

EMA/103256/2014

European Medicines Agency decision

P/0074/2014

of 2 April 2014

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for ceftaroline fosamil (Zinforo) (EMA-000769-PIP01-09-M04) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Disclaimer

This Decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.

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The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004¹,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency²,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/158/2010 issued on 6 September 2010, the decision P/256/2011 issued on 26 October 2011, the decision P/0072/2012 issued on 24 April 2012, and the decision P/0006/2013 issued on 21 January 2013,

Having regard to the application submitted by AstraZeneca AB on 22 November 2013 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 14 February 2014, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

¹ OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

² OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for ceftaroline fosamil (Zinforo), powder for concentrate for solution for infusion, intravenous use, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

Article 2

This decision is addressed to AstraZeneca AB, S-151 85 Sodertalje, Sweden.

Done at London, 2 April 2014

For the European Medicines Agency
Guido Rasi
Executive Director
(Signature on file)



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/PDCO/742414/2013 Corr

Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

EMA-000769-PIP01-09-M04

Scope of the application

Active substance(s):

Ceftaroline fosamil

Invented name:

Zinforo

Condition(s):

Treatment of complicated skin and soft tissue infections

Treatment of community acquired pneumonia

Authorised indication(s):

See Annex II

Pharmaceutical form(s):

Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion

Route(s) of administration:

Intravenous use

Name / corporate name of the PIP applicant:

AstraZeneca AB

Information about the authorised medicinal product:

See Annex II



Basis for opinion

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, AstraZeneca AB submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 22 November 2013 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/158/2010 issued on 6 September 2010, the decision P/256/2011 issued on 26 October 2011, the decision P/0072/2012 issued on 24 April 2012, and the decision P/0006/2013 issued on 21 January 2013.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

The procedure started on 18 December 2013.

Scope of the modification

Some measures of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

Opinion

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
 - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

London, 14 February 2014

On behalf of the Paediatric Committee
Dr Dirk Mentzer, Chairman
(Signature on file)

Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

1. Waiver

Not applicable.

2. Paediatric Investigation Plan

2.1. Condition: treatment of complicated skin and soft tissue infections

2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of complicated skin and soft tissue infections.

2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From birth to less than 18 years of age.

2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion.

2.1.4. Measures

Area	Number of studies	Description
Quality	0	Not applicable.
Non-clinical	1	Study 1: Repeated dose toxicity study in juvenile rats.
Clinical	4	Study 2: Multicentre, open-label, sequential, single-dose pharmacokinetic and tolerability study of ceftaroline in paediatric patients from birth to less than 12 years of age, with suspected or confirmed infection. Study 3: Multicentre, randomised, observer-blinded, active controlled study to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and efficacy of ceftaroline versus vancomycin or semi synthetic penicillin with or without aztreonam in paediatric patients with complicated skin and soft tissue infections from 2 months of age to less than 18 years. Study 4: Multicentre, open label study to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and efficacy of ceftaroline plus ampicillin plus optional aminoglycoside in term and pre-term neonates and young infants less than 2 months of age with late onset sepsis.

Area	Number of studies	Description
		Study 6: Multicentre, randomised, observer-blinded, active controlled study to evaluate the safety, tolerability, efficacy and pharmacokinetics of ceftaroline versus comparator in paediatric patients with complicated skin and soft tissue infections from 2 months of age to less than 18 years.

2.2. Condition: treatment of community acquired pneumonia

2.2.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of community acquired pneumonia.

2.2.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From birth to less than 18 years of age.

2.2.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion.

2.2.4. Measures

Area	Number of studies	Description
Quality	0	Not applicable
Non-clinical	1	Study 1: Repeated dose toxicity study in juvenile rats (same as study 1 for condition 1).
Clinical	3	Study 2: Multicentre, open-label, sequential, single-dose pharmacokinetic and tolerability study of ceftaroline in paediatric patients from birth to less than 12 years of age with suspected or confirmed infection (same as study 2 for condition 1). Study 4: Multicentre, open label study to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and efficacy of ceftaroline plus ampicillin plus optional aminoglycoside in term and pre-term neonates and young infants less than 2 months of age with late onset sepsis (same as study 4 for condition 1).

Area	Number of studies	Description
		Study 5: Multicentre, randomised, observer-blinded, active controlled study to evaluate the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and efficacy of ceftaroline versus ceftriaxone in paediatric patients from 2 months of age to less than 18 years of age with community acquired pneumonia.

3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety and efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	No
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By August 2016
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes

Annex II

Information about the authorised medicinal product

Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):

1. Treatment of complicated skin and soft tissue infections

Authorised indication(s):

- Treatment of complicated skin and soft tissue infections (cSSTI) in adults

2. Treatment of community acquired pneumonia

Authorised indication(s):

- Treatment of community acquired pneumonia (CAP) in adults

Authorised pharmaceutical form(s):

Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion

Authorised route(s) of administration:

Intravenous use