

Update on EMA Emergency Task Force (ETF)

12th Industry Standing Group28 March 2025

Manuela Mura

EMA Health Threats Dept and ETF member







Overview



- What is the ETF, its remit and its new role on AMR-related activities
- EU initiatives on scientific advice to developers
- The scientific advice process under ETF vs. SAWP
- Changes to the ETF scientific advice process to improve the interactions with clinical trials assessors and ethics committees of the EU MSs
- Changes to IRIS scientific advice application form for industry to improve clarity and reflect the updated process



Emergency Task Force (ETF) supports EMA on AMR-related activities

ETF: Expert group managing regulatory science related to public health emergencies and preparedness Consolidated 3-year work plan for the Emergency Task Force (ETF)

Annex 1

The lists below are intended to illustrate the scope of the ETF activities during preparedness but are not fully exhaustive and can be changed based on evolving knowledge and epidemiology.

List of pathogens which could potentially cause a public health emergency to be considered within the scope of the ETF:

- Abrin toxin
- · Alphaviruses such as Chikungunya virus and Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus
- Bacillus anthracis
- Brucella species
- Bunyavirales such as Rift valley fever virus, Lassa virus and Lujo virus, Crimean-Congo haemorrhagic fever virus
- Burkholderia mallei and burkholderia pseudomallei
- Chlamydia psittaci
- Clostridium botulinum toxin
- · Clostridium perfringens Epsilon toxin
- Coronaviruses (such as Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus (MERS-CoV) and Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS-COV-1 and 2))
- · Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin
- Coxiella burnetii
- · Escherichia coli (enterohaemorrhagic)
- Filoviruses such as Ebola virus and Marburg virus
- · Flaviviruses such as Zika virus, West Nile virus, Tick-borne encephalitis virus and Dengue viru
- Francisella tularensis

- Influenza viruses²
- Nipah virus and Hendra virus
- Polioviruses
- Ricin toxin
- Rickettsia prowazekii
- Salmonella species
- Shigella species
- Staphylococcal enterotoxin B
- Yersinia pestis
- Variola major (smallpox) and other related pox viruses
- Vibrio cholera
- Pathogens currently unknown to cause human disease
- In the context of AMR related activities, the following will be specifically addressed: TB, gonorrhoea, new vaccines for bacterial pathogens, new antibacterial treatments in the areas of unmet need related to multidrug resistance.

List of other threats³ with the potential to cause a public health emergency to be considered within the scope of the ETF:

- Blister or vesicant agents (e.g., mustards, organic arsenicals, phosgene oxime);
- Nerve agents and other highly toxic organophosphates;
- Cyanides;
- Lung-damaging agents (e.g., phosgene; chlorine);
- Incapacitating and other pharmaceutically-based agents (e.g., Fentanyls, BZ, Indoleamines, phenylalkylamines);
- Crowd control agents (e.g., 1-chloroacetophenone (CN), ochlorobenzylidene malononitrile (CS), bromobenzylcyanide (CA), and dibenz(b,f)-1,4-oxazepine (CR),);
- Water/soil/air contaminants: acrylamide, DEET, DDT, benzene, cadmium, mercury, dioxins and dioxin-like substances, lead;
- Accidental or intentional exposure to radioactive and nuclear material.



EU initiatives on scientific advice procedures

- SAWP-CTCG scientific advice pilot on requirements for clinical trials and marketing authorisation applications - coordinated by EMA under ACT-EU
- 2. Pre-CTA advice pilot to provide technical and regulatory support on the dossier of a CTA prior to its submission through CTIS – coordinated by CTCG under ACT-EU

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/news/two-new-advice-pilots-improve-clinical-trials-europe

3. Simultaneous National Scientific Advice (SNSA) from national competent authorities (NCAs) – coordinated by the EU Innovation Network (EU-IN)

https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/committees/working-parties-other-groups/eu-innovation-network-eu

4. ETF-CTCG-EAG scientific advice on requirements for clinical trials and marketing authorisation applications - coordinated by EMA



EMA ETF scientific advice on medicines for public health emergencies & for preparedness

SAWP scientific advice **ETF** scientific advice Scientific advice **Declared emergency**: SAs free of charge and accelerated (20 days) if on CTs submission **Preparedness**: standard timetable =SAWP Clinical trial experts Scientific Advice **Emergency Task** from National Working Party Force (ETF) Competent Authorities (SAWP) Harmonisation of advices across EU authorities to **CHMP adoption** facilitate CTAs, product development and licensure **Applicant**



Improved process for ETF SA on clinical trials (CTs)

- Since 2022, ETF had 1 coordinator per SA, and 4 member of the ETF belonging to the Clinical Trials Coordination group (CTCG) and the Clinical Trial Advisory Group (CTAG) provided input into SA.
- Request for advice to the ETF will be evaluated by 2 coordinators
- If questions on aspects related to clinical trial applications to be filed in EU, Coordinators will be preferentially the proposed Reporting MS (RMS) and MS Concerned (MSCs)
- The application will be assessed by the 2 coordinators together with the CT Unit in their MS
- The views of the MSCs will be harmonized during a dedicated meeting embedded in the procedure
- Process similar to the SAWP/CTCG pilot in ACT-EU SAWP and ETF will align on lessons learned
- Specific experts from EU ethics committees will be involved via the Ethics Advisory Group created under ACT-EU (public health emergency)
- The ETF aims at harmonising the advice on CTAs and MAAs across EU authorities → facilitate CTAs,
 product development and licensure



Changes to the IRIS application form for SA

The EMA Emergency Task Force (ETF) is responsible for assessing sci the <u>Annex 1 of the ETF workplan</u> as well as in the drop down menu fo	r the point 2 bel	ow. Any othe	er applicat	tions will	be assess	ed by the S	cientific A		
SAWP). Link to https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/documents/work-pro	ogramme/consc	olidated-3-ye	ear-work-p	olan-eme	rgency-tas	K-Torce-ett	_en.pat		
Type of request									
s this a request for Scientific Advice under the remit of the SAWP?	*								
'es/No selection									
s this a request for Scientific Advice under the remit of the ETF fo	r any of the follo	owing health	threats (ETF work	plan Anne	<u>x 1</u>)?*			
res/No selection									
s this a request for Scientific Advice under the remit of the ETF for	a declared Publ	ic Health En	nergency	? (art.15 a	nd 16 of R	egulation	(EU) 2022/:	123)*	
/es/No selection									

Does the request for Scientific Advice contain scientific questions related to clinical trials applications(s) planned to be submitted in any EU MSs

Yes/no

Drop down menu including all EU MSs

UPDATED Drop down menu

- Antimicrobial resistance (AMR), e.g. TB, Gonorrhoea, new vaccines for bacterial pathogens, new MDR antibacterial treatment
- Abrin toxin
- Alphaviruses
- Bacillus anthracis
- Brucella species
- Bunyavirales
- · Burkholderia mallei and burkholderia pseudomallei
- Chlamydia psittaci
- Clostridium botulinum toxin
- Clostridium perfringens Epsilon toxin
- Coronaviruses
- · Corynebacterium diphtheriae toxin
- Coxiella burnetii
- Escherichia coli (enterohaemorrhagic)
- Filoviruses
- Flaviviruses
- Francisella tularensis
- Influenza viruses
- Nipah virus and Hendra virus
- Polioviruses
- Ricin toxin
- · Rickettsia prowazekii
- Salmonella species
- Shigella species
- Staphylococcal enterotoxin B
- Yersinia pestis
- Poxviruses
- Vibrio cholera
- Pathogen X
- Blister or vesicant agents (e.g., mustards, organic arsenicals, phosgene oxime)
- Nerve agents and other highly toxic organophosphates
- Cyanides
- · Lung-damaging agents (e.g., phosgene; chlorine)
- Incapacitating and other <u>pharmaceutically-based</u> agents (e.g., <u>Fentanyls</u>, BZ, Indoleamines, phenylalkylamines);
- Crowd control agents (e.g., 1-chloroacetophenone (CN), ochlorobenzylidene malononitrile (CS), bromobenzylcyanide (CA), and dibenz(b,f)-1,4-oxazepine (CR),)
- Contaminants: Acrylamide, DEET, DDT, benzene, cadmium, mercury, dioxins and dioxin-like substances, lead
- · Exposure to radioactive and nuclear material
- Other ADD OPTION TO SPECIFY



Thank you

Manuela.mura@ema.europa.eu

Follow us







