

Summary of risk management plan for CANCIDAS

This is a summary of the risk management plan (RMP) for CANCIDAS. The RMP details important risks of CANCIDAS, how these risks can be minimised, and how more information will be obtained about CANCIDAS 's risks and uncertainties (missing information).

CANCIDAS 's summary of product characteristics SmPC and its package leaflet give essential information to healthcare professionals and patients on how CANCIDAS should be used.

This summary of the RMP for CANCIDAS should be read in the context of all this information including the assessment report of the evaluation and its plain-language summary, all which is part of the European Public Assessment Report (EPAR).

Important new concerns or changes to the current ones will be included in updates of CANCIDAS's RMP.

I. The Medicine and What it is Used for

CANCIDAS is authorised for the treatment of invasive candidiasis in adult or paediatric patients; treatment of invasive aspergillosis in adult or paediatric patients who are refractory to or intolerant of amphotericin B, lipid formulations of amphotericin B and/or itraconazole. Refractoriness is defined as progression of infection or failure to improve after a minimum of 7 days of prior therapeutic doses of effective antifungal therapy, and empirical therapy for presumed fungal infections (such as *Candida* or *Aspergillus*) in febrile, neutropaenic adult or paediatric patients. It contains caspofungin acetate as the active substance and it is administered by slow intravenous infusion.

Further information about the evaluation of CANCIDAS's benefits can be found in CANCIDAS's EPAR, including in its plain-language summary, available on the EMA website, under the medicine's webpage: link to product's EPAR summary landing page on the EMA webpage. <https://www.ema.europa.eu/en/medicines/human/EPAR/cancidas-previously-caspofungin-msd>

II. Risks Associated With the Medicine and Activities to Minimise or Further Characterise the Risks

Important risks of CANCIDAS, together with measures to minimise such risks and the proposed studies for learning more about CANCIDAS 's risks, are outlined below.

Measures to minimise the risks identified for medicinal products can be:

- Specific information, such as warnings, precautions, and advice on correct use, in the package leaflet and SmPC addressed to patients and healthcare professionals;
- Important advice on the medicine's packaging;
- The authorised pack size — the amount of medicine in a pack is chosen so to ensure that the medicine is used correctly;
- The medicine's legal status — the way a medicine is supplied to the patient (e.g. with or without prescription) can help to minimise its risks.

Together, these measures constitute *routine risk minimisation* measures.

In addition to these measures, information about adverse reactions is collected continuously and regularly analysed, including PSUR assessment so that immediate action can be taken as necessary. These measures constitute *routine pharmacovigilance activities*.

II.A List of Important Risks and Missing Information

Important risks of CANCIDAS are risks that need special risk management activities to further investigate or minimise the risk, so that the medicinal product can be safely administered. Important risks can be regarded as identified or potential. Identified risks are concerns for which there is sufficient proof of a link with the use of CANCIDAS. Potential risks are concerns for which an association with the use of this medicine is possible based on available data, but this association has not been established yet and needs further evaluation. Missing information refers to information on the safety of the medicinal product that is currently missing and needs to be collected (e.g., on the long-term use of the medicine);

Table II.A.1: List of Important Risks and Missing Information

List of Important Risks and Missing Information	
Important identified risks	None
Important potential risks	None
Missing information	None

II.B Summary of Important Risks

Not applicable

II.C Post-Authorisation Development Plan

II.C.1 Studies Which are Conditions of the Marketing Authorisation

There are no studies which are conditions of the marketing authorisation or specific obligation of CANCELAS.

II.C.2 Other Studies in Post-Authorisation Development Plan

There are no studies required for CANCELAS.