SIMPLE GUIDE

How to report adverse events?

As a **veterinarian or other animal healthcare professional**, you are key for reporting suspected adverse events. Here's a simple guide to adverse event reporting in the European Union:

STEP 1: WHAT TO REPORT

- a. All suspected adverse events in animals after using veterinary medicines:
 - when a treatment or a vaccine has not worked
 - including off-label use
 - · even if stated in the product information.
- **b.** All suspected adverse events in people exposed to a veterinary medicine or a treated animal.
- **c. All suspected adverse events** after using human medicines in animals.

Veterinarians should also report **environmental incidents**, high product residues in foods and suspected transmission of infectious agents.

STEP 2: WHERE TO REPORT

- The competent authority in your country, or*
- To the company responsible for the product**

Every report counts towards the data monitored, ensuring the safety of veterinary medicines. If new risks are identified, measures can be taken, such as new warnings added to the product information. Very rarely veterinary medicines are suspended or withdrawn.

^{**} Contact details are listed on the product information.



Safer medicines, healthy animals.

Report adverse events!

#VetMedSafetyDay





^{*} Note that in some countries veterinarians may have a legal obligation to report to their national authority.