



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY  
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/532369/2015

## European Medicines Agency decision

P/0189/2015

of 4 September 2015

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for bilastine (Bilaxten and associated names), (EMEA-000347-PIP01-08-M06) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

### **Disclaimer**

This Decision does not constitute entitlement to the rewards and incentives referred to in Title V of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006.

**Only the English text is authentic.**



# European Medicines Agency decision

P/0189/2015

of 4 September 2015

on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed paediatric investigation plan for bilastine (Bilaxten and associated names), (EMA-000347-PIP01-08-M06) in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council

The European Medicines Agency,

Having regard to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 December 2006 on medicinal products for paediatric use and amending Regulation (EEC) No. 1768/92, Directive 2001/20/EC, Directive 2001/83/EC and Regulation (EC) No 726/2004<sup>1</sup>,

Having regard to Regulation (EC) No 726/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 March 2004 laying down Community procedures for the authorisation and supervision of medicinal products for human and veterinary use and establishing a European Medicines Agency<sup>2</sup>,

Having regard to the European Medicines Agency's decision P/88/2009 issued on 18 May 2009, the decision P/196/2011 issued on 26 August 2011, the decision P/0137/2012 issued on 20 July 2012, the decision P/0288/2013 issued on 29 November 2013, the decision P/0327/2014 issued on 11 December 2014, and the decision P/0102/2015 issued on 11 May 2015,

Having regard to the application submitted by Faes Farma S.A. on 23 April 2015 under Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 proposing changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver,

Having regard to the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency, issued on 17 July 2015, in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Having regard to Article 25 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006,

Whereas:

- (1) The Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency has given an opinion on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.
- (2) It is therefore appropriate to adopt a decision on the acceptance of changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

---

<sup>1</sup> OJ L 378, 27.12.2006, p.1.

<sup>2</sup> OJ L 136, 30.4.2004, p. 1.

Has adopted this decision:

**Article 1**

Changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan for bilastine (Bilaxten and associated names), tablet, orodispersible tablet, oral liquid, oral use, are hereby accepted in the scope set out in the opinion of the Paediatric Committee of the European Medicines Agency annexed hereto, together with its appendices.

**Article 2**

This decision is addressed to Faes Farma, S.A., Avenida Autonomía, 10, 48940 – Leioa, Spain.

Done at London, 4 September 2015

For the European Medicines Agency  
Jordi Llinares Garcia  
Head of Division (ad interim)  
Human Medicines Research and Development Support  
(Signature on file)



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY  
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

EMA/PDCO/297861/2015

London, 17 July 2015

## Opinion of the Paediatric Committee on the acceptance of a modification of an agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan

EMA-000347-PIP01-08-M06

### Scope of the application

**Active substance(s):**

Bilastine

**Invented name:**

Bilaxten and associated names

**Condition(s):**

Treatment of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis

Treatment of urticaria

**Authorised indication(s):**

See Annex II

**Pharmaceutical form(s):**

Tablet

Orodispersible tablet

Oral liquid

**Route(s) of administration:**

Oral use

**Name/corporate name of the PIP applicant:**

Faes Farma S.A.

**Information about the authorised medicinal product:**

See Annex II



## **Basis for opinion**

Pursuant to Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, Faes Farma S.A. submitted to the European Medicines Agency on 23 April 2015 an application for modification of the agreed paediatric investigation plan with a deferral and a waiver as set out in the European Medicines Agency's decision P/88/2009 issued on 18 May 2009, the decision P/196/2011 issued on 26 August 2011, the decision P/0137/2012 issued on 20 July 2012, the decision P/0288/2013 issued on 29 November 2013, the decision P/0327/2014 issued on 11 December 2014, and the decision P/0102/2015 issued on 11 May 2015.

The application for modification proposed changes to the agreed paediatric investigation plan.

The procedure started on 19 May 2015.

## **Scope of the modification**

Some measures of the Paediatric Investigation Plan have been modified.

## **Opinion**

1. The Paediatric Committee, having assessed the application in accordance with Article 22 of Regulation (EC) No 1901/2006 as amended, recommends as set out in the appended summary report:
  - to agree to changes to the paediatric investigation plan in the scope set out in the Annex I of this opinion.

The Norwegian Paediatric Committee member agrees with the above-mentioned recommendation of the Paediatric Committee.

2. The measures and timelines of the paediatric investigation plan and the subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver are set out in the Annex I.

This opinion is forwarded to the applicant and the Executive Director of the European Medicines Agency, together with its annexes and appendix.

## **Annex I**

**The subset(s) of the paediatric population and condition(s) covered by the waiver and the measures and timelines of the agreed paediatric investigation plan (PIP)**

# 1. Waiver

## 1.1. Condition

Treatment of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis

The waiver applies to:

- all subsets of the paediatric population from birth to less than 2 years of age;
- for tablet, orodispersible tablet and oral liquid for oral use;
- on the grounds that the disease or condition for which the specific medicinal product is intended does not occur in the specified paediatric subset(s).

## 1.2. Condition

Treatment of urticaria

The waiver applies to:

- all subsets of the paediatric population from birth to less than 2 years of age;
- for tablet, orodispersible tablet and oral liquid for oral use;
- on the grounds that the specific medicinal product does not represent a significant therapeutic benefit over existing treatments.

The waiver applies to:

- adolescents from 12 to less than 18 years of age;
- for tablet, orodispersible tablet and oral liquid for oral use;
- on the grounds that clinical studies cannot be expected to be of significant therapeutic benefit to or fulfil a therapeutic need of the paediatric population.

# 2. Paediatric investigation plan

## 2.1. Condition

Treatment of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis

### 2.1.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of the symptoms of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis including perennial allergic rhinitis and seasonal allergic rhinitis

### 2.1.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From 2 to less than 18 years of age

### 2.1.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Tablet

Orodispersible tablet

Oral liquid

### 2.1.4. Measures

Area	Number of measures	Description
Quality-related studies	2	<b>Study 1</b> Development of orodispersible tablet <b>Study 2</b> Development of oral liquid
Non-clinical studies	0	Not applicable
Clinical studies	3	<b>Study 3</b> A comparative study for the efficacy and safety of bilastine 20mg versus cetirizine 10mg and placebo in the treatment of perennial allergic rhinitis during 4 weeks, followed by a long term safety extension with bilastine 20mg <b>Study 4</b> Population Pharmacokinetic modelling of bilastine in children with allergic rhinoconjunctivitis (SAR/PAR) or chronic urticaria <b>Study 5</b> A multicentre, double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled, parallel groups study to evaluate the safety and tolerability of bilastine 10 mg once daily in children with either allergic rhinoconjunctivitis or chronic urticaria

## 2.2. Condition

Treatment of urticaria

### 2.2.1. Indication(s) targeted by the PIP

Treatment of the symptoms of urticaria

### 2.2.2. Subset(s) of the paediatric population concerned by the paediatric development

From 2 to less than 12 years of age



### 2.2.3. Pharmaceutical form(s)

Tablet

Orodispersible tablet

Oral liquid

### 2.2.4. Measures

Same studies as for the condition: Treatment of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis

Area	Number of studies	Description
Quality	2	<b>Study 1</b> Development of orodispersible tablet <b>Study 2</b> Development of oral liquid
Non-clinical	0	Not applicable
Clinical	3	<b>Study 3</b> A comparative study for the efficacy and safety of bilastine 20mg versus cetirizine 10mg and placebo in the treatment of perennial allergic rhinitis during 4 weeks, followed by a long term safety extension with bilastine 20mg <b>Study 4</b> Population Pharmacokinetic modelling of bilastine in children with allergic rhinoconjunctivitis (SAR/PAR) or chronic urticaria <b>Study 5</b> A multicentre, double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled, parallel groups study to evaluate the safety and tolerability of bilastine 10 mg once daily in children with either allergic rhinoconjunctivitis or chronic urticaria

## 3. Follow-up, completion and deferral of PIP

Concerns on potential long term safety/efficacy issues in relation to paediatric use:	No
Date of completion of the paediatric investigation plan:	By July 2014
Deferral for one or more measures contained in the paediatric investigation plan:	Yes

## **Annex II**

### **Information about the authorised medicinal product**

### **Condition(s) and authorised indication(s):**

1. Treatment of allergic rhinoconjunctivitis

Authorised indication(s):

- Symptomatic treatment of allergic rhino-conjunctivitis (seasonal and perennial) and urticaria in adults and adolescents (12 years of age and over)

2. Treatment of urticaria

Authorised indication(s):

- Symptomatic treatment of allergic rhino-conjunctivitis (seasonal and perennial) and urticaria in adults and adolescents (12 years of age and over)

### **Authorised pharmaceutical form(s):**

Tablet

### **Authorised route(s) of administration:**

Oral use