



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee

Five years of operation

Eleventh Stakeholder Forum on the Pharmacovigilance Legislation

21 September 2017



Where have we come from – challenges of operating new systems

How have we operated - opportunities of using new regulatory tools

What have we achieved – and PRAC's areas of current focus





50 years of medicines regulation

22 years of EMA

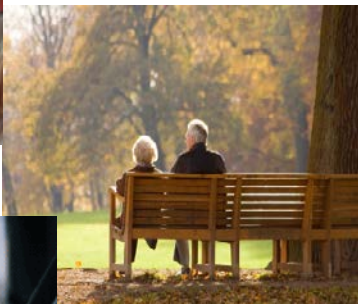
7 years of PhVig legislation

5 years of PRAC

A time of rapid change



Growing public and patient expectations



Changing demographics and disease patterns



Digital transformation

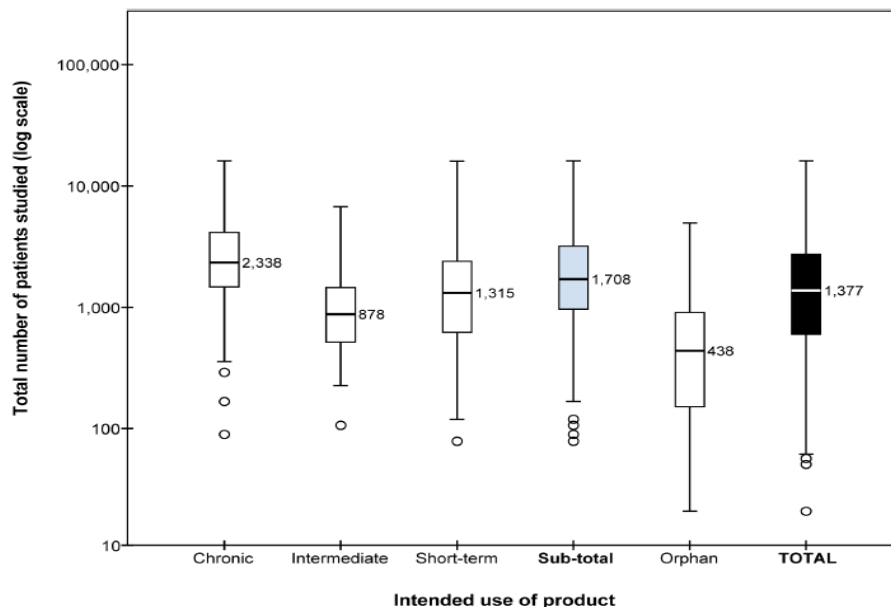


New science and advanced therapies

Patients studied before approval



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Duijnhoven et al
PLoS March 2013

Patients studied prior to approval of new medicine

For **200** new “standard” medicines between 2000 -2010

median total no patients= **1708**, for orphan drugs = **438** patients

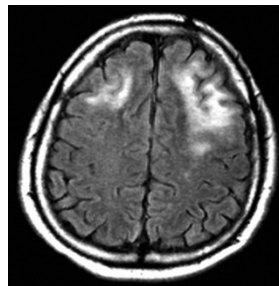
For 84 medicines for chronic use **79.8%** met guidelines for 12 months
(at least 100 participants)

Unidentified ADRs

Long term safety

Special populations

At risk groups



Impact of ADRs – preventable harm

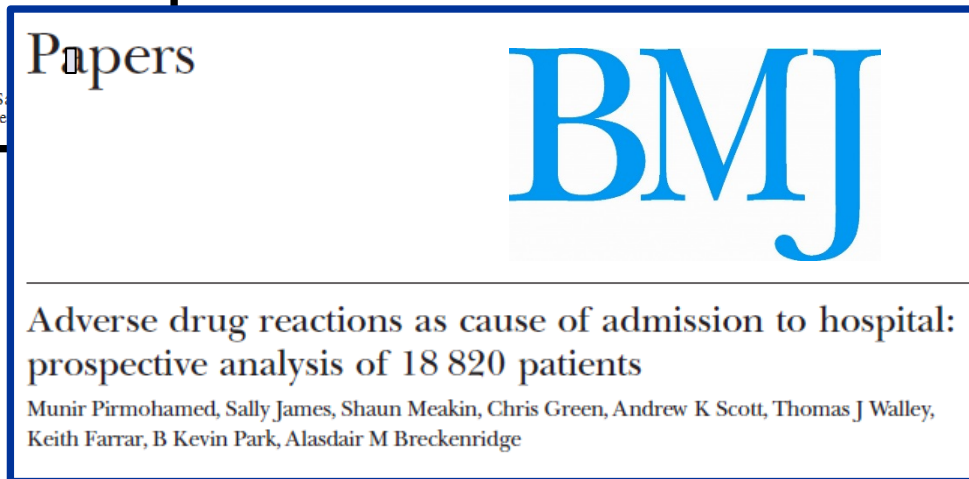


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*Rottenkolber 2011, Pharmacoepi
& Drug Safety; 20: 626–634*

*Pirmohamed et al 2004
BMJ 329; 15-19*



5% of all hospital admissions due to ADRs

5% of all hospital patients experience an ADR

ADRs 5th most common cause of hospital death

197,000 deaths per year in EU caused by ADRs

Total societal cost €79 billion

*5910 lives per year and
€237m could be saved*



1. **Clarity** on roles and responsibilities
2. **Proactive** & proportionate safety monitoring
3. **Robust and timely** decision-making leading to consistent action on safety issues
4. **Greater inclusiveness** for patients, healthcare professionals
5. **High levels of transparency**
6. **Best use of resources** – avoid duplication

All aspects of risk management of use of medicines including detection, assessment, minimisation and communication relating to risk of adverse reactions, having due regard to the therapeutic effect of the medicine, design & evaluation of post-authorisation safety studies & pharmacovigilance audit



Membership of PRAC

**Appointed by
each Member
State:**



**Appointed by
European
Commission:**



1 member + alternate

**28 + EEA countries non
voting members**

**6 members - relevant expertise
including clinical pharmacology
and pharmacoepidemiology**

**1 member/alternate representing
patient organisations**

**1 member/alternate representing
healthcare professionals**

Incorporating patients and HCPs

Kirsten Myhr



Albert van der Zeijden



Raymond Anderson



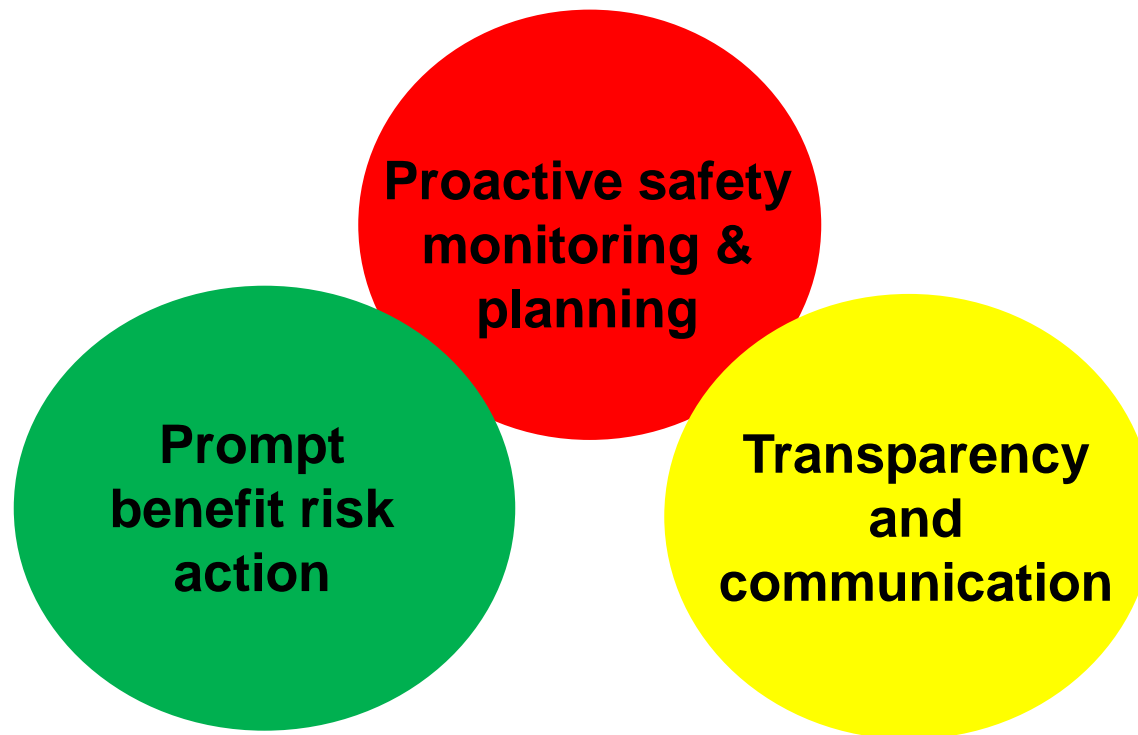
Marco Greco

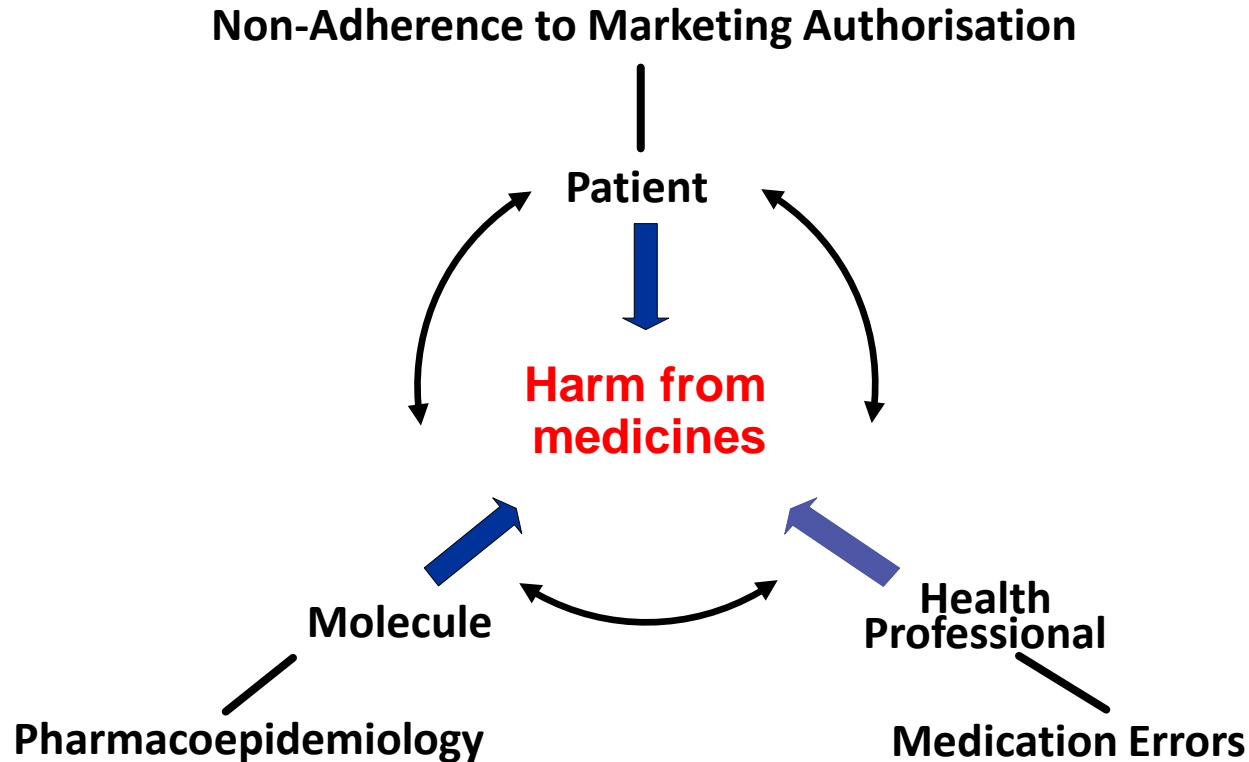


PRAC's three public health "pillars"



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**57 PRAC
meetings**

**Around 600
RMPs per
year**

**Around 600
PASS
protocols**

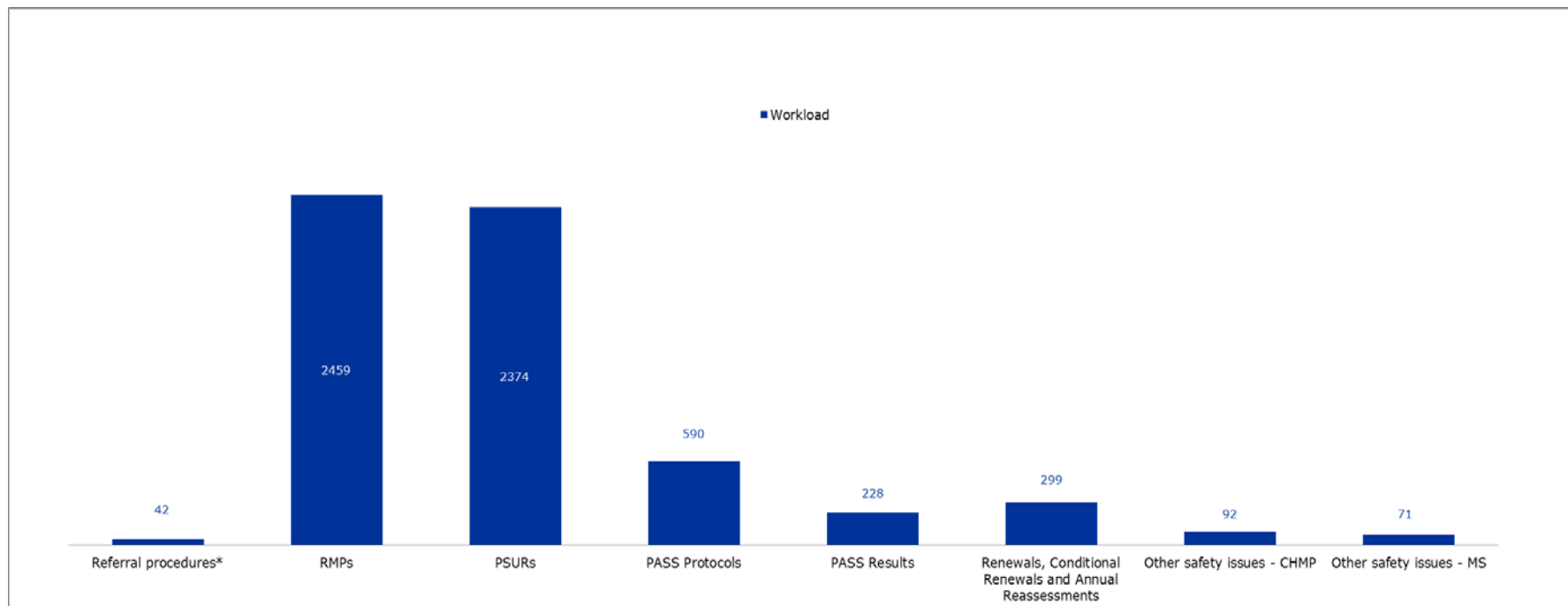
**Over 40
referrals**

**Over 600 PSURs,
PSUSAs per year**

**Around
120 signals
per year**



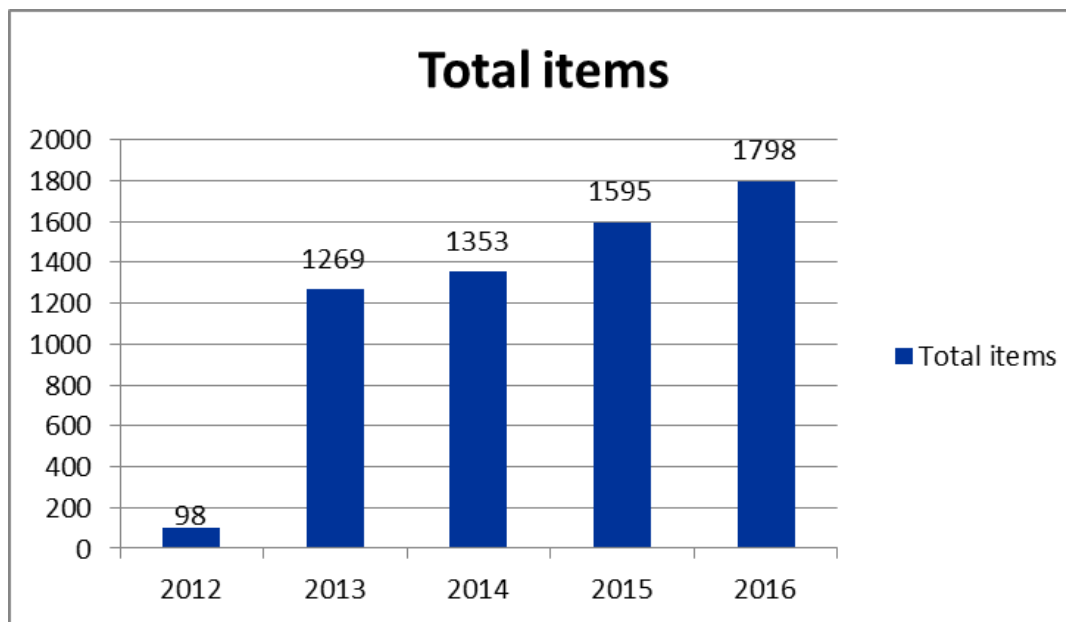
Selected PRAC agenda items - 2012-2016



*Referrals figures relate to actual procedures as per the referral team's tracking



Total items per year for Referrals, RMPs, PSUSAs, PASSs, Renewals, Other safety issues

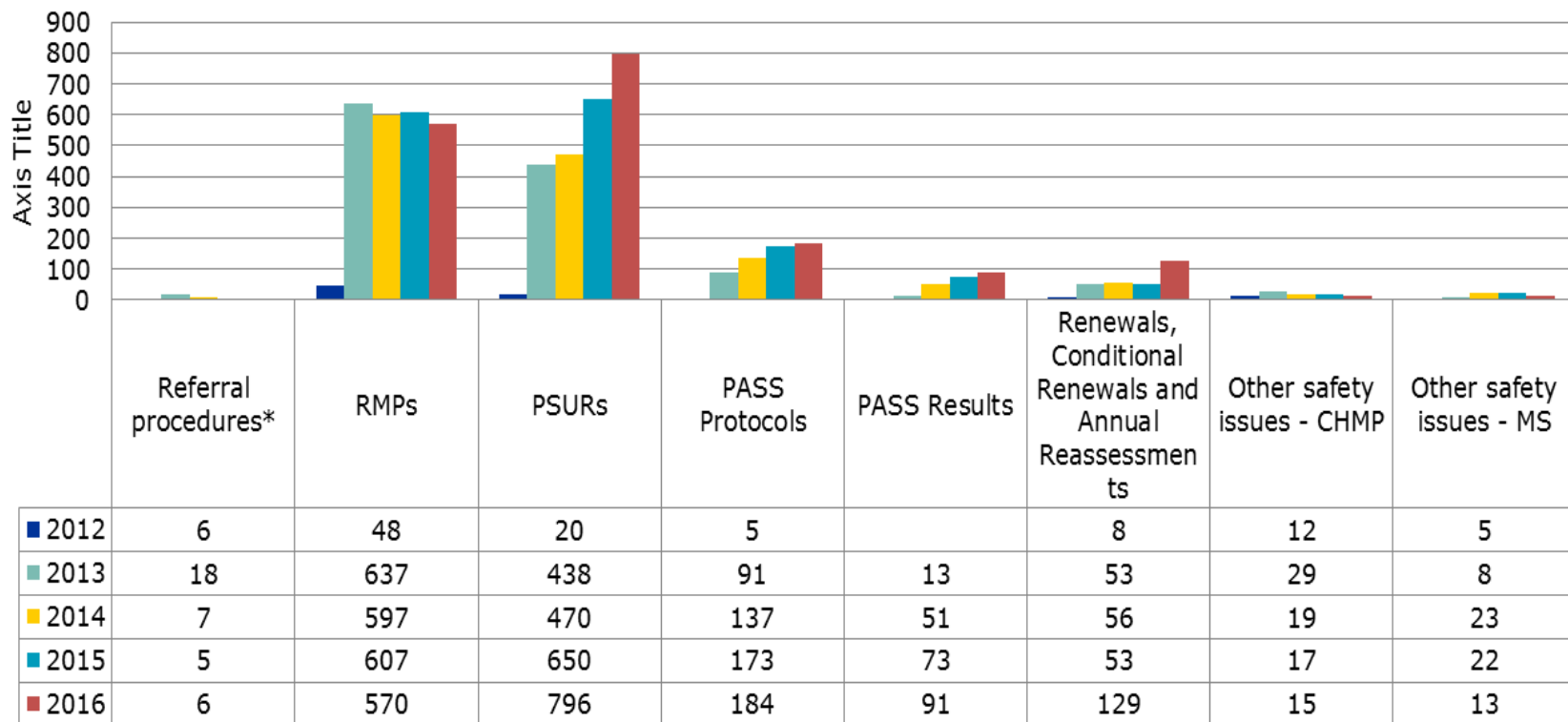


Yearly delta of selected agenda items



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Evolution of number of agenda items over time



*Referrals figures relate to actual procedures as per the referral team's tracking

Major PRAC focus on signal detection –Signal Management Review Team (SMART)

- Tools and processes
- Methodological guidance
- Signal detection methods



Implementing Regulation 520/2012 “the Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee shall regularly review the methodology(ies) used and publish recommendations, as appropriate” [Art 20(3)]

Around 50% signals derive from Eudravigilance ICSRs

If EV used in addition to other resources >54% serious safety issues detected earlier (*Alvarez et al 2010 **)

After audit report PRAC advised in May 2017 that EV meets functional requirements

Go-live November 2017

** Drug Safety 33(6) 475-487*





EUROPEAN
COMMISSION

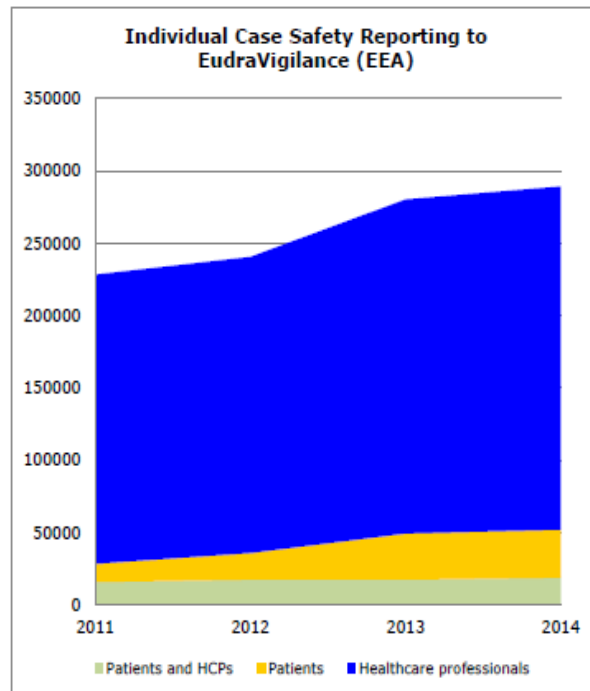
Brussels, 8.8.2016
SWD(2016) 284 final

COMMISSION STAFF WORKING DOCUMENT

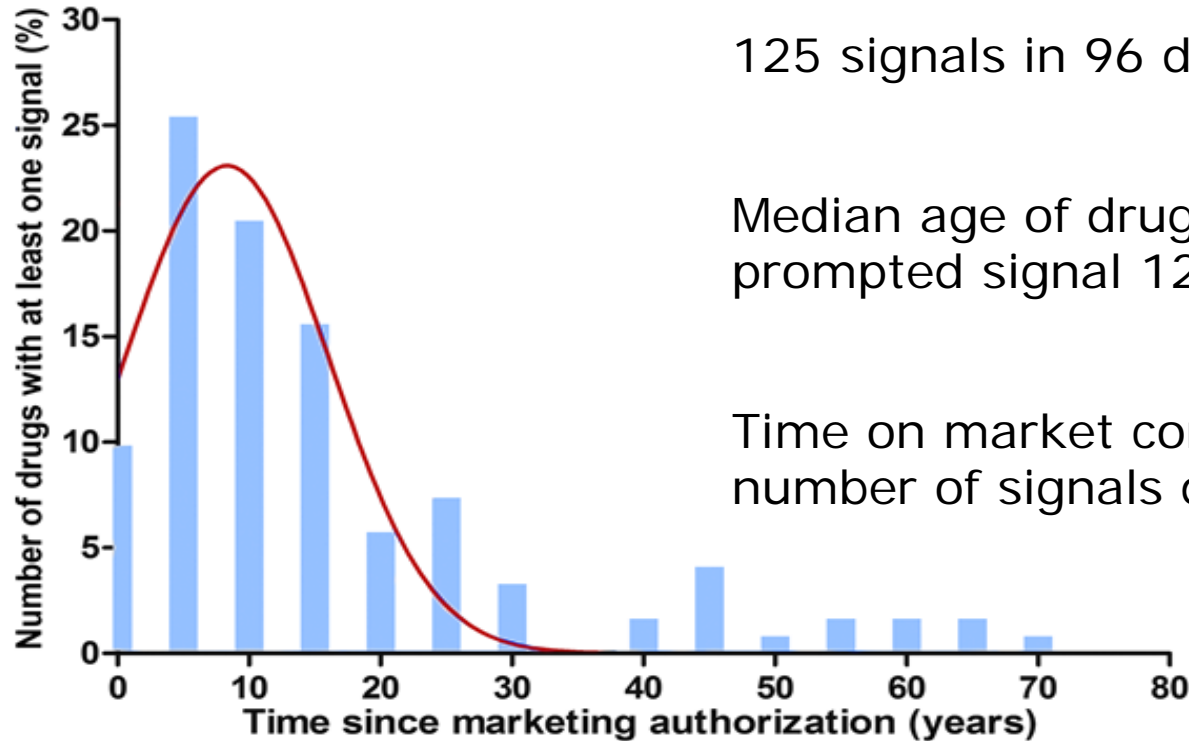
Accompanying the document

Commission Report

**Pharmacovigilance related activities of Member States and
the European Medicines Agency concerning medicinal products for human use
(2012 – 2014)**



Signals reviewed by PRAC in first 18 months



125 signals in 96 drugs

Median age of drugs which prompted signal 12 years

Time on market correlated with number of signals detected

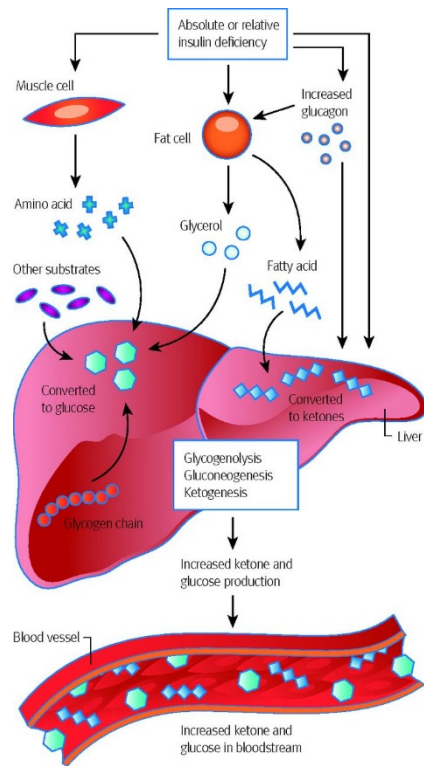
Pacurariu et al Drug Safety 15 Nov 2014



IMI PROTECT project – Research to address limitations of current methods in pharmacoepidemiology & pharmacovigilance

- Compared 15 signal detection algorithms across 7 databases
- Algorithms based on PRR, ROR, MGPS, BCPNN etc
- Key results & conclusions: all disproportionality methods can achieve similar overall performance by choice of algorithm

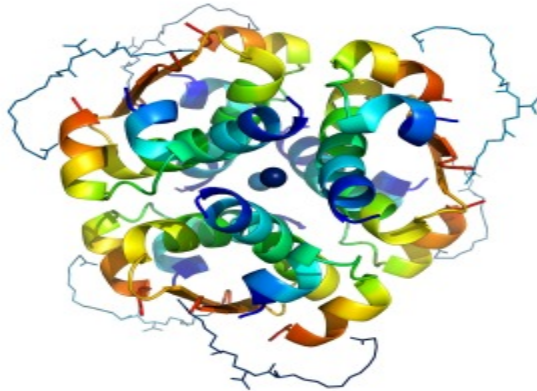
Candore G et al Drug Safety 2015; 38(6):577-87



Case reports of diabetic ketoacidosis associated with SGLT2 inhibitors in Type II diabetes

Prompt communication to HCPs in view of particular characteristic of signal – euglycaemia – related to mechanism of action of SGLT2s

Product information for HCPs and patients updated to include serious and occasionally fatal outcome



New generation of insulins

Potential risk of error

- higher strengths
- new combinations

Addendum to GPG supports consistent approach



Medication Errors Good Practice Guides



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23 October 2015
EMA/762563/2014
Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC)

Good practice guide on recording, coding, reporting and
assessment of medication errors



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

18 November 2015
EMA/606103/2014
Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC)

Good practice guide on risk minimisation and prevention
of medication errors

http://www.ema.europa.eu/ema/index.jsp?curl=pages/special_topics/general/general_content_000570.jsp



New methodologies for investigating ME error

Systematic approach to evaluation making best use of latest available guidance and methodologies

ME Signal evaluation to include Root Cause Analysis

Use of Failure Mode and Effects Analysis Framework



PRAC safety referrals

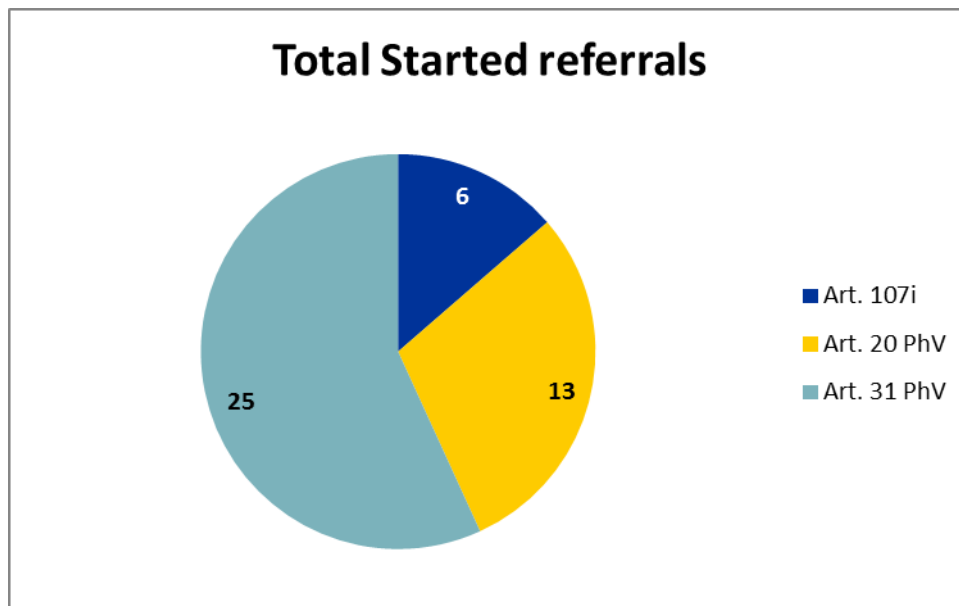


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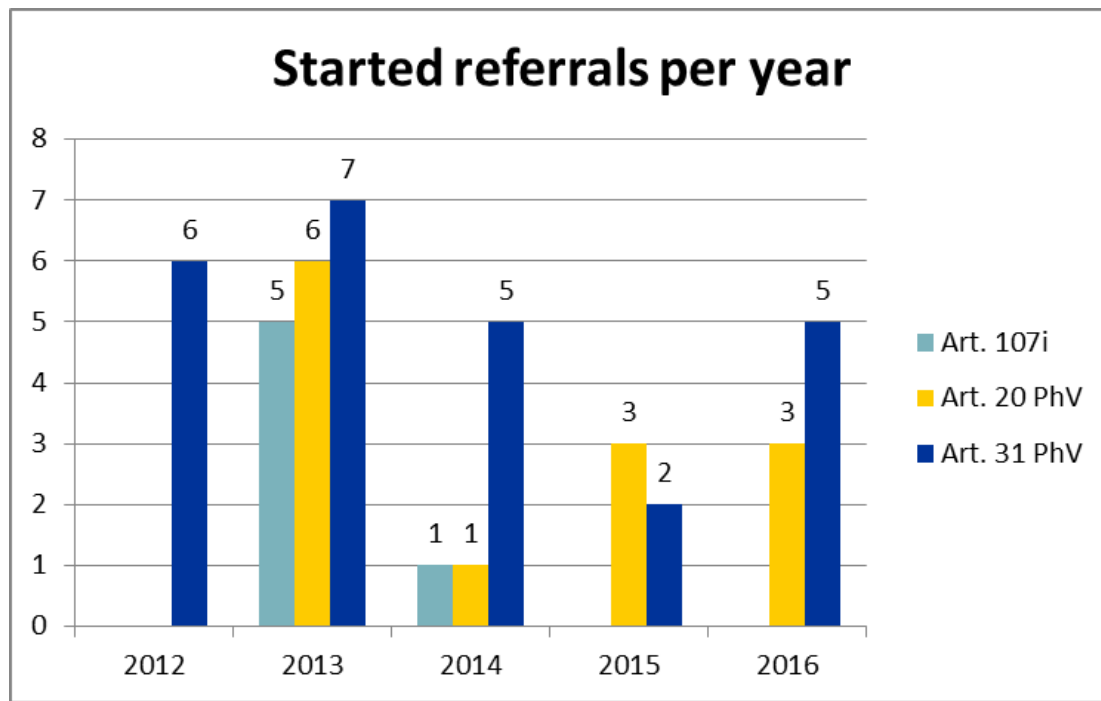


Total procedures started at PRAC per article – 2012-2016



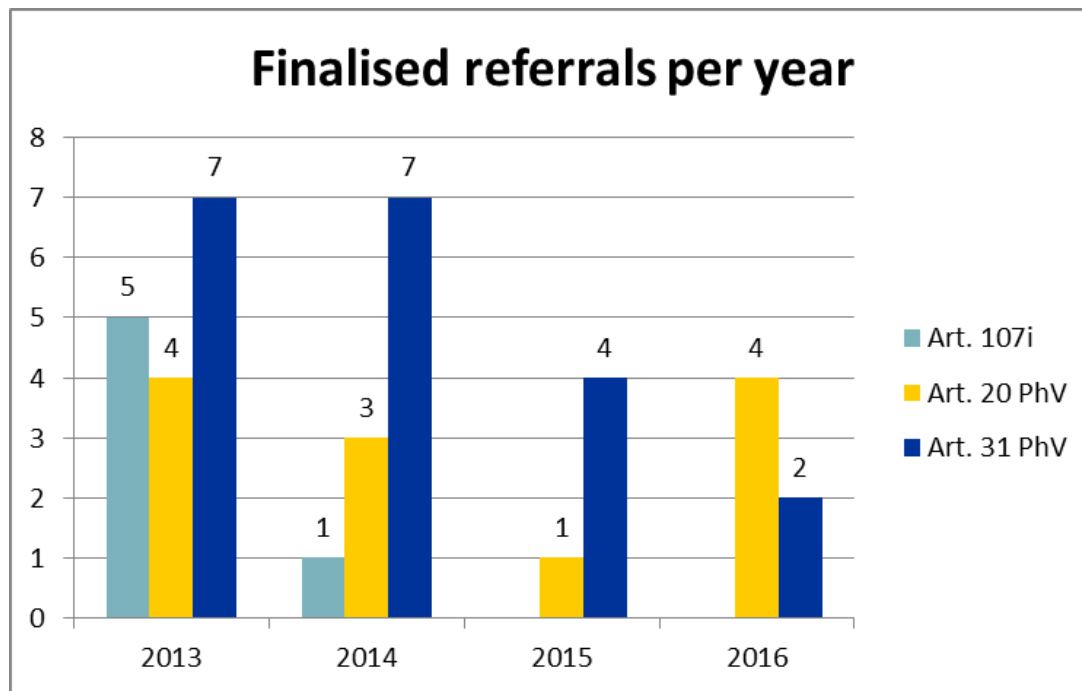


Started referral procedures per year per article – 2012-2016





Finalised referral procedures per year per article – 2012-2016



Regulatory action in 2007 on
nephrogenic systemic fibrosis

Risk of tissue accumulation appears
greater with linear than macrocyclic
agents

Benefit risk for some linear agents
no longer considered favourable

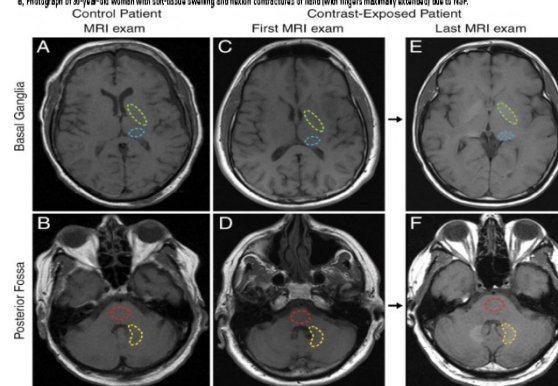
Broome et al.

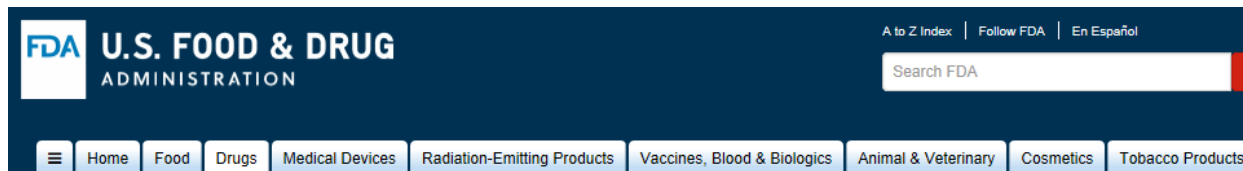


Fig 1—Two patients with nephrogenic systemic fibrosis (NSF) that developed after gadolinium injection.

A, Photograph of 46-year-old man shows skin changes due to NSF, including slightly raised and erythematous nodular plaques, and linear and confluent regions of fibrosis.

B, Photograph of 31-year-old woman with subcutaneous swelling and flexion contractures of hand with fingers maximally extended due to NSF.





Drugs

Home > Drugs > Drug Safety and Availability

Drug Safety and Availability



FDA Drug Safety Communication: FDA advises restricting fluoroquinolone antibiotic use for certain uncomplicated infections; warns about disabling side effects that can occur together

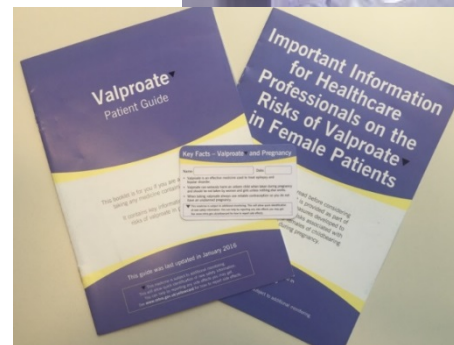
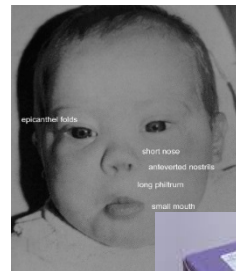
According to a [July 26 FDA Drug Safety Communication](https://www.fda.gov/drugs/drug-safety-communications) (www.fda.gov), these medications have been associated with disabling and potentially permanent side effects involving tendons, muscles and/or joints, as well as peripheral nerves and the central nervous system. Some patients may even experience more than one such adverse effect.

Developmental disorders up to 30 -40%
of pre-school children exposed in utero

In addition to 11% risk of birth defects

Further restrictions & strengthened
warnings in product information

Ongoing concerns about effectiveness of
risk minimisation



Binding outcomes from referrals, plus rigorous adherence to legal timeframes

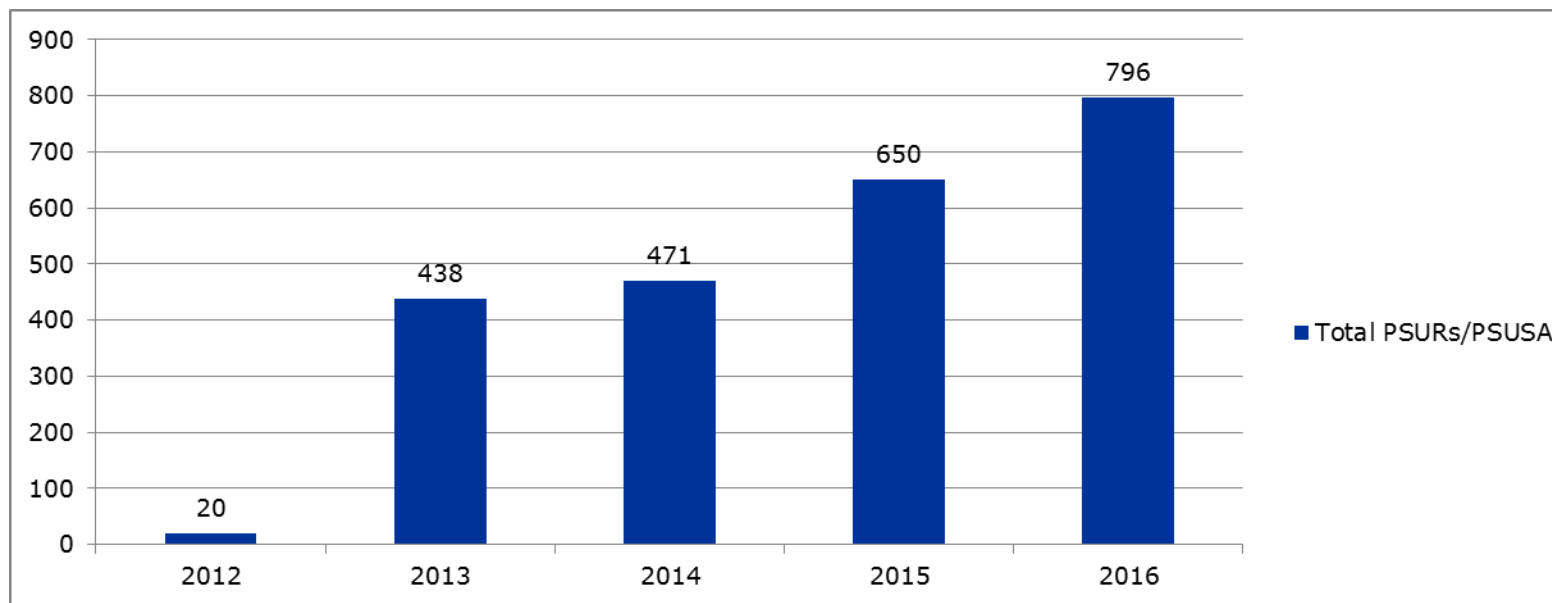
PSURs also an important benefit risk decision-making tool in life-cycle

PSUSAs now established and work ongoing via PSUR “Road Map” initiative is optimising procedure





Total PSURs/PSUSA - 2012-2016





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January 2014
EMA/281371/2013
Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)

- 4 Guideline on key aspects for the use of pharmacogenomic
5 methodologies in the pharmacovigilance evaluation of
6 medicinal products
7 Draft

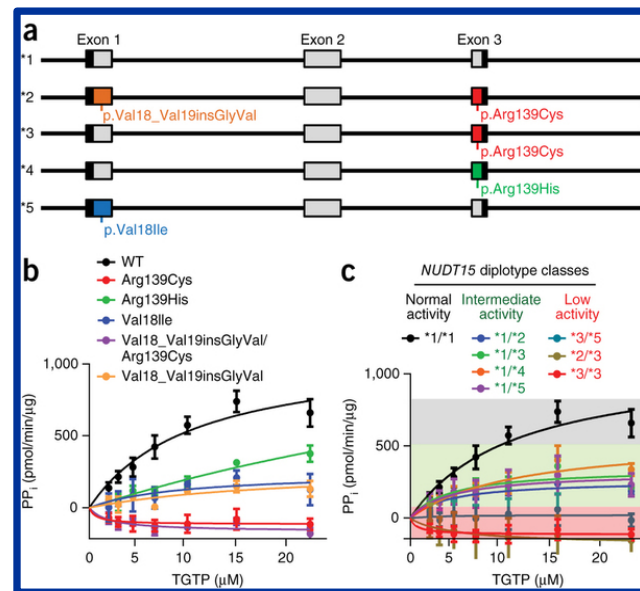
Draft Agreed by Pharmacogenomics Working Party	April 2013
Adoption by CHMP for release for consultation	20 December 2013
Start of public consultation	30 January 2014
End of consultation (deadline for comments)	30 July 2014

Mutations in NUDT15 gene result in increased thiopurine-related toxicity - leukopenia, alopecia

Ethnic variability in frequency of NUDT15.415 C>T

- ~ 10 % in E Asians
- 4 % in Hispanics
- 0.2 % in Europeans
- 0 % in Africans

Consider dose reduction in patients positive for NUDT15R139 C variant?



Moriyama et al 2016
Nature Genetics

How the committees
work

CHMP

CVMP

▼ PRAC

Members

Meetings

▼ Agendas and outcomes

Archive 2014-2015

Archive 2012-2013

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PRAC: Agendas, minutes and highlights

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The European Medicines Agency (EMA) publishes the agendas, minutes and highlights of the plenary meetings of its Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC).

EMA has published the list of acronyms and abbreviations commonly used in the PRAC agendas and minutes:

▶  [List of acronyms and abbreviations commonly used in PRAC agenda and minutes.](#)

The table below lists the different types of publications EMA publishes in relation to PRAC plenaries.

Publication type	Publication time
Meeting highlights	Friday after Committee plenary
Agendas	Before start of Committee plenary
Minutes	After Committee plenary where minutes are adopted



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Meeting highlights from the Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC) 3-6 July 2017

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News

07/07/2017

Meeting highlights from the Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC) 3-6 July 2017

PRAC concluded two referrals and issued provisional measures for treatment of multiple sclerosis; PRAC aware of contraindication for valproate in France

Injectable methylprednisolone products containing lactose must not be given to patients allergic to cow's milk proteins

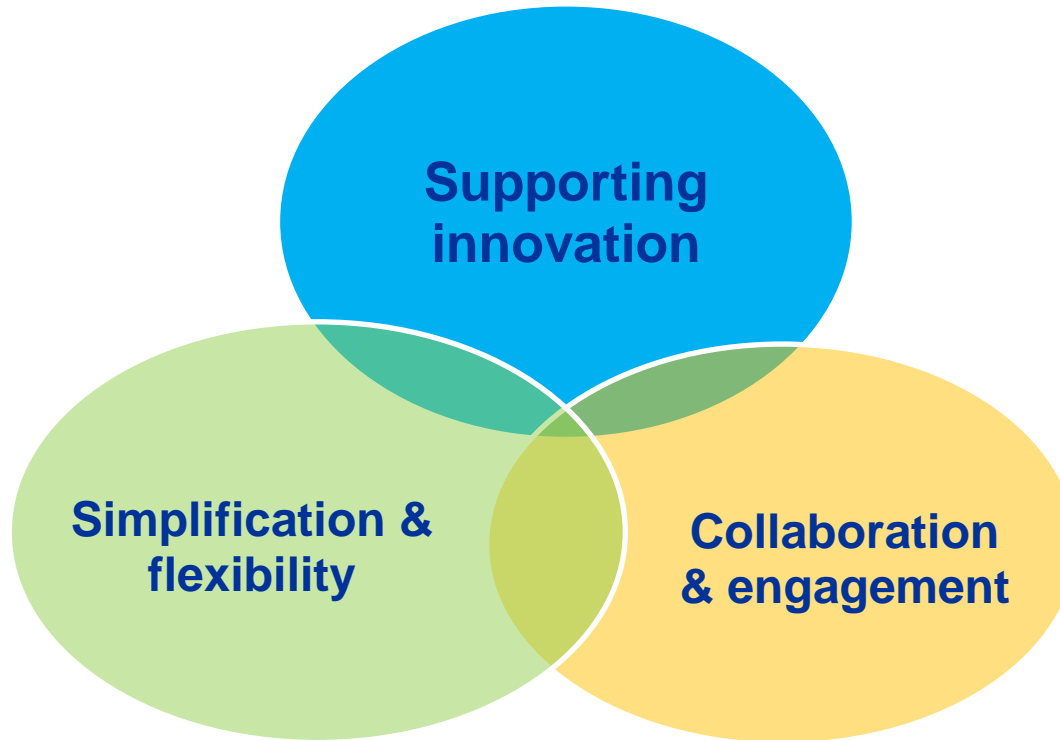
Related information

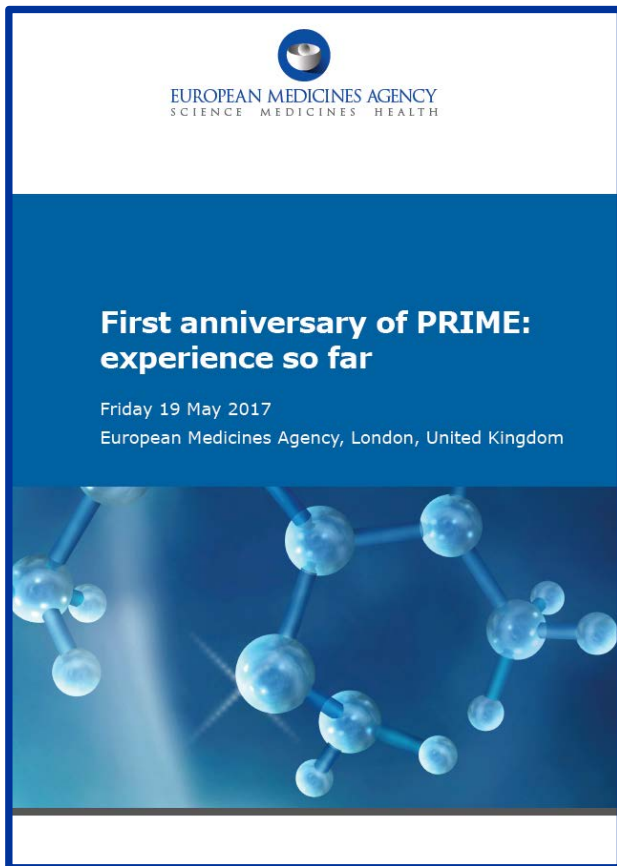
- ▶ [Zinbryta: EPAR](#)
- ▶ [Medicinal products containing lactose of bovine origin for IV/IM use in acute allergic reactions: Article 31 referrals](#)
- ▶ [Zinbryta: Article 20 procedures](#)
- ▶ [Valproate and related substances: Article 31 referrals](#)
- ▶ [Gadolinium-containing contrast agents: Article 31 referrals](#)

Where are we now?




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The poster is divided into three main sections. The top section is white and contains the European Medicines Agency logo and the text 'EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY' and 'SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH'. The middle section is a solid blue color and contains the event title, date, and location. The bottom section features a 3D molecular model of a complex organic molecule with blue and white spheres representing atoms and bonds, set against a dark blue background with a subtle light effect.


EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

**First anniversary of PRIME:
experience so far**

Friday 19 May 2017
European Medicines Agency, London, United Kingdom

“Many patients with serious diseases have no or only unsatisfactory therapeutic options and should be able to benefit from scientific advancement and cutting edge medicines as early as possible”

Access provided to Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency by Information Services

nature DRUG
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Associated links

CORRESPONDENCE

Proactively managing the risk of marketed drugs: experience with the EMA Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee

Peter Arlett, Geraldine Portier, Roberto de Lisa, Kevin Blake, Noel Wathion, Jean-Michel Dogne, Almath Spooner, June Raine and Guido Rasi

[LINK TO ORIGINAL ARTICLE](#)

challenges in the optimization of their safe and effective use.

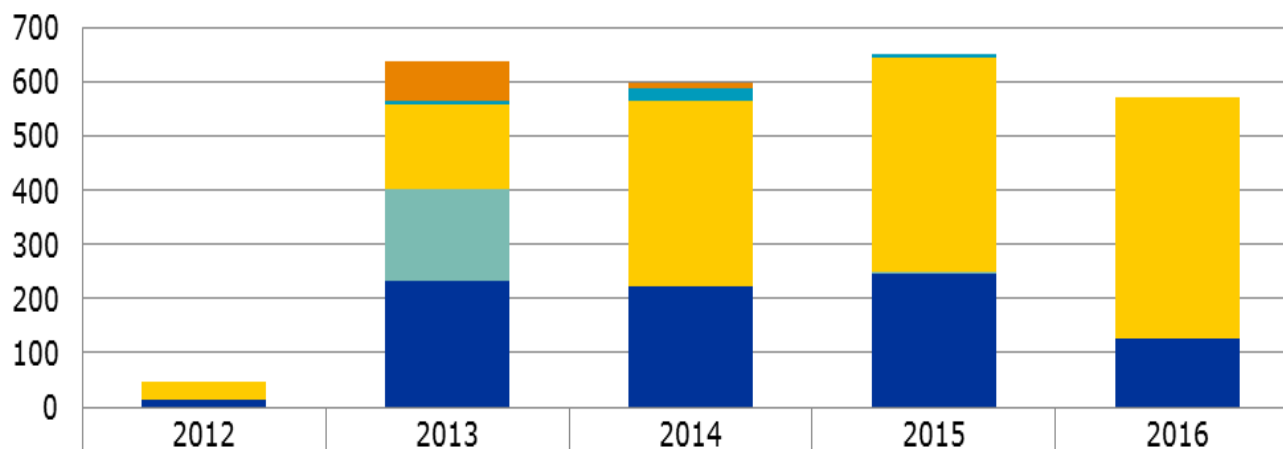
In the first 18 months of its operation, the PRAC has considered risk management plans for 160 medicinal products. In this work the PRAC has focused on ensuring feasible, evidence-based and risk-proportionate planning*.

The collection of individual reports of suspected adverse drug reactions (ADRs) is one of the foundations of drug surveillance, and the reporting rules have been strengthened. These now include the formal

"We suggest more safe & effective drugs can be made available

Through planning, engagement and transparency, as well as rapid assessment"

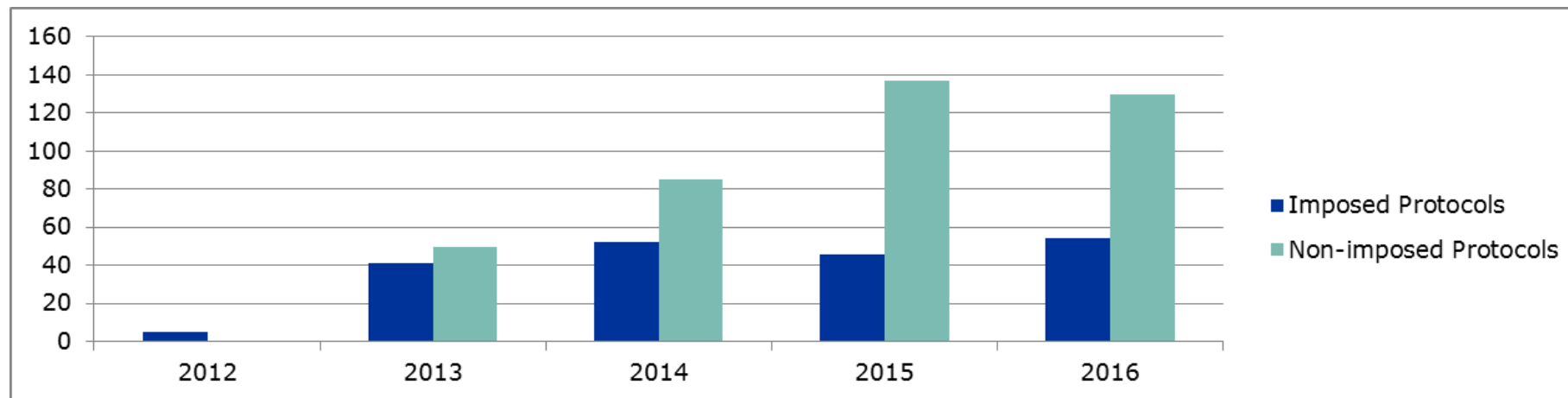
Origins of RMPs on PRAC Agenda 2012-2016



	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Post-auth Standalone		72	11	0	0
Post-auth with Renewal		8	21	4	0
Post-auth with Variation	34	154	343	396	444
Post-auth with PSUR		169	0	3	0
Pre-authorisation phase	14	234	222	246	126

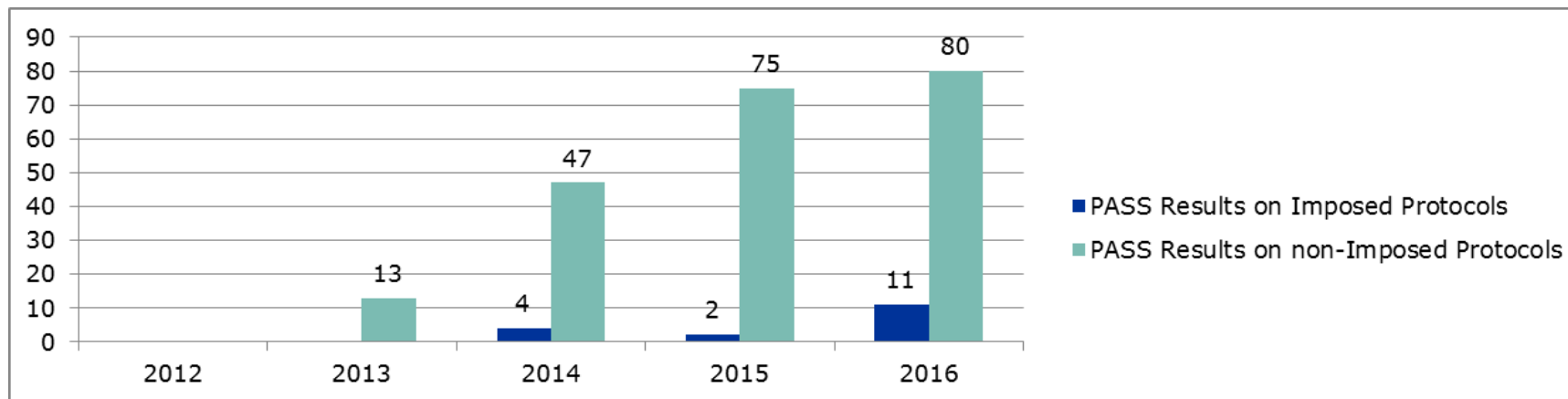


Imposed vs Non-imposed protocols - 2012-2016



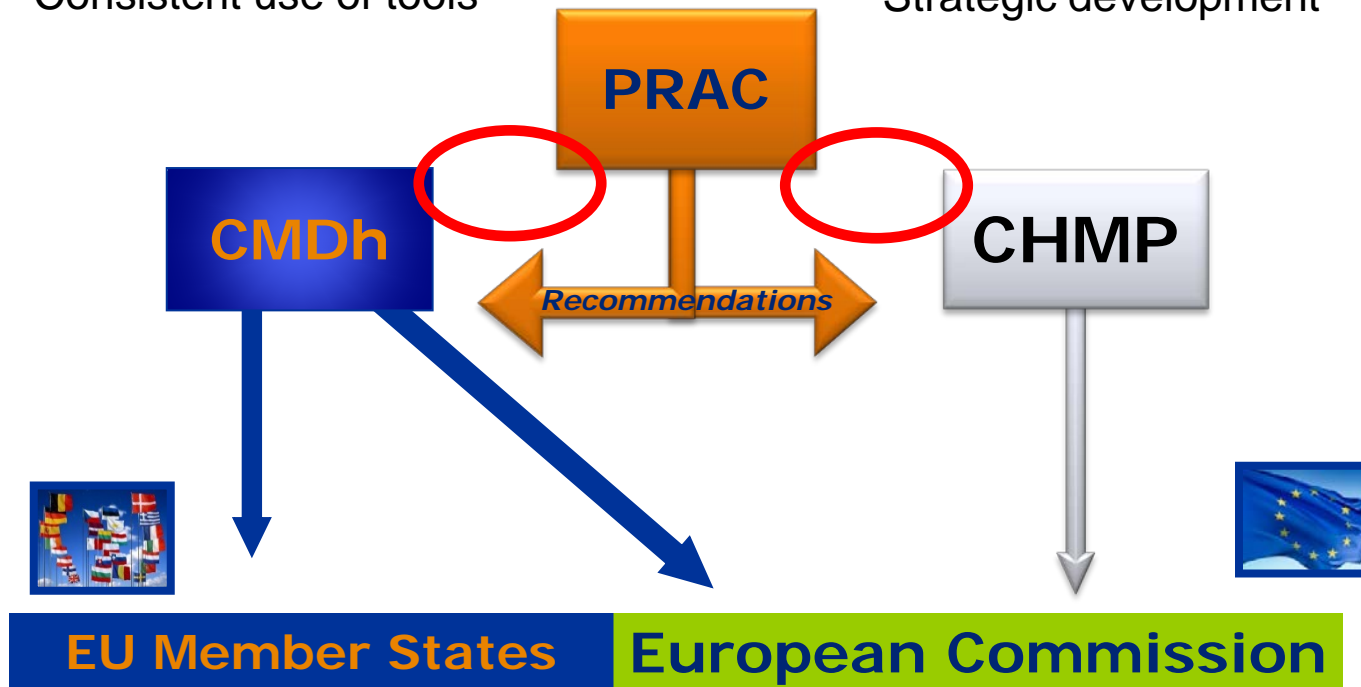


PASS results by type - 2012-2016



Consistent use of tools

Strategic development

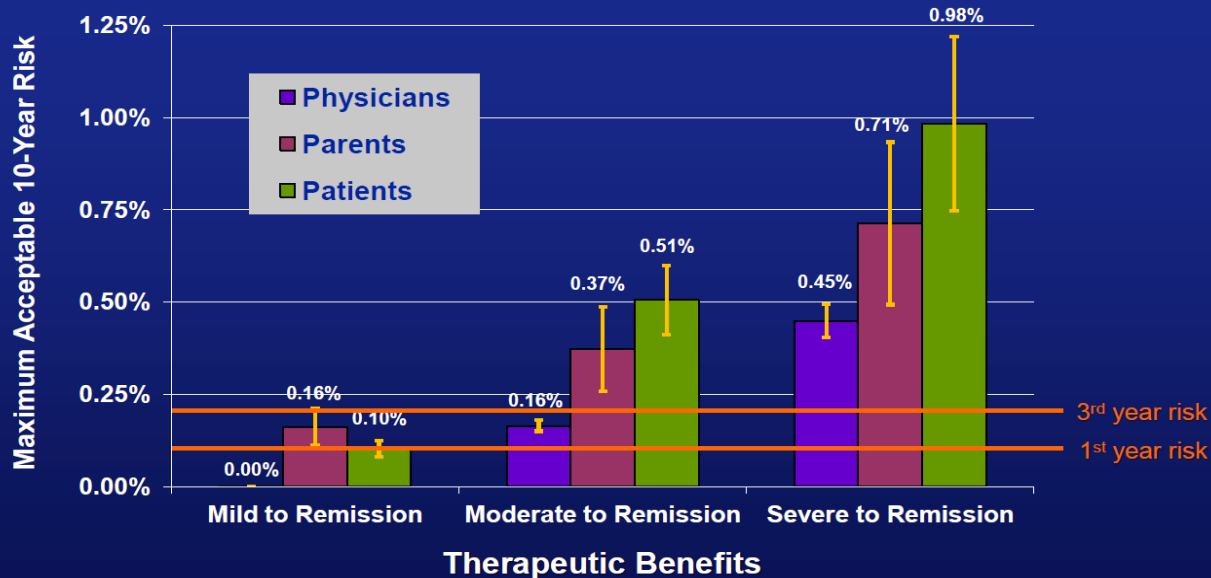




Interaction with patient
and healthcare
professional organisations
during referrals via
stakeholder groups

First PRAC public hearing
26 September 2017

Maximum Acceptable PML Risk Crohn's Disease



Johnson et al 2010 J Manag Care Pharm

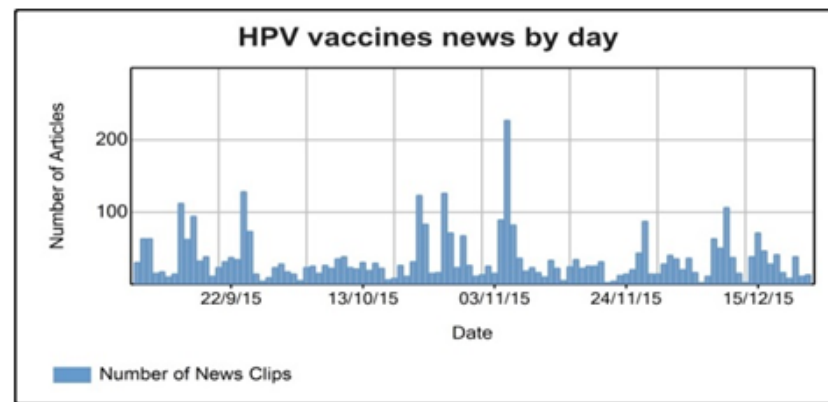
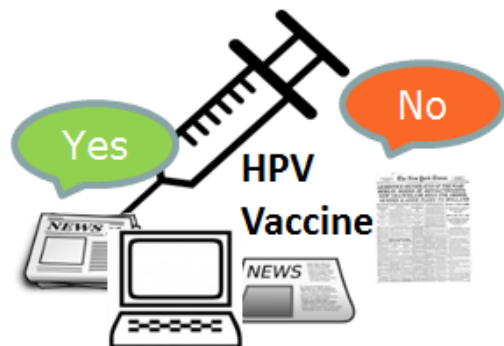


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Media Monitoring of the HPV Vaccines Debate – What the public wants to know and experts should address

Priya Bahri, Julianna Fogd, Irina Caplanusi, Andrej Segec, Xavier Kurz, *European Medicines Agency (EMA)*, on behalf of the IMI-ADVANCE consortium. For more information email: priya.bahri@ema.europa.eu





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11 November 2015

EMA/762033/2015

Pharmacovigilance Risk Assessment Committee (PRAC)

Assessment report

Review under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004

Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccines

Procedure numbers:

Cervarix: EMEA/H/A20/1421/C/0721/0071

Gardasil: EMEA/H/A20/1421/C/0703/0060

Gardasil 9: EMEA/H/A20/1421/C/3852/0001

Silgard: EMEA/H/A20/1421/C/0732/0054

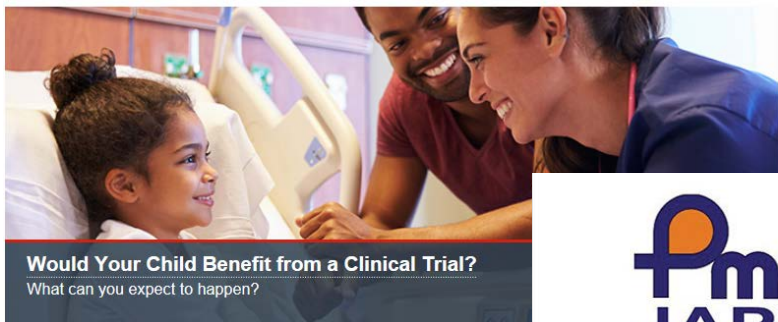
Communication and engagement following referral on HPV vaccine



International collaboration by PRAC



Regular bilateral
pharmacovigilance
teleconferences



Bilateral agreements
with FDA, Health
Canada & Japan PMDA



Health
Canada

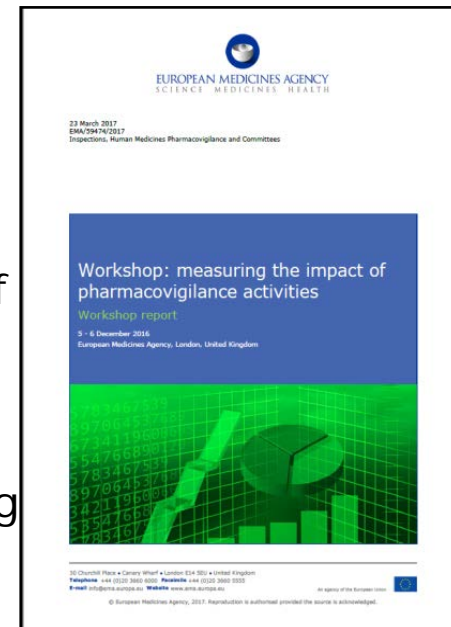
International Workshop 5-6 December 2016

Attendance >150 participants from regulatory & public bodies, healthcare professional & patient organisations, academia and pharmaceutical industry

Main objective: to explore methodologies for measuring impact of product-specific regulatory actions in terms of public health outcomes and impact of individual pharmacovigilance processes

Secondary objectives: to identify enablers & barriers to measuring impact of pharmacovigilance (patient & HCP engagement)

Recommendations reflected in adopted **PRAC Work Plan 2017**



Information Day on Impact of Pharmacovigilance 14th November

Objectives: progress of implementation of the strategy, reviewing methodologies for measuring impact and case studies, fostering collaboration and sharing of information amongst stakeholders (see EMA [events calendar](#));

- 1 – *The regulatory framework for impact evaluation of pharmacovigilance activities*
- 2 – *Getting it right: systematic collection of impact data throughout life-cycle*
- 3 – *Methodologies for impact evaluation*
- 4 – *What do to with results of impact evaluations – are we ready for the change?*

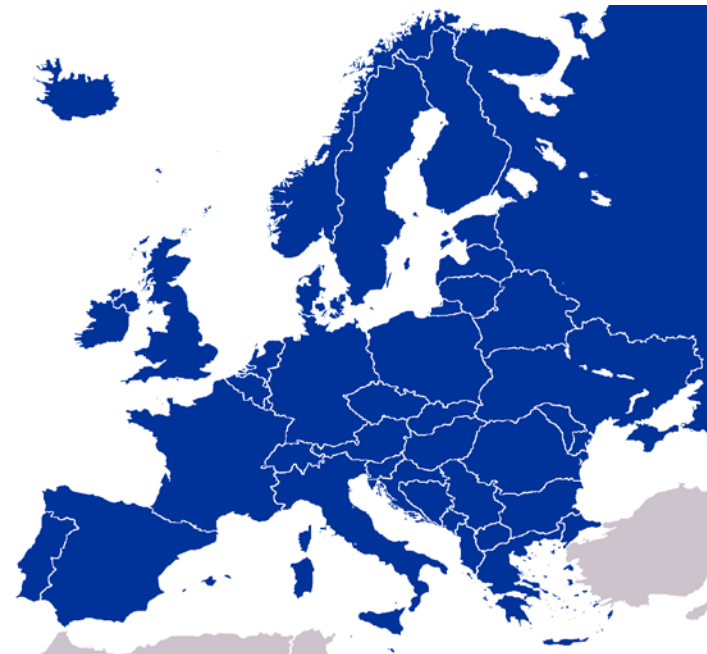
PRAC 5 years of operation

Monitoring benefit risk throughout product lifecycle in near real-time

Timely decision-making as evidence accrues

Using all available evidence supported by suitable methodologies

Patients & healthcare professionals' views integrated throughout





**Monitoring safety of
medicines for patients**

Pharmacovigilance activities related to
medicines for human use in the EU

(COM(2016) 498)

With thanks to PRAC
members, PRAC
Secretariat and EMA
colleagues for unstinting
support and dedication



Thank you for your attention

Further information

[www.ema.europa.eu]

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