



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY  
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

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## Tulaven (*tulathromycin*)

An overview of Tulaven and why it is authorised in the EU

### What is Tulaven and what is it used for?

Tulaven is an antibiotic medicine that is used to treat the following diseases if they are caused by bacteria that are susceptible to it:

- bovine respiratory disease (BRD) in cattle caused by *Mannheimia haemolytica*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Histophilus somni* and *Mycoplasma bovis*;
- infectious bovine keratoconjunctivitis (IBK) in cattle, an eye disease caused by *Moraxella bovis*;
- swine respiratory disease (SRD) in pigs caused by *Actinobacillus pleuropneumoniae*, *Pasteurella multocida*, *Mycoplasma hyopneumoniae*, *Haemophilus parasuis* and *Bordetella bronchiseptica*;
- early stages of foot rot in sheep caused by *Dichelobacter nodosus*, which requires treatment with a medicine given by mouth or by injection.

Tulaven can also be used for metaphylaxis of BRD and SRD. This involves treating at the same time both diseased animals and healthy animals in close contact with them, to prevent further spread of the disease. The medicine should only be used for metaphylaxis in cattle and pigs once presence of the disease in the herd has been established.

Tulaven contains the active substance tulathromycin.

Tulaven is a 'generic medicine'. This means that Tulaven contains the same active substance and works in the same way as a 'reference medicine' already authorised in the European Union (EU) called Draxxin.

For more information, see the package leaflet.

### How is Tulaven used?

The medicine can only be obtained with a prescription. Tulaven is available as an injection (25 and 100 mg/ml). The 25 mg/ml injection is for pigs only; the 100 mg/ml injection is for cattle, pigs and sheep.

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**Official address** Domenico Scarlattilaan 6 • 1083 HS Amsterdam • The Netherlands

**Address for visits and deliveries** Refer to [www.ema.europa.eu/how-to-find-us](http://www.ema.europa.eu/how-to-find-us)

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Tulaven is given as a single injection of 2.5 mg per kilogram bodyweight. It is injected under the skin in cattle and into the neck muscle in pigs and sheep. Depending on the size of the dose, it may need to be injected into two sites.

It is recommended that animals are treated early for respiratory disease and that their response is evaluated within 48 hours. If symptoms persist, get worse or come back, treatment should be changed to another antibiotic.

For more information about using Tulaven, see the package leaflet or contact your veterinarian or pharmacist.

## **How does Tulaven work?**

The active substance in Tulaven, tulathromycin, is an antibiotic that belongs to the class 'macrolides'. It works by attaching to the RNA (genetic material) in the bacterial cells and preventing bacteria from making vital proteins, thus stopping them growing and multiplying.

Tulaven is effective against the bacteria that most commonly cause BRD, SRD, IBK and foot rot.

## **How has Tulaven been studied?**

Studies on the benefits and risks of the active substance in the authorised uses have already been carried out with the reference medicine, Draxxin, and do not need to be repeated for Tulaven.

As for every medicine, the company provided studies on the quality of Tulaven. There was no need for 'bioequivalence' studies to investigate whether Tulaven is absorbed similarly to the reference medicine to produce the same level of the active substance in the blood. This is because the composition of Tulaven is very similar to the reference medicine and when given by injection under the skin to cattle or into a muscle in pigs and sheep, the active substance in both products is expected to be similarly absorbed and the products are expected to have the same effects.

## **What are the benefits and risks of Tulaven?**

Because Tulaven is a generic medicine, its benefits and risks are taken as being the same as the reference medicine's.

## **What are the precautions for the person who gives the medicine or comes into contact with the animal?**

Safety information has been included in the summary of product characteristics and the package leaflet for Tulaven, including the appropriate precautions to be followed by healthcare professionals and animal owners or keepers. The precautions are the same as for the reference medicine since Tulaven is a generic medicine.

## **What is the withdrawal period in food-producing animals?**

The withdrawal period is the time required after administration of a medicine before an animal can be slaughtered and the meat used for human consumption. It is also the time required after administration of a medicine before milk may be used for human consumption.

For cattle the meat withdrawal period is 22 days, for pigs it is 13 days and for sheep it is 16 days. Tulaven must not be used in animals that are producing milk for human consumption, or in pregnant

animals intended to produce milk for human consumption within two months of their expected date of giving birth.

## **Why is Tulaven authorised in the EU?**

The European Medicines Agency concluded that, in accordance with EU requirements, Tulaven has been shown to be comparable to Draxxin. Therefore, the Agency's view was that, as for Draxxin, the benefit of Tulaven outweighs the identified risk and it can be authorised for use in the EU.

## **Other information about Tulaven**

Tulaven received a marketing authorisation valid throughout the EU on 24 April 2020.

Further information on Tulaven can be found on the Agency's website:  
[ema.europa.eu/medicines/veterinary/EPAR/tulaven](https://ema.europa.eu/medicines/veterinary/EPAR/tulaven).

Information on the reference medicine can also be found on the Agency's website.

This overview was last updated in February 2020.