

Pharmacovigilance:

Vision and needs for the future

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Pharmacovigilance



- World Health Organization: the science and activities relating to the detection, assessment, understanding and prevention of adverse effects or any other medicine-related problem.
- VICH: detection and investigation of the effects of the use of products, mainly aimed at safety and efficacy in animals and safety in people exposed.

Situation:

- Veterinary pharmacovigilance has expanded rapidly.
- The perception is of increasing administrative burden with no added value to safety
 - Companies have seen a dramatic increase in resources (staff, facilities) required for this area.
 - There is an urgent need to reverse the current drift towards disharmony.

Vision: 0-5 years



Overall aims

- to increase harmonisation/common approach
- Decrease administrative burden & increase focus on safety

3 key areas

- Detailed Description of the Pharmacovigilance System (DDPS)
- Periodic Safety Update Reports (PSUR)
- GENERAL



DDPS



- Currently required to be submitted with every MA application;
- Any change triggers variations and fees
 - Including change in Qualified Person for PharmacoVigilance (QPPV)
 - Where DDPS previously accepted, minor national agency comments in subsequent procedure can trigger new version

i.e Major administrative burden and cost

- Recent CMDv "WG on improvement of MRP/DCP" pilot:
 - DDPS Declaration as used on the human side;
 - the applicant can complete the declaration to state that the DDPS has already been previously assessed.
 - This should avoid repeat re-assessments and reduce the number of questions (avoid questions on the DDPS).
 - The CMDv will run a voluntary pilot for 12 months for new DCPs.

DDPS VISION



- DDPS replaced by:
 - Certification of MAH
 - Based on inspection
- or
 - Masterfile



- Change of system (DDPS): Variations
 - per MAH, not MA;
- Change of QPPV
 - QPPV not part of DDPS
 - List of QPPVs held in register
 - Change not triggering variations

PSUR



Current situation

Frequency

- All products have mandatory PSUR cycle regardless of risk profile
- New PSUR cycle sometimes requested for 'copycat' licences
- Change of DLP to join harmonised cycle requires variation cost
- Renewals clinical & safety expert statements

Contents

- Complex with multiple tables & calculations
 - 'recommended' in Volume 9b can be interpreted as 'required'
- Assessment comments received requesting 'updating' PSURs with no cases
- Administrative content
 - SPCs 'to be included'
 - List of MAs 'to be included'

PSUR VISION



Frequency

- Flexible calendar with reduction of PSUR frequency based on product risk profile
- All NCAs to follow synchronised cycle
 - vaccines to be included
 - No variations required to join synchronised cycle
- Eliminate renewals

Contents

- Simplified content
 - If non serious cases are required to be submitted electronically to Eudravigilance, option to remove line listings & simplify tables/calculations
- Administrative content to be minimised
 - SPCs not required to be included
 - List of MAs not required to be included



GENERAL



Current situation:

- National interpretations/legislative requirements cause added complexity
- Fees vary widely & can be complex to administer
- No EU product database
- No global database/exchange of data
 - MAHs submit same data multiple times
- VICH guidelines not implemented
 - Regional differences/additions generate different requirements to be met
 - Countries setting up new systems have no 'standard' & generate additional/different requirements



GENERAL VISION



Harmonisation:

- No national interpretations/legislative requirements
- One yearly fee per MS/agency (based on number of licences held) to cover all pharmacovigilance activities
- EU product database
- Global database/exchange of data
 - MAHs submit a case once
- VICH guidelines implemented with no regional differences/additions so requirements uniform
 - Countries setting up new systems also use the same uniform requirements or global database

SUMMARY



- IFAH Europe welcomes the opportunity to identify needs for the future to improve veterinary pharmacovigilance
- With the time needed for new legislation to be put in place, IFAH Europe urges everyone to identify & pursue opportunities within the existing framework to maximise the effectiveness of veterinary pharmacovigilance in the next 5 years
- IFAH Europe welcomes some recent initiatives & hopes to have future opportunities to participate in developing the way forward for the next decade



Thank you for your attention

