

GVP Module X - additional monitoring of medicines

6th Stakeholders forum on the implementation of the new pharmacovigilance legislation

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Contents

- Background
- Inclusion criteria
 - Mandatory scope.
 - Optional scope.
- Creating & maintaining the list
- Transparency
- Feedback on GVP X
- Conclusions



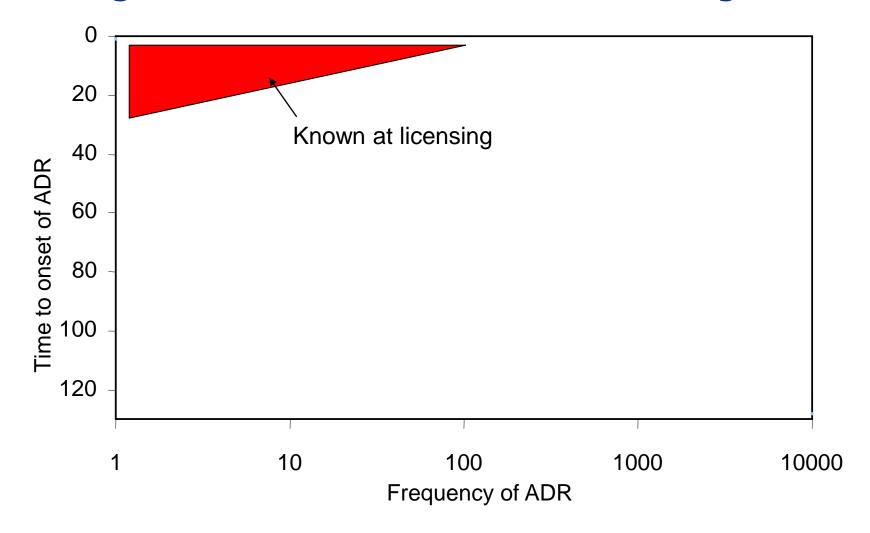


Background - the need for monitoring

- Limitations in pre-clinical toxicology and phase 1-3 clinical trials
 - Lack of experience on adverse effects
 - Exposure in small numbers of people
 - Short duration
 - Unlikely to detect ADRs:
 - Less frequent than 1/1500
 - With long latency
 - Lack of experience in special patient groups
 - Elderly, children, pregnancy, multiple disease, polypharmacy



Background – the need for monitoring





Background – the law (Reg 726/2004 whereas clause 17)

... some medicinal products are authorised subject to additional monitoring. This includes all medicinal products with a <u>new</u> active substance and biological medicinal products, including <u>biosimilars</u>, which are priorities for pharmacovigilance. Competent authorities may also require additional monitoring for specific medicinal products that are subject to the obligation to conduct a post-authorisation safety study or to conditions or restrictions with regard to the safe and effective use of the medicinal product. Medicinal products subject to additional monitoring should be <u>identified</u> as such by a black symbol and an appropriate standardised explanatory sentence in the summary of product characteristics and in the package leaflet. A publicly available list of medicinal products subject to additional monitoring should be kept up to date by the European Medicines Agency





Mandatory Scope

Article 23(1) of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004

The list shall include the names and active substances of

- (a) medicinal products authorised in the Union that contain a new active substance which, on 1 January 2011, was not contained in any medicinal product authorised in the Union;
- (b) any biological medicinal product not covered by point (a) that was authorised after 1 January 2011.



Optional Scope

Can include at the request of the Commission or a National Competent Authority, and following consultation with PRAC, MAs where

- granted with conditions
- measures in the RMP, such as conducting Post Authorisation or Efficacy Studies
- Concerns over the adequacy of the PV system
- Exceptional circumstances

Due consideration should be given to the inclusion of generics





- For mandatory scope products the EMA and NCAs will be responsible for automatic inclusion
- EMA will update CAPs within 15 days of grant
- RMS or NCA shall inform EMA within 15 days of grant for MR,
 DCP and national licenses
- For optional scope products CHMP, RMS, NCA shall consult PRAC before inclusion on the list
- PRAC recommendation will be sent to relevant body
- Final decision will be incorporated within 15 days





- products will normally remain on the list for 5 years
- for mandatory scope products removal will be tied to the renewal procedure
- for optional scope products review will be tied to fulfillment of obligations i.e. RMP measures, PASS etc
- removal should apply to all generics unless there are different conditions
- extensions will take into account the completion of milestones, or as considered necessary
- products removed from the list can be added again



Set up the list of medicinal products that are subject to additional monitoring:

 NUI was sent to all MS on the 13 July 2012 – Deadline for responses 1st October

Information requested:

- 1) Medicinal products falling under the Mandatory scope
- MS to provide information on those medicinal products approved through mutual, decentralised and national procedures that fall under the mandatory scope
- All MS will need to provide the information due to different brand names and national links

Information requested (Cont.):

- 2) Medicinal products falling under the Optional scope:
 - NCA in case of purely NAPs
 - RMS in case of MRP or DCP

Should identify the products concerned and fill in the template to request the PRAC advice, if appropriate.

Responses to NUI:

- -Good response on mandatory scope products
- -Some additional products requested under optional scope
- -Template for PRAC advice not always used
- -Further information required
- -2nd NUI to be issued before PRAC to consider optional scope products

Transparency

- List to be published on EMA web portal
- Relevant products to be published on NCA web portals
- Links to product information and summary RMP to be established
- NCAs to have appropriate communications in place to inform patients and healthcare professionals
- NCAs to encourage reporting of ADRs



Good Vigilance Practice Module X

- Draft GVP X issued for consultation 27th June 24th Aug
- Responses received from Trade Associations, companies, consultancies and NCAs
- Responses still being reviewed
- Comments/suggestions on specific wording
- Some key themes emerging



Good Vigilance Practice Module X – Key Themes

- Will reasons for inclusion on list be published?
- Will national schemes co-exist?
- Will MAHs know in advance of publication of their products?
- If included on NCA recommendation will it apply in all MSs?
- Can the 5 years be considered? it's too long?
- Keep the optional scope small/proportionate!
- How will we measure effectiveness of the system?

Conclusions

- Additional monitoring is a key public health deliverable of the new legislation
- Development of the list is ongoing
- Consultation on GVP Module X has raised interesting comments for consideration
- Still unanswered questions, clarity needed on timelines
- Transparency and good communications are key to delivering success



Thank you

Questions?