



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

Focus on Pharmacovigilance

Introduction

SME workshop: 19 April 2012

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An agency of the European Union





Focus on pharmacovigilance

- Pharmacovigilance
 - a vital public health function
- New EU legislation
 - why and how being introduced?
- Goals of today's Workshop





EU pharmacovigilance - aims



Maximising benefit,
minimising risk of medicines

Evidence-based information
available in a timely way to all
stakeholders

Demonstrable public health
outcomes



Pre-approval

Post - approval

- Pre-clinical (animal studies)
- Phase I-III clinical studies
- Specialised studies eg genetics



- Highly controlled
- Few thousand patients

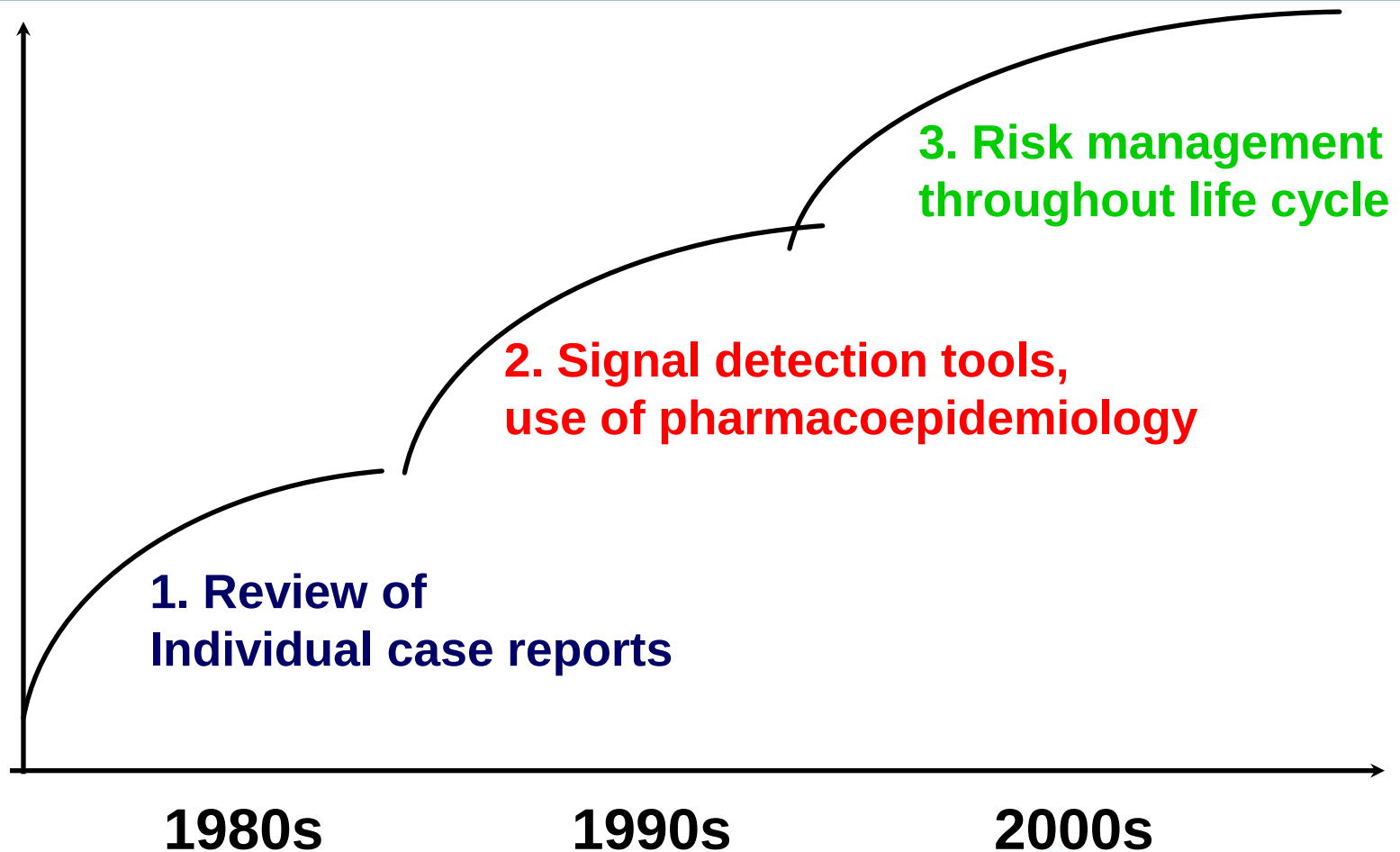
- Spontaneous adverse events
- Health information databases
- Registries etc



- Less controlled
- Many thousands of patients



Pharmacovigilance evolution





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A European network...





Why need to strengthen PhVig?



High-profile drug safety issues – Vioxx, SSRIs

Independent review by European Commission

Findings highlighted weaknesses in systems



European Commission identified:

- Lack of clear roles and responsibilities
- Lack of proactive and proportionate monitoring
- Duplicative AR reporting rules
- Lack of inclusiveness of stakeholders
- Slow decision-making
- Low levels of transparency



Introducing new EU legislation

- Formal adoption, published 31 December 2010
- Transposition over 18 months
 - Implementing measures
 - EC Consultation
 - National legislation
 - Good Vigilance Practice (GVP)
- Effective from July 2012
 - some transitional arrangements



Who is doing what in the new system?

European Commission: Making the law – Regulation, Directive, Implementing Measures, Transitional Arrangements

EMA: Developing the guidance, supporting the system, engaging stakeholders – GVP, Committee structure, Eudravigilance, EU web portal

NCAs: Operating the systems - scientific expertise, work-sharing, audit, HCP and patient communications

HCPs: Engagement with system - reporting ADRs, acting on advice

Patients: Awareness and engagement – reporting, acting on information

MAHs: Compliance with the system, delivering the benefits



Core MAH Responsibilities

- New legislation affects all MAHs regardless of size, EU country of operation, or product portfolio
- Cuts across product lifecycle from MAA to ongoing monitoring & signal detection
- Will affect procedures, systems & resources
- Most of this is covered today's programme



Goals of today's programme

To provide an update on pharmacovigilance

Focus on the key changes in the new legislation

How to prepare for its implementation