

EMA/182558/2019

European Medicines Agency decision

P/0114/2019

of 29 March 2019

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for peanut flour (EMEA-001734-PIP01-14-M04) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Disclaimer

This decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.

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The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004¹,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency²,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/0222/2015 issued on 2 October 2015, the decision P/0275/2016 issued on 7 October 2016, the decision P/0170/2018 issued on 15 June 2018 and the decision P/0377/2018 issued on 7 December 2018,

Having regard to the application submitted by Aimmune Therapeutics Inc on 26 November 2018 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 1 March 2019, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

¹ OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

² OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for peanut flour, oral powder, capsule, oral use, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

Article 2

This decision is addressed to Aimmune Therapeutics Inc, 8000 Marina Boulevard, Suite 300, 94005-1884 – Brisbane, United States.

EMA/PDCO/842344/2018

London, 1 March 2019

Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan EMA-001734-PIP01-14-M04

Scope of the application

Active substance(s):

Peanut flour

Condition(s):

Treatment of peanut allergy

Pharmaceutical form(s):

Oral powder

Capsule

Route(s) of administration:

Oral use

Name/corporate name of the PIP applicant:

Aimmune Therapeutics Inc

Basis for opinion

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, Aimmune Therapeutics Inc submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 26 November 2018 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/0222/2015 issued on 2 October 2015, the decision P/0275/2016 issued on 7 October 2016, the decision P/0170/2018 issued on 15 June 2018 and the decision P/0377/2018 issued on 7 December 2018.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

The procedure started on 3 January 2019.

Scope of the modification

Some measures of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

Opinion

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
 - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan and the subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annex and appendix.

Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)

1. Waiver

1.1. Condition

Treatment of peanut allergy

The waiver applies to:

- the paediatric population from birth to less than 1 year of age;
- oral powder, capsule, for oral use;
- on the grounds that clinical studies with the specific medicinal product cannot be expected to be of significant therapeutic benefit to or fulfil a therapeutic need of the specified paediatric subset(s).

2. Paediatric investigation plan

2.1. Condition

Treatment of peanut allergy

2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Peanut oral immunotherapy for reduction in clinical reactivity to accidental exposure in peanut allergic children and adults

2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From 1 to less than 18 years of age

2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Oral powder

Capsule

2.1.4. Measures

Area	Number of measures	Description
Quality-related studies	0	Not applicable
Non-clinical studies	0	Not applicable
Clinical studies	6	Study 1 Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled Phase 2 trial to evaluate safety and efficacy of peanut flour in terms of superiority over placebo in children from 4 to less than 18 years of age (and adults) with peanut allergy (ARC001)

		Study 2 Open-label, follow-on Phase 2 study to assess long-term safety and efficacy of peanut flour in children from 4 to less than 18 years of age (and adults) with peanut allergy (ARC002) Study 3 Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled Phase 3 trial to evaluate efficacy and safety of peanut flour in terms of superiority over placebo in children from 4 to less than 18 years of age (and adults) with peanut allergy (ARC003) Study 4 Open-label, follow-on Phase 3 study to assess long-term safety and efficacy of peanut flour in children from 4 to less than 18 years of age (and adults) with peanut allergy (ARC004) Study 5 Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial to evaluate safety and efficacy of peanut flour in terms of superiority over placebo in children from 1 to less than 4 years of age with peanut allergy (ARC005) Study 6 Added during procedure EMEA-001734-PIP01-14-M02 Double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled EU only trial to evaluate safety and efficacy of peanut flour in terms of superiority over placebo in children from 4 to less than 18 years of age with peanut allergy (ARC010)
Extrapolation, modelling and simulation studies	0	Not applicable
Other studies	0	Not applicable
Other measures	0	Not applicable

3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety/efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	Yes
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By December 2020
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes