

The Paediatric Regulation

Paediatric Team
Scientific Advice, Paediatrics
& Orphan Drugs Sector

EMEA
2007



The current situation

- 20% of the EU population, i.e. 100 million, is aged less than 16 years
 - ⇒ premature neonate, term neonate, infant, child, adolescent
- 50-90% of paediatric medicines have not been tested and evaluated

Risks:

- adverse effects (overdosing)
- inefficacy (underdosing)
- improper formulation
- delay in access to innovative medicines



The paediatric background

- "A child is not a small adult"
- Clinical trials in children are more difficult, take longer and cost more; said to be unethical
- Children require specific formulations
- Paediatric indications are not profitable
- Liability of use in children

Studies of medicinal products are performed by industry mostly in young adults, but not in children



Objectives of the Regulation

- Improve the health of children
 - Increase high quality, ethical research into medicines for children
 - Increase availability of authorised medicines for children
 - Increase information on medicines
- Achieve the above
 - Without unnecessary studies in children
 - Without delaying authorisation for adults

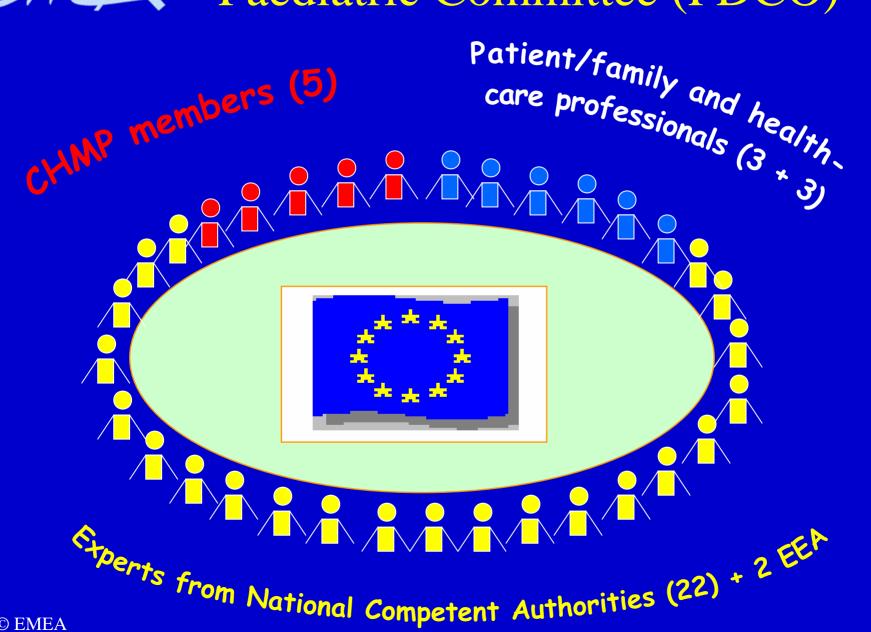


Main pillars of the Regulation

- An expert committee: the Paediatric Committee (PDCO)
- An agreed (evolving) paediatric development: the Paediatric Investigation Plan (PIP)
- A set of rewards and incentives
 - For new and on-patent products
 - For off-patent products
- A series of other tools for information, transparency, and stimulation of research



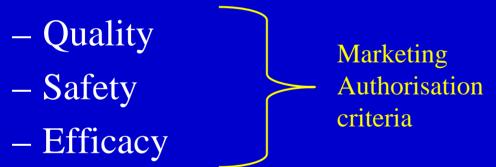
Paediatric Committee (PDCO)





Paediatric Investigation Plan

- Is basis for the development and authorisation of a medicinal product for the paediatric population <u>subsets</u>
- Includes details of the timing and the measures proposed to demonstrate:



- Is to be agreed upon and/or amended by the Paediatric Committee (PDCO)
- Is binding on company



Paediatric Investigation Plan Guideline?

A Commission Guideline under preparation:

Includes modalities on

- PIP requests
- Waiver requests
- Deferrals
- Key elements for PIP Decision
- Proposal for Significant Studies
- Compliance check



PIP request outline

- Information (administrative, condition, product)
- Waiver request
- Overall strategy for development in children
- Details of individual studies
- Proposed timelines (and request for deferral)
- References



Paediatric needs

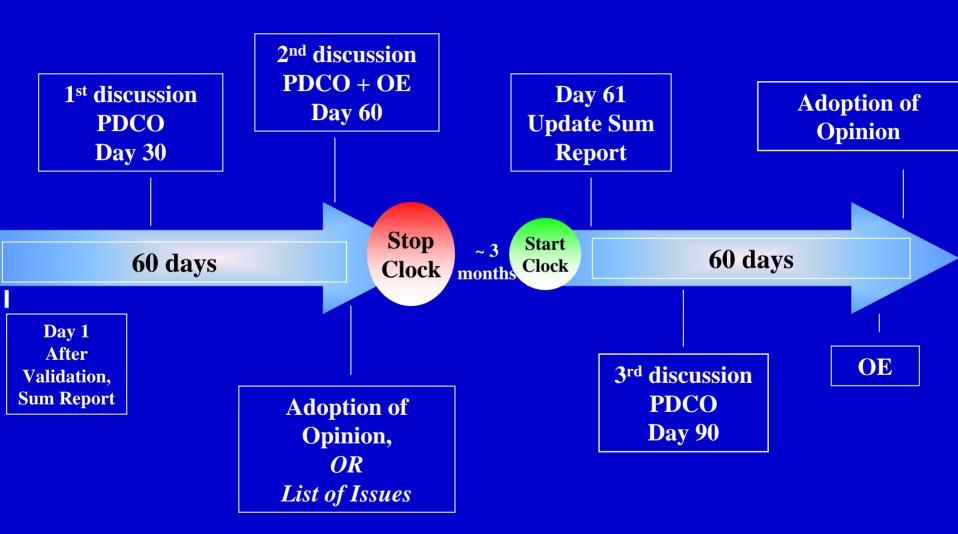
• Preliminary lists established by Paediatric Working Party (PEG), on EMEA web

• To be reviewed by Paediatric Committee in 2007

• Update of Paediatric needs by Paediatric Committee on basis of inventory (2009) following survey by Member States

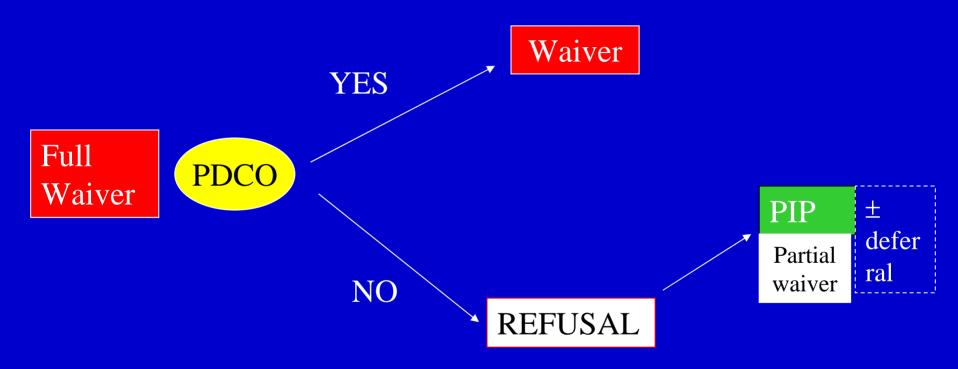


Overview PIP procedure



OE= oral explanation

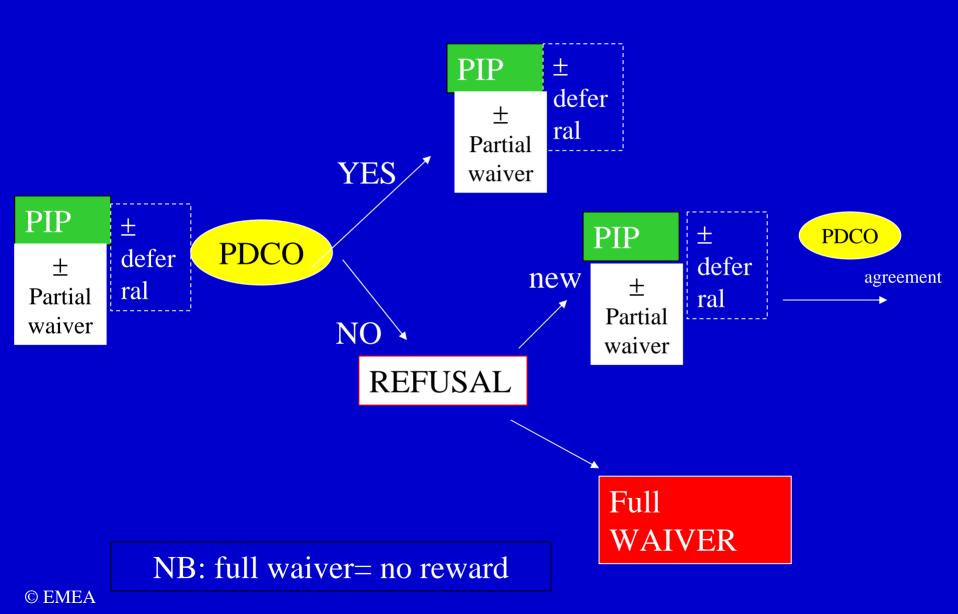
Applicant's request for a Waiver



NB: full waiver= no reward



Applicant's request for a PIP





New products

- Currently unauthorised products
 - Obligation to submit <u>results</u> compliant with agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan (PIP) at time of marketing authorisation (or invalid application)
 - Reward: 6-month extension of the patent protection (Supplementary Protection Certificate) if compliance, authorisation in all Member States, and information in Product Information



Recent products

- Authorised products with a patent
 - Obligation to submit <u>results</u> compliant with agreed Paediatric Investigation Plan (PIP) at time of new indication, new route of administration, or new formulation (or invalid application)
 - Rewards: 6-month extension of the patent protection (Supplementary Protection Certificate) / 1-year extension of the market protection if compliance, authorisation in all Member States, and information in Product Information



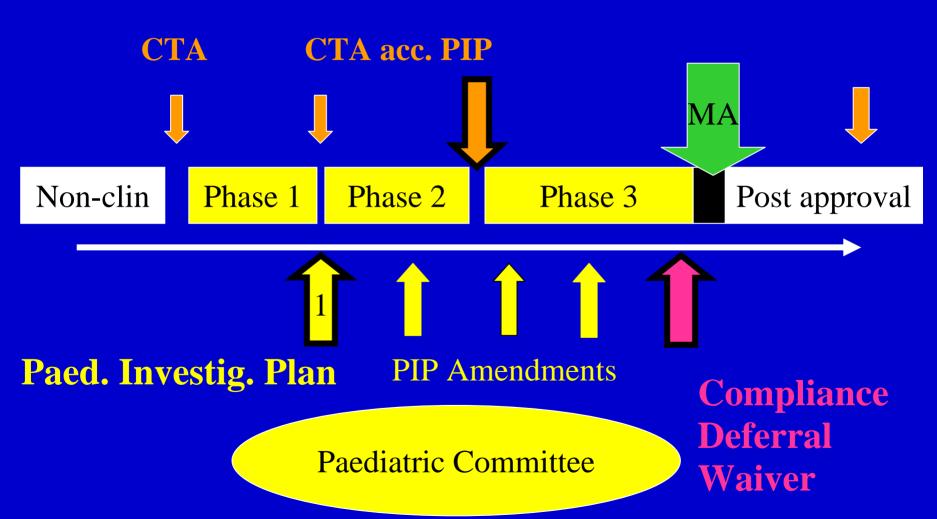
Orphan drugs

• 15-20% of rare diseases only affect children, 55% affect both adult and children (orphan designation data)

• 2 years of market exclusivity added to existing 10 years



Timing Consultation of Paediatric Committee





'Old' products

Off-patent products (Optional Procedure)

- Paediatric Use MarketingAuthorisation (PUMA)
 - Covers Paediatric indication and Formulation
 - Need for Paediatric Investigation Plan and Compliance
- Reward: 10 years data protection/exclusivity
- Brand name can be retained



Compliance check:



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Compliance check



- + Results in SPC
- + Authorisation in all MSs

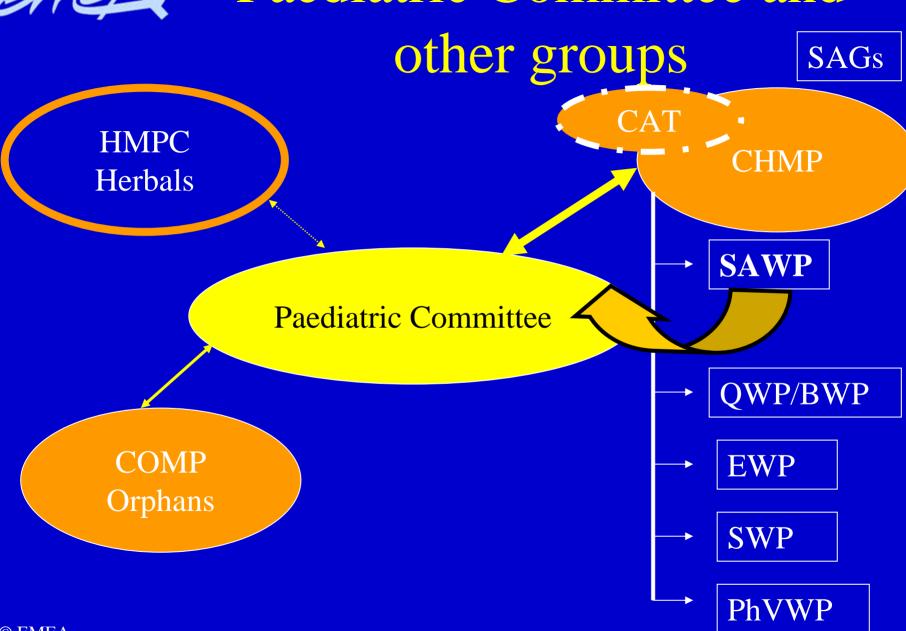


Paediatric Scientific Advice

- Free of charge from entry into force
- Prior to submission of a PIP or during PIP implementation process
- Including advice on pharmacovigilance and risk management systems
- Not binding on Paediatric Committee
- Link Paediatric Committee / Scientific Advice Working Party



Paediatric Committee and





A European Network - a tool

EMEA Paediatric Research Network

- To link together existing networks, investigators and centres with specific paediatric expertise
- Build up competences at a European level
- Facilitate the conduct of studies
- Avoid duplication of studies



Funding of paediatric research

- Community funding for studies into off-patent medicinal products
 - From Framework Programme(s)
 - -FP7: in second call (dead line for bids: second half of 2007)
 - 30 million Euros for the 2 first years
 - Link with identified Needs and Priorities for research into off patent medicines (EMEA website)



Transparency Measures

- Database of Paediatric Trials (EudraCT)
 - Protocols
 - Results
 - Studies previously performed (+/- published)
- Database of authorised Products in EU (EudraPharm)
 - Link to results of studies
- Medicinal Product information (waivers & deferrals, compliance, results)
- Name and Praise/Name and Shame by European Commission



Other measures

- Inventory of use in children in Member States
- Inventory of Paediatric Needs by Paediatric Committee

• Symbol on any medicinal product authorised for children (pre and post Regulation)

• Obligation to market, or Transfer of MA or consent to use data if product withdrawn from the market



Timeline of Implementation

- **Immediate (as of Entry into force, 26 January 2007)**
 - Free Scientific Advice
- 6 months from entry into force (26 July 2007)
 - Establishment of Paediatric Committee
 - Submission of PIP request
 - Paediatric Use Marketing Authorisation provisions apply
- 18 months from entry into force (26 July 2008)
 - Obligation to submit results of studies according to agreed PIP with applications for Marketing Authorisation (new products)
 - Or EMEA decision granting a waiver or deferral
- 24 months from entry into force (26 January 2009)
 - Obligation to submit <u>results</u> of studies according to agreed PIP with application for new indications, new routes of administration, new pharmaceutical forms
 - Or EMEA decision granting a waiver or deferral



Conclusions

... better medicines for children!