



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/295715/2016

European Medicines Agency decision

P/0128/2016

of 20 May 2016

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for sitagliptin (phosphate monohydrate) (Xelevia) (EMA-000471-PIP01-08-M02) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Disclaimer

This Decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.



European Medicines Agency decision

P/0128/2016

of 20 May 2016

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for sitagliptin (phosphate monohydrate) (Xelevia) (EMA-000471-PIP01-08-M02) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004¹,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency²,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/212/2009 granted on 30 October 2009,

Having regard to the application submitted by Merck Sharp and Dohme (Europe), Inc. on 22 December 2015 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 1 April 2016, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

¹ OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

² OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for sitagliptin (phosphate monohydrate) (Xelevia), film-coated tablet, oral use, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

Article 2

This decision is superseded by the decision P/0062/2015 granted on 1 April 2015 and all its subsequent modifications thereof.

Article 3

This decision is addressed to Merck Sharp and Dohme (Europe), Inc., 5 Clos du Lynx, 1200 – Brussels, Belgium.

Done at London, 20 May 2016

For the European Medicines Agency
Zaïde Frias
Head of Division
Human Medicines Research and Development Support
(Signature on file)



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/PDCO/20133/2016

London, 1 April 2016

Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

EMA-000471-PIP01-08-M02

Scope of the application

Active substance(s):

Sitagliptin (phosphate monohydrate)

Invented name:

Xelevia

Condition(s):

Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

Authorised indication(s):

See Annex II

Pharmaceutical form(s):

Film-coated tablet

Route(s) of administration:

Oral use

Name/corporate name of the PIP applicant:

Merck Sharp and Dohme (Europe), Inc.

Information about the authorised medicinal product:

See Annex II



Basis for opinion

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, Merck Sharp and Dohme (Europe), Inc. submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 22 December 2015 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

The procedure started on 2 February 2016.

Scope of the modification

This Paediatric Investigation Plan which is superseded by the EMA Decision P/0062/2015 granted on 1 April 2015 and all its subsequent modifications thereof.

Opinion

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
 - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)

This Paediatric Investigation Plan is superseded by EMA Decision P/0062/2015 granted on 1 April 2015 and all its subsequent modifications. Refer to this Decision for details on relevant measures for this medicinal product.

Annex II

Information about the authorised medicinal product

Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):

Treatment of type 2 diabetes mellitus

Authorised indication(s):

For adult patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus, Xelevia is indicated to improve glycaemic control:

as monotherapy

- in patients inadequately controlled by diet and exercise alone and for whom metformin is inappropriate due to contraindications or intolerance.

as dual oral therapy in combination with

- metformin when diet and exercise plus metformin alone do not provide adequate glycaemic control.
- a sulphonylurea when diet and exercise plus maximal tolerated dose of a sulphonylurea alone do not provide adequate glycaemic control and when metformin is inappropriate due to contraindications or intolerance.
- a peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma (PPAR γ) agonist (i.e. a thiazolidinedione) when use of a PPAR γ agonist is appropriate and when diet and exercise plus the PPAR γ agonist alone do not provide adequate glycaemic control.

as triple oral therapy in combination with

- a sulphonylurea and metformin when diet and exercise plus dual therapy with these medicinal products do not provide adequate glycaemic control.
- a PPAR γ agonist and metformin when use of a PPAR γ agonist is appropriate and when diet and exercise plus dual therapy with these medicinal products do not provide adequate glycaemic control.

Xelevia is also indicated as add-on to insulin (with or without metformin) when diet and exercise plus stable dose of insulin do not provide adequate glycaemic control.

Authorised pharmaceutical form(s):

Film-coated tablet

Authorised route(s) of administration:

Oral use