

To:

Head of Paediatric Medicines
European Medicines Agency

Notification of discontinuation of a paediatric development which is covered by an agreed PIP Decision

Actives substances(s): fevipiprant

Invented name: NA

Latest Decision number(s): 1) P/0157/2019

Corresponding PIP number(s): 1) EMEA-001315-PIP02-16-M02

Date of initial marketing authorisation granted: NA

Date of authorisation of new indication, pharmaceutical form or route of administration: NA

Please note that development of the medicinal product above in the following **condition(s)/indication(s)**:

Asthma

- has been discontinued
 - has been suspended/put on long-term hold (with possible re-start at a later time)
- for the following reason(s): (tick all that apply)
- (possible) lack of efficacy in adults
 - (possible) lack of efficacy in children
 - (possible) unsatisfactory safety profile in adults
 - (possible) unsatisfactory safety profile in children
 - commercial reasons (please specify:)
 - manufacturing / quality problems
 - other regulatory action (please specify:) (e.g. suspension, revocation of M.A.)
 - other reason (please specify:)

Please add a brief description (max 2000 characters) of the reason(s) for the discontinuation / suspension:

The discontinuation of the pediatric development of fevipiprant (QAW039) for the treatment of asthma follows results from its pivotal global Phase III LUSTER-1 and LUSTER-2 studies exploring the efficacy and safety of the investigational oral, once-daily, DP2 receptor antagonist in adults and adolescents with asthma. The pooled analyses of the LUSTER trials did not meet the clinically relevant threshold for reduction in rate of moderate -to-severe exacerbation compared to placebo over a 52-week treatment

period for either of the doses (150mg / 450 mg). The totality of these results do not support further development of fevipiprant in asthma.

Fevipiprant was well tolerated with adverse events balanced across treatment groups

Please note that if the PIP has been submitted as part of a marketing authorisation application in order to comply with the requirements of Article 7 of the Paediatric Regulation (as a condition of the validation of the respective application) and a marketing authorisation was granted based on this application, then there is a legal obligation to complete that PIP. The same applies if there has been a successful post-authorisation application, where the PIP was included in order to comply with the requirements of Article 8 of the Paediatric Regulation.

Please confirm if any of the above applies to the PIP in question:

Yes No

If yes, it means that based on the Marketing Authorisation obtained at the end of that initial procedure or the successful post-authorisation application, as applicable, you are obliged to complete that PIP. That obligation cannot be cancelled by a unilateral decision, including by withdrawing the MA. Such PIP must be completed, unless it is modified in agreement with the PDCO by removing all outstanding PIP measures or granting a full product-specific waiver instead (upon relevant circumstances in accordance with the Paediatric Regulation). Non-completion of a binding PIP establishes noncompliance with the requirements of the Paediatric Regulation, which the European Medicines Agency has an obligation to report to the European Commission.

Name and signature of the PIP contact point: Signature on file

Date: 16-Dec-2019

Contact for inquiries from interested parties:

Telephone: +41 613241111

Email: clinicaltrial.enquiries@novartis.com