



1 15 February 2011  
2 EMA/HMPC/84530/2010  
3 Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products (HMPC)

4 **Procedure on the publication of HMPC public statements**  
5 **when Community herbal monographs on herbal**  
6 **substances, preparations and/or combinations thereof are**  
7 **not established**  
8 **Draft**

Draft Agreed by HMPC Organisational Matter Drafting Group	February 2010 April 2010 June 2010
Draft Agreed by HMPC Working Party on Community Monographs and Community List (MLWP)	July 2010
Adoption by HMPC for release for consultation	15 July 2010
Publication	15 February 2011
End of consultation (deadline for comments). Comments should be provided using this <a href="#">template</a> . The completed comments form should be sent to <a href="mailto:hmpc.secretariat@ema.europa.eu">hmpc.secretariat@ema.europa.eu</a>	15 May 2011
Agreed by HMPC Working Party on Community Monographs and Community List (MLWP)	
Adoption by HMPC	

9  
10

<b>Keywords</b>	Herbal medicinal products; HMPC; Community herbal monographs; Community list entries; Public statements
-----------------	---

11



12	<b>Table of contents</b>	
13	<b>1. Introduction .....</b>	<b>3</b>
14	<b>2. Legal basis and scope .....</b>	<b>3</b>
15	<b>3. Definitions and abbreviations .....</b>	<b>4</b>
16	3.1. Definitions.....	4
17	3.2. Abbreviations .....	4
18	<b>4. Procedure .....</b>	<b>5</b>
19	4.1. Situations where no monograph can be established.....	5
20	4.2. Publication policy in these situations .....	6
21	<b>5. References and related documents.....</b>	<b>6</b>
22	<b>6. Flowchart .....</b>	<b>6</b>
23		

## 24 **1. Introduction**

25 This procedure has been prepared to clarify the conditions when the Committee on Herbal Medicinal  
26 Products (HMPC) shall establish a public statement on an herbal substance which was on the HMPC  
27 priority list<sup>1</sup>, in the situation where it does not establish a Community herbal monograph on that  
28 herbal substance and preparations<sup>2</sup> thereof.

29 Amongst all herbal preparations that can derive from a given herbal substance, essential oils are  
30 unique as regards their chemical composition and the amount of data generated by their medicinal  
31 uses. Public statements will be established on essential oils in line with the HMPC policy to establish  
32 individual monographs on essential oils, often supported by an assessment report distinct from the  
33 assessment report on the herbal substance and other preparations thereof. For example, the HMPC has  
34 established a monograph on sage leaf and published a public statement on sage leaf essential oil.

35 The publication of this procedure is part of the European Medicines Agency's initiatives to improve  
36 transparency in the regulatory and scientific processes followed by the HMPC in fulfilling its tasks as  
37 defined by the European legislation.

38 This procedure does not address the situations where:

- 39 – a Community list entry cannot be established
- 40 – a herbal preparation is not included in a Community herbal monograph

41 The justification as to why a Community list entry cannot be established together with the relevant  
42 Community herbal monograph can be found in the AR. For the assessment works carried out so far  
43 which had led to the publication of final monographs, the absence of adequate genotoxicity data, as  
44 part of the evidence required to demonstrate a safe use, has been the primary justification to the non-  
45 establishment of a Community list entry on a herbal substance and/or preparations thereof.

46 The justification as to why a given herbal preparation is not included in a monograph can be found in  
47 the AR and/or in the 'Overview of comments received during the public consultation'. It cannot be  
48 expected that such a justification is available for every possible preparation. Current practice is that  
49 justification is provided for preparations which can be found on the market of one or several Member  
50 States of the European Union and made known to the Rapporteur either by HMPC/MLWP members or  
51 by interested parties via their comments on draft monographs.

## 52 **2. Legal basis and scope**

53 In accordance with Directive 2001/83/EC, the HMPC is responsible for establishing Community herbal  
54 monographs.

55 **Community herbal monographs** established according to Article 16h(3) have relevance for the  
56 registration as well as the authorisation of herbal medicinal products. A Community herbal monograph  
57 comprises the Committee's scientific opinion on a given herbal substance and preparations thereof or a  
58 combination of herbal substances/preparations. The HMPC assesses mostly bibliographic safety and  
59 efficacy data, which are usually combined, for well-established use products, with product specific  
60 data. For traditional herbal medicinal products, the HMPC assesses specifically historical data on the

---

<sup>1</sup> <http://www.ema.europa.eu/pdfs/human/hmpc/27806706en.pdf>

<sup>2</sup> The procedure addresses herbal substances (and herbal preparations thereof) as well combinations of herbal substances and/or herbal preparations.

61 medicinal uses as well as the plausibility of such uses and the conditions for safe use. A Community  
62 monograph may cover both well-established use and traditional use.

63 Monographs are established according to a priority list of herbal substances for assessment. They are  
64 prepared by the HMPC Working Party on Community Monographs and Community List (MLWP) each  
65 year in accordance with the annual work programme of the working party.

66 Monographs are supported by an assessment report which describes the scientific assessment that has  
67 been carried out and led to the release for public consultation of a draft monograph, followed by the  
68 publication of the final monograph upon assessment of comments received during the public  
69 consultation. After deletion of commercially confidential information, the AR is also published at draft  
70 and final stage. The AR contains conclusions reached on the scientific review of data compiled by the  
71 Rapporteur (referred to in a list of references) in the context of the legal provisions set out in Directive  
72 2001/83/EC. The HMPC takes its decisions upon recommendations from the MLWP.

73 During its second mandate, the HMPC came across situations where the assessment work carried out  
74 by a Rapporteur on behalf of the MLWP could not lead to the establishment of a Community herbal  
75 monograph. In these situations, the HMPC published draft/final **public statements**. As the HMPC  
76 faced an increasing number of situations where no monographs could be established, the MLWP and  
77 the Organisational Matters Drafting Group (ORGAM DG) of the HMPC were asked to lay down the  
78 conditions for the preparation of such public statements and to create a template.

79 It is acknowledged that the HMPC has no mandate to issue “negative” lists of herbal substances,  
80 preparations and combinations thereof. Yet, the Agency supports the HMPC’s intention to be  
81 transparent on:

- 82 – the outcome of any assessment work that had started
- 83 – the reasons why an intended assessment work would not start

84 Such a public statement shall not be understood as a negative assessment of the herbal substance and  
85 preparations thereof, as it may be possible that applicants can submit, in dossiers for national  
86 marketing authorisation or traditional use registration, the data/information identified by the HMPC as  
87 missing for the purpose of preparing a monograph.

## 88 **3. Definitions and abbreviations**

### 89 **3.1. Definitions**

90 **Community herbal monograph** = document whose purpose is to provide a scientific summary of all  
91 data available on the safety and efficacy of a herbal substance/preparation intended for medicinal use,  
92 as referred to in Article 16h(3) of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended.

93 For other definitions, please refer to published quality guidance.  
94 <http://www.ema.europa.eu/htms/human/hmpc/hmpcguide.htm>

### 95 **3.2. Abbreviations**

96 AR – Assessment Report (the HMPC Assessment Report without commercially confidential information)

97 EMA – European Medicines Agency

98 HMPC – Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products

- 99 MLWP - Working Party on Community Monographs and Community List
- 100 ORGAM DG - Organisational Matters Drafting Group
- 101 HS/HP - Herbal Substance/Herbal Preparation (this encompasses also combinations of herbal  
102 substance(s) and/or herbal preparation(s))
- 103 SOP - Standard Operating Procedure

## 104 **4. Procedure**

105 The HMPC identified the following situations where no Community herbal monograph would be  
106 established and agreed on the following publication policy.

### 107 ***4.1. Situations where no monograph is established***

#### 108 **4.1.1. Legal requirements are not met**

109 A comprehensive literature search is conducted and available data, including information on products  
110 on the market in the European Union, are assessed vis-à-vis the requirements laid down in Directive  
111 2001/83/EC and its Annex I, in particular Article 1, Article 10a and Chapter 2a. The HMPC concludes  
112 that a Community herbal monograph cannot be established if one or more of the following  
113 requirements is/are not met:

- 114 • the definition of either 'herbal substance' or 'herbal preparation' laid down in Article 1 of Directive  
115 2001/83/EC is not met, despite the existence of data on the safety, efficacy and historical data on  
116 the medicinal uses within the European Union of products containing substance(s) or  
117 preparation(s) allegedly presented as 'herbal substance' or 'herbal preparation'
- 118 • the requirement laid down in Article 10a of Directive 2001/83/EC that the active substance has a  
119 recognised efficacy and an acceptable level of safety and that the period of well-established  
120 medicinal use has elapsed
- 121 • the requirement laid down in Article 16a(1)(a) of Directive 2001/83/EC that the indications are  
122 "exclusively appropriate to traditional herbal medicinal products which, by virtue of their  
123 composition and purpose, are intended and designed for use without the supervision of a medical  
124 practitioner for diagnostic purposes or for prescription or monitoring of treatment"
- 125 • the requirement laid down in Article 16a(1)(b) of Directive 2001/83/EC that the herbal substance  
126 or herbal preparation is "exclusively for administration in accordance with a specified strength and  
127 posology"
- 128 • the requirement laid down in Article 16a(1)(c) of Directive 2001/83/EC that the herbal  
129 substance/preparation is an "oral, external and/or inhalation" substance/preparation
- 130 • the requirement laid down in Article 16a(1)(d) of Directive 2001/83/EC that "the period of  
131 traditional use as laid down on Article 16c(1)(c) has elapsed"
- 132 • the requirement laid down in Article 16a(1)(e) of Directive 2001/83/EC that "the data on the  
133 traditional use of the medicinal product are sufficient; in particular the product proves not to be  
134 harmful in the specified conditions of use and the pharmacological effects or efficacy of the  
135 medicinal product are plausible on the basis of long-standing use and experience"

#### 136 **4.1.2. Other reasons for not establishing a Community herbal monograph**

137 There are other situations in which the HMPC may decide not to establish a monograph.

- 138 • After reviewing information on the products containing a given herbal substance and preparations  
139 thereof or a combination of herbal substances/preparations marketed in the Member States, it  
140 appears that no or very few authorised/non-authorised products (single-ingredient or combination)  
141 are available. Upon an invitation via a public HMPC meeting report, interested parties confirm that  
142 there is a low level of interest in the availability of a monograph, thus justifying not investing  
143 resources and time in establishing it.
- 144 • The Rapporteur(s) could not collect enough relevant published data to start an assessment work,  
145 after both a call for the submission of scientific data at the level of the Agency and a  
146 comprehensive literature search at national level by the Rapporteur(s).

#### 147 **4.2. Publication policy in these situations**

148 The HMPC agreed to the following principles as regards the publication of public statements on herbal  
149 substances/preparations and related documents.

150 A draft public statement shall always be published for 3-month public consultation on the Agency  
151 website. The assessment of the comments received during the public consultation may lead to

- 152 – either the publication of a final public statement together with an overview of comments  
153 received during the public consultation
- 154 – or the release of a draft Community herbal monograph for public consultation, upon  
155 assessment of new data that allowed the MLWP to proceed with establishing a monograph.

156 The draft public statement will be adopted by the HMPC as a final public statement if no comments  
157 were received during the period of public consultation.

158 The HMPC shall decide on a case-by-case basis whether a draft AR shall be released together with the  
159 draft public statement or not. If released, the draft AR will have a disclaimer pointing to its nature as  
160 ‘working document, not yet fully edited’.

### 161 **5. References and related documents**

162 Directive 2001/83/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 November 2001 on the  
163 Community code related to medicinal products for human use as amended (OJ L 311, 28.11.2001,  
164 p.67)

165 Committee on Herbal Medicinal Products - Rules of Procedure (EMEA/HMPC/139800/2004 Rev.2)

166 Assessment report template for the development of Community monographs and for inclusion of herbal  
167 substance(s), preparation(s) or combinations thereof in the list (EMEA/HMPC/418902/2005 Rev.2)

168 Template for a public statement when no Community herbal monograph is established  
169 (EMA/HMPC/75972/2010)

### 170 **6. Flowchart**

