



The European Agency for the Evaluation of Medicinal Products
Pre-authorisation Evaluation of Medicines for Human Use

London, 17 October 2003
CPMP/2846/03

COMMITTEE FOR PROPRIETARY MEDICINAL PRODUCTS (CPMP)
SUMMARY INFORMATION ON A REFERRAL OPINION FOLLOWING AN ARBITRATION
PURSANT TO ARTICLE 30 OF DIRECTIVE 2001/83/EC, FOR

ROACCUTANE and Associated Names (See Annex I)

International Non-Proprietary Name (INN): Isotretinoin

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

Isotretinoin (13-cis-retinoic acid) is a retinoid compound and a derivative of vitamin A. Isotretinoin is used for the systemic treatment of acne. Like all retinoids, isotretinoin is teratogen and is contraindicated during pregnancy to avoid congenital defects.

Roaccutane was registered in all EU Member States, except Sweden, from 1983.

On 29 May 2002, France presented to the EMEA a referral under Article 30 of Directive 2001/83/EC. The rationale for the article 30 referral of Roaccutane was due to the fact that Roaccutane does not have the same summary of product characteristics across Member States due to divergent national decisions.

The referral procedure started on 30 May 2002.

During its April 2003 meeting, the CPMP, in the light of the overall submitted data and the scientific discussion within the Committee, was of the opinion that the summary of product characteristics should be amended. In particular, isotretinoin (oral) should only be prescribed to women of childbearing potential under strict pregnancy prevention measures supported by a Pregnancy Prevention Programme (see annex III, amended summary of product characteristics). A positive opinion was therefore adopted on 25 April 2003.

The scientific conclusions and the grounds for the amendment of the Summary of Product Characteristics are set out in Annex II, together with the amended Summary of Product Characteristics in the Annex III.

The final opinion was converted into a Decision by the European Commission on 17 October 2003.