



EMA stakeholder interaction on the development of medicinal products for chronic non-infectious liver diseases (PBC, PSC, NASH)

PSC Patient Perspective

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On behalf of the PSC Patient Expert Pool

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The Impact of PSC





'Patient age, sex, and inflammatory bowel disease phenotype associate with course of primary sclerosing cholangitis'

7121 pts with PSC

1° endpoint: LTx / death

2° endpoint: HPB malignancy

n = 2616:

- LTx: 1696 pts

- Death without LTx: 920 pts

n = 721:

- Cholangio Ca: 594 pts

- Gallbladder Ca: 58 pts

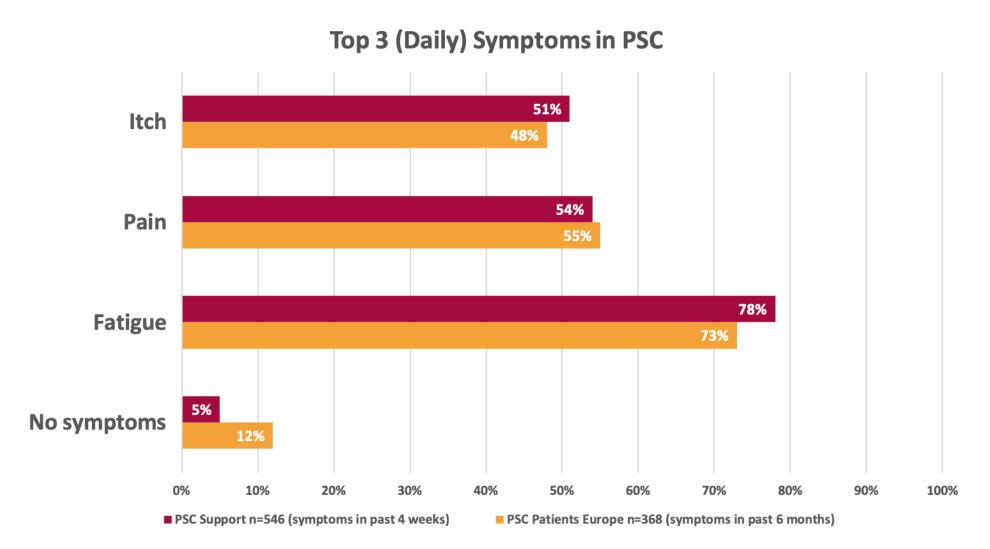
- HCC: 59 pts

- Pancreatic Ca: 10 pts

PSC: Daily Symptoms



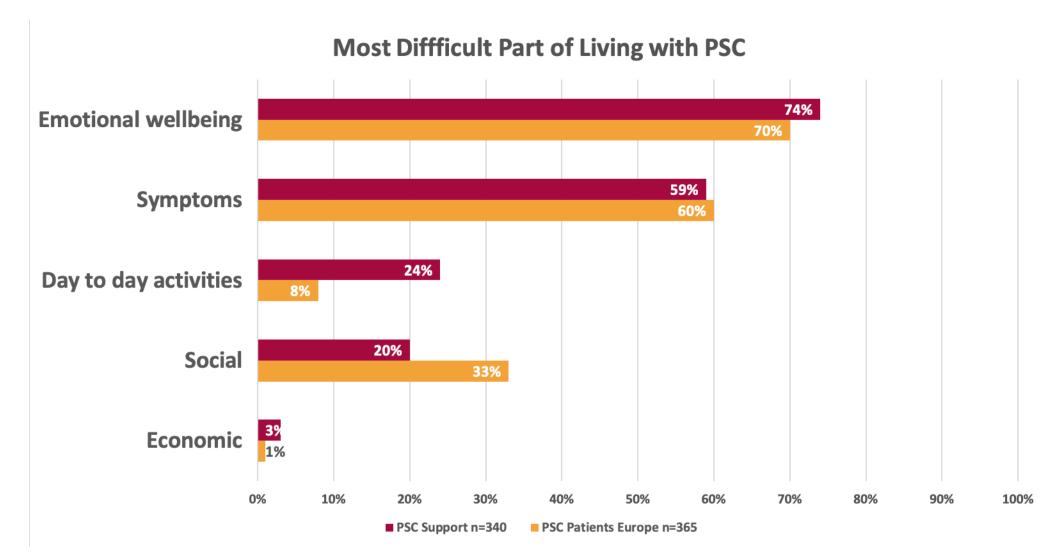




PSC: Living with PSC







PSC: Living with PSC





- Uncertainty and helplessness
 - Long term
 - Day to day
- Physical and emotional burden

"Trying to lead a normal life while suffering from symptoms that most people don't understand or can't relate to."

Living better with PSC





- Lived experience of PSC is a huge area of unmet need
- Improvement includes a better quality of life
- What patients want:

"give me more peace of mind"

"allow me to work"

"allow me to lead an active life"

Burden of Symptoms - Patient Reported Outcomes (PROs)





- Use Patient Reported Outcomes as endpoints, especially:
 - Fatigue
 - Itch
 - Pain
 - Quality of life
- Develop and validate/qualify Patient Reported Outcome Measures for use in clinical trials
 - Patients engaged in PROM-related activities
 - PSC PRO, UK-PSC Quality of Life Measure
- Value of PROs post-authorisation (HTA)

Living longer with PSC





- Patients don't want an early death
- Develop new medicines that show meaningful and convincing results to modify the disease in order to:
 - prolong life with PSC
 - reduce PSC complications
 - reduce bile duct infections
 - prevent or reduce risk of cancer
 - prevent or reduce occurrence of rPSC
 - predict progression of PSC

Validate Surrogate Endpoints





- Co-ordinated development programmes towards validating novel non-invasive endpoints:
 - Use common exploratory endpoints
 - Use new and emerging technologies
 - Replace biopsies
- Longer-term outcome observation
- Share (placebo) data
- Patients want to live longer, even if that's with PSC

Real World PSC





- Creative trial design to incorporate different phenotypes and medications:
 - co-existing diseases, ages, disease stage and severity, fibrosis, inflammation, colon/bile duct damage...
- Biochemistry fluctuations and cholangitis
 - Screening windows and re-screening opportunity
- Study impact of treatment on co-existing diseases
 - especially IBD
- UDCA

Eligibility Criteria





Broader eligibility criteria





Approve treatments for the majority, not the minority

Summary





- Engage the PSC patient community
 - well-educated, well-organised and expertise within our networks
- Act with urgency
- Coordinate development programmes to validate/qualify endpoints
 - include non-invasive surrogates
 - include Patient Reported Outcomes <u>always</u>

We want to live as well as possible, as long as possible





Thank you

EMA PSC Patient Expert Pool

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