



Polymeric Micelles from Bench to Bedside

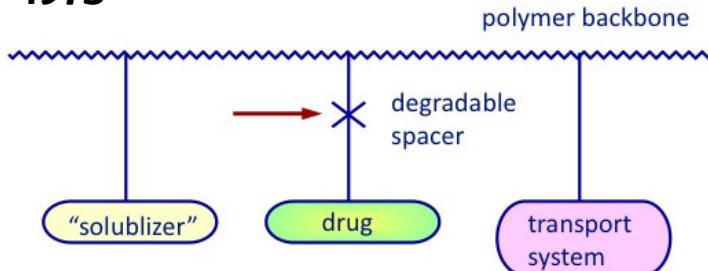
Alexander (Sasha) Kabanov

UNIVERSITY OF
Nebraska
Medical Center

CDON
Center for Drug Delivery
and Nanomedicine

Polymeric Micelles as Drug Carriers

1975



H. Ringsdorf

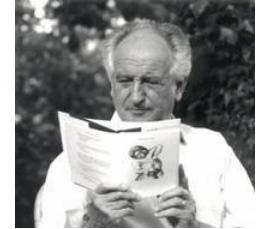
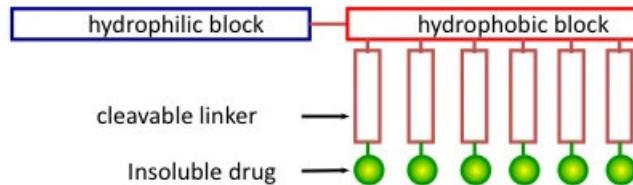


J. Kopecek

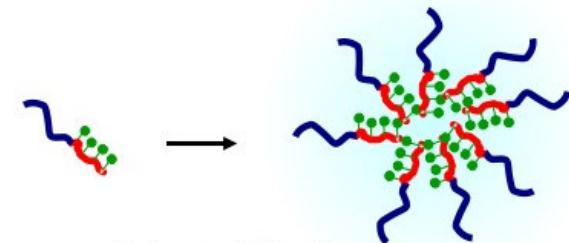


R. Duncan

1984



K. Kataoka

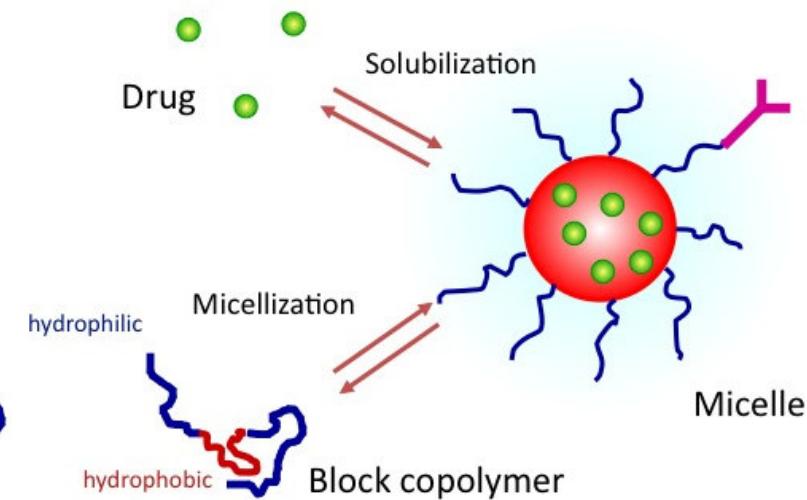
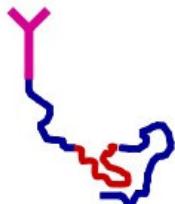


20 to 40 nm

M. Yokoyama, et al. (1990) *Cancer Res.*, 50: 1693

1989

targeting antibody

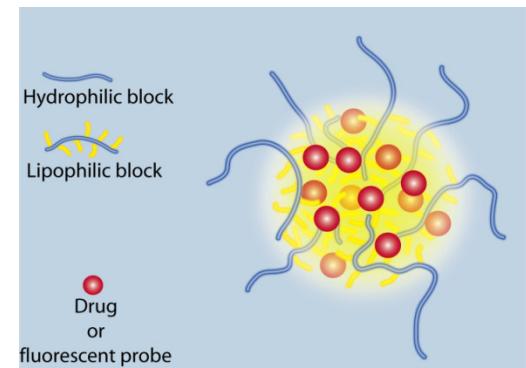
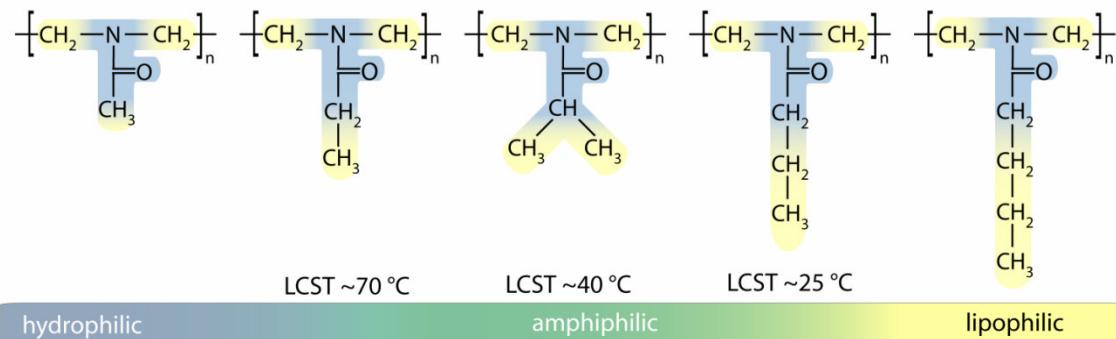


Small size ca. 10-50 nm
Narrow size distribution ~ 0.1

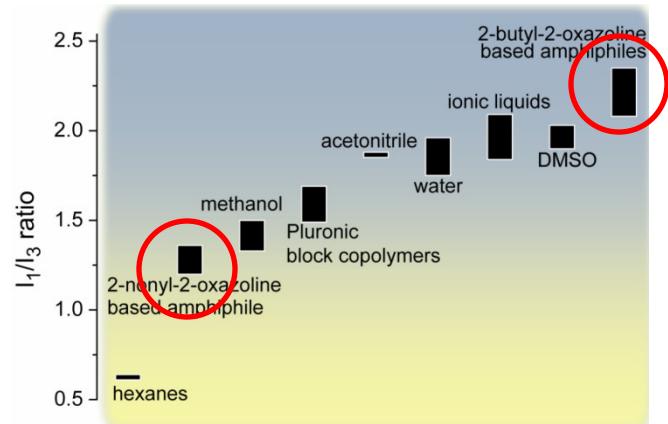


Doubly-Amphiphilic Block Copolymers based on PolyOxazolines

In collaboration with R. Luxenhofer and R. Jordan. Germany



Very “polar” “hydrophobic” core

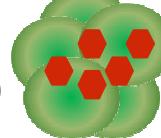


Very High Solubilization Loading



Taxol®

1%
1:100



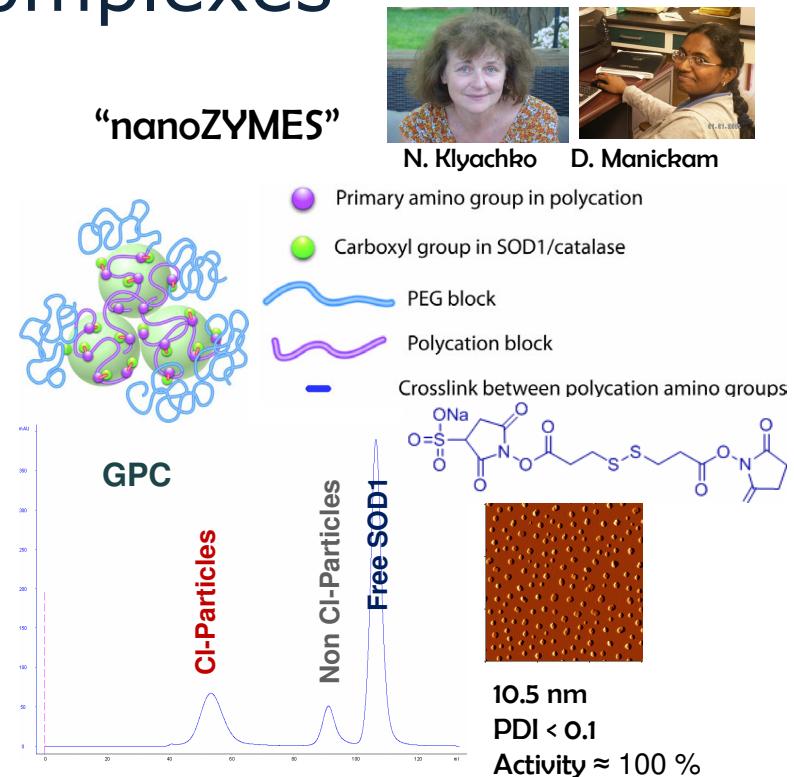
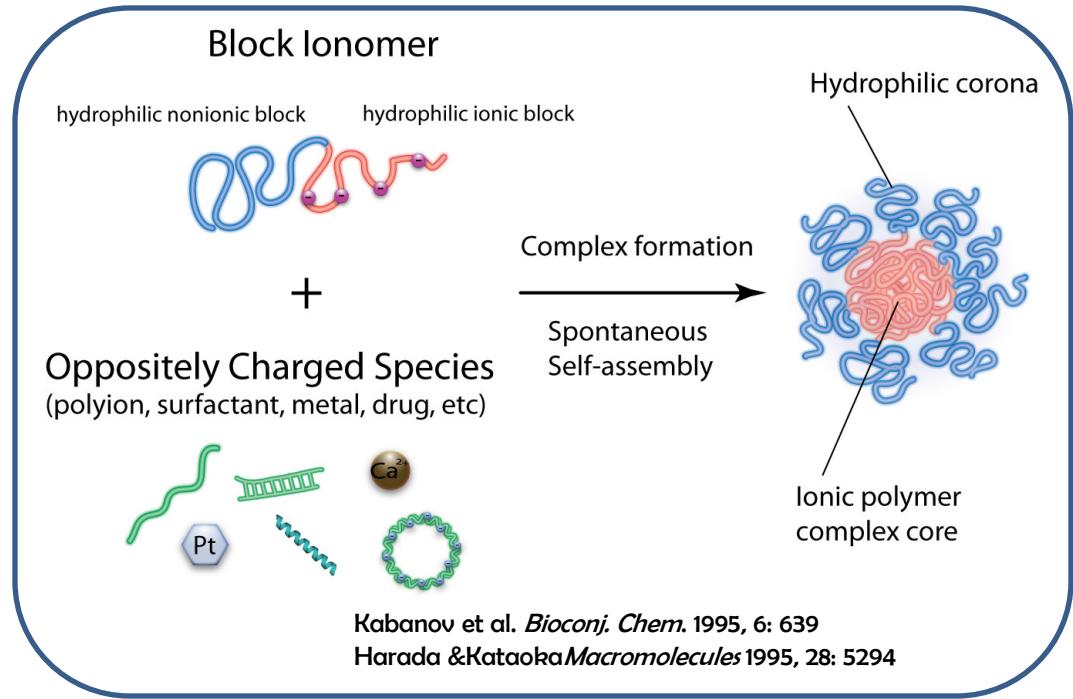
10%
1:10

45%
1:1

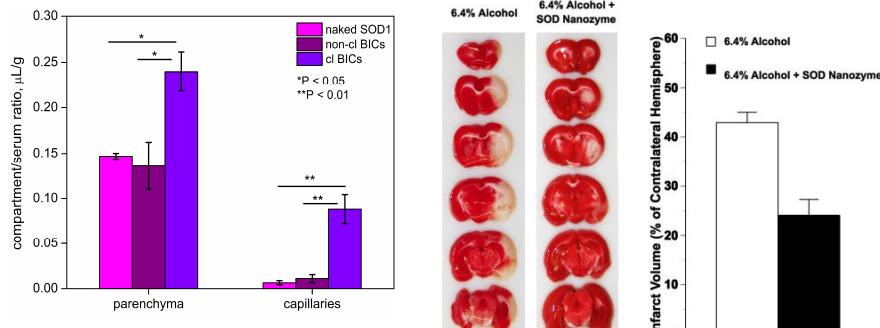
POx micelles

Luxenhofer et al. *Biomaterials* 2010, 31, 4972

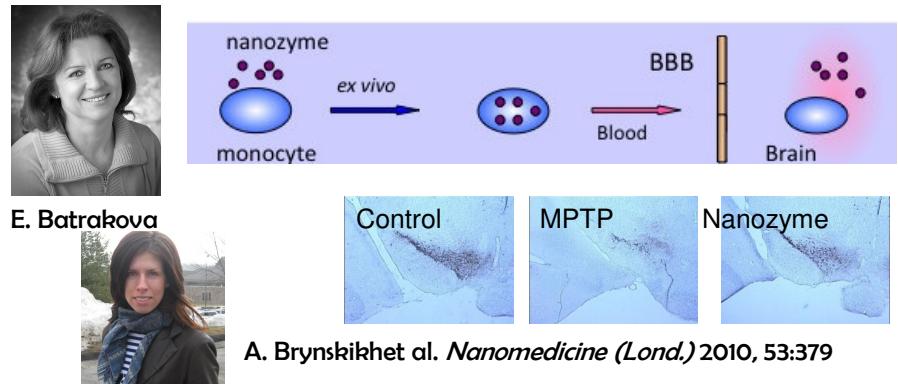
Block Ionomer Complexes



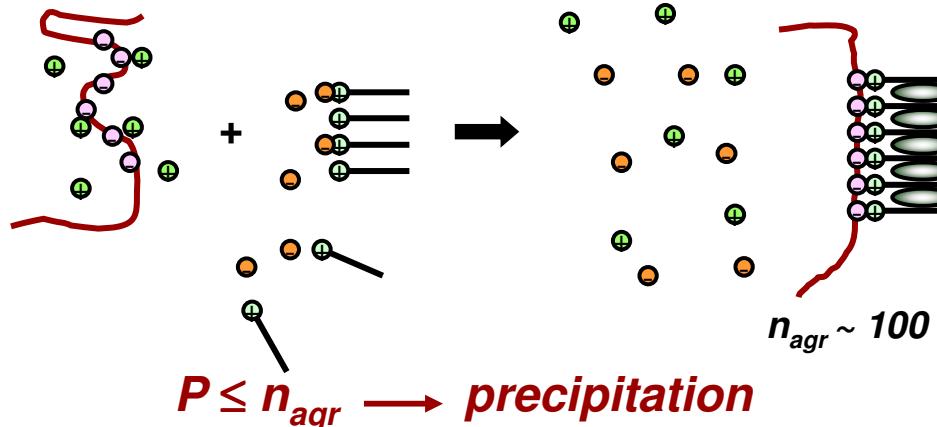
CNS Delivery of SOD1 nanoZYME & Activity in MCAO Model of Stroke



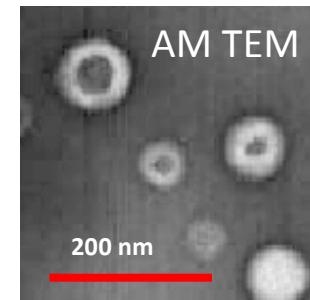
Cell-Mediated Delivery of Catalase Nanozyme and Neuroprotection in MPTP Model of PD



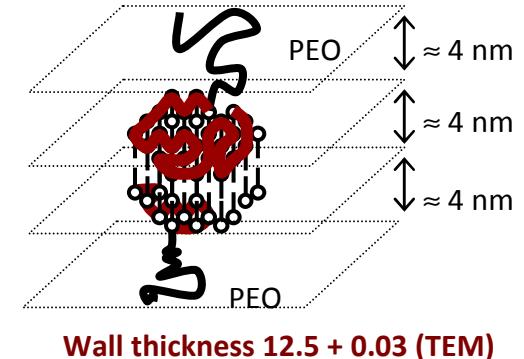
Surfactant-Based Block Ionomer Complexes



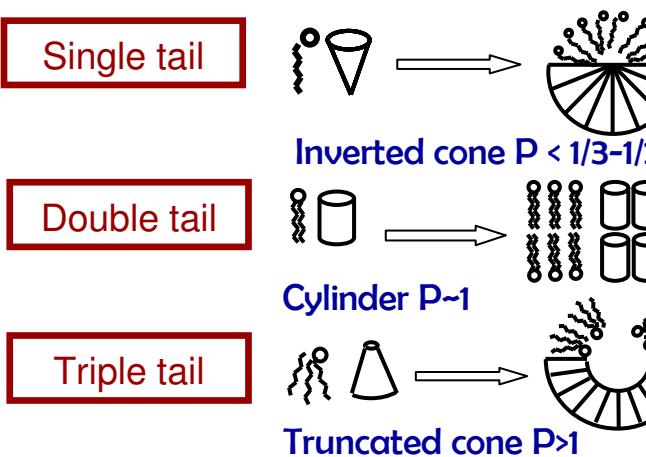
PEO-*b*-PMA/C₁₆PyBr



Hypothetical structure



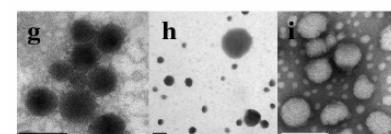
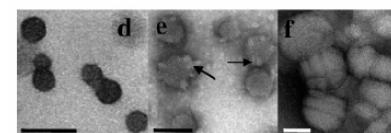
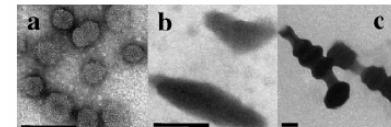
Kabanov et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 1998, 120: 9941
Bronich et al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2002, 124: 11872



Normal
micelles

Bilayer

Reverse
micelles



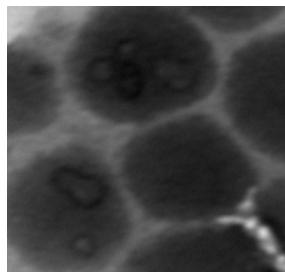
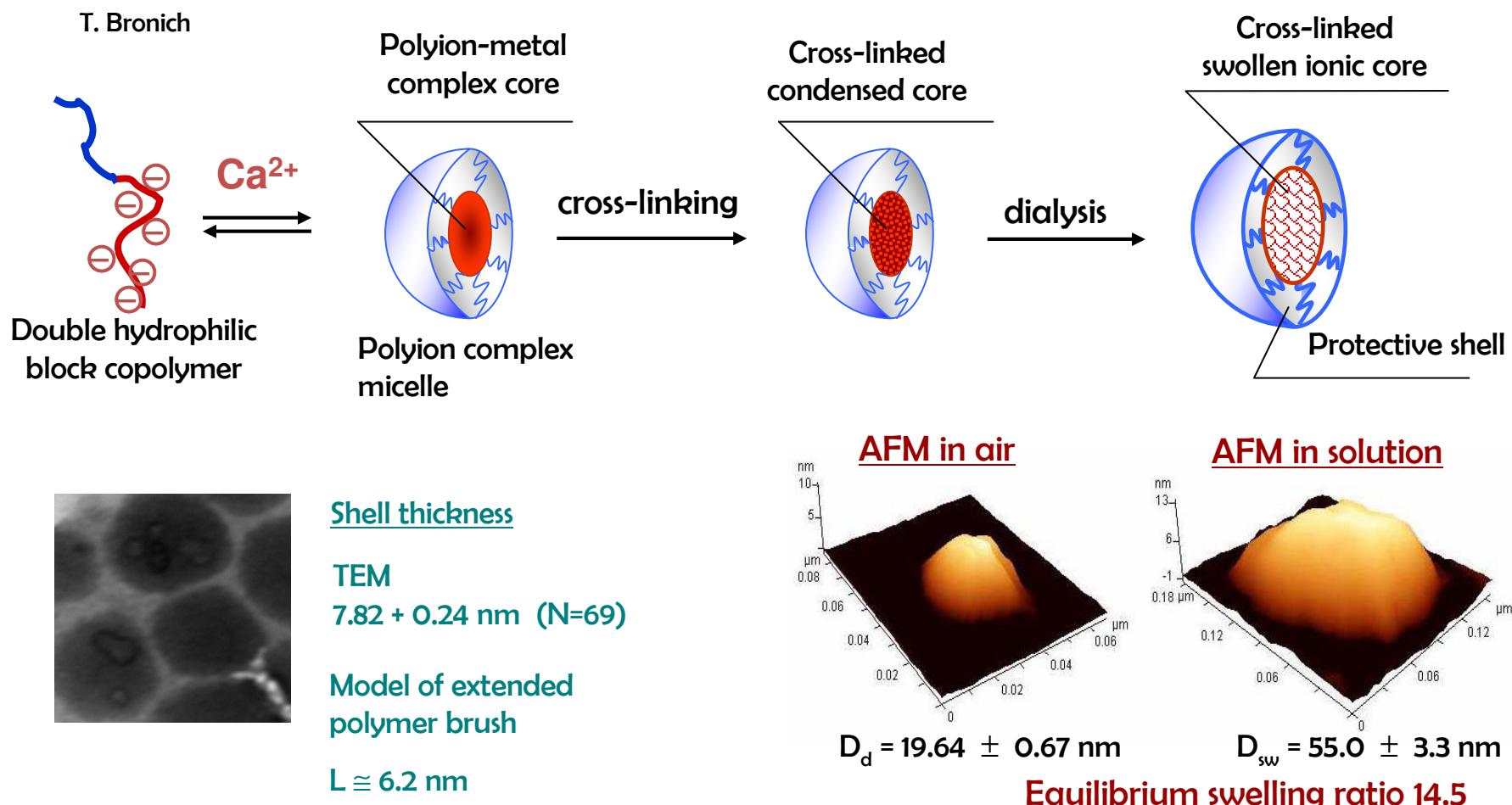
Control of

- size
- morphology
- charge
- core polarity
- solubilization
- pH-stability

Solomatin et al. *Langmuir* 2007, 23: 2838



Polymer Micelles with Cross-Linked Ionic Core (cl-Micelles) = NanoGELS



Shell thickness

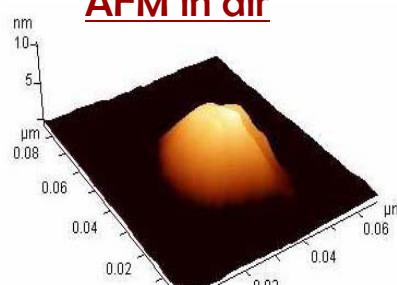
TEM

$7.82 \pm 0.24 \text{ nm } (N=69)$

Model of extended polymer brush

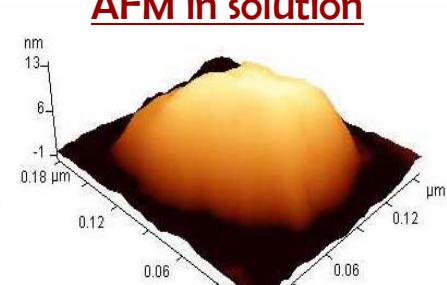
$L \approx 6.2 \text{ nm}$

AFM in air



$$D_d = 19.64 \pm 0.67 \text{ nm}$$

AFM in solution



$$D_{sw} = 55.0 \pm 3.3 \text{ nm}$$

Equilibrium swelling ratio 14.5

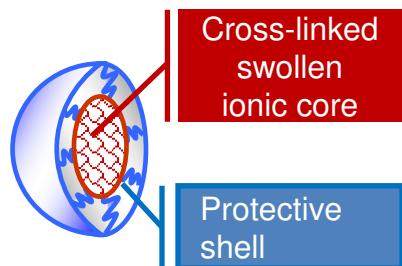


G. Sahay

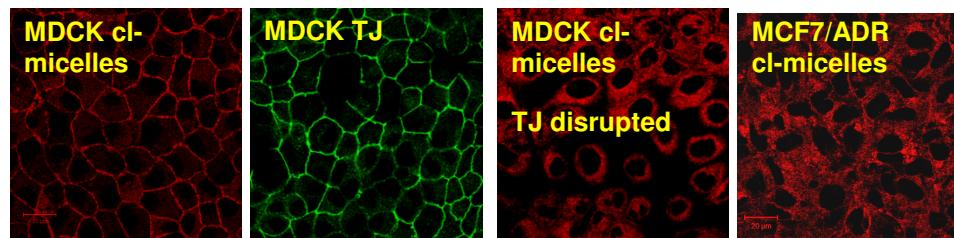


J.-O. Kim

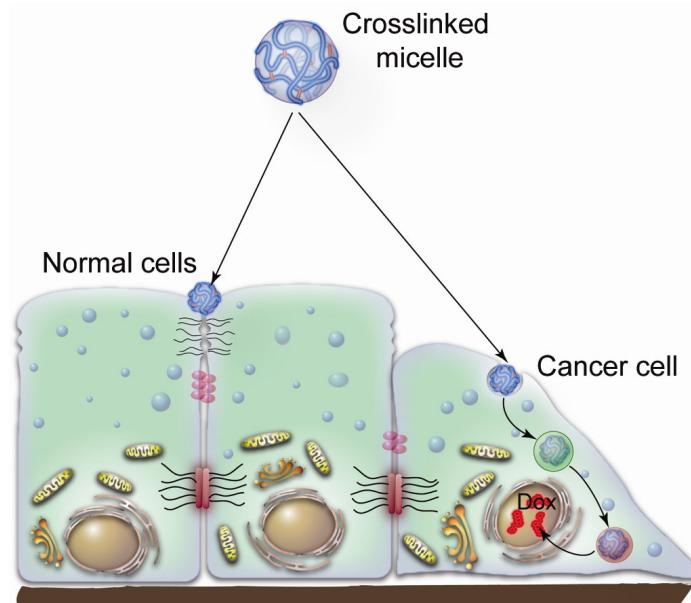
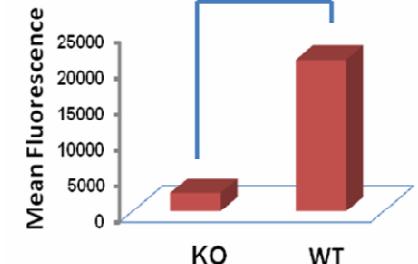
Differential Trafficking of cl-Micelles in Normal and Cancer Epithelial Cells



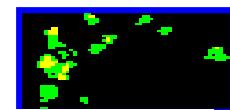
TJ and cell uptake



Initial entry via caveolae

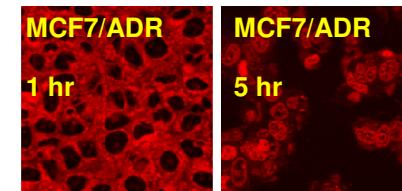


Final destination lysosomes



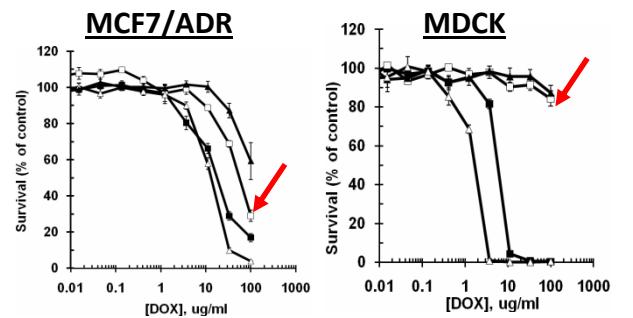
lysotracker,
30 min

pH-sensitive cl-micelles/Dox



MCF7/ADR
1 hr

MCF7/ADR
5 hr



G. Sahay, et al. Biomaterials, 2009, 31:923-33



T. Bronich

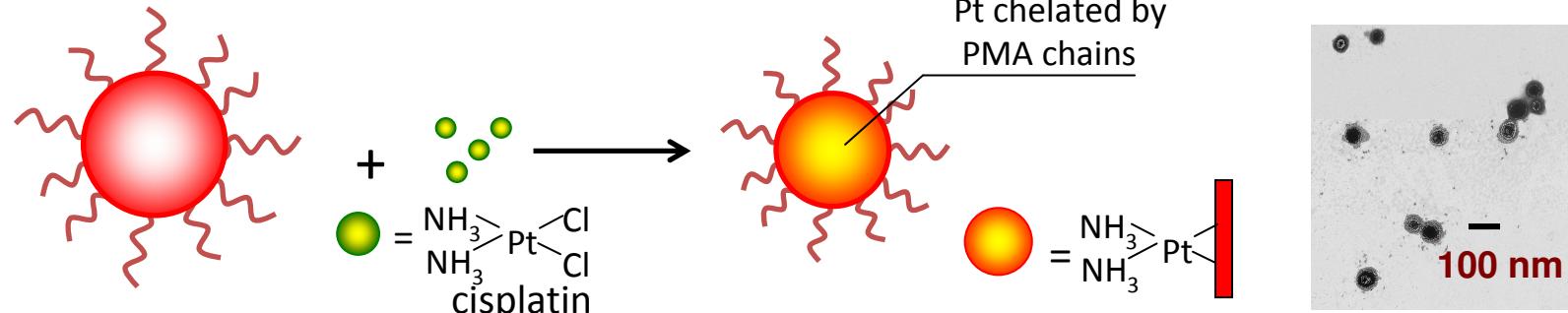


H. Oberoi



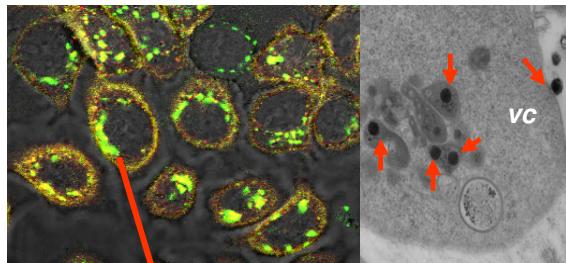
J.-O. Kim

Cisplatin Loaded cl-Micelles as “Nanodrug”

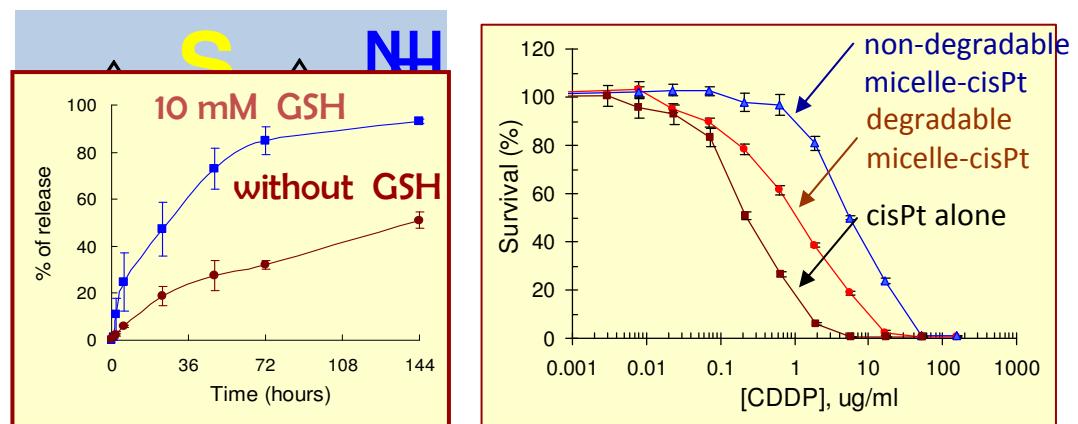


Bronich et. al. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 2005, 127(23): 8236

Cellular uptake of micelles



Cytotoxicity in human ovarian adenocarcinoma cells A2780



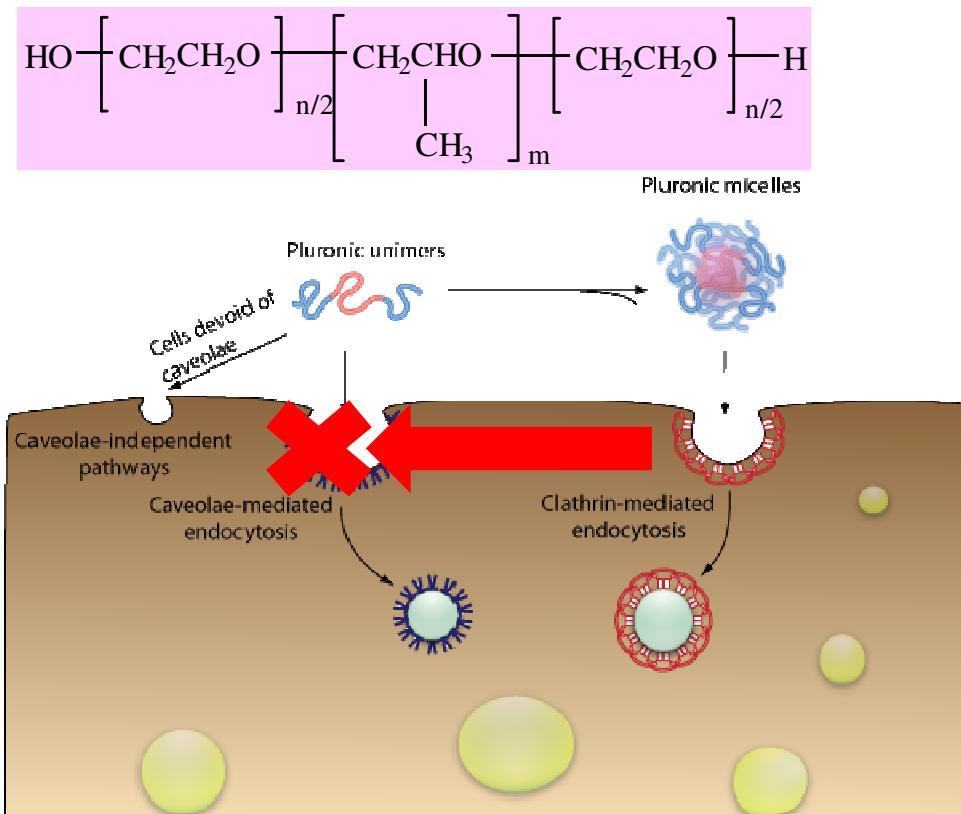
T. Bronich, J-O. Kim and H. Oberoi, 2009



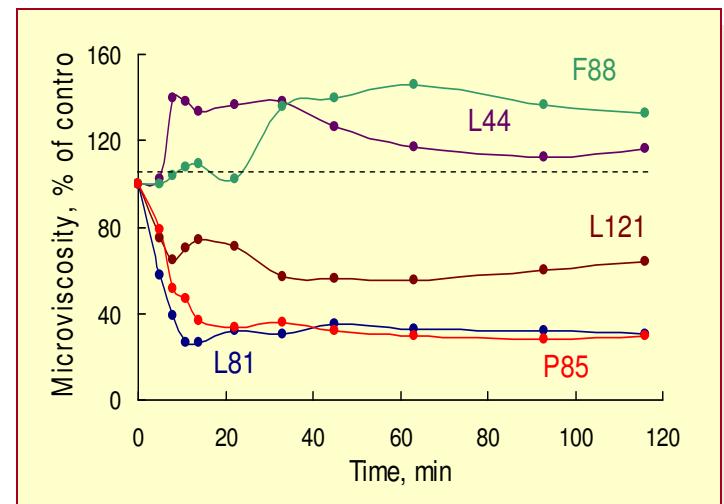
G. Sahay

Membrane Interactions of Pluronic Block Copolymers

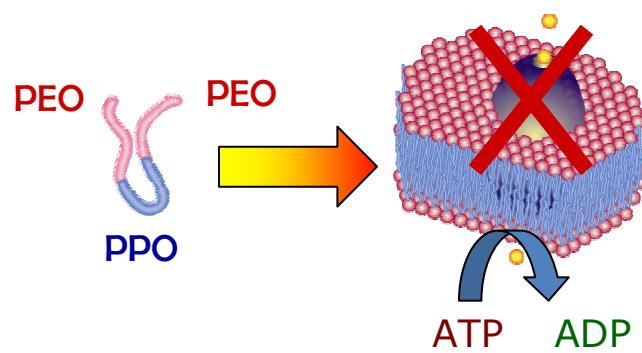
Pluronic block copolymers



Sahay et al. *Bioconjug. Chemistry*, 2008, 19(10):1987-94

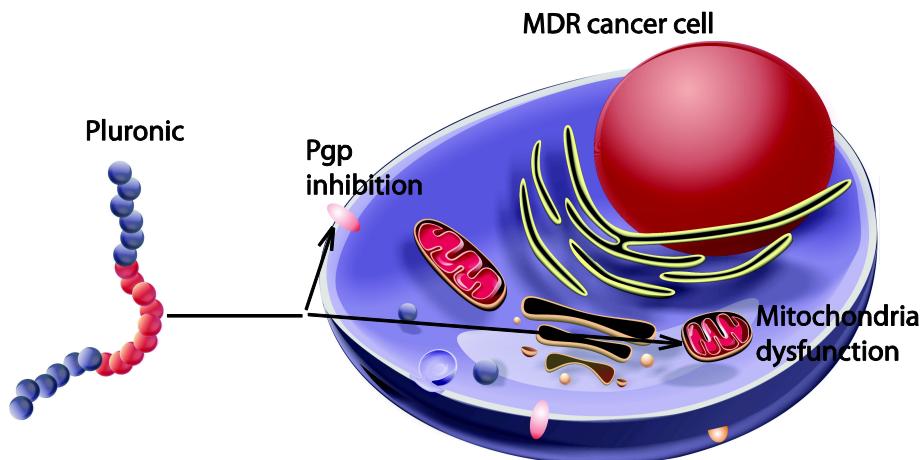


Plasma Membrane: P-glycoprotein (Pgp)

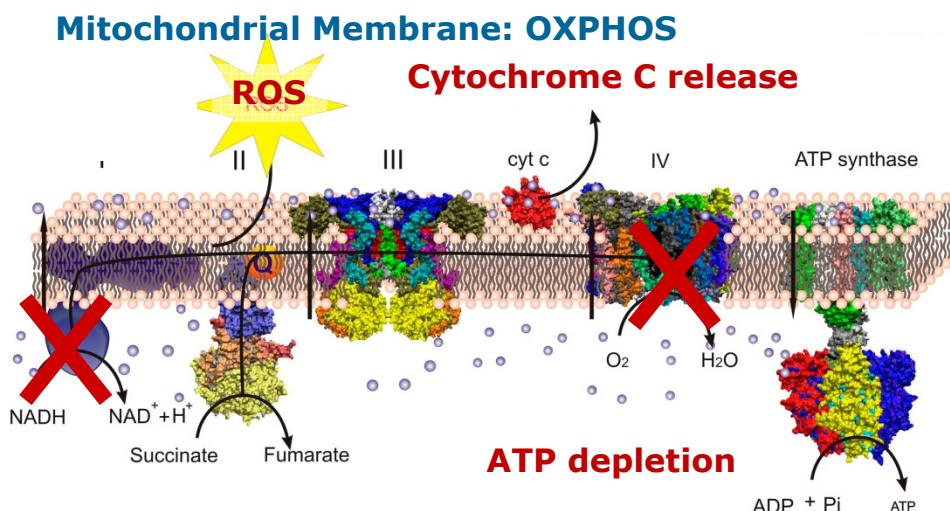
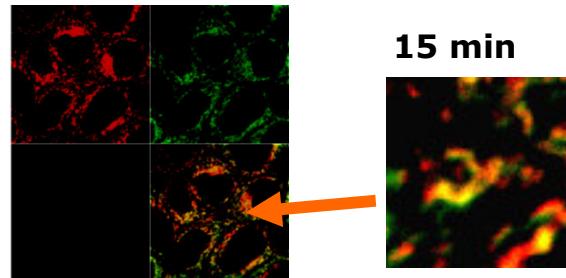


Batrakova et al. *JPET*, 2001, 299, 483

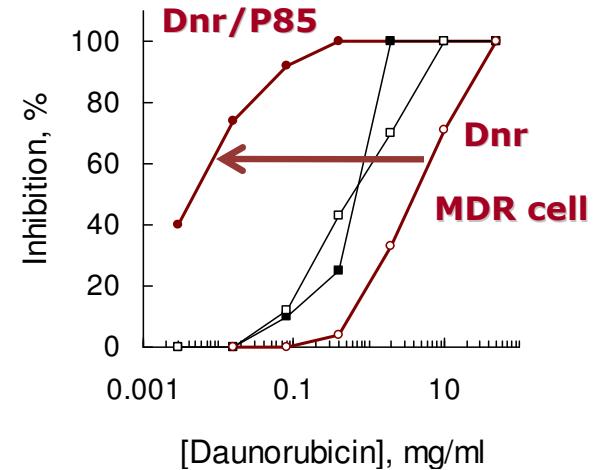
Pluronic-induced sensitization of MDR cells



Pluronic P85 (red) Co-localization with Mitochondria (green)

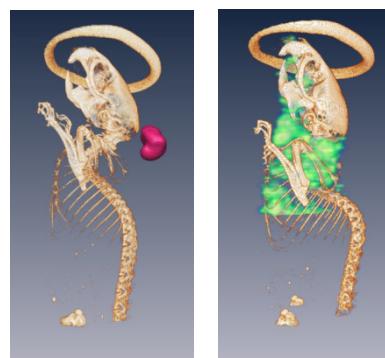
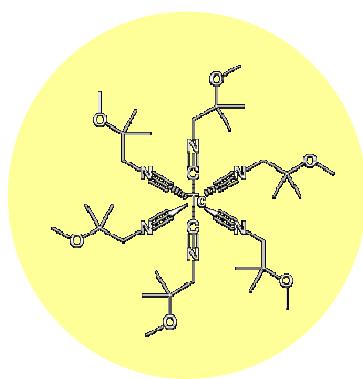


Pluronic/Drug cytotoxicity

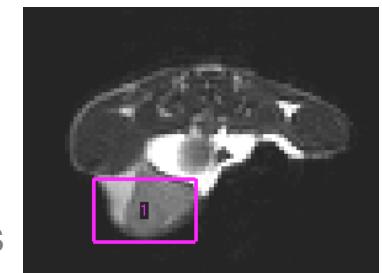


Pgp inhibition and ATP depletion *in vivo*

Sestamibi ^{99m}Tc CT scan



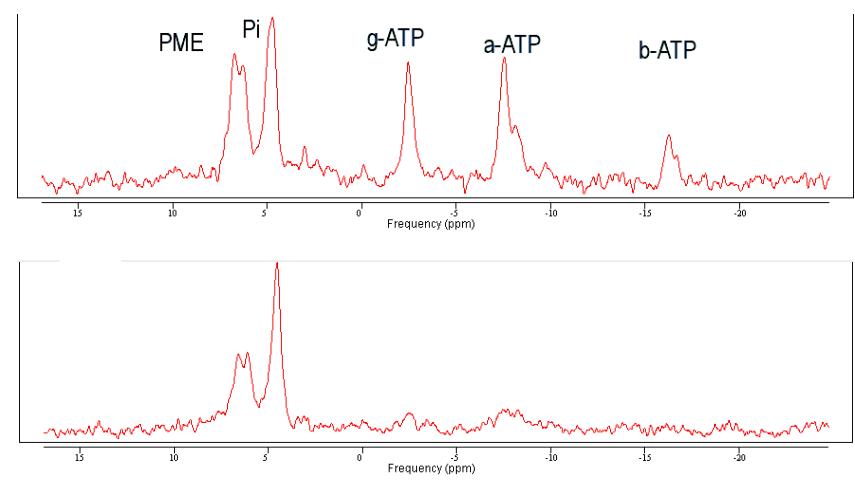
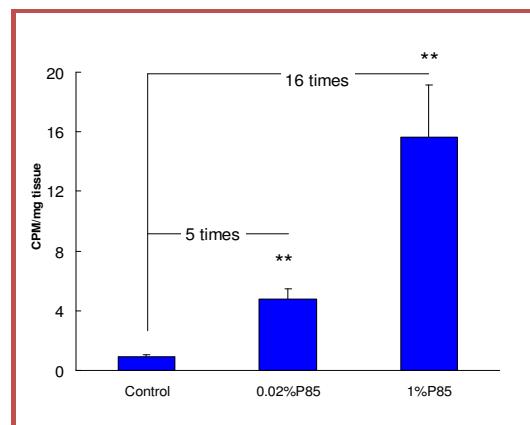
Localized ^{31}P Spectroscopy ISIS Image guided volume Selective In-vivo Spectroscopy



P388/ADR solid tumors

C57BL/6J mice
s.c. Lewis lung carcinoma 3LL-
27M

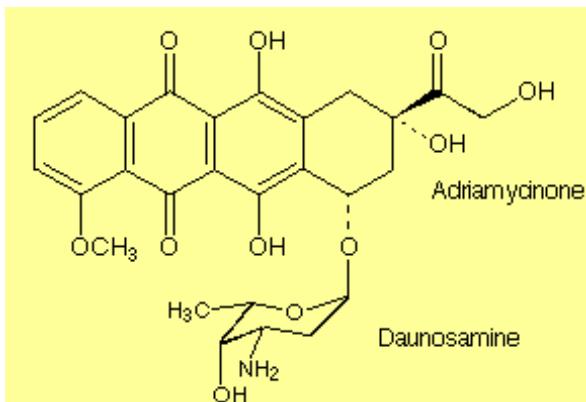
Tissue sampling



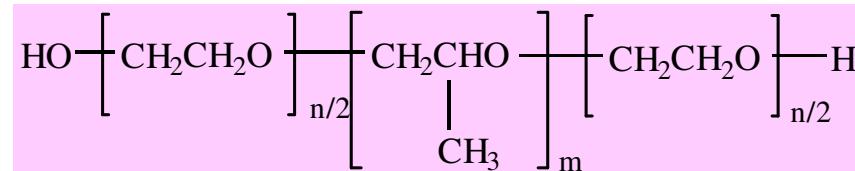
Batrakova et al, *J. Contr, Release* 2010, online

SP1049C: Pluronic Polymer Micelle Doxorubicin

Doxorubicin



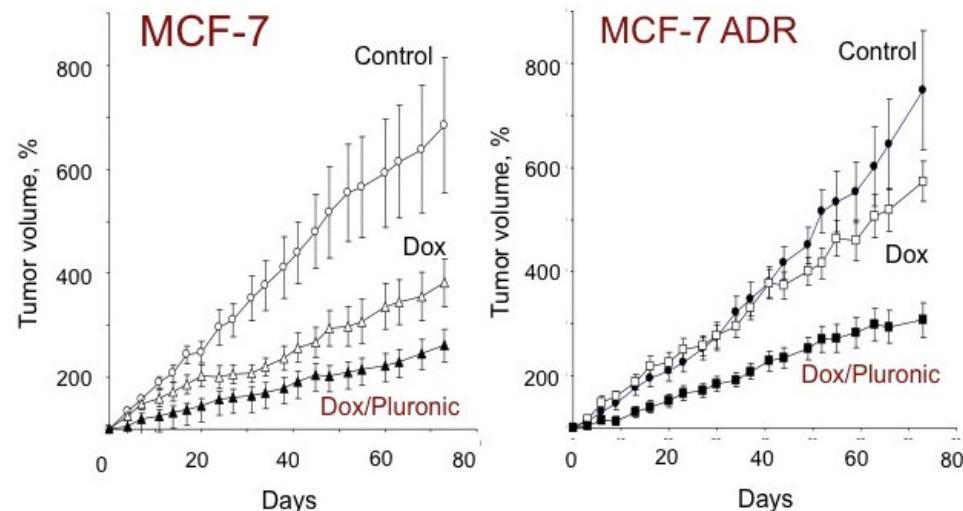
2 Pluronic block copolymers



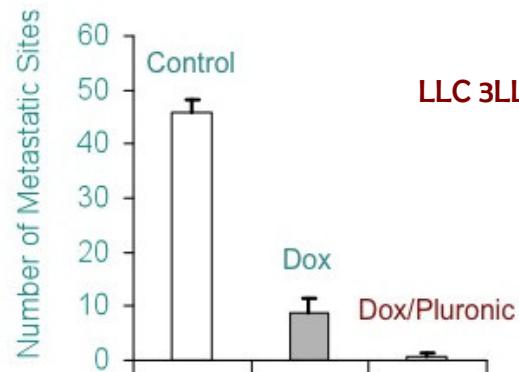
L-61 – 90% of POP, 10% of POE, M_m ~2,000Kd

F127 – 30% of POP, 70% of POE, M_m ~12,000Kd

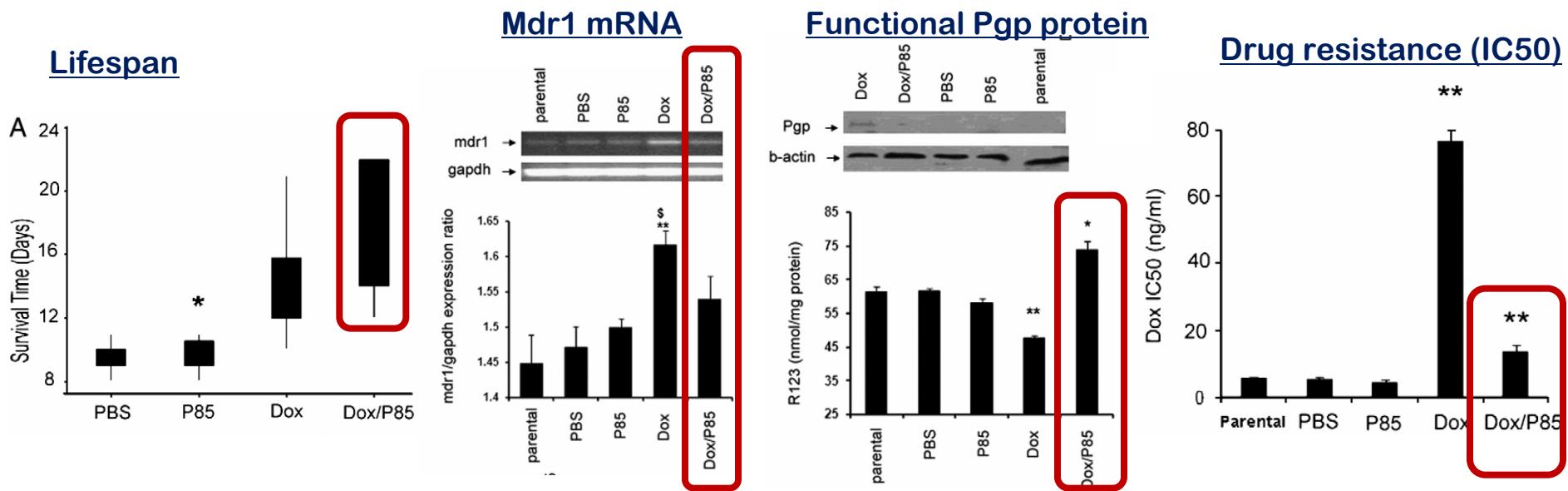
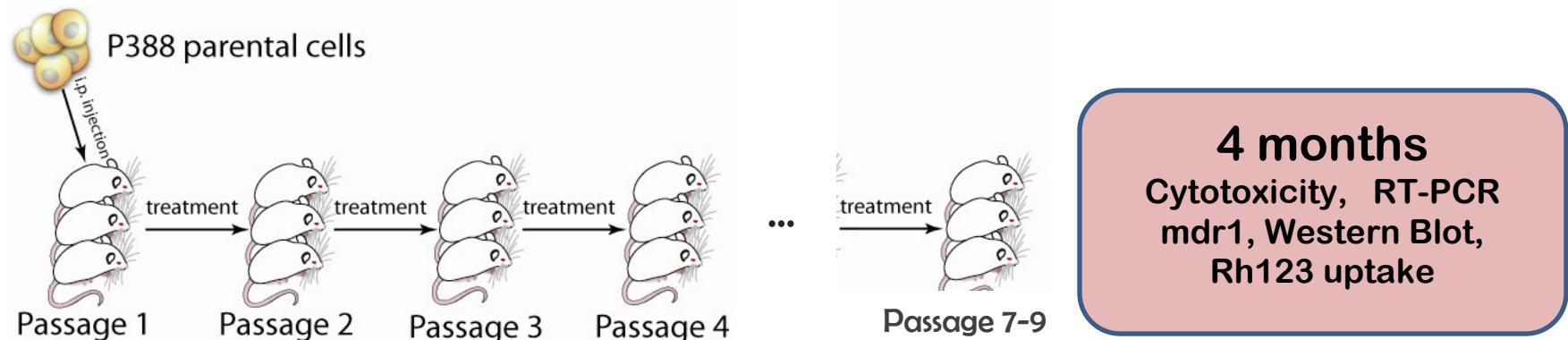
Tumor Volume



Lung Metastasis



Prevention of Development of MDR in Leukemia Cells In Vivo



SP1049C Clinical Trial Phase I

Phase I results:

- 26 advanced stage IV cancer patients
- MTD = 70 mg/m²
- DLT = neutropenia at 90 mg/m²
- Plasma PK - linear, dose-proportional, terminal elimination phase - circa 50 hours
- Toxicity profile similar to doxorubicin
- Activity observed in highly resistant cancer:
oesophageal cancer

SP1049C Clinical Trial Phase II

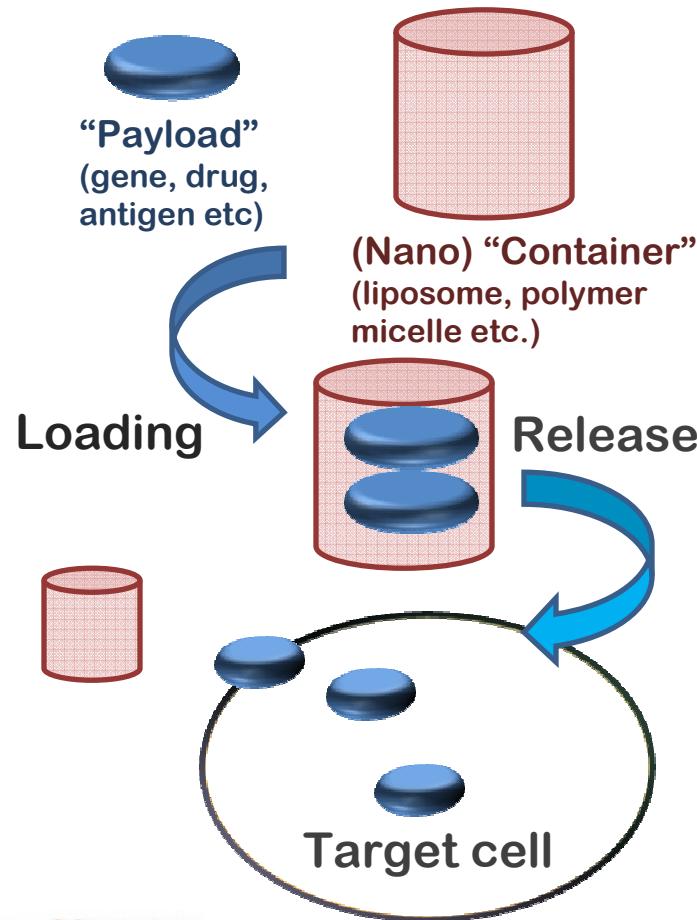
SP1049C-202-UK - open-label, phase II window

- First line therapy, adenocarcinoma of the esophagus
- 21 patients (19 evaluable)
- 75 mg/m² of SP1049C i.v. every 3 weeks up to 6 cycles
- SP1049C appears active in monotherapy (RR 47%)
- Median survival 9.96 months
- Toxicity profile: predominantly haematological and cardiac
- Further investigation :
 - Combination with platinum and 5FU as 1st line therapy
 - Esophagus/upper GI, vs. best supportive care after 1st line therapy

Phase III trial FDA SPA, agreed

Drug/Gene Delivery Paradigm vs. Polymer Genomics

The Paradigm



Available online at www.sciencedirect.com



Advanced Drug Delivery Reviews 38 (2006) 1597–1621

Advanced
DRUG DELIVERY
Reviews

www.elsevier.com/locate/addr

Polymer genomics: An insight into pharmacology
and toxicology of nanomedicines [☆]

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Available online 6 October 2006

When physically mixed or chemically linked to biological agents such as cytotoxic drugs, DNA, antigens and the like synthetic polymers and nanomaterials can alter genetically controlled responses of cells to these agents resulting in alteration of biological response.



UNMC Nanomedicine Group



Funding: NCI, NIBIB, NSF, DoD, Industry

Center for Biomedical Research Excellence Nebraska Center of Nanomedicine