

25 May 2012 EMA/303395/2012

Assessment report for Vibativ

Review under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004

INN: telavancin

Medicinal orok

Procedure number: EMEA/H/C/1240/A-20/0001

Assessment Report as adopted by the CHMP v. ith all information of a commercially confidential nature deleted.



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Medicinal product no longer authorised

1. Background information on the procedure

The European Medicines Agency (EMA) was made aware on 10 November 2011 of the cessation of manufacture at Ben Venue Laboratories as a result of findings by the Supervisory Authorities of United Kingdom (MHRA) and France (AFSSAPS) and by US FDA inspectors during a Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP) inspection of Ben Venue Laboratories, Inc. (BVL) manufacturing site conducted jointly from 6 to 11 November 2011. This cessation included manufacturing operations in the three operational parts of the facility, North Complex, South Complex and Phase IV.

This inspection was a follow-up to a previous inspection conducted in March 2011 that had been triggered by the European Medicines Agency as part of the increased surveillance of this site. During the November 2011 inspection, a critical finding was identified with regard to deficiencies in the quality oversight of manufacturing and quality operations. In particular the inspectors pointed out as critical that since the last inspection there was an elevated risk of lack of sterility in the batch is manufactured at BVL. The key issues identified in the North facility concerned recent water leaks in the aseptic core and preparation area, HEPA filter failures, media growth, environmental monitoring and facility maintenance. The inspectors also identified the presence of particulate contain nation potentially affecting both the North and South facilities. The investigation performed by BVL did not provide reassurance concerning the root cause and the nature of the particles. Taken together, all the deficiencies observed in the oversight of manufacturing and quality of erations raise questions on the overall quality assurance system at BVL, and this is considered to have a potential detrimental impact on the quality and safety of products manufactured and released by the site.

On 10 November 2011, Ben Venue Laboratories announce. The cessation of production pending further investigation and resolution of issues related to equipment re-qualification and maintenance identified by the inspection team. This cessation included manufacturing operations in the three operational parts of the facility, North Complex, South Complex and Phase IV, that are listed as manufacturing sites for 14 centrally approved products: Angiox, Burillex, Caelyx, Cayston, Ceplene, Ecalta, Luminity, Mepact, Soliris, Torisel, Velcade, Vibativ, Vidaza, and Vistide.

In view of the above the European Commission initiated a procedure under Article 20 of Regulation (EC) No 726/2004. The European Commission requested the CHMP on 17 November 2011 to assess the above concerns and to give its coir on on measures necessary to ensure the safe and effective use of those products, and on whicher the marketing authorisations for these products should be maintained, varied, suspended or withcrewn. Furthermore the Commission asked the CHMP to consider if there was a need to take provisional measures, notably a withdrawal of medicinal products (or certain batches thereof) from the market.

2. Scientific discussion

Violation was granted a marketing authorisation in the EU on 2 September 2011, but it has not yet been onced in the market in the EU. Each vial contains 250 mg or 750 mg of telavancin as powder for concentrate for solution for infusion.

Vibativ has only one authorised manufacturing site, the BVL Phase IV facility.

Deficiencies observed in the oversight of manufacturing and quality operations at BVL raise questions on the overall quality assurance system, which can potentially have a detrimental impact on the quality and safety of products manufactured and released by the site.

Medicinal products for intravenous use are required to be sterile by definition, and this is built into the manufacturing process. In case there is contamination, this might not be uniform throughout the batch, so random sampling and testing of the final products will not detect contamination with absolute certainty, and compliance with the tests for sterility cannot certify absolute absence of microbial contamination. Greater assurance of sterility invariably originates from reliable stringent manufacturing procedures which are in strict compliance with GMPs.

On 13 January 2012, the supervisory authority issued a revised GMP compliance certificate for BVL (UK GMP 6105 Insp GMP/IMP 6105/16949-0018) affecting the North, South and Phase IV facilities. According to this certificate, the BVL site is not meeting the GMP requirements to allow the manufacture of Vibativ.

On the basis of the above and taking into account that Vibativ has no alternative manufacturing site authorised:

- The CHMP considers that the particulars and documents provided for in Article 8(3) of Directive 2001/83/EC, which need to be submitted in accordance with Annex I of the said Directive, are incorrect,
- In addition, the CHMP considers that the requirements laid down in article 41 b) of Directive 2001/83/EC are no longer met,

As a consequence, the CHMP recommends the suspension of the n ark ting authorisation for Vibativ in accordance with Articles 116, second paragraph and 118 of the said Directive.

In order to lift the suspension of the marketing authorisa ion the MAH shall present evidence to confirm that there is, within the marketing authorisation dossier for Vibativ, an authorised manufacturing site which fulfils the requirements second in Article 41 of Directive 2001/83/EC.

3. Conclusion and grounds for the recommendation

Having considered the overall submitted data provided by the MAH in writing, as well as the documentation provided by the inspectors

Whereas:

- The Ben Venue Laborator, as site is not in compliance with EU GMP for the manufacture of Vibativ,
- There is no alternative manufacturing site authorised within the Vibativ marketing authorisation dossier,

the CHMP considers that the particulars and documents provided for in Article 8(3) of Directive 2001/83/EC which need to be submitted in accordance with Annex I of the said Directive are incorrect, and that the requirements laid down in article 41b) of Directive 2001/83/EC are no longer met. The Committee therefore recommends the suspension of the marketing authorisation for Vibativ in accordance with Articles 116, second paragraph and 118 of Directive 2001/83/EC.

The conditions for lifting of the suspension are laid down in the Annex.

Annex

CONDITIONS FOR LIFTING THE SUSPENSION

Medicinal product no longer authorised

For the suspension to be lifted, the Marketing Authorisation Holder for Vibativ shall provide the CHMP with the following:

Evidence to confirm that there is, within the marketing authorisation dossier for Vibativ, an authorised manufacturing site which fulfils the requirements set out in Article 41 of Directive 2001/83/EC.

Medicinal product no longer authorised