





Quality Control Systems for Secondary Use Data

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Recapitulation: We have two types of data

Primary use data	Secondary use data
Data produced for purpose in a fully <u>controlled</u> process	Data created for <u>another</u> purpose, and then <u>re-used</u> for ours







Recapitulation: We have two types of data

Primary use data

Data produced for it's initial purpose in a fully controlled or regulated process <u>Quality</u> is woven into these processes and design.

Methods are **Quality Management Systems** (QMS)

Secondary use data

Data used for another purpose, and then re-used for our purpose (regulatory decision making)

> <u>Quality</u> needs to be addressed <u>after</u> the fact.

Methods are **Quality Control**





Examples of Data Types for Primary and Secondary use

Primary use data	Secondary use data
Drug Research/Pre-clinical Development • Omics • Bioanalytical Clinical Trials • Clinical Trial data (human/animal) Manufacturing • Batch Execution • Analog readings (e.g., temp, flow rates, levels, speeds) • Product Information (e.g., IDs, batch, raw material lot) • Purity • Device Specifications/Quality results	Patient/Animal-centric longitudinal clinical data • EHR • Insurance claims • Registry data • Clinical trial data <u>after trial completion</u> Other person/animal-level data • Spontaneous AE reports • Genomic data • Social media data • Mobile health data • Social determinants of health







QMS vs QC:

What is already controlled and what needs to be controlled?

- As mentioned in the Landscape Analysis, there is a plethora of regulations and guidelines for Primary Use Data (ISO 900x, 8000, GxP).
- Data can still lack quality when used
 for regulatory purposes and so needs a
 framework to ensure quality prior to
 use

5 Quality Control Systems for Secondary Use Data





Quality Frameworks depend on the nature of the data and it's use

Quality control for these data are specific for the method of their generation and the purpose of the study

Secondary use data

Patient/Animal-centric longitudinal clinical data

- EHR
- Insurance claims
- Registry data
- Clinical trial data <u>after trial completion</u>

Other person/animal-level data

- Spontaneous AE reports
- Genomic data
- Social media data
- Mobile health data
- Social determinants of health





Quality Control

QC = Data are checked for the degree to which they adhere to the true facts they represent using data quality dimensions as expressed in the example below.



Secondary use data

Data used for another purpose, and then re-used for our purpose (regulatory decision making)





Some Domains Defined for QC

- These are overlapping and repetitive
- **Uniqueness =** uniquely identity of a person or medical fact
- **Completeness =** defines the rate at which their occurrence is captured in the data.
- **Consistence =** same information is captured the same way
- **Accuracy =** information is correctly captured
- Sensitivity = information is reliably captured if it happened and not missed
- **Precision =** if information is captured it is correctly captured
- **Relevance =** information is captured that matters to the purpose
- **Conformity =** information is captured the correct way
- **Timeliness =** information is captured at the correct time, or is captured without delay in the capture process







Summary

- Analysed Data Quality Frameworks have slightly different foci on quality dimensions
- Data Quality is controlled for
 Primary Use Data through existing
 QMS and regulatory guidelines
- Quality Control is possible and needed for Secondary Use Data
- Quality Dimensions are applied depending on the purpose of data









Thank you!

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