



EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

Completion of the development of a formulation: Requirements for compliance check vs. requirements for Marketing Authorisation

**Workshop on Paediatric Formulations
For Assessors in National Regulatory Agencies**

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An agency of the European Union





Agenda

- The Paediatric regulation – New requirement;
- Compliance Check;
- Pharmaceutical Formulation Development;
- PIP - Quality studies requested;
- Requirements for Marketing Authorisation;
- Conclusion





PIP

- The Paediatric regulation – New requirement (PIP or proof of having a waiver or deferral):
 - New medicinal products
 - Authorised Medicinal Products covered by patent:
 - New indication;
 - Route of administration;
 - pharmaceutical form;
- PIP – any time
 - Authorised Medicinal Products - Off patent



Compliance Check

- Compliance?
 - The paediatric development must be in compliance with agreed PIP: Measures & Timelines
 - “Black or white” = Yes or NO
 - No room for negotiation
 - **Compliance ≠ Assessment**
 - **Compliance is needed.**





Compliance Check

- Compulsory for Validation:
 - New MAA;
 - New indication;
 - New route of administration;
 - New pharmaceutical form;
- **Lack of compliance before validation?**
 - **Refusal of validation**



YES



NO



Compliance – Partial Check

- Compliance for ongoing PIP = Partial Check
 - Submission before all PIP is completed:
 - Compliance checked for the applied indication;
 - Compliance for measures that should have been completed by that time (Old policy);
 - Checked studies ongoing (New policy);





Pharmaceutical Formulation Development

- Pharmaceutical Formulation?
 - Process in which active substance and excipients are combined
- Formulation Studies?
 - Objective: Selection formulation & Pharmaceutical form
 - Developing a stable formulation and acceptable for the patient
 - Choice of excipients
 - Compatibility studies
 - Characterisation of the active substance (Physical & Chemical properties)





Pharmaceutical Formulation

- Formulation Studies?
 - Disintegration studies
 - Dissolution studies
 - Several factors:
 - Particle size
 - Polymorphism
 - pH
 - Solubility
 - Bioavailability





Compliance Check - Quality

- How to demonstrate that the pharmaceutical development has been done?
 - **Submission of overall summary (Module 2):**
 - **Section 2.3.P.1** - Description and composition of the drug product
 - **Section 2.3.P.2** - Pharmaceutical Development
 - **Section 2.3.P.3** - Manufacture
 - **Section 2.3.P.5** - Control of drug product (including specifications)
 - **Section 2.3.P.7** - Container Closure System
 - **Section 2.3.P.8** - Stability





PIP - Quality studies requested

- Case A
 - Age appropriate liquid formulation – February 2009 - **Compliance Check OK**
- Case B
 - Development of age-appropriate dispersible or orodispersible or granule formulation –January 2011;
- Case C
 - Development of prolonged-release granules– December 2013;
- Case D
 - Development of paediatric age-appropriate strengths of film-coated tablets – January 2017





PIP - Quality studies requested

- Case E
 - A formulation age appropriate for paediatric patients less than 6 years (a powder for reconstitution, oral solution, oral granules, dispersible tablets or mini-tablets) – January 2011
- Case F
 - Development of an age-appropriate inhalation device – December 2017.
- Case G
 - Development of an Intravenous formulation – December 2017.





PIP - Quality studies requested

- Case H
 - Development of age-appropriate oral or parenteral formulation – December 2012
- Case H
 - Development of age-appropriate oral suspension – April 2014
- Case J
 - Development of chewable tablet formulation, in 100 and 250 mg strength - June 2014





PIP - Quality studies requested

- Case L
 - Studies to establish the minimum quantity of preservatives.
- Case M
 - to assess the bioequivalence of oral suspension to the tablet formulation.





Conclusion on Quality studies requested

- Development of age-appropriate:
 - Liquid formulation (e.g. oral solution)
 - Orodispersible tablets
 - Granule formulation (oral granules)
 - Mini-tablets
 - Prolonged-release granules
 - Powder for reconstitution
 - Intravenous formulation
 - Oral Suspension
 - Chewable tablet



Conclusion on Quality studies requested

- Other Quality studies requested
 - “Appropriate” paediatric strengths;
 - Age-appropriate inhalation device;
 - Other Age-appropriate deliver devices & dosing device;
 - Minimum quantity of preservatives;
 - Minimum quantity excipients;
 - Critical excipients to be avoided and replaced;
 - To assess the bioequivalence of new formulation & old formulation;
 - Size of the tablets;
 - Palatability – Studies to be performed;





Conclusion on Quality studies requested

- Other Quality studies requested
 - Compatibility issue (content/container)
 - Accuracy (syringe with small volumes, droppers)





Requirements for Marketing Authorisation

- Stable formulation and acceptable for the patient
- Compliance with the relevant Legislation
- “Compliance” with the relevant Guidelines / Guidances / Reflection papers ... or Justification
- Full Dossier





Conclusion

- The paediatric development must be in compliance with agreed PIP
- Compliance is needed
- Compliance \neq Assessment
- Development of age-appropriate formulations
- Level of information for Marketing Authorisation \neq Compliance check



Questions and Answers

