mean any economic stake in a pharmaceutical company, a biotechnology sector or a medical device sector including:

− Holding of stocks and shares, stock options, stock warrants, equities, bonds and or partnership interest in the capital of such pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector. The holding of financial interests through an investment fund, pension fund and/or interests in non-nominal unit trusts or similar arrangements would not need to be declared provided that they are diversified (i.e. not exclusively based on the concerned sector) and they are independently managed (i.e. the individual has no influence on their financial management).

− Compensation, fees, honoraria, salaries, grant or other funding (including rents, sponsorships and fellowships) paid by a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector to the expert in a personal capacity, other than payment for or reimbursement of expenses incurred with the research work or reimbursement of reasonable expenses directly related to a conference/seminar attendance (i.e. accommodation and travel costs).

− Intellectual property rights including patents, trademarks, know-how and/or copyrights relating to a medicinal product or to the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector owned by the individual or of which the individual is directly a beneficiary.

• **Involvement of the expert in the repurposing of a medicinal product shall mean**: an expert whose organisation is acting as a champion in the repurposing of a medicinal product or whose organisation is collaborating with the champion of the repurposing of a medicinal product, and whom as an individual is involved in the repurposing.

### 3.2.2.2. Indirect interests

• **Principal investigator** for a pharmaceutical company shall mean: an investigator with the responsibility for the coordination of investigators at different centres participating in a multicentre pharmaceutical company instigated/sponsored trial or the leading investigator of a monocentre...
pharmaceutical company instigated/sponsored trial, or the coordinating (principal) investigator signing the clinical study report.

- **Investigator** for a pharmaceutical company shall mean: an investigator involved in a clinical pharmaceutical company instigated/sponsored trial at a specific trial site which can be the responsible lead investigator of the trial at that specific site or a member of the clinical trial team who performs critical trial related procedures and makes important trial related decisions.

- **Clinical investigator** for the medical device sector shall mean: an investigator involved in a clinical medical device sector instigated/sponsored trial.

- **Grant or other funding to the expert's organisation/institution** shall mean: any funding received from a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector by the organisation/institution to which the expert belongs, or for which he/she performs any kind of activity, and which is used to support any activity of the expert whether or not it is related to research work.

- **Involvement of the expert’s organisation in the repurposing of a medicinal product** shall mean: an expert whose organisation is acting as a champion in the repurposing of a medicinal product or whose organisation is collaborating with the champion of the repurposing, and whom as an individual is not involved in the repurposing themselves.

- **Close family members** shall mean: first-line members of the family of the expert (i.e. a spouse or a partner, children and parents). Partner shall mean: a natural person with whom the expert is registered as having a stable non-marital partner legally recognised by an EU member state or any competent authority of a member state, acknowledging their status as non-marital partners.

### 3.2.3. Other definitions

For the purpose of this policy, the following terms should be understood as:

- **Rival product for a medicinal product** shall mean: a medicinal product that targets a similar patient population with the same clinical objective (i.e. to treat, prevent or diagnose a particular condition), and constituting a potential commercial competition.

- **Expert witness** shall mean: an expert whose role is limited to testify and give specialist advice on a specific issue by providing information and replying to any questions only. Such expert witness can be invited to participate at scientific committee, working party, SAG or *ad hoc* expert group meetings.

### 4. Policy statement

The following aspects are addressed in this policy:

- Objectives of the policy
- Principles of the policy
- Preparatory steps for the operation of the policy
- Practical operation of the policy

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7 This definition does not include a national coordinating investigator in a multinational trial.
4.1. Objectives of the policy

The main objective of the policy is to ensure that the scientific committees’ members and the experts participating in the Agency’s activities have no interests in the pharmaceutical industry, and that CAT members and alternates have no interests in the biotechnology sector and the medical device sector, which could affect their impartiality, as per the requirements of EU legislation. This has to be balanced with the need to secure the best (specialist) scientific expertise for the evaluation and surveillance of medicinal products for human and veterinary use. It is, therefore, of utmost importance to strive for the optimal balance between the cooling-off period for the declared interests versus maintaining the experts’ knowledge.

In order to achieve this objective and to strike the aforementioned balance the focus will first be on the nature of the declared interest before determining the length of time any restrictions will apply.

4.2. Principles of the policy

The policy focuses on 3 pillars, i.e.:

- robustness,
- efficiency, and
- transparency of the process for the handling of competing interests of scientific committees’ members and experts.

4.2.1. Achieving a robust process

The following principles apply:

4.2.1.1. Declared interests

Direct interests versus indirect interests versus no interests declared

In terms of declarations of interests 3 interest levels can be identified:

- “direct interests declared” (i.e. interest level 3);
- “indirect interests declared” (i.e. interest level 2);
- “no interests declared” (i.e. interest level 1).

The primary focus is on direct interests leading to the most pronounced restrictions in involvement in the Agency’s activities.

Indirect interests will be addressed through mitigating actions to reach the best possible balance between limiting the involvement in the Agency's activities and the need for the availability of the best (specialist) scientific expertise.

Looking at the nature of the declared interest, three categories have been identified:

- Category 1: leading role during previous employment with a pharmaceutical company which results in non-involvement during the term of the mandate of the committee member or expert, on three possible levels:
Either executive role\(^8\) within a pharmaceutical company, resulting in non-involvement during the term of the mandate for any medicinal product for which the pharmaceutical company is the Applicant or MAH, irrespective if such involvement relates to a decision-making or an advisory body.

Or lead role\(^8\) in the development of a medicinal product, resulting in non-involvement during the term of the mandate for the medicinal product, irrespective if such involvement relates to a decision-making or advisory body.

Or the involvement of an expert in the repurposing of a medicinal product whose organisation is acting as a champion in the repurposing.

- Category 2: for certain declared interests, as specified below, it is assumed that the declared interest is considered over when such interest is no longer present, resulting in full involvement in the Agency’s activities:
  - Financial interests in a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector
  - Grant or other funding from a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector to the expert’s organisation/institution
  - Interests related to close family members in a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector
  - Employment in the biotechnology sector or medical device sector
  - Consultancy to the biotechnology sector or medical device sector
  - Strategic advisory role for the biotechnology sector and medical device sector
  - Clinical investigator for the medical device sector.

- Category 3: for the remaining declared interests, not listed in categories 1 and 2, it is assumed that the declared interest is considered over following a 3-year cooling-off period. Mitigating measures will vary depending on whether the involvement of the expert relates to a decision-making or an advisory body, and will depend as well on the role of the expert (chairperson, rapporteur or equivalent leading/co-ordinating role, formally appointed peer reviewer).

Other declarable interests

- Involvement in academic trials and in publicly funded research/development initiatives, as well as membership of an ethics committee should be declared. This will not result in the Agency restricting involvement in its activities, unless a specific interest is identified.

- Attendance at courses and conferences funded by pharmaceutical companies or for CAT members and alternates funded by the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector (including attendance at accredited courses or conferences with respect to continuing development of experts CPD/CME acquisition) do not need to be declared. However, in case the expert receives payment by the funding company or sector going beyond reimbursement of reasonable expenses (i.e. accommodation and travel costs) directly related to a conference/seminar attendance, this needs to be declared and this will be incompatible with involvement in the Agency’s activities.

\(^8\) Further information is provided in the aforementioned “Procedural guidance on inclusion of declared interests in the European Medicines Agency’s electronic declaration of interests form (for scientific committees’ members and experts)” (EMA/91468/2020).
4.2.1.2. Restricting involvement in the Agency’s activities

Levels of restriction and timeframes

- Involvement of the individual in the Agency’s activities is restricted taking into account 3 factors: the nature of the declared interest, the timeframe during which such interest occurred, as well as the type of activity. The following methodology applies: first the nature of the declared interest within the frame of the specific Agency activity will be looked at, before determining the length of time any restrictions will apply.

- As a general rule, current9 employment with a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector, current financial interests in a pharmaceutical company, the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector, or current involvement of an expert in the repurposing of a medicinal product where his organisation is acting as a champion, are incompatible with involvement in the Agency’s activities.

- One exception to this general rule relates to the concept of expert witness. Current financial interests are compatible with this concept.

- The requirements for membership of decision-making bodies (i.e. scientific committees) are stricter than for advisory bodies (i.e. SAGs and ad hoc expert groups).

- The requirements are also stricter for chairpersons/vice-chairpersons of the scientific committees compared to the chairpersons/vice-chairpersons of other fora and compared to the members of the scientific committees and the other fora. Likewise, the requirements are stricter for rapporteurs (or equivalent leading/co-ordinating role) and formally appointed peer reviewers compared to the other members of the scientific fora.

- For CAT members and alternates, additional requirements apply for interests in the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector, where the requirements are stricter for direct interests than for indirect interests.

- Requirements for an expert involved in the repurposing of a medicinal product are stricter than for an expert not involved in the repurposing, but whose organisation is acting as the champion for the repurposing of a medicinal product or is collaborating with a champion for the repurposing.

- The timeframe to be considered depending on the declared direct or indirect interest is either current, or within the past 3 years, or in certain cases, as stated before, for a longer period (see section 4.2.1.1. for further details). As already mentioned before, the nature of the declared interest will be considered first before deciding on the duration of any restrictions. However, individuals can always declare any interests beyond those periods limited in time (i.e. current, or within the past 3 years). They can always also restrict on their own initiative their involvement in the Agency’s activities as a result of such declaration.

- Scientific committee members belonging to an organisation who submits regulatory applications to the Agency, e.g. scientific advice applications or paediatric investigation plans, are restricted from involvement in all committee activities related to the applications from that organisation.

- Furthermore, if a scientific committee/working party/SAG/ad hoc expert group member intends to be engaged (either solicited or not) in occupational activities with a pharmaceutical company (such as employment) or for CAT members and alternates in the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector, during the term of the mandate (irrespective if an employment contract with a

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9 Current shall mean: at any time point during the term of the mandate of a member or at the time of involvement of an individual in a specific Agency activity.
company has been signed or not), or if a scientific committee/working party/SAG/ad hoc expert
group member intends to become involved in the repurposing of a medicinal product where their
organisation is acting as the champion of the repurposing, during the term of the mandate, the
member shall immediately inform the Agency. The Agency will fully restrict the member from
further involvement in the Agency’s activities from the date of notification. The Nominating
Authority will be informed by the Agency that the member can no longer be involved in the
Agency’s activities10.

Specific case of rival products

For the specific case of rival products for medicinal products a two-tier approach is applied:

- The concept of rival products relates to those situations where there are only a very small number
  (1 to 2) of rival products. The same would apply for the brand leader when a generic product is
  under consideration.

- For broad indications, since many products are authorised for the same indication, the existing
  volume of competition dilutes adequately potential interests.

In situations characterised by only a very small number of rival products as specified above,
consequences will relate to the (vice)-chairpersons of the scientific committees and the working
parties, as well as the rapporteurs or other members in a leading/ co-ordinating role, or formally
appointed peer reviewers.

4.2.2. Achieving an efficient process

The following should enable the establishment of an efficient process:

- As regards the handling of competing interests a 2-step procedure applies: following receipt of the
  DoI an interest level is automatically assigned according to the aforementioned interest levels.
  Subsequently the level of participation in the Agency’s activities is determined by the Agency’s
  secretariat taking into account the assigned interest level and the restrictions which apply to
  participation in the various activities of the Agency.

- For scientific committees’ members a proactive approach is applied as regards the possible
  identification of the need for restrictions in involvement in the Agency’s activities through
  mandatory pre-screening by the Agency of the declared interests prior to any formal nomination by
  the Nominating Authority11. The Agency will provide feedback to the Nominating Authority on the
  outcome of the pre-screening for subsequent consideration by the Nominating Authority when
  launching the formal nomination process. Likewise, the possibility of pre-screening of any expert
  prior to involvement in the Agency’s activities is offered to the Nominating Authority.

- A proactive approach is also applied with respect to the search for alternative experts in the field,
  making the best use of the established relationships with academia and learned societies. In
  addition, for the establishment of a new SAG or the renewal of the mandate of an existing SAG a
  public call for expression of interests is launched by the Agency.

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10 Further information is provided in the document “Guidance on the handling of declarations of interests in case of a
scientific committee/other (scientific) forum member’s intention to become an employee in a pharmaceutical company”
(EMA/208545/2020).

11 Nominating Authority refers to both the Member States and the European Commission, and refers to the scientific
committee in case of co-opted members (CHMP, CVMP and HMPC).
4.2.3. Achieving a transparent process

Transparency is achieved through:

- Publication on the Agency’s website of the minutes of the scientific committees’ meetings, including where relevant – restricted involvement of the chairs, members and experts.
- Publication of the DoIs and CVs on the Agency’s website of all scientific committees’ members and experts, whilst ensuring that personal data legislation is adhered to, as well as publication of the assigned interest levels.

The Agency processes personal data in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 2018/1725 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions and bodies and offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data. Further information is provided on the Agency’s website under “Privacy statement”.

4.3. Preparatory steps for the operation of the policy

Before any work can be undertaken by the Agency on the checking of declarations of interests, scientific committees’ members and experts need to be first nominated as a European expert after which they need to be included in the Agency’s experts database. The roles and the responsibilities of both the Nominating Authority and the Agency are summarised in the aforementioned MoU.

4.3.1. Nomination process

4.3.1.1. Nomination process for scientific committees’ members

Scientific committees’ members12,13 (and, where relevant, alternates) are nominated by Member States for a term of three years, which may be renewed14. The Management Board is consulted on nominations prior to the appointment of CHMP and CVMP members. Scientific committees’ members shall be chosen by reason of their role and experience in the evaluation of medicinal products for human and veterinary use, as appropriate, and shall represent their Competent Authorities.

4.3.1.2. Nomination process for experts

Member States shall transmit to the Agency a list of experts with proven experience in the evaluation of medicinal products in order to serve on working parties or SAGs, or to act as additional experts to scientific committees, working parties or SAGs. Nominations should be accompanied by a description of the experts’ qualifications and their specific areas of expertise.

In addition, situations can arise where the need for additional expertise, not covered by nominations made by the Member States, is identified at the level of the scientific committees. In such circumstances, the nomination of the identified expertise is undertaken by the Agency.

4.3.2. Inclusion in the Agency’s experts database

All scientific committees’ members and experts must be included in the Agency’s experts database prior to the first appointment resulting in involvement in activities at the level of the Agency (meeting

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12 It should be noted that some scientific committees’ members are nominated by the European Commission.
13 It should be noted that at the level of some scientific committees (CHMP, CVMP and HMPC), the committee may decide to appoint co-opted members.
14 In case of the PRAC, the mandate may be prolonged once and thereafter renewed.
attendance, scientific evaluation, inspections, guidance development, etc.). Such inclusion is only possible once the following documents have been submitted to the Agency:

- Nomination form,
- Public declaration of interests and confidentiality undertaking form, and
- CV.

The Nominating Authority has to ensure, in close collaboration with the nominated member/expert, that all relevant material necessary for the Agency’s review has been made available prior to the member’s/expert’s involvement in any activity of the Agency.

The Agency undertakes the inclusion in the experts database for individual patients and healthcare professionals and for patients and healthcare professionals organisations’ representatives.

The list of scientific committees’ members and experts with their declaration of interests, CV and assigned interest level is published on the Agency’s website.

4.4. Practical operation of the policy

The consequences of the application of the principles laid down in this policy in terms of the allowable interests are summarised in annex 1 “Scientific committees’ members and experts allowed involvement in medicinal product related matters based on declared interests in the pharmaceutical industry” and in annex 2 “CAT members and alternates allowed involvement in medicinal product related matters based on declared interests in the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector”.

In order to check the correctness of the information contained in the DoIs the Agency has introduced a quality assurance system, hereby applying ex ante and ex post control checks. In addition, a Breach of Trust Procedure is available in case of observed failure by a scientific committee member or expert to fill in the DoI in a complete and/or correct manner.

5. Related documents

- EMA Code of Conduct (EMA/385894/2012 Rev.1).
- Revised framework for interaction between the European Medicines Agency and patients and consumers and their organisations (EMA/637573/2014)
- Revised framework for interaction between the European Medicines Agency and healthcare professionals and their organisations (EMA/89918/2016)
- Framework of collaboration between the European Medicines Agency and academia (EMA/125511/2017)

6. Changes since last revision

Changes introduced result from the outcome of the Agency’s annual reviews of its independence policies and their state of implementation. Stock warrants have been added to the definition of financial interests. A definition of partner has been added. Additional restrictions have been identified for inspectors declaring grants/funding and close family member interests. The policy has been updated to reflect Regulation (EU) 2018/1725. Involvement in the repurposing of a medicinal product and the relevant restrictions have been included. Requirements for CAT members and alternates to declare interests in the biotechnology and medical device sector and the relevant restrictions have been added.

Amsterdam, 11 June 2020

[Signature on file]

Guido Rasi
Executive Director
### Annex 1

**Scientific committees’ members and experts allowed involvement in medicinal product related matters based on declared interests in the pharmaceutical industry**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Declared interest</th>
<th>Time since declared interest ended (in years)</th>
<th>Scientific committee (Vice)-Chair</th>
<th>Working party/ (Vice)-Chair</th>
<th>Scientific committee / Working party member</th>
<th>Scientific committee / Working party expert</th>
<th>SAG/ad-hoc expert group (Vice)-Chair</th>
<th>SAG/ad-hoc expert group member/expert</th>
<th>Inspection</th>
<th>Expert Witness</th>
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*Medicinal product related working parties only, such as the BWP, the SAWP, or medicinal product related discussions at other working parties.*
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<th>Outcome restriction level</th>
<th>Impact of the outcome</th>
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<td>No involvement in activity allowed.</td>
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<td>Q</td>
<td>Involvement limited to testify and give specialist advice on a specific issue by providing information and replying to any questions only.</td>
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<td>To be replaced for the discussions, final deliberations and voting as appropriate in relation to any medicinal product from the relevant company.</td>
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<td>To be replaced for the discussions, final deliberations and voting as appropriate in relation to the relevant medicinal product or a rival product.</td>
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<td>Involvement only in discussions with respect to procedures involving the relevant medicinal product, i.e. no part in final deliberations and voting as appropriate as regards the medicinal product (XP).</td>
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<td>DP</td>
<td>Cannot participate in inspections relating to the relevant company (all medicinal products).</td>
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<td>XI</td>
<td>Full involvement in activity allowed.</td>
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Annex 2

CAT members and alternates allowed involvement in medicinal product related matters based on declared interests in the biotechnology sector or the medical device sector

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<td></td>
<td>0 to 3</td>
<td>F</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close family member</td>
<td>Current interest</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Outcome restriction level:

- **X**: No involvement in activity allowed.
- **F**: Full involvement in activity allowed.

European Medicines Agency policy on the handling of competing interests of scientific committees’ members and experts

EMA/893S1/2020