

# The journey of ATMPs from early development to access in EU: challenges and opportunities

**Researchers perspective**

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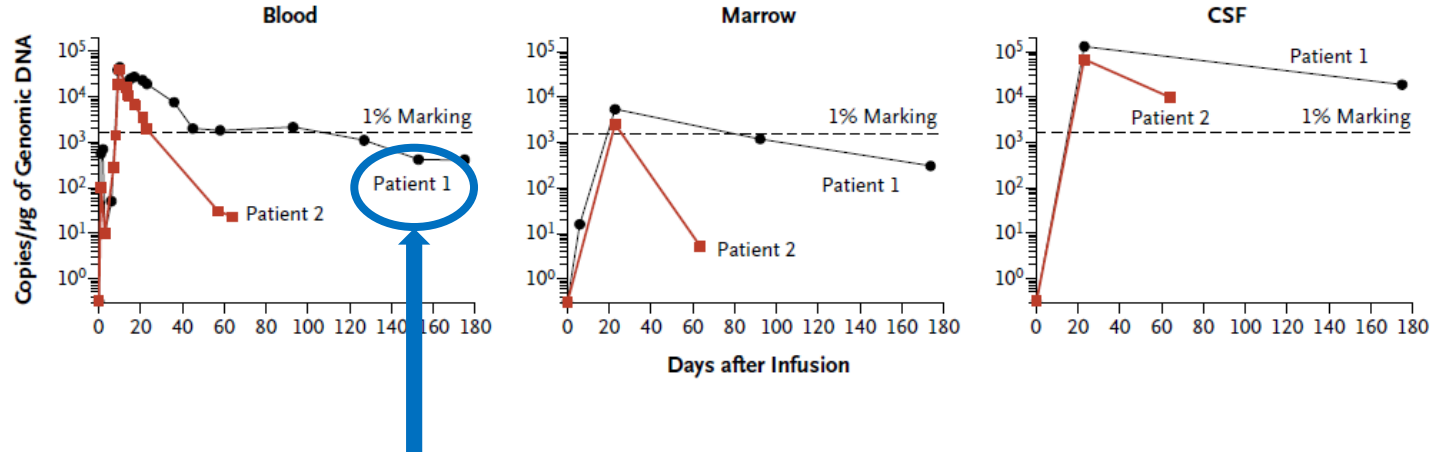
# Disclosures of Franco Locatelli

Name of Company	Research Support	Employee	Consultant	Stockholder	Speaker's Bureau	Advisory Board	Other
Miltenyi					X		
Amgen					X	X	
Novartis					X	X	
BMS					X		
GILEAD					X		
Sanofi						X	
SOBI					X		
Vertex						X	

# Emily, pt1, 12 year-leukemia-free in April 2024



## B CTL019 Cells in Peripheral Blood, Bone Marrow, and CSF



# EMA-approved CAR T-cell products

CAR T-cell product	Indication	Age	Pivotal trial	Autologous	Manufacturing
Kymriah (tisagenlecleucel) (CD19)	R/R BCP-ALL	≤25y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
	R/R LBCL	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
	R/R FL	18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
Yescarta (axicabtagene ciloleucel) (CD19)	Refractory LBCL/FL	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
	R/R PMCL	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
Tecartus (brexucabtageneciloleuce) (CD19)	R/R mantle cell lymphoma	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
	R/R B-ALL	≥26y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
Breyanzi (lisocabtagene Maraleucel) (CD19)	R/R large B cell lymphoma	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
	R/R CLL/SLL	≥18y	Single arm	✓	Centralised
Abecma (idecabtagene) (BCMA)	R/R multiple myeloma	All	Single arm	✓	Centralised

# Solid tumor: key challenges for CAR T-cell

## Antigen dilemma

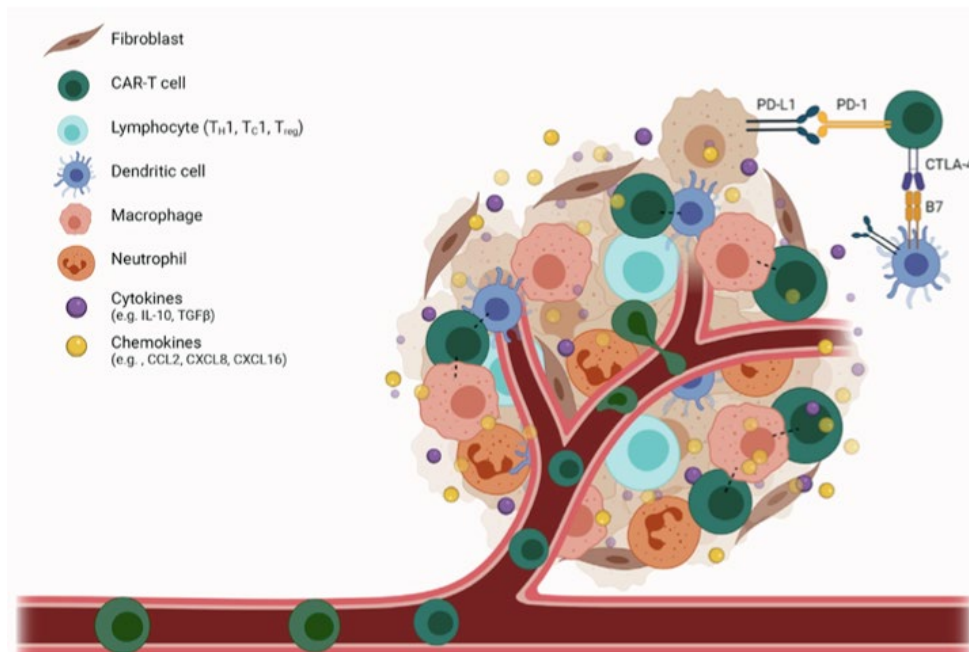
- Proportion of positive cells
- Level of expression
- Expression on normal counterpart

## Immunosuppressive cells

- CAFs
- Tregs
- MDSCs

## T-cell trafficking and infiltration

- Physical barriers
- Aberrant vasculature
- Chemokine receptors



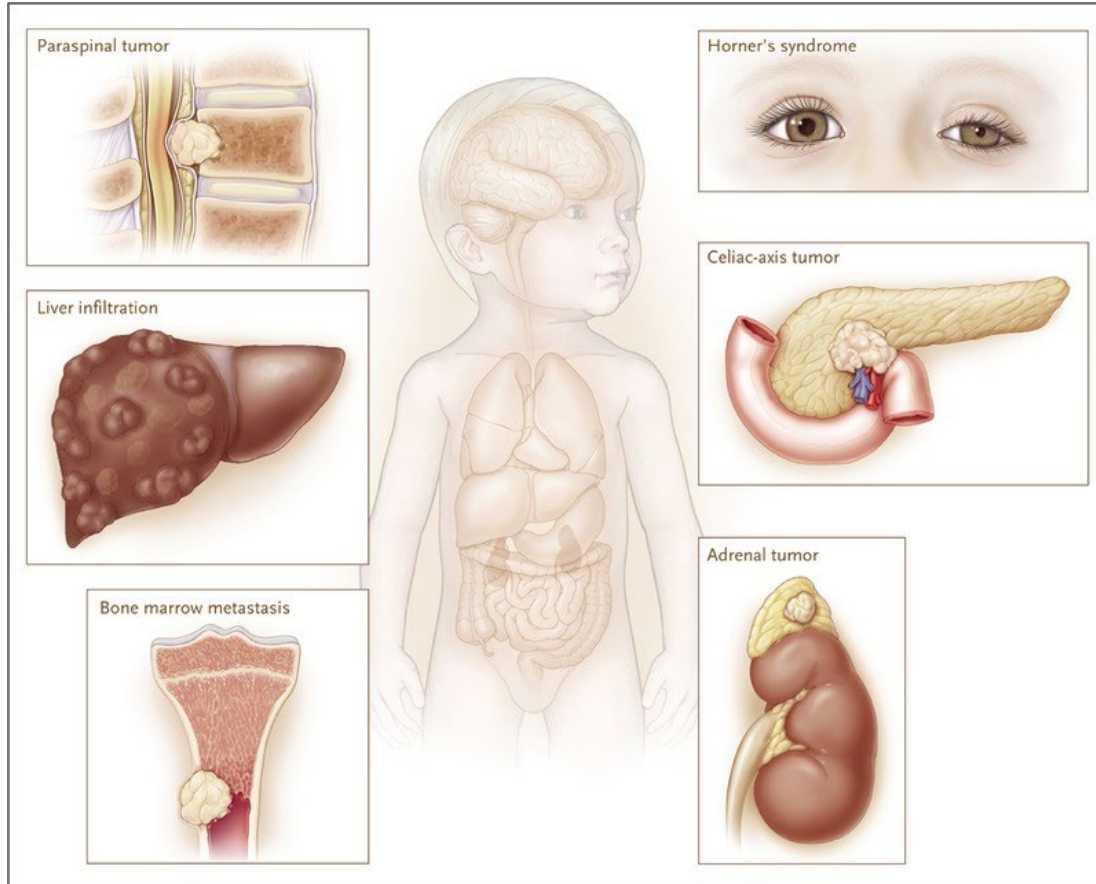
## T-cell dysfunction and exhaustion

- Upregulation of inhibitory receptors

## Immunosuppressive TME – soluble factors

- Reactive oxygen species
- High levels of adenosine
- Hypoxic environment
- Acid environment
- Elevated extracellular potassium

# Neuroblastoma



Most common extracranial solid tumor of childhood

9,7 x 10<sup>6</sup> new diagnosis/year (about 110 new cases per year in Italy)

Prevalence according to age

**< 1 year: 72,8%;**  
**1-4 years: 21,7%;**  
**5-9 years: 3,4%**  
**>9 years: 1,5%**

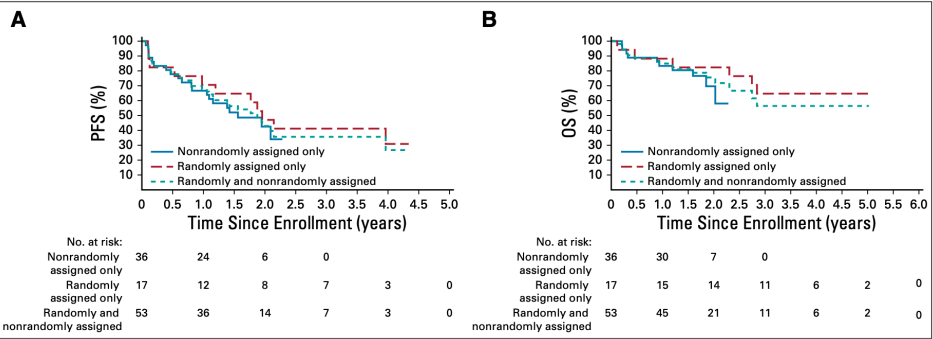
**50% metastatic (bone, bone marrow, lymph nodes e liver) at diagnosis**

**Chances of cure with the current approaches:**

- **Patients in first line = approximately 50%**
- **Patients with relapsed/refractory disease 10-15%**

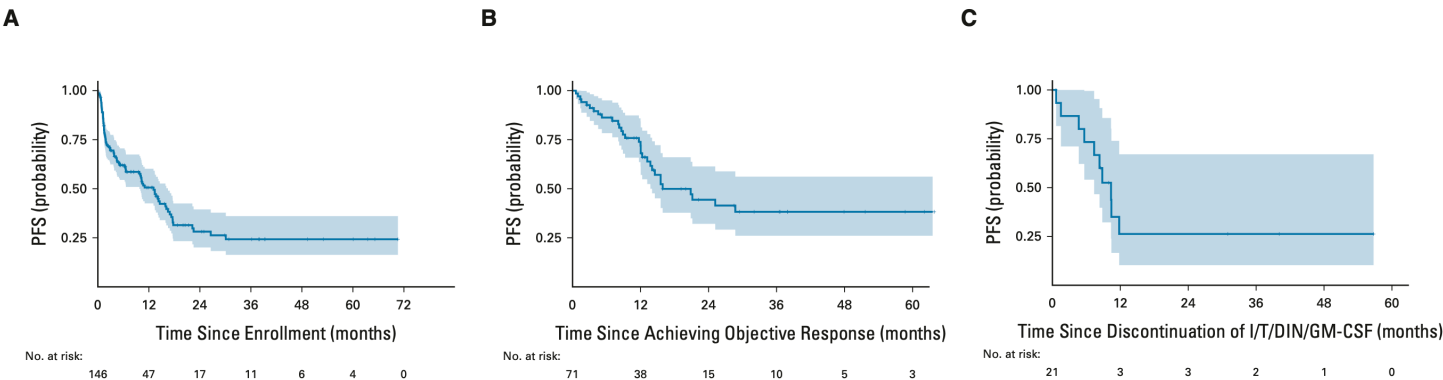
# R/R High-Risk Neuroblastoma: outcome with chemo-immunotherapy

## Children's Oncology Group ANBL1221 trial



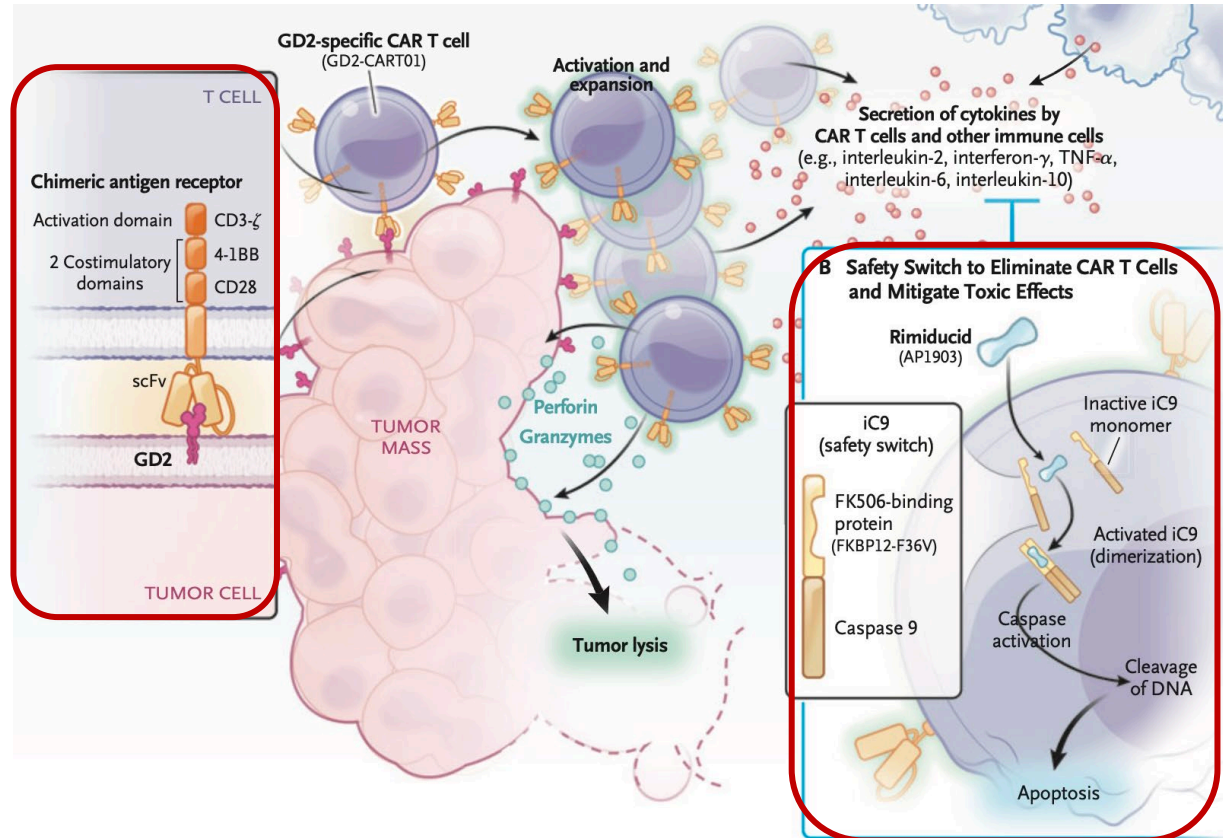
ORR: 41.5%

## Real-world COG restrospective analysis



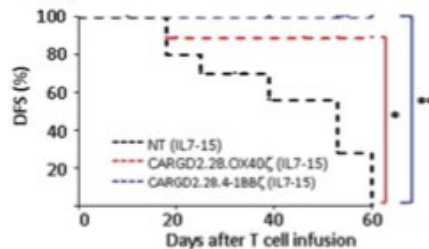
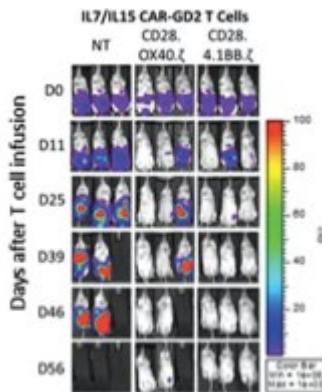
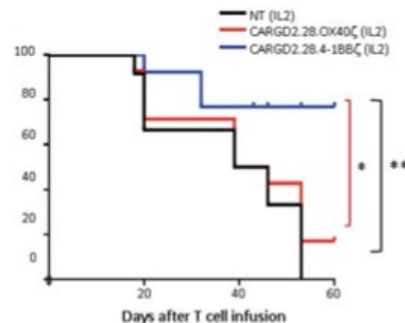
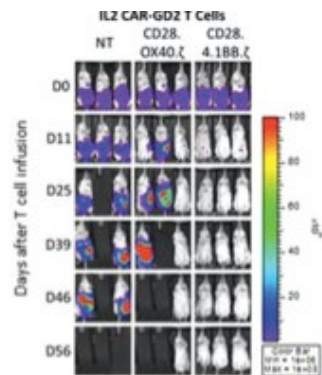
ORR: 49%

# GD2-CART01





# Preclinical evaluation of the optimal construct and manufacturing for 3rd generation GD2-CAR



# Clinical Trial Design and treatment schema

## Phase I

- Five dose levels:

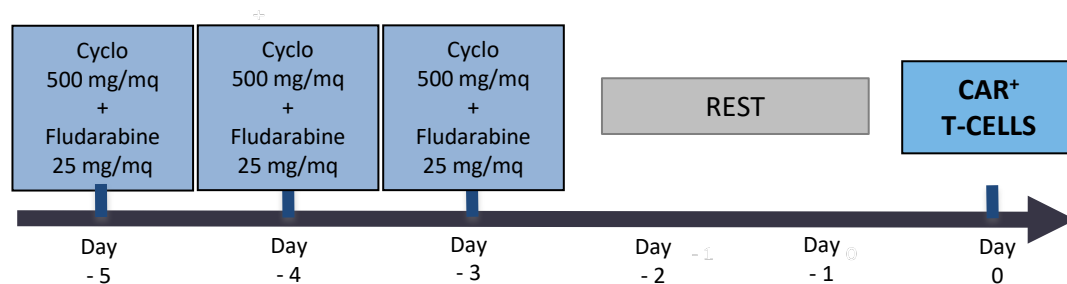
- DL1:  $1 \times 10^6$  cells/kg recipient body weight of CAR+ T cells
- DL2:  $2 \times 10^6$  cells/kg recipient body weight of CAR+ T cells
- **DL3:  $3 \times 10^6$  cells/kg recipient body weight of CAR+ T cells**
- DL4:  $6 \times 10^6$  cells/kg recipient body weight of CAR+ T cells
- DL5:  $10 \times 10^6$  cells/kg recipient body weight of CAR+ T cells



- Dose-finding 3+3 design

## Phase II

- Treatment at the MTD/RD identified in phase I
- Fleming's two-stage design



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

# GD2-CART01 for Relapsed or Refractory High-Risk Neuroblastoma

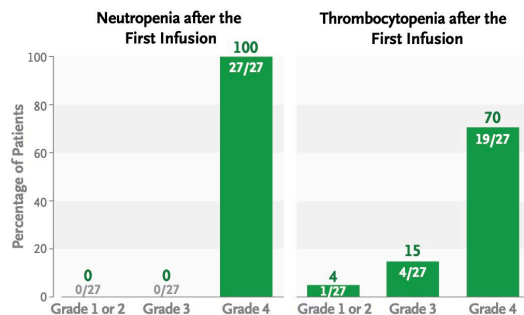
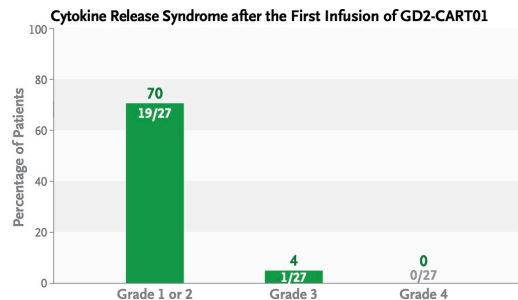
F. Del Bufalo, B. De Angelis, I. Caruana, G. Del Baldo, M.A. De Ioris, A. Serra, A. Mastronuzzi, M.G. Cefalo, D. Pagliara, M. Amicucci, G. Li Pira, G. Leone, V. Bertaina, M. Sinibaldi, S. Di Cecca, M. Guercio, Z. Abbaszadeh, L. Iaffaldano, M. Gunetti, S. Iacovelli, R. Bugianesi, S. Macchia, M. Algeri, P. Merli, F. Galaverna, R. Abbas, M.C. Garganese, M.F. Villani, G.S. Colafati, F. Bonetti, M. Rabusin, K. Perruccio, V. Folsi, C. Quintarelli, and F. Locatelli, for the Precision Medicine Team—IRCCS Ospedale Pediatrico Bambino Gesù\*



Table 1. Characteristics of the Patients at Baseline.\*

Characteristic	All Patients (N = 27)
Sex — no. (%)	
Male	18 (67)
Female	9 (33)
Median age (range) — yr	6.7 (2.7–18.6)
Median no. of previous treatments (range)	3 (1–6)
Disease status at enrollment — no. (%)	
Refractory	12 (44)
Relapsed	14 (52)
No evidence of disease after NB-HR01 first-line treatment†	1 (4)
Previous treatment with anti-GD2 monoclonal antibody — no. (%)	14 (52)
MYCN status — no. (%)	
Amplification	7 (26)
Gain	5 (19)
Normal	10 (37)
Unknown	5 (19)
Site of disease involvement — no. (%)	
Bone	21 (78)
Bone marrow	12 (44)
Lymph nodes	11 (41)
Abdomen	4 (15)
Paravertebral area	7 (26)
Thorax, pleura	2 (7)
Liver	1 (4)
Result of <sup>123</sup> I-labeled MIBG scan before infusion — no. (%)‡	
MIBG score ≤7	18 (67)
MIBG score >7	9 (33)

# Feasibility and toxicities



**Table 2. Adverse Events in 27 Patients after the First Infusion of GD2-CART01.\***

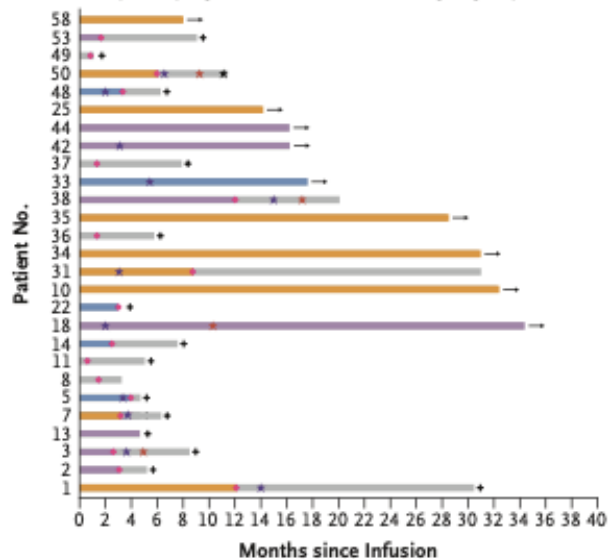
Event	Grade 1 or 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
number of patients			
Cytokine release syndrome	19	1	0
Central neurotoxic effects	0	0	0
Peripheral neurotoxic effects or pain	6	0	0
Hematologic toxic effects			
Anemia	8	19	0
Neutropenia	0	0	27
Thrombocytopenia	1	4	19
Abnormal laboratory values			
Elevated alanine aminotransferase level, aspartate aminotransferase level, or both	13	7	0
Elevated bilirubin level	3	1	0
Electrolyte abnormalities	4	2	0
Miscellaneous			
<i>Clostridium difficile</i> infection	0	1	0
Rash	3	0	0
Dysuria	2	0	0
Brain hemorrhage	0	0	1

\* With the exception of hematologic toxic effects, anomalies caused by the disease or by previous treatments were not included.

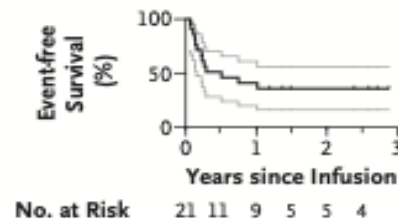
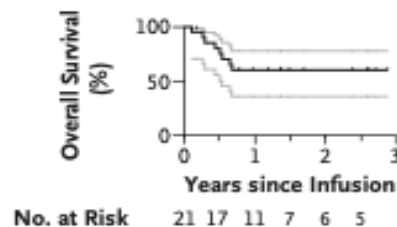
- **No DLTs were recorded in the phase I**
- **→ MTD/RD: 10,0 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells/kg of CAR+ T cells**

# Clinical response and outcome

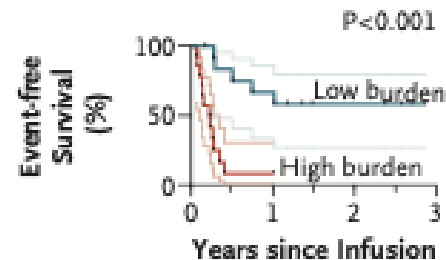
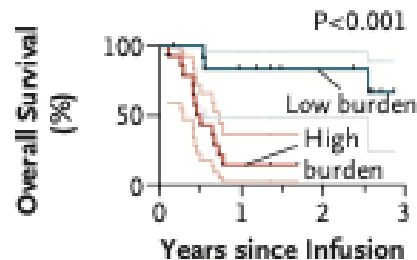
■ Complete response ■ Partial response ■ Stable disease ■ Overall survival  
+ 2nd Infusion + 3rd Infusion + 4th Infusion  
• Relapse or progression • Death → Ongoing response



Patients Who Received Recommended Dose



According to Disease Burden \*



**ORR: 63%**

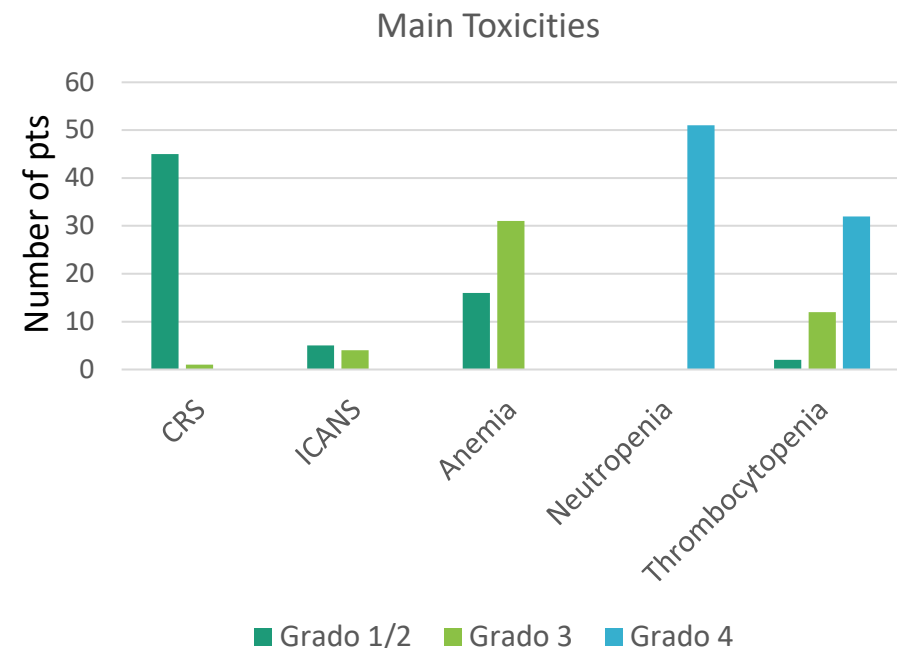
\*Low disease burden:

- SIOPEN skeletal score  $\leq 7$
- Tumor mass with longest diameter <5cm
- BM infiltration  $\leq 50\%$

# Updated cohort – patients characteristics

<b>Sex</b>	
M	35/51 (69%)
F	16/51 (31%)
<b>Median age at infusion (range)</b>	5,86 years (1,5 – 18,6)
<b>Median number of previous treatments (range)</b>	3 (1-6)
<b>Disease status at enrollment</b>	
Refractory	18/51 (35%)
Relapsed	26/51 (51%)
NED after NB-HR01	7/51 (14%)
<b>Previous treatment with anti-GD2 monoclonal antibody</b>	30/51 (59%)
<b>N-MYC status</b>	
Amplification	16/51 (31%)
Gain	5/51 (10%)
Non amplified	24/51 (37%)
Unknown	6/51 (12%)
<b>Disease site involvement</b>	
Bone	27/51 (53%)
Bone marrow	14/51 (27%)
Lymph-nodes	13/51 (25%)
Abdomen	10/51 (20%)
Paravertebral	8/51 (16%)
Thorax (pleura)	2/51 (4%)
Liver	1/51 (2%)
<b><sup>123</sup>I-MIBG pre-infusion</b>	
MIBG score >7	9/51 (18%)
MIBG score ≤7	42/51 (82%)

# Updated cohort –toxicity

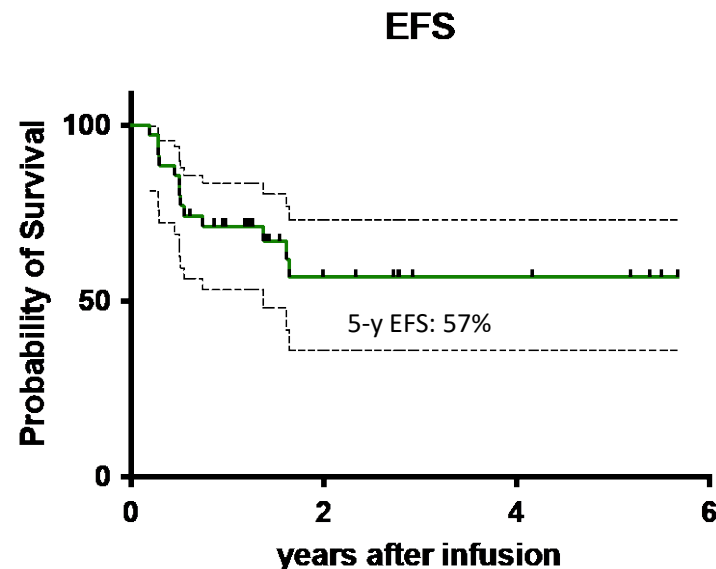
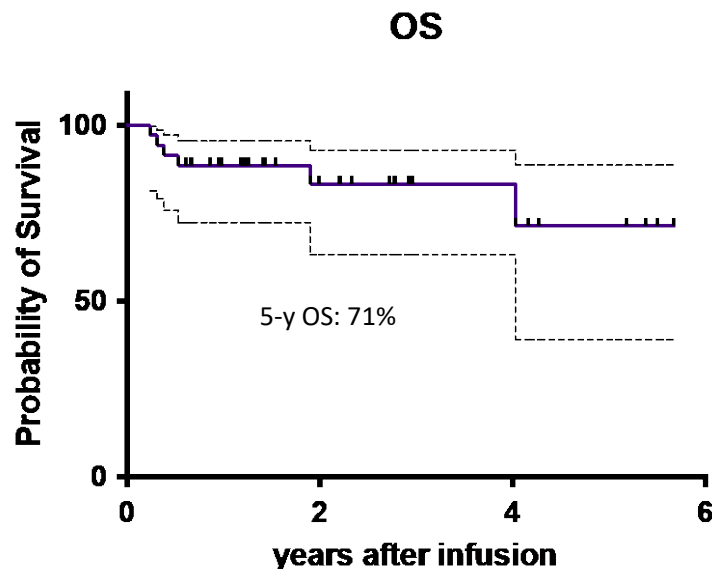


Adverse event	Grade 1 or 2	Grade 3	Grade 4
	Number of patients		
CRS	45	1	0
ICANS	5	4	0
Peripheral neurotoxicity/pain	12	0	0
<b>Hematologic toxicity</b>			
Anemia	16	31	0
Neutropenia	0	0	51
Thrombocytopenia	2	12	30
<b>Laboratory values</b>			
Elevated transaminases	18	11	0
Elevated bilirubin	6	2	0
Electrolyte abnormalities	9	5	0
<b>Miscellaneous</b>			
Acute kidney injury	0	1	0
Cl. difficile infection	0	1	0
Skin rash	5	0	0
Dysuria	3	0	0
Brain hemorrhage	0	0	1

# Outcome of patients with low disease burden/NED, treated with the recommended dose (n=35)

CR: 20/35 (7 are the patients treated in NED)  
PR: 7/35 (3 with negative PET and long-term duration of response)

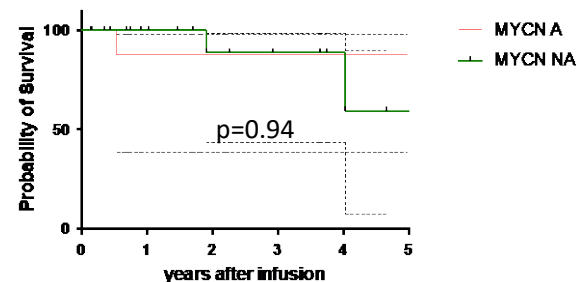
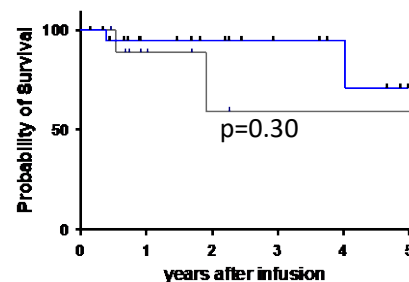
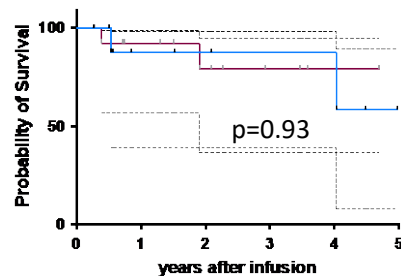
**ORR: 27/35 (77%)**



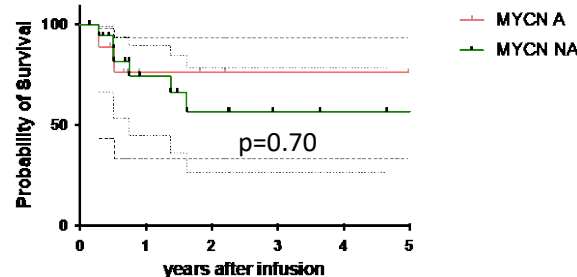
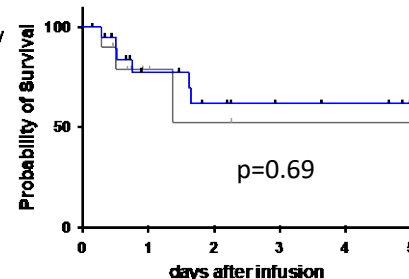
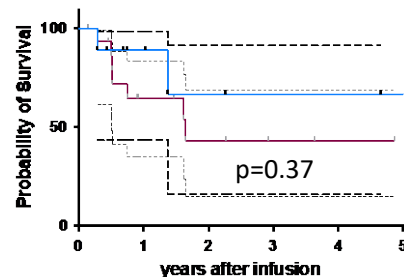


# Early treatment is associated with significantly improved outcomes

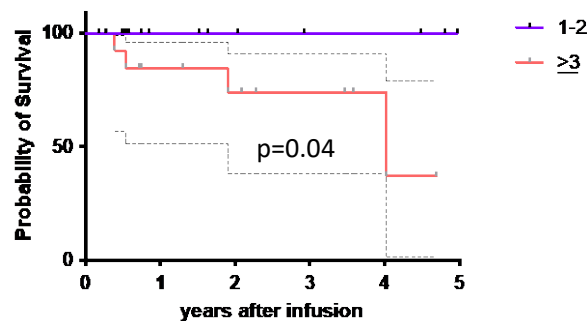
OS



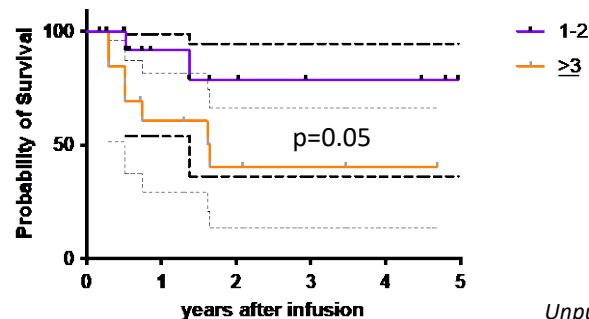
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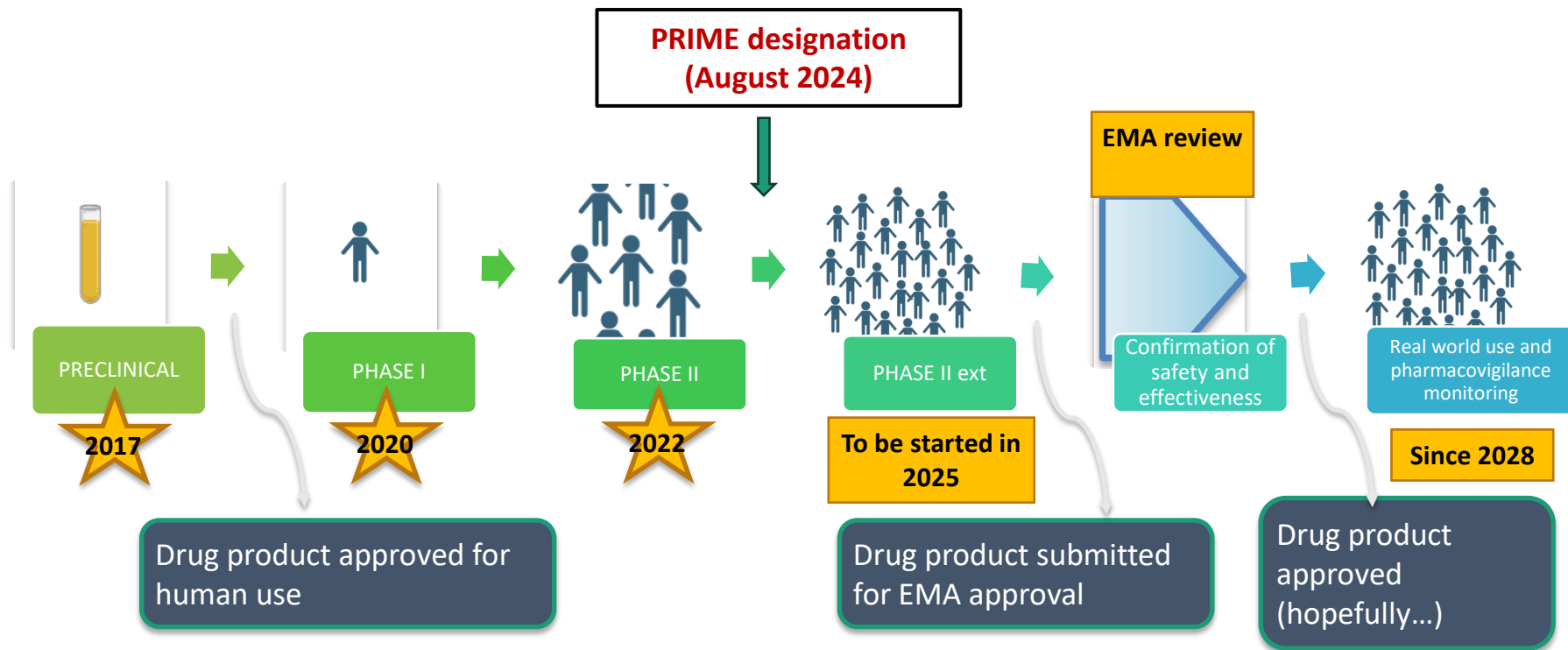


EFS



**What's next?**

# GD2-CART01 for Neuroblastoma: update and next regulatory steps



# **EU-GD2-CAR01: multicenter, phase II trial (in collaboration with SIOPEN)**

## **Phase II**

**Patients with NB relapsed/progressing  
during/after first line**



Reinduction treatment to reduce tumor burden  
(choice of each treating center)



Achievement of low tumor burden



Enrollment in EU-GD2-CAR01

Bridging therapy



GD2-CART01

# Main inclusion criteria for treatment

- Diagnosis of High-Risk NBL
- Relapse/progression during/after first line treatment
- **Low disease burden (SIOPEN score  $\leq 7$ ; maximum diameter of soft tissue lesions  $\leq 5 \pm 0.5$  cm; BM infiltration  $< 50\%$ )**
- **No more than 2 previous lines of therapy**
- Disease under control (SD or MR or PR or CR) after reinduction
- Whenever technically feasible, a biopsy aimed at documenting GD2 expression is mandatory and GD2 positivity is required for inclusion
- Life expectancy  $> 3$  months
- Age: 18 months – 25 years
- Voluntary informed consent is given
- Clinical performance status:  $\geq 60\%$  (Karnofsky or Lansky)

# Clinical trial design – sample size

- Expected 3y-EFS in the experimental arm (GD2-CART01): 50%
  - - 3y-EFS in the control arm (**historical/AI-generated?**): 30%
  - - Delta of 20%
  - - Alpha=5%
  - - Two-sided test
  - - Power: 80%
  - → the number of patients required is around 50 patients.
- 
- An interim analysis will be planned at the end of the second year
  - A data safety monitoring committee will be appointed to oversee the study conduction

## CAR.GD2 DP COSTS in the Academic setting

	<b>Cost FOR SINGLE PATIENT (€)</b>
Personell	9.000
Reagents (including virus)	55.000
Infrastructure Mantainance	1.000
Transport costs (including 1 dedicated dry shipper)	6.500
Total cost for single patient	71.500

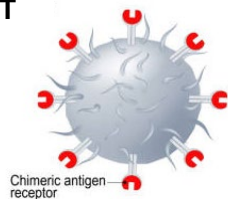
# Phase II, single arm study – budget estimate

Phase 2 Study - SINGLE ARM - Reference State Member Italy	
COST SUMMARY	TOTAL (€)
Overall Trial Development	80.260,00
Contracts, legal and financing	38.660,00
Regulatory submission and notifications	46.500,00
Trial Management and Trial Conduct (local project management)	54.625,00
Site Management	76.310,00
Data Management	71.440,00
Pharmacovigilance	44.070,00
Patient Treatments	1.633.699,00
Study Performance	66.798,00
<b>Medicinal Product Supply Management</b>	<b>3.271.800,00</b>
Monitoring and Audit	1.499.440,00
Data Provision, Statistical Analysis and Publication	16.800,00
Central Laboratories	1.758.050,00
Pharmacy	72.011,00
End of Trial	13.640,00
<b>FINAL COST</b>	<b>8.744.103,00</b>



# GD2 as a suitable target for CAR T cells

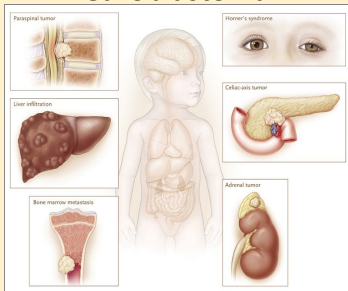
GD2.CAR T



**One biological drug for multiple tumors**

neuroblastoma, glioma, medulloblastoma, osteosarcoma, alveolar rhabdomyosarcoma, Ewing's sarcoma, small cell lung cancer, melanoma, Non-small cell lung cancer, Desmoplastic small-round-cell tumor, embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma

## High Risk metastatic neuroblastoma



Phase I/II Trial 2017

### Pre-clinical results:

- ❖ Oncoimmunology. 2018 Mar 15;7(6):e1433518.
- ❖ J Immunother Cancer. 2021 Mar;9(3):e001502.
- ❖ J Hematol Oncol. 2021 Nov 12;14(1):191.

### Clinical Application

**Phase I/II Clinical trial NCT03373097**

- ❖ N Engl J Med. 2023 Apr 6;388(14):1284-1295
- ❖ N Engl J Med. 2023 Jun 15;388(24):2303-2304

## High Risk Brain tumors



Phase I Trial 2023

### Pre-clinical results:

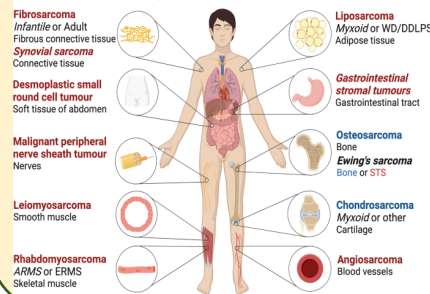
- ❖ Neuro Oncol. 2022 Jul 1;24(7):1150-1163.
- ❖ Clin Cancer Res. 2024 Jun 3;30(11):2545-2557

### Clinical application

- ❖ Phase I/II Clinical trial **NCT05298995**.

## High Risk metastatic sarcoma

### SOFT TISSUE (STS) AND BONE SARCOMAS



### Pre-clinical results:

- ❖ Paper under revision

### Clinical application

**Phase II Clinical trial NCT03373097**

# GD2-CAR T cells in CNS Tumours

nature  
medicine

LETTERS

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-018-0006-x>

## Potent antitumor efficacy of anti-GD2 CAR T cells in H3-K27M<sup>+</sup> diffuse midline gliomas

Christopher W. Mount<sup>1,2,3,12</sup>, Robbie G. Majzner<sup>4,12</sup>, Shree Sundaresh<sup>1</sup>, Evan P. Arnold<sup>1</sup>, Meena Kadapakkam<sup>4</sup>, Samuel Haile<sup>4</sup>, Louai Labanieh<sup>4,5</sup>, Esther Hulleman<sup>6</sup>, Pamelyn J. Woo<sup>1</sup>, Skyler P. Rietberg<sup>4</sup>, Hannes Vogel<sup>1,4,7,8</sup>, Michelle Monje<sup>1,4,7,8,9,10\*</sup> and Crystal L. Mackall<sup>1,4,9,11\*</sup>

### Article

## GD2-CAR T cell therapy for H3K27M-mutated diffuse midline gliomas

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-022-04489-4>

Received: 2 August 2021

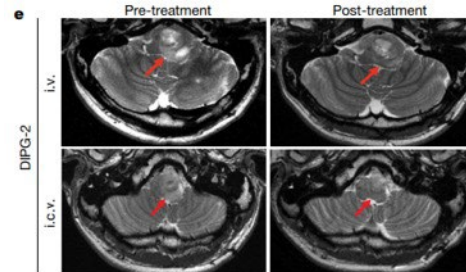
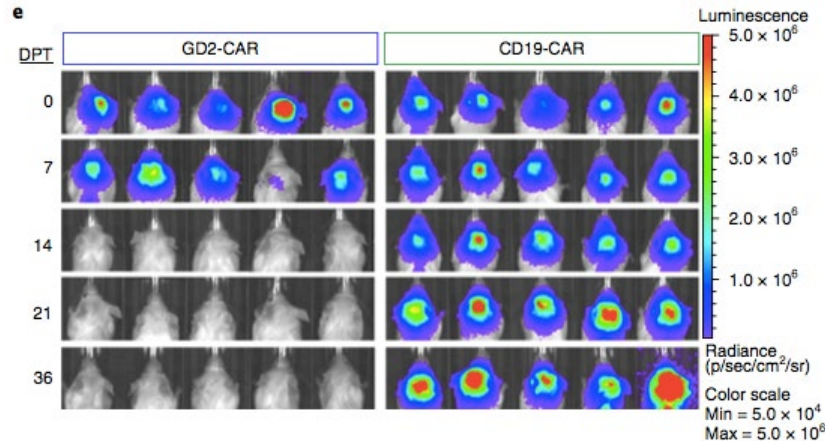
Accepted: 28 January 2022

Published online: 7 February 2022

Open access

Check for updates

Robbie G. Majzner<sup>1,3,12</sup>, Sneha Ramakrishna<sup>1,12</sup>, Kristen W. Yeom<sup>4</sup>, Shabnum Patel<sup>1</sup>, Harshini Chinnasamy<sup>1</sup>, Liora M. Schultz<sup>1,2</sup>, Rebecca M. Richards<sup>1,2</sup>, Li Jiang<sup>4</sup>, Valentin Barsan<sup>1,2</sup>, Rebecca Mancusi<sup>4</sup>, Anna C. Geraghty<sup>4</sup>, Zinaida Good<sup>1,2</sup>, Aaron Y. Mochizuki<sup>4</sup>, Shawn M. Gillespie<sup>4</sup>, Angus Martin Shaw Toland<sup>4</sup>, Jasla Mahdi<sup>4</sup>, Agnes Reschke<sup>1,2</sup>, Esther H. Nie<sup>4</sup>, Isabelle J. Chau<sup>4</sup>, Maria Caterina Rotiro<sup>1</sup>, Christopher W. Mount<sup>1</sup>, Christina Baggott<sup>1</sup>, Sharon Mavroukakis<sup>4</sup>, Emily Egeles<sup>4</sup>, Jennifer Moon<sup>4</sup>, Courtney Erickson<sup>1</sup>, Sean Green<sup>1</sup>, Michael Kunick<sup>1,2</sup>, Michelle Fujimoto<sup>1,2</sup>, Zach Ehlinger<sup>4</sup>, Warren Reynolds<sup>4</sup>, Sreevidya Kurra<sup>4</sup>, Katherine E. Warren<sup>4</sup>, Snehit Prabhu<sup>4</sup>, Hannes Vogel<sup>4</sup>, Lindsey Rasmussen<sup>4</sup>, Timothy T. Cornell<sup>4</sup>, Sonia Partap<sup>4</sup>, Paul G. Fisher<sup>4</sup>, Cynthia J. Campen<sup>4</sup>, Mariella G. Filbin<sup>4</sup>, Gerald Grant<sup>10</sup>, Bita Sahaf<sup>10</sup>, Kara L. Davis<sup>1,2</sup>, Steven A. Feldman<sup>1</sup>, Crystal L. Mackall<sup>1,2,3,4,9,11,12</sup> & Michelle Monje<sup>1,2,3,4,9,12,14,15</sup>



# Third Generation CAR Targeting GD2



**Phase I study of anti-GD2 Chimeric Antigen Receptor-Expressing T cells in pediatric and young adult patients with relapsed/refractory CNS Tumors**

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05298995

**Active for recruitment**

# CAR T-cell pipeline in development and manufactured at OPBG GMP-facility

## **At the patient bedside**

- **GD2-CAR T cells in neuroblastoma;**
- **GD2-CAR T cells in CNS neoplasia;**

## **At pre-clinical levels:**

- **CD30-CAR T cells in HD/ALCL;**
- **FOLR-1 CAR T cells in infant AML, OS and other solid tumours;**
- **B7H3 in CNS and solid tumours;**
- **Allogeneic CD123 CAR NK cells in AML;**
- **X-antigen CAR T cells in AML.**

## **In collaboration with Pharma Industries and already at patient's bedside**

- **PEBL CD7CAR T cells in T-ALL;**
- **CD19 CAR T cells in B-cell mediated AID.**

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**ALLEANZA  
CONTRO  
IL CANCRO**



*Ministero della Salute*



**REGIONE  
LAZIO**