Report from the WHO workshop on IDMP, WHO HQ, Geneva, Sep 11-12, 2019

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Aim of the workshop

- A clear articulation of the benefits and challenges of the maintenance of global PhPID
- Initial considerations for the necessary policy, processes, training and resources for scale-up of IDMP in different geographic and resource settings
- Consensus to establish a working group and initiate the development of a plan for the maintenance of global PhPIDs
- Elements of a framework for further outreach and collaboration in the global implementation of the IDMP standards

Participants

US-FDA Brazil

EMA Morocco

PMDA Nigeria

Health Canada Thailand

WHO IFPMA

UMC



Use cases identified for IDMP and global PhPID

Pharmacovigilance including signal detection, medication errors & pharmacoepidemiological studies

Reimbursement and purchasing

• Comparing for example price differences between countries

Stock-outs and shortages

Identify comparable products to be used

Cross-border prescriptions

Support information sharing in-between authorities

Identify products with the same ingredients in drug submissions and evaluations

IDMP and implementation of global PhPID

There is a risk for disharmony in the implementation of global PhPID with local solutions:

- Local assignment for substance IDs
- Local controlled vocabularies
- Local variations of PhPID algorithms to fit local use case that can not be mapped to a global PhPID

There is a need to adopt a proactive approach that will limit unnecessary local variations in the data



A need of global control vocabularies to ensure consistency of global PhPID.

A global PhPID needs global control vocabularies according to ISO 11238, ISO 11239 and ISO 11240

- Identified problem with dosage form according to ISO 11239
 - Need for adaptations of EDQM to ensure global use
- A global substance ID is a prerequisite for a global PhPID



Use and maintenance of Global PhPID

WHO proposal:

The WHO collaborating centre, the Uppsala Monitoring Centre (UMC), take on the responsibility for the day-to-day operations of the global PhPIDs

- WHO-UMC maintained global PhPIDs use global substance IDs, dose forms, strength and reference strength according to ISO standards
- All users (regulators and industry) are able to use and request global PhPID
- Users understand the different components of IDMP and use or map to global dose forms, strength and reference strength



Use and maintenance of Global Substance ID

WHO proposal:

To form a working group to investigate the requirements for global substance registration. The group should define best practise for how to identify/validate new substances and the level of granularity needed for global substance registration



Need for promotion of global consistency of IDMP

Find out needs from different stakeholders regarding training, promoting and awareness

 What investment is needed for each regulatory authority to start using IDMP?

The following ideas were suggested regarding awareness and promotion:

- Learn from what has been done already (e.g. FDA for G-SRS, EMA for EU-SRS)
- Circulate information about webinars, e.g. FDA and EMA are broadcasting regularly
- Create training material
- Use IPRP to raise awareness of IDMP



Nest steps: Global PhPID

Work group for global PhPID:

- to have frequent meetings to update on progress and discuss implementation approaches
- to agree on next steps for global PhPID, including possible pilot and business case for WHO-UMC maintained global PhPID to give the background and value of the initiative
- to elaborate on the use cases for global PhPID
- investigate the feasibility of incorporating veterinary medicines into WHO-UMC maintained global PhPID

Development of the global PhPID service should follow the pace of the development and implementation of IDMP in a stepwise and pragmatic approach

Nest steps: Global Substance ID

A separate group should define the objective, expertise and membership needed to form a working group for creation and maintenance of global substance IDs



Nest steps: communication

Present update at IPRP meeting in October and discuss possible collaboration with ISO/WHO.

Developed communication material including work group minutes to be published on IPRP homepage

No efforts should be duplicated, interact with other groups working with IDMP (ISO, IPRP etc)

