

EMA/434829/2017

## European Medicines Agency decision

P/0234/2017

of 9 August 2017

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for decitabine (Dacogen), (EMEA-000555-PIP01-09-M06) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

### Disclaimer

This decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

Only the English text is authentic.



### **European Medicines Agency decision**

P/0234/2017

of 9 August 2017

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for decitabine (Dacogen), (EMEA-000555-PIP01-09-M06) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004<sup>1</sup>,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency<sup>2</sup>,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/53/2010 issued on 7 April 2010, the decision P/52/2011 issued on 4 March 2011, the decision P/0063/2012 issued on 28 March 2012, the decision P/0100/2013 issued on 30 April 2013, the decision P/0225/2013 issued on 23 September 2013 and the decision P/0184/2016 issued on 15 July 2016,

Having regard to the application submitted by Janssen-Cilag International NV on 31 March 2017 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 23 June 2017, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

### Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan, including changes to the deferral.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

### Article 1

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for decitabine (Dacogen), powder for solution for infusion, intravenous use, including changes to the deferral, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

### Article 2

This decision is addressed to Janssen-Cilag International NV, Turnhoutseweg 30, B-2340 - Beerse, Belgium.



EMA/PDCO/227221/2017 London, 23 June 2017

# Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of

# a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan EMEA-000555-PIP01-09-M06 Scope of the application Active substance(s): Decitabine Invented name: Dacogen Condition(s): Treatment of acute myeloid leukaemia Authorised indication(s): See Annex II Pharmaceutical form(s): Powder for solution for infusion Route(s) of administration: Intravenous use Name/corporate name of the PIP applicant: Janssen-Cilag International NV Information about the authorised medicinal product:



See Annex II

### **Basis for opinion**

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, Janssen-Cilag International NV submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 31 March 2017 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/53/2010 issued on 7 April 2010, the decision P/52/2011 issued on 4 March 2011, the decision P/0063/2012 issued on 28 March 2012, the decision P/0100/2013 issued on 30 April 2013, the decision P/0225/2013 issued on 23 September 2013 and the decision P/0184/2016 issued on 15 July 2016.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral.

The procedure started on 25 April 2017.

### Scope of the modification

Some measures and timelines of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

### **Opinion**

- The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
  - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan and to the deferral in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan and the subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

### Annex I

The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)

### 1. Waiver

### 1.1. Condition:

Treatment of acute myeloid leukaemia

The waiver applies to:

- term newborn infants (from birth to less than 28 days);
- for powder for solution for infusion, intravenous use;
- on the grounds that clinical studies cannot be expected to be of significant therapeutic benefit to or fulfil a therapeutic need of the paediatric population.

### 2. Paediatric Investigation Plan

### 2.1. Condition:

Treatment of acute myeloid leukaemia

### 2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of paediatric patients with acute myeloid leukaemia who have high-risk cytogenetics, or are refractory to, or have a relapse after first-line treatment.

# 2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From 1 month to less than 18 years of age.

### 2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Powder for solution for infusion, intravenous use.

### Measures

Area	Number of measures	Description
Quality	0	Not applicable.
Non-clinical	4	<ul> <li>Study 1: Repeated (intermittent) dose toxicity study in juvenile rats.</li> <li>Study 2: In vitro study of primary cultures of AML explants from paediatric patients using decitabine and decitabine in combination with standard chemotherapeutic drugs.</li> <li>Study 3: In vitro study of AML cell lines to evaluate sensitivity and resistance to combinations of cytarabine and decitabine.</li> <li>Study 4: In vivo xenograft studies of primary paediatric AML explants using decitabine and decitabine treatment in combination with standard chemotherapy.</li> </ul>

Clinical	1	<b>Study 5:</b> Open-label, multi-centre, multiple dose trial to evaluate pharmacokinetics, safety and activity of decitabine in sequential combination with cytarabine in children from 1 month to less than 18 years of age with acute myeloid leukaemia.
		Study 6: Study deleted with procedure EMEA-000555-PIP01-09-M06

# 3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety and efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	Yes.
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By October 2017.
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes.

# Annex II Information about the authorised medicinal product

### Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):

1. Treatment of acute myeloid leukaemia (AML)

Authorised indications:

• Treatment of adult patients aged 65 years and above with newly diagnosed de novo or secondary acute myeloid leukaemia (AML), according to the World Health Organization (WHO) classification, who are not candidates for standard induction chemotherapy.

### Authorised pharmaceutical formulation(s):

Powder for concentrate for solution for infusion

### Authorised route(s) of administration:

Intravenous use