DISCUSSION on Evidence synthesis

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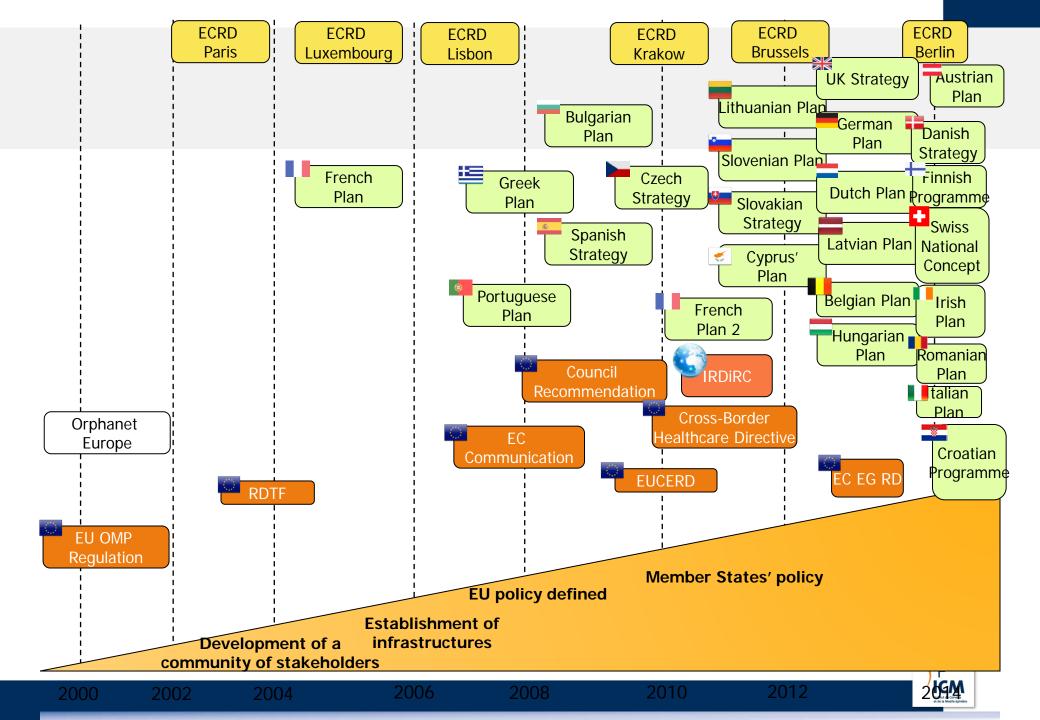
Workshop on Small population Studie EMA March 2017



The Community of rare diseases has a long history of close collaboration between stakeholders to identify solutions to problem caused by rarity







National Centres of Expertise and ERN

Recommendations on Quality Criteria for National Centres of Expertise

Recommendations on European Reference Networks between Centres







Establisment of ERN

Cost-effective use of resources Need for highly specialised healthcare Centres demonstrating:

Competence and experience
specific human resources
structural and equipment resources
appropriate organisation



Scope of 22 European Networks for RD

Rare Bone Disorders

Rare craniofacial anomalies and ENT disorders

Rare Congenital Malformations and Rare Intellectual Disability

Rare inherited and congenital anomalies

Rare Endocrine Conditions Rare Kidney Diseases Reference Network

Rare Neurological Diseases Rare Neuromuscular Diseases Rare and Complex Epilepsies Rare Respiratory Diseases

Rare Skin Disorders Rare Eye Diseases Rare Diseases of the Heart Rare Hereditary Metabolic Disorders **Rare Hematological Diseases Rare Hepatological Diseases** Rare Connective Tissue and Musculoskeletal Diseases Rare Immunodeficiency, Autoinflammatory and Autoimmune Diseases Rare Multisystemic Vascular Diseases Rare Adult Cancers (solid tumors) Paediatric Cancer Genetic Tumour Risk Syndromes



Dissemination of Information

WWW.ORPHA.NET Languages: FR EN ES | DE | IT | PT orphanet Homepage About Orphanet The portal for rare diseases and orphan drugs Rare diseases are rare, but Help rare disease patients are **numerous** 🖶 Inserm Contact us Newsletter Access our Services OK Search a disease Read the last newsletter Inventory, classification and Directory of ongoing research encyclopeadia of rare diseases, with projects, clinical trials, registries and Read previous issues biobanks genes involved Sign up to receive the newsletter Assistance-to-diagnosis tool Directory of patient organisations Directory of professionals and Emergency guidelines Other documents institutions Inventory of orphan drugs Council Recommendation on an action in the field Newsletter Directory of medical laboratories of rare diseases [↗] providing diagnostic tests Collection of thematic reports: State of Art of rare diseases [↗] ۶L Orphanet Reports Series Directory of expert centres Other rare diseases websites Read Orphanet reports Contribute to Orphanet Rare Diseases - European Commission EUCERD Prevalence of Rare Diseases Register your activity Disease registries in Europe Sponsor Orphanet [↗] European Medicines Agency 7 European research projects & clinical Office of rare diseases research (US) networks Download Orphanet data Lists of Orphan Drugs Events See all Orphanet Activity Reports Orphadata [↗] EpiRare International Workshop: Rare Satisfaction Surveys OCT 8 Disease and Orphan Drug Registries [↗] 8-9 Oct 2012, Roma, Italy [7]

Dissemination of political and scientific information

- 20 issues yearly
- 25,000 readers
- Political news
- Scientific news





Codification of Rare Diseases

► Rare Diseases will be in ICD 11 to be published in 2018

Release by Orphanet of an Inventory of Rare Diseases with classification

Solution Multiple hierarchies

Linearisations by specialty

Recommendation of the Expert Group on RD to use the Orphanet nomenclature in health information systems



Support to the establishment of Disease Registries

Registries are key element of national plans/strategies
Need for disease registries

 Second for disease registries
 For clinical research purpose
 For monitoring interventions

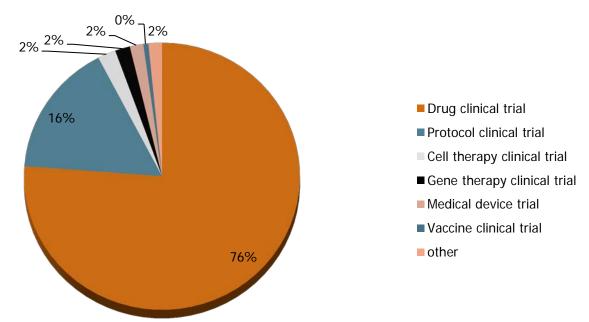
Need to code rare diseases in electronic health records



Funding of R&D since 2000

▶1829 ongoing national or international clinical trials for 828 diseases in 29 countries (Orphanet data – December 2016)

Percentage of clinical trials by category

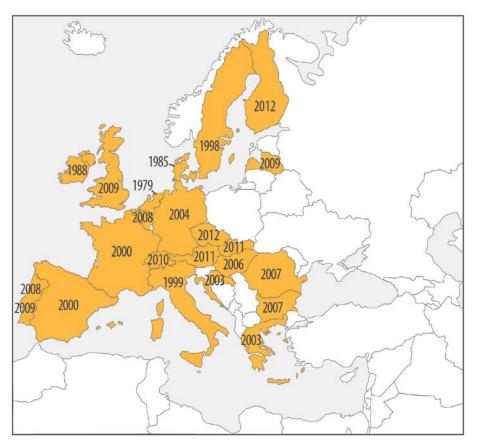




Key role played by > 2,300 Patient organisations

 Very articulate and knowledgeable patients
Involved at all level from Research to Services and in regulatory and political processes

- Coordinated by EURORDIS in Europe
- Organised at country level





Conclusion

Very dedicated community Progresses go in the right direction Far too slow for patients Major inequality between countries New experiment of healthcare organisation Partnership between countries Pragmatism and proactivism



Data are accumulated but not analized

Chronic diseases mean stages with different mechanisms Markers of evolution +++ Multi criteria analysis More efforts on analysis (open access)

More money on exploitation than collection

CONCLUSION

Learn more from experience Workshop on past trial designs by homogenous group of diseases Trials cannot be the first attempt to document the natural history More pragmatism to deliver for patients



You are under scrutinity



