

## 2,5 years of CTR and CTIS

Experiences from Academic Sponsor Institutions in the ITCC network

Annual workshop of the European network of paediatric research at EMA (Enpr-EMA)

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#### Introduction

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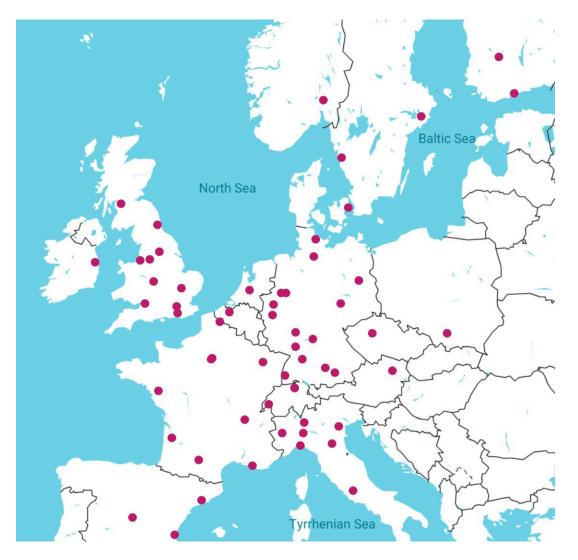
Part of ECTR Working Group in Trial and Data Center Máxima

- ITCC: Innovative Therapies for Children and Adolescents with Cancer
  - Clinical trials network focused on delivering new treatments for children and adolescents with cancer in the context of Phase I-II clinical trials



#### ITCC Trials Network

 62 European Paediatric Oncology Departments across 17 countries with expertise in conducting early phase trials in children and adolescents





## ITCC trials in CTIS - experience

- 4 large Sponsor centers of ITCC (University of Birmingham, Gustave Roussy, KITZ Heidelberg, Princess Maxima)
- Responsibilities of Sponsor center:
  - Implementation of multicenter early phase clinical trials
  - Overall submission coordination and delegation of tasks
  - Finally responsible for all activities in CTIS

	Approved	In preparation or under evaluation in CTIS
Transition studies	35	22
Initial applications	24	22



## Content of presentation

- Implementation of Regulation
- Benefits
- Harmonization across countries
- Complex clinical trials
- Technical issues/shortcomings
- Case study
- Conclusion



## Implementation of Regulation

- Working group assigned in Trial and Data Center PMC
  - 3 core members
  - Responsible for training colleagues (~30 persons)
  - Responsible for communicating updates/changes
- Information and updates
  - Newsletters
  - Website Dutch Competent Authorities
  - Progressive insight from RFIs
  - → Sources of information scattered, difficult to keep on top of changes



#### Benefits

- Insight in approval timelines
- CTIS serves as a reference for study documents
  - →Especially useful when a CRO is involved
  - → Insight in latest versions approved, status of submissions etc.
- Multiple accesses possible -> people can prepare national dossier at same time and for separate parts in the dossier
- EMA is actively improving the system and guidelines
  - → e.g. updated transparency guidelines



## Harmonization across countries

- Heterogeneity is observed in national guidelines and requirements in both transitional and initial applications
- Differences in national templates compared to EMA template
  - E.g. content of cover letter
- Q&A annex provides some guidance, but overview is missing
  - Challenge to instruct CROs and NCCs
- Cases where MSCs requested changes in protocol (part I), while the application was to add a member state.
  - Consequence: amendment part I needed, 2/3 months delay in start recruitment in this country



## Complex clinical trials

- E.g. master protocol with multiple sub-trials (with different IMPs)
- The current CTIS design is not suitable for submitting complex clinical studies
  - → All protocols to be submitted separately
  - →Not possible to submit master in itself, needs to be accompanied with 1 subprotocol
- Consequence: high costs for separate submissions
  - → Not clear if master protocol is only assessed 1 time
- How to proceed in case a country is not part of submission of first sub-protocol with master
  - → solution: master protocol submitted for reference only

# INNOVATIVE THERAPIES FOR CHILDRED ECHNICAL ISSUES/Other shortcomings

- No alerts or notifications by email, only in system
- Not possible to submit NSM in parallel to ongoing Part II assessment of DIFFERENT member state
- Difficulties in creating substantial modification because of bug in CTIS
- Multiple examples where Help Desk did not respond timely (solution took > 4 weeks)
- Cancel button too accessible (initial applications were deleted right before submission)
- Part II viewer/preparer access on country-level not possible
- Not always clear who is assessing the dossier, communication possibility with EC/CA is limited



## Case: HEM-iSMART trial

- Complex clinical trial master protocol with 3 sub-protocols
  - Separate EU-CT numbers
- One sub-protocol approved under CTD and transitioned
- 2 sub-protocols added as initial application after transition



## Case: HEM-iSMART trial

- Master could not be submitted separately
- Pharmaceutical company refused to cooperate in IMPD-Q only submission
  - → no liquid formulation available (important for pediatric patients)
- No NSM possible during ongoing assessment of other MSC
- Wrong RMS invertedly selected in IMPD-Q only submission
  - → rigid system, only solution to withdraw whole application
- Bug in system when submitting substantial modification
  - → in some cases rapid solution is essential, difficult to emphasize urgency to Help Desk



#### Conclusion

Quite early to conclude on improved approval process

• There is a need for further harmonization of country-specific requirements OR better overview of differences between countries

• Important to evaluate a few years after transition period



## Acknowledgements

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- Enpr-EMA



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  - KiTZ Heidelberg
  - CRCTU Birmingham
  - Gustave Roussy
  - Princess Máxima Center









