



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/107875/2016

European Medicines Agency decision

P/0059/2016

of 18 March 2016

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for saxagliptin (Onglyza) (EMA-000200-PIP01-08-M06) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Disclaimer

This Decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.



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The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004¹,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency²,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/176/2009 issued on 7 September 2009, the decision P/16/2010 issued on 4 February 2010, the decision P/69/2011 issued on 15 March 2011, the decision P/97/2011 issued on 8 April 2011, and the decision P/0061/2013 issued on 26 March 2013,

Having regard to the application submitted by AstraZeneca AB on 06 November 2015 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 29 January 2016, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan, including changes to the deferral.

¹ OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

² OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for saxagliptin (Onglyza), film-coated tablets, oral use, including changes to the deferral, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

Article 2

This decision is addressed to AstraZeneca AB - S-151 85 – Södertälje – Sweden.

Done at London, 18 March 2016

For the European Medicines Agency
Zaïde Frias
Head of Division
Human Medicines Research and Development Support
(Signature on file)



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/PDCO/751400/2015

London, 29 January 2016

Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

EMA-000200-PIP01-08-M06

Scope of the application

Active substance(s):

Saxagliptin

Invented name:

Onglyza

Condition(s):

Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

Authorised indication(s):

See Annex II

Pharmaceutical form(s):

Film-coated tablets

Route(s) of administration:

Oral use

Name / corporate name of the PIP applicant:

AstraZeneca AB

Information about the authorised medicinal product:

See Annex II



Basis for opinion

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, AstraZeneca AB submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 6 November 2015 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/176/2009 issued on 7 September 2009, the decision P/16/2010 issued on 4 February 2010, the decision P/69/2011 issued on 15 March 2011, the decision P/97/2011 issued on 8 April 2011, and the decision P/0061/2013 issued on 26 March 2013.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral

The procedure started on 30 November 2015.

Scope of the modification

Some measures and timelines of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

Opinion

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
 - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan and the subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)

1. Waiver

1.1. Condition: Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

The waiver applies to:

- children from birth to less than 10 years;
- for film-coated tablets, oral use;
- on the grounds that the disease or condition for which the specific medicinal product is intended does not occur in the specified paediatric subset.

2. Paediatric Investigation Plan

2.1. Condition: Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From 10 years to less than 18 years of age

2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Film-coated tablets

2.1.4. Measures

Area	Number of measures	Description
Quality-related studies		Not applicable.
Non-clinical studies		Not applicable.
Clinical studies	1	Study 1: 24-week, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled study with a 28-week safety extension period to evaluate efficacy and safety of saxagliptin 2.5 and 5 mg (and dapagliflozin 5 and 10 mg) in paediatric subjects with type 2 diabetes mellitus
Extrapolation, modelling and simulation studies	0	Not applicable.

Other studies	0	Not applicable.
Other measures	0	Not applicable.

3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety/efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	Yes
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By September 2020
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes

Annex II

Information about the authorised medicinal product

Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):

1. Treatment of Type 2 diabetes mellitus

Authorised indications:

Onglyza is indicated in adult patients aged 18 years and older with type 2 diabetes mellitus to improve glycaemic control:

- as monotherapy in patients inadequately controlled by diet and exercise alone and for whom metformin is inappropriate due to contraindications or intolerance.
- as dual oral therapy in combination with:
 - metformin, when metformin alone, with diet and exercise, does not provide adequate glycaemic control
 - a sulphonylurea, when the sulphonylurea alone, with diet and exercise, does not provide adequate glycaemic control in patients for whom use of metformin is considered inappropriate
 - a thiazolidinedione, when the thiazolidinedione alone with diet and exercise, does not provide adequate glycaemic control in patients for whom use of a thiazolidinedione is considered appropriate
- as triple oral therapy in combination with:
 - metformin plus a sulphonylurea when this regimen alone, with diet and exercise, does not provide adequate glycaemic control
- as combination therapy with insulin (with or without metformin), when this regimen alone, with diet and exercise, does not provide adequate glycaemic control.

Authorised pharmaceutical formulation(s):

Film-coated tablet

Authorised route(s) of administration:

Oral use