



Update on implementation of the Clinical Trial Regulation

How will the New Common Law on Clinical Trials in EU Facilitate Paediatric Research?

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European network of paediatric research at the EMA (Enpr-EMA)
London, June 7 2018

Conventions and guidelines to take into consideration in paediatric research...

Four general principles :

- beneficence
- non-maleficence
- respect for individual
- justice

Convention
on Rights of
Child

UN

Convention
for
Protection of
Human
Rights and
Dignity
CE, Oviedo

Declaration
of Helsinki
WMA

Guideline
Clinical
Investigatio
n in
Paediatrics
ICH E11

Ethical
guidelines –
research in
humans
CIOMS, WHO

Good
Clinical
Practice
ICH E6
(R3)

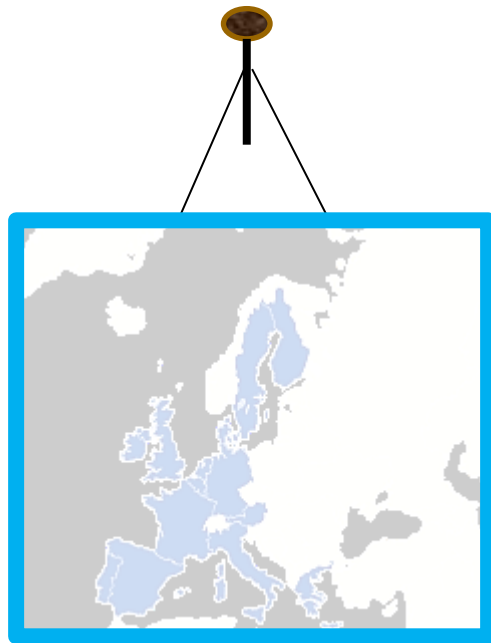
More rules....

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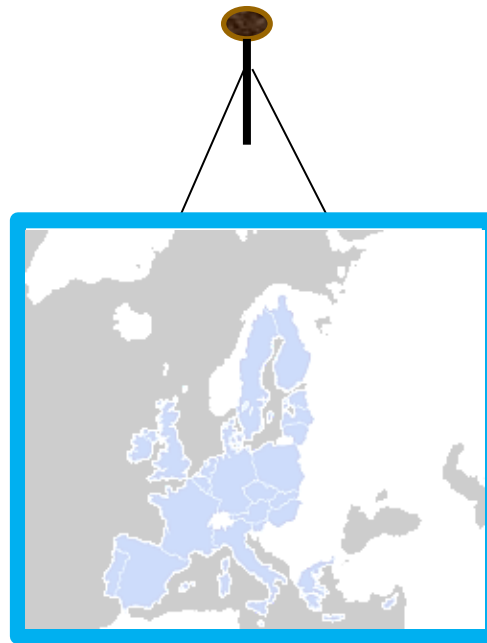
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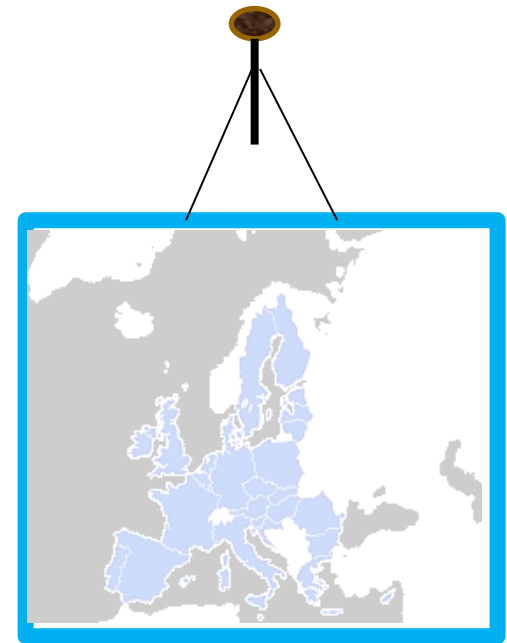
Legal situation - Clinical Trials on Medicinal Products in EU



Before 2004...



Directive 2001/20/EC

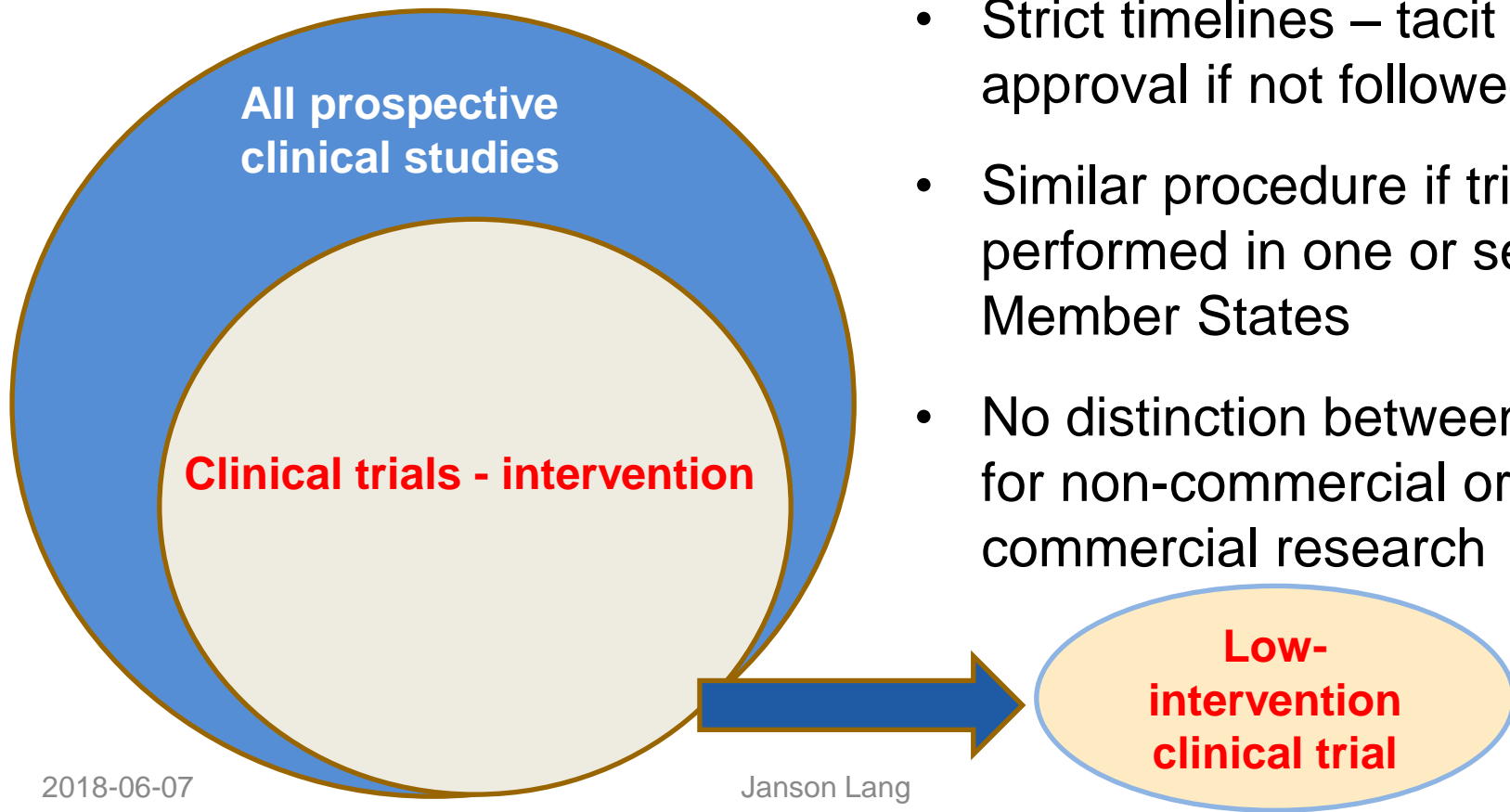


Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

Clinical studies on efficacy and safety of medicinal products

Clinical Trials Regulation key points

- Also in future national decisions - one per Member State
- Strict timelines – tacit approval if not followed
- Similar procedure if trial performed in one or several Member States
- No distinction between rules for non-commercial or commercial research



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EU Portal – database 1(2)

- All applications in future – submission through common EU Portal set up and managed by the European Medicines Agency (EMA)
- No future separate application to ethics committees or national competent authorities
- Database archive of all records uploaded to EU Portal
- New legislation will apply when EMA Portal and database are fully functional (in two ys?)

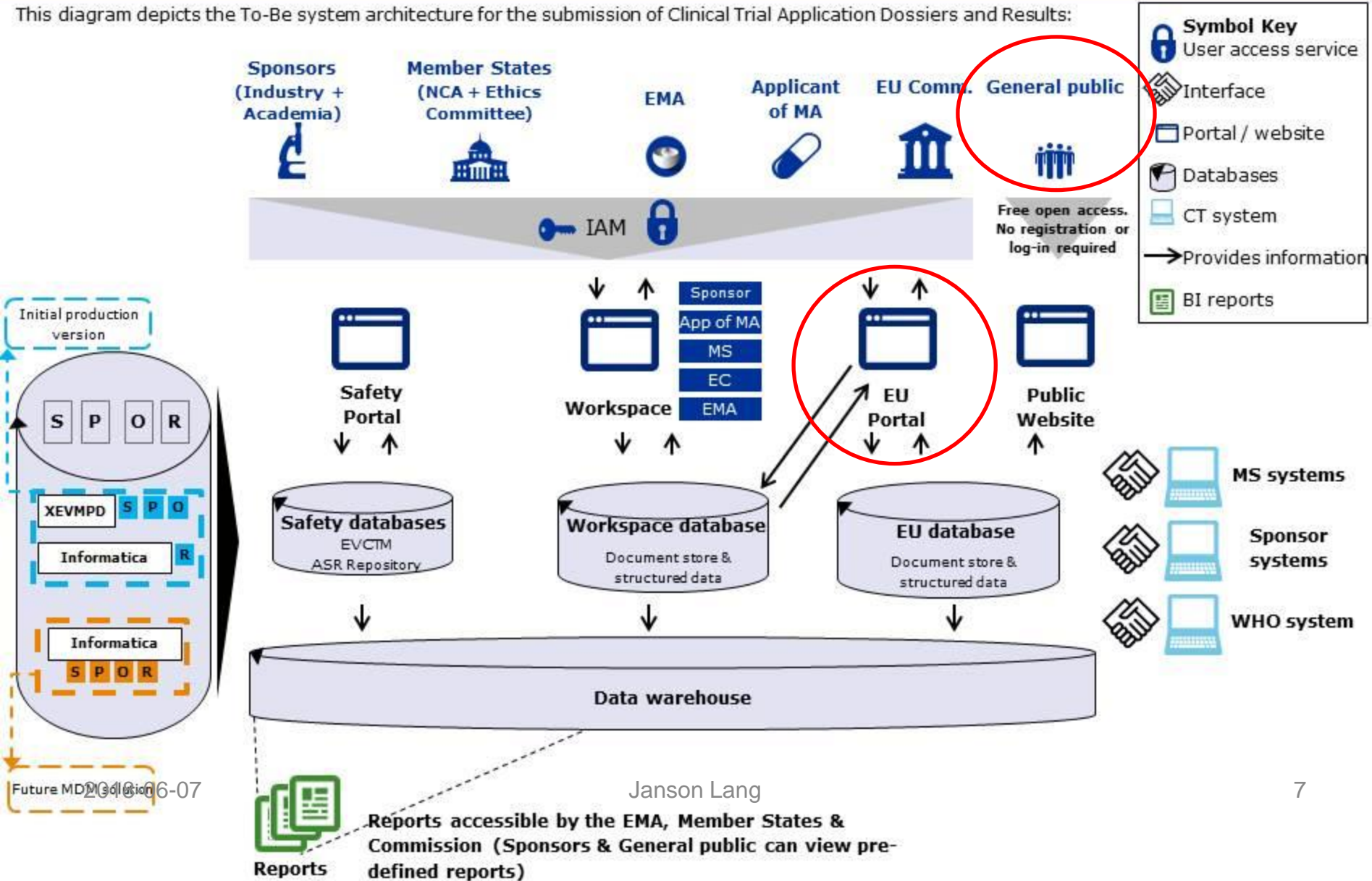
EU Portal – database 2(2)

All entries publicly accessible except

- personal data
- commercially confidential information unless overriding public interest in disclosure
- draft versions of the assessment reports
- information necessary for supervision of trial

Sponsor's documents and assessment reports by Member States are public - delay of publication depends on development phase of medicinal product

This diagram depicts the To-Be system architecture for the submission of Clinical Trial Application Dossiers and Results:



Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

Eight steps facilitating paediatric clinical trials 1(2)

Applications – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

Conduct of trial

Publication of trial results

Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

Eight steps facilitating paediatric clinical trials 1(2)

Application – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

Conduct of trial

Publication of trial results

1. Simplified procedure - single application and one decision per Member State via EU Portal and Database
2. Multinational trials - collaboration between Member States assessing risks and benefits (protocol, IB) and pharmaceutical quality issues including GMP
3. Shorter and defined timelines for assessment and decision
4. Multiple Co-sponsors possible
5. Informed consent – same legal basis in EU/EEA – possibility to defer informed consent in emergency situations

Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

Eight steps supporting paediatric clinical trials 2(2)

Application – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

Conduct of trial

Publication of results

6. Simplified procedures for low-intervention clinical trials
7. Trial safety collaboration between Member States, simplified safety reporting for low-intervention trials, web-based SUSAR reporting tool

Clinical Trials Regulation (EU) No 536/2014

Eight steps supporting paediatric clinical trials 2(2)

Application – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

Conduct of trial

Publication of trial results

8. Transparency of results including application dossiers and assessment reports

Applications – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

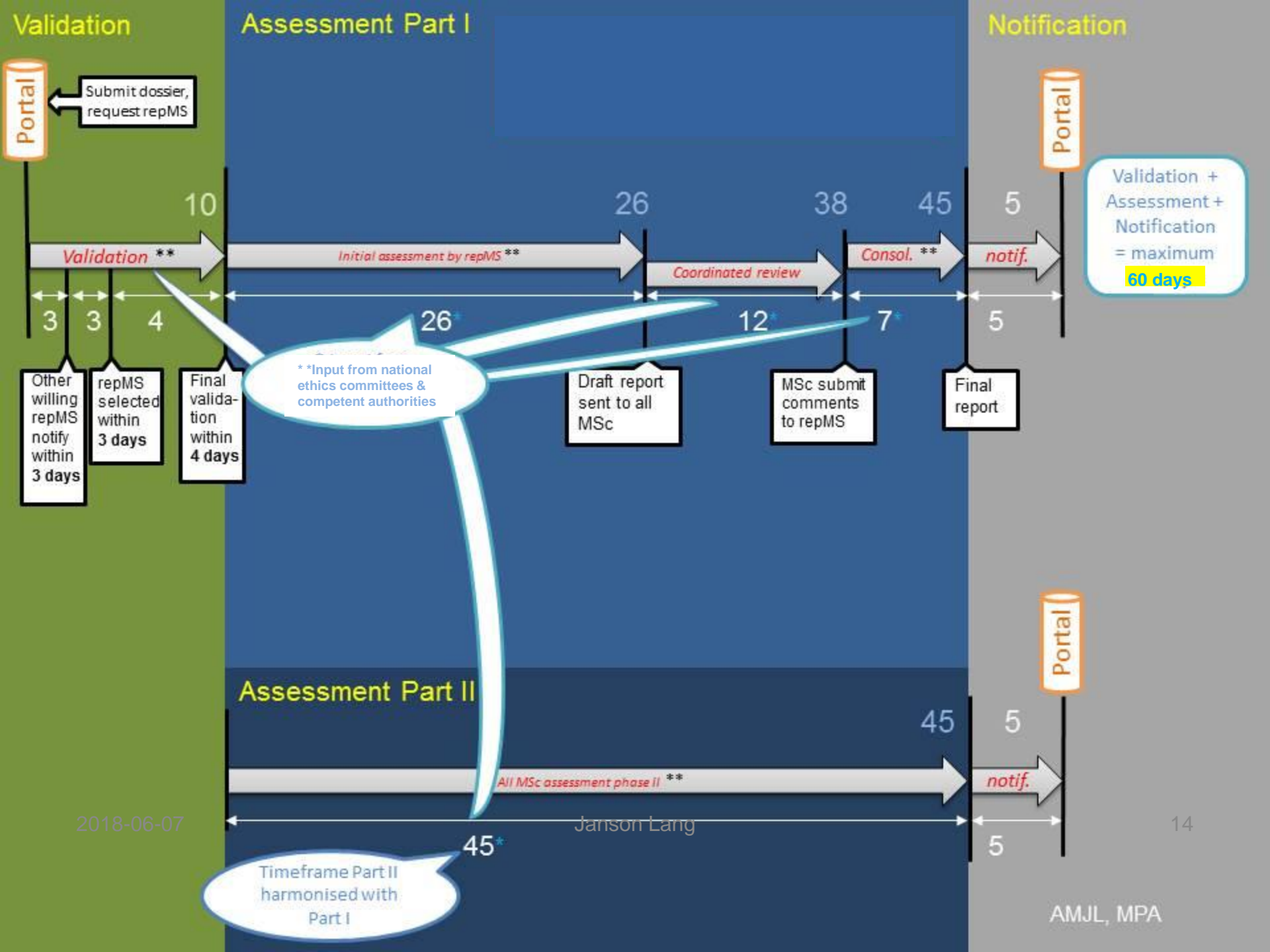
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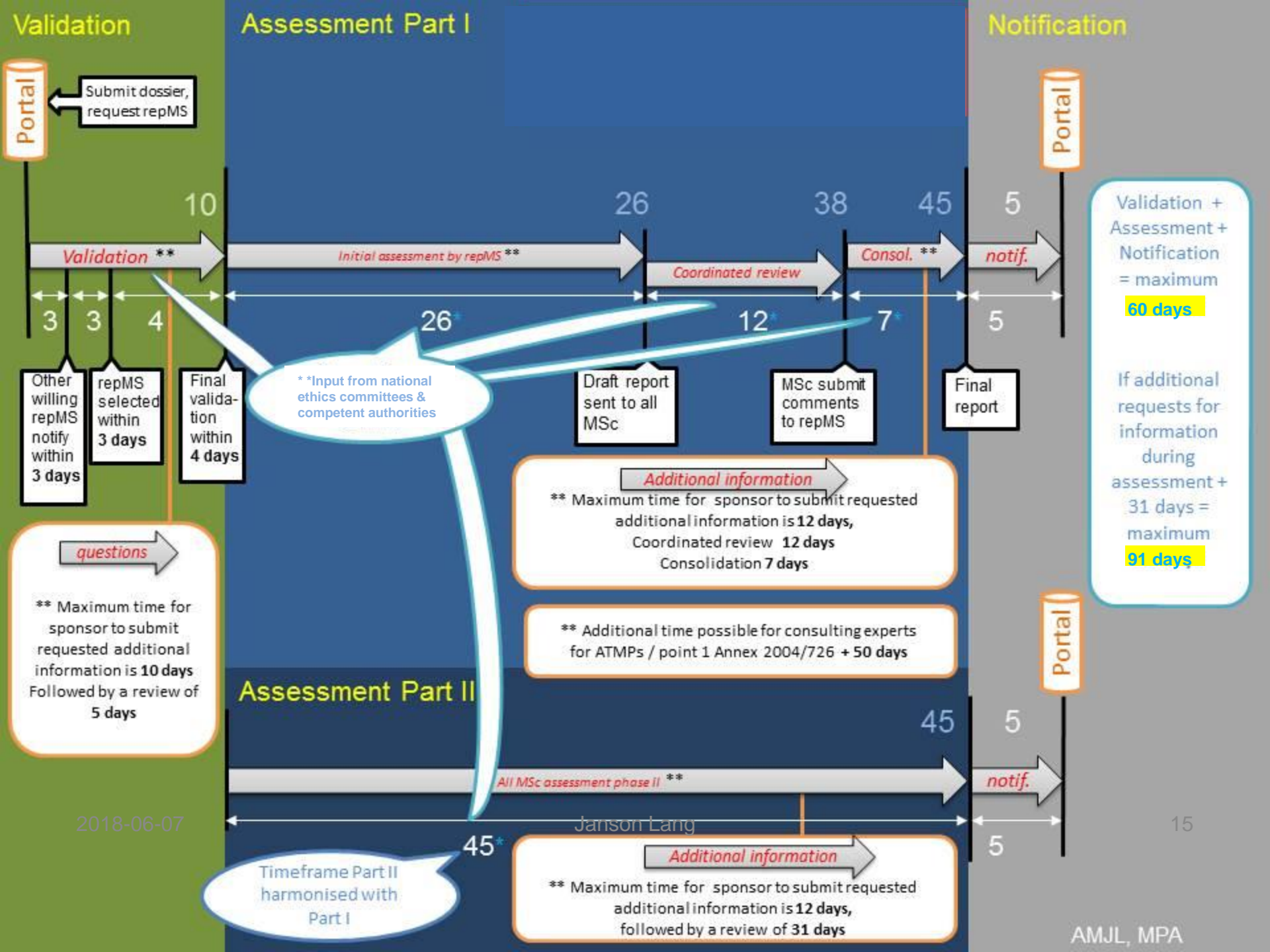
Part I and Part II of Application Dossier sent to EU Portal administered by EMA

Part I Protocol, Investigator's Brochure, details on GMP etc.

Multinational trials one Reporting Member State for Part I

Part II National issues – insurance, compensation, investigator CV etc.

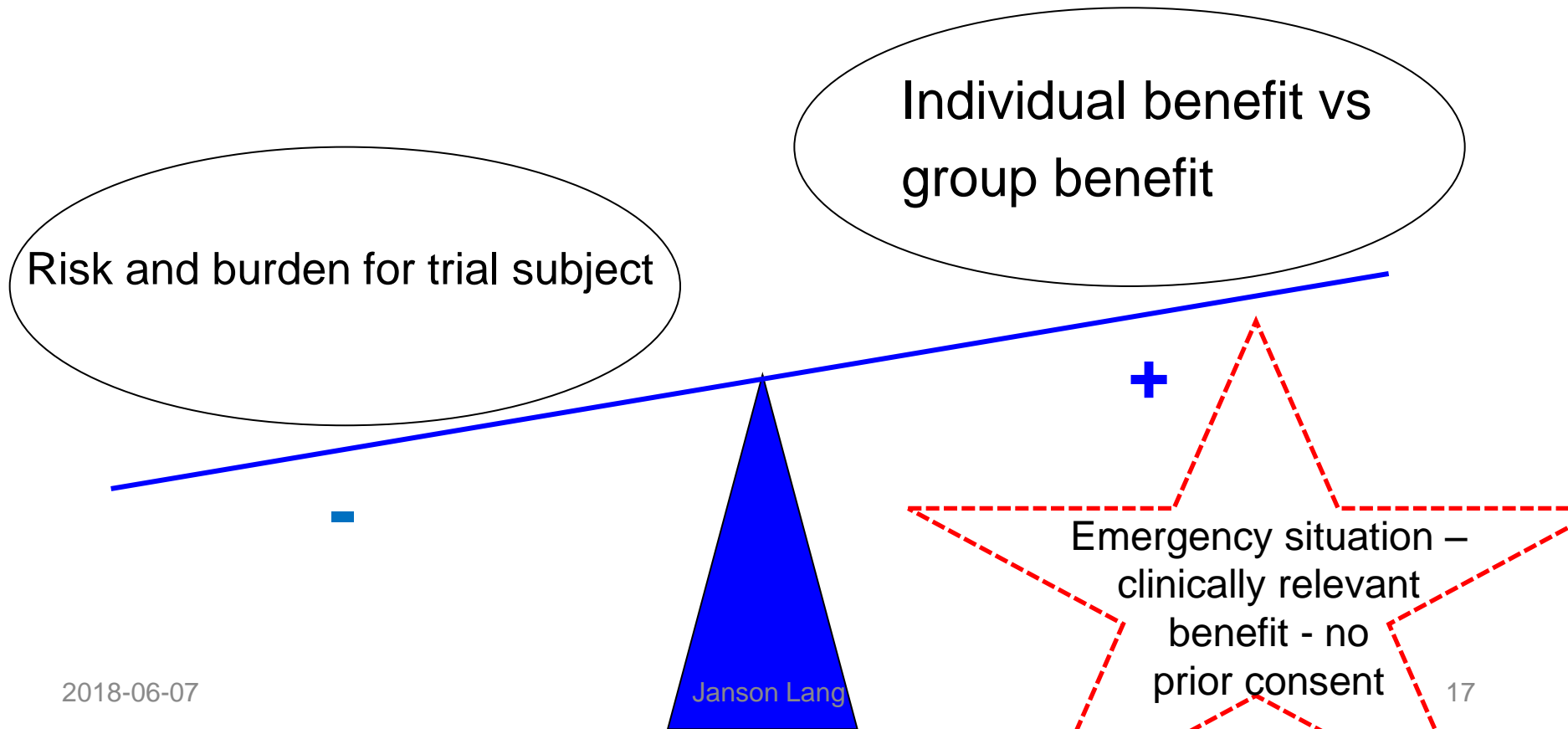




Applications – new clinical trial or substantial modification of trial

5. Informed consent – same legal basis in EU/EEA – possibility to defer informed consent in emergency situations

Part I and Part II of Application Dossier sent to EU Portal administered by EMA but all decisions continue to be national



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Chapter V of Clinical Trial Regulation

Protection of subjects and informed consent

- Details on informed consent procedure and prior interview
- Special rules on pregnant or breastfeeding women
- Special rules for minors and subjects in emergency situations

Minors – legal basis on information and consent

- Informed consent by legal representative (-s)
- Minors must obtain information adapted to their age and mental maturity by investigator or personnel trained in communicating with children
- Explicit wish of subject must be respected
- No financial incentives
- No alternative ways available to obtain results from subjects with decision making capacity
- Direct benefit for subject or some benefit for group of patients with same condition

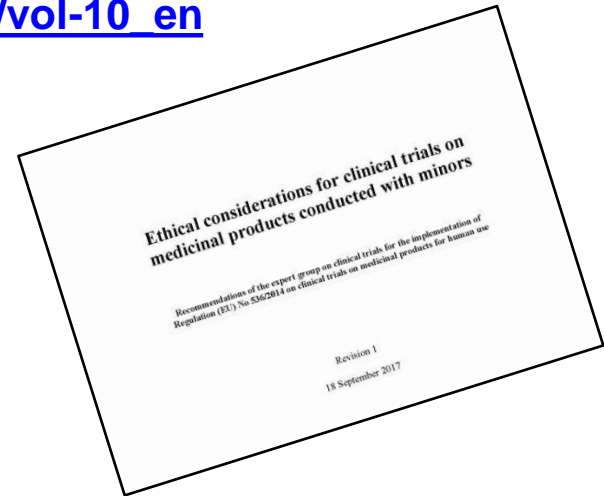
Minors in emergency situations – informed consent after first trial-specific intervention

- Sudden situation, life-threatening or serious medical condition, therapeutic window does not allow prior consent
- Scientific grounds to expect direct clinically relevant benefit
- Trial relates to condition causing the emergency
- Minimal risk compared to normal clinical practise
- Consent sought without delay after intervention

Ethical considerations for clinical trials on medicinal products conducted with minors

https://ec.europa.eu/health/documents/eudralex/vol-10_en

- Chapter V Additional information
- Document published September 2017
- Benefit vs risk and burden
- Paediatric age groups and level of maturity
- Assent vs agreement
- Withdrawal of consent
- Staggered approach – trial performed sequentially in different age groups
- Legally designated representative
- Stopping rules
- Sexual counseling, pregnancy risk



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Conduct of trial

6. Simplified procedures for low-intervention clinical trials

e.g. GCP adapted to nature of the trial:

- monitoring
- contents of trial master file
- traceability of investigational medicinal products

Low-intervention clinical trial

- investigational medicinal products with marketing authorisation (except placebo)
- protocol states that the medicinal products use is
 - according to terms of the marketing authorisation or
 - supported by published scientific evidence on safety and efficacy
 - interventions (additional diagnostics or monitoring) with limited additional risk compared to normal clinical practice

Conduct of trial

7. Trial safety collaboration between Member States, simplified safety reporting for low-intervention trials possible, web-based SUSAR reporting tool

Trial safety collaboration between Member States, simplified safety reporting for low-intervention trials, web-based SUSAR reporting tool

- Cooperation between Member States evaluating annual safety reports
- SUSARs possible to report by simplified web-based structured form

Publication of trial results

8. Transparency of results including application dossiers and assessment reports

Publication of trial results

- Avoid unnecessary research replication – prompt publication of results
- Article 41 of the Paediatric Regulation
 - Publication within six months after completion of study
- Article 37 Clinical Trial Regulation
 - summary of results within one year after trial completion
 - full report of trial 30 days after market authorisation decision
 - trial documents including protocol public immediately after decision or deferred in trials of new products in early development

Thanks for your attention – questions welcome!



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