



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

1 June 2012
EMA/337053/2012
Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)

Summary of opinion¹ (post authorisation)

Pradaxa

dabigatran etexilate mesilate

On 01 June 2012, the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) adopted a positive opinion recommending a variation to the terms of the marketing authorisation for the medicinal product Pradaxa. The marketing authorisation holder for this medicinal product is Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH. They may request a re examination of the CHMP opinion, provided that they notify the European Medicines Agency in writing of their intention within 15 days of receipt of the opinion.

The CHMP adopted a change to a contraindication as follows²:

- ~~“Organic lesion at risk of bleeding—~~**Lesion or condition at significant risk of major bleeding such as current or recent gastrointestinal ulceration, presence of malignant neoplasms at high risk of bleeding, recent brain or spinal injury, recent brain, spinal or ophthalmic surgery, recent intracranial haemorrhage, known or suspected oesophageal varices, arteriovenous malformations, vascular aneurysms or major intraspinal or intracerebral vascular abnormalities**
- ~~Spontaneous or pharmacological impairment of haemostasis—~~**Concomitant treatment with any other anticoagulant agent e.g. unfractionated heparin (UFH), low molecular weight heparins (enoxaparin, dalteparin etc), heparin derivatives (fondaparinux etc), oral anticoagulants (warfarin, rivaroxaban, apixaban etc) except under the circumstances of switching therapy to or from Pradaxa (see section 4.2) or when UHF is given at doses necessary to maintain an open central venous or arterial catheter (see section 4.5)”**

Detailed conditions for the use of this product will be described in the updated summary of product characteristics (SmPC), which will be published in the revised European public assessment report

¹ Summaries of positive opinion are published without prejudice to the Commission decision, which will normally be issued within 44 days (Type II variations) and 67 days (Annex II applications) from adoption of the opinion.

² The text in bold represents the amended contraindication, the text strikethrough represents the deleted contraindication



(EPAR), and will be available in all official European Union languages after the variation to the marketing authorisation has been granted by the European Commission.

For information, the full contraindication(s) for Pradaxa will be as follows:

- “Hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients listed in section 6.1
- Patients with severe renal impairment (CrCL < 30 ml/min) (see section 4.2)
- Active clinically significant bleeding
- Lesion or condition at significant risk of major bleeding such as current or recent gastrointestinal ulceration, presence of malignant neoplasms at high risk of bleeding, recent brain or spinal injury, recent brain, spinal or ophthalmic surgery, recent intracranial haemorrhage, known or suspected oesophageal varices, arteriovenous malformations, vascular aneurysms or major intraspinal or intracerebral vascular abnormalities
- Concomitant treatment with any other anticoagulant agent e.g. unfractionated heparin (UFH), low molecular weight heparins (enoxaparin, dalteparin etc), heparin derivatives (fondaparinux etc), oral anticoagulants (warfarin, rivaroxaban, apixaban etc) except under the circumstances of switching therapy to or from Pradaxa (see section 4.2) or when UHF is given at doses necessary to maintain an open central venous or arterial catheter (see section 4.5)”
- Hepatic impairment or liver disease expected to have any impact on survival
- Concomitant treatment with systemic ketoconazole, cyclosporine, itraconazole and tacrolimus (see section 4.5)”