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EudraVigilance - EVWEB User Manual

Version 1.10

Note: Revision 1.10 contains the following:

- Sections 3.4 “Creating an Acknowledgment Message” and 3.5 “Sending an Acknowledgment Message” were moved and are now listed as, respectively, sub-sections 3.4.3 and 3.4.4.
- Sections 3.2.1 “Attachments”, 3.8.2 “Case Amendment” and 3.8.3 “Case Nullification” were added;
- Sections 1.6 “EVWEB Support”, 3.5.1 “Handling ICSRs & Safety Messages in the ICSRs Screen”, 3.9.2 “Single-Item Export”, 3.9.3 “ICSR Download” and 5.1 “Rerouting Rules (NCA Users)” were updated;
- Some editorial changes were made to align the format with other EMA documents.

Official address Domenico Scarlattilaan 6 • 1083 HS Amsterdam • The Netherlands

Address for visits and deliveries Refer to www.ema.europa.eu/how-to-find-us

Send us a question Go to www.ema.europa.eu/contact **Telephone** +31 (0)88 781 6000

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1. Introduction

1.1. About this User Manual

This user manual is part of the official documentation prepared by the European Medicines Agency (EMA) to support the use of the EudraVigilance Web reporting tool (EVWEB).

The user manual consists of 5 chapters.

Chapter 1 presents a comprehensive overview of the EVWEB application and should be read before the other chapters. It contains basic information regarding the structure, functions and use of EVWEB, which applies to all other sections and needs to be understood before moving on to the more advanced aspects of the system.

Chapter 2 describes the creation and transmission of Safety and Acknowledgement messages (ACKs), as well as the functions available in the **WEB Trader, ICSRs, Post** and **Workspace** screens.

Chapter 3 explains the integration of MedDRA in EVWEB and how to query the system for specific MedDRA terms.

Chapter 4 provides an insight into the administration tools available in EVWEB.

Chapter 5 lists the abbreviations and acronyms, along with their descriptions, introduced in this user manual.

1.2. Typographical Conventions

The following typographical conventions have been used throughout this user manual:

Table 1 - Typographical Conventions

Format	Description
"Quoted text"	Indicates user interface items such as buttons, text, or icon descriptions.
Bold	Indicates EVWEB screens, for example Create and send ICSRs, WEB Trader, ICSRs, Post, MedDRA, Workspace etc. Also denotes external documentation titles referenced in this manual.
Bold italic	Indicates chapter/section titles and figure captions.
CAPS	Indicates keys you should press on your keyboard (i.e. SHIFT, TAB).
Courier Font	Indicates back end database items (i.e., schema and table names etc.)

1.3. EudraVigilance (EV)

EudraVigilance (EV) is the European data-processing network and database management system for the exchange, processing and evaluation of Individual Case Safety Reports (ICSRs) related to medicinal products authorised in the European Economic Area (EEA).

EudraVigilance is a key component in supporting the EMA and its committees in the coordination of the supervision, under practical conditions of use, of medicinal products which have been authorised within the European Community. EudraVigilance also provides advice on the measures to ensure the safe and effective use of these products, in particular by evaluating and making available through a pharmacovigilance database information on adverse reactions to the medicinal products in question.

EudraVigilance provides the European Union (EU) with a data-processing network for the rapid transmission of safety information, between the National Competent Authorities (NCAs) in the event of an alert relating to faulty manufacture, serious adverse reactions, and pharmacovigilance data regarding medicinal products marketed in the community.

In addition, EudraVigilance supports the Clinical Trials Directive 2001/20/EC and regulation EU 536/2014, through the EudraVigilance Clinical Trials Module (EVCTM). This module enables Commercial and Non-Commercial Sponsors (NCSs) to report electronically Suspected Unexpected Serious Adverse Reactions (SUSARs) that occur during clinical trials in accordance with the respective community guidance.

Please refer to the release notes for EudraVigilance (available on the EMA's webpage [EudraVigilance training and support](#)) to get a list of the new functions and amendments to the existing system.

This user manual deals with EudraVigilance version that entered into production on the 22 November 2017.

1.3.1. ICH E2B(R2) & E2B(R3) Standards

1.3.1.1. ICH E2B(R2)

The ICH E2B(R2) standard was introduced in 2001, and its aim was to migrate the industry from the then traditional paper reporting style to a more efficient, electronic submission method. In order for this to be possible, the E2B(R2) standard was designed in such a way as to improve the interoperability between all concerned parties (i.e. regulatory authorities, pharmaceutical companies and healthcare organisations), by standardising the data elements for the transmission of ICSRs.

It should be noted that this standard was fully phased out in favour of the newer and more versatile ICH E2B(R3). Still, the newly re-written EVWEB has retained the ability to import E2B(R2) data. This is **only** possible only through the **Workspace** import function, which allows importing, viewing/editing and sending (see **section 3.7. Workspace Screen Functions**).

1.3.1.2. ICH E2B(R3)

To make the ICH standards and the electronic case reporting more useful and compliant with changing pharmacovigilance practices, a new version referred to as ICH E2B(R3) was finalized in July 2013. ICH agreed to use the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Individual Case Safety Report (ICSR) standard ISO EN 27953-2:2011 to meet the reporting requirements for E2B(R3).

EVWEB, one of the functional components of EudraVigilance (see **section 1.4.4. EVWEB**), has been re-written to support ICH E2B(R3) messages. Furthermore, additional updates and modifications have been applied to EVWEB and will be described in detail throughout this user manual.

1.4. Main Functional Components of EudraVigilance

1.4.1. EudraVigilance Database Management System (EVDBMS)

The EudraVigilance Database Management System (EVDBMS) is the core component of the European pharmacovigilance database. This web-based information system is designed to handle the safety report information in full compliance with the latest version of the International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use (ICH) specifications, featuring:

- A fully integrated organisation and user management in the EudraVigilance community synchronised with the EudraVigilance Gateway profile management.
- A fully automated safety and message processing mechanism, using XML-based messaging, supporting both asynchronous data interchange and interactive transactions.
- A large reference pharmacovigilance database, which is built by importing and consolidating data from multiple sources, including information on medicinal products and adverse drug reactions.
- An extensive query and tracking/tracing capability, both from a scientific and administrative business perspective.

1.4.2. MedDRA

MedDRA is the Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities. It was developed in the frame of the ICH M1 activities as a clinically validated international medical terminology for regulatory authorities, and is maintained by the MedDRA Maintenance and Support Services Organisation (MSSO).

MedDRA is used by regulators and the pharmaceutical industry for data entry, retrieval, evaluation and presentation during all phases of the drug regulatory process (i.e. the pre- and post-authorisation phase). These processes include clinical studies, reports of spontaneous adverse reactions, events, regulatory submissions and regulated product information.

1.4.3. EudraVigilance ESTRIM Gateway

The EMA has implemented an electronic regulatory submission environment, the EudraVigilance Gateway, which follows the ICH M2 Gateway Recommendation for the Electronic Standards for the Transmission of Regulatory Information (ESTRI) Gateway.

The purpose of the EudraVigilance Gateway is to operate a single, common, EEA-wide Gateway for receiving regulatory submissions in a fully automated and secure way, including all aspects of privacy, authentication, integrity and non-repudiation of all transactions in pharmacovigilance.

The EudraVigilance Gateway allows the pharmaceutical industry to report to a common reporting point within the EEA, from where the transactions are re-routed to the concerned regulatory authorities. It provides the NCAs with a secure reporting mechanism to the pharmaceutical industry and to the EMA. The pharmaceutical industry, for example Marketing Authorization Holders (MAHs), is responsible for implementing at least one of the supported ESTRIM standards in order to ensure electronic communication with any EEA Regulatory Authority.

The EudraVigilance Gateway supports two transmission modes:

- The Gateway transmission mode
- The WEB Trader transmission mode

The Gateway transmission mode refers to an organization that has a pharmacovigilance database that is fully compliant with the applicable exchange standards, which permits the generation and receipt of ICSRs and the electronic transmission of them via a local gateway solution that meets the ICH M2 recommendations and has been successfully tested and connected with the EudraVigilance Gateway.

The WEB Trader transmission mode is an integrated component of the EudraVigilance Gateway designed to support Small and Medium Size Enterprises (SMEs) or Regional Pharmacovigilance Centres (RPCs) to generate, send and receive ICSRs in a secure way, to any registered organisation within the

EudraVigilance community. This transmission mode is achieved through a specially developed internet-based reporting tool called EVWEB.

The WEB Trader transmission mode is not applicable for NCAs that are connected through the EudraVigilance Gateway, but it may be selected as a transmission mode by RPCs, if applicable.

1.4.4. EVWEB

The EVDBMS also provides interactive tools that allow the manual creation of Safety and Acknowledgement messages (ACKs) and their administration by a user via a web interface, called EVWEB.

EVWEB can be used by any MAH or sponsor in the EEA. EVWEB is specifically designed for SMEs, which do not have a fully ICH E2B(R3) compliant pharmacovigilance system and/or ESTRi gateway in place. It provides the necessary tool to allow SMEs secure electronic reporting to the EMA and all NCAs in the EEA.

EVWEB users must register with the EMA (see **section 1.5. Access to EudraVigilance & EVWEB**) of this manual) and also follow EudraVigilance Training courses in order to familiarise themselves with the reporting facilities. Please visit the [EudraVigilance training and support](#) webpage of the EMA's website for up-to-date information on training courses.

Access to EVWEB is personal and non-transferable for each user of each organisation. It is achieved through personal login, and password access keys can be obtained following registration with EudraVigilance.

1.4.4.1. EVWEB's Main Functions

1.4.4.1.1. Create & Send Safety Messages

One of the main functions of EVWEB is the ability to create and send ICSRs in relation to both the pre- and post-authorisation phases – WEB Trader users may use EVWEB for this purpose by compiling a new message containing one or more ICSRs using the specific screen of the application.

The tool will automatically display the complete sections of the hierarchical structure of a typical ICSR giving a user the opportunity to insert the information in the various fields as necessary. The application will also take care of displaying mandatory fields and detect basic data entry and consistency mistakes before validating the message and sending it.

Only WEB Trader users are allowed to send Safety messages via EVWEB. Gateway users may use the application, but Safety and Acknowledgement messages can only be sent and received via their local gateway.

Once a Safety message has been created, it can be exported in the XML format (which is the typical format for a Safety message) by clicking on the "Export XML" button (see **Figure 14 - Dynamic buttons set**). However, in order to obtain the case in the RTF format (which is the typical "text" document format), the previously downloaded XML file should be uploaded into the **Workspace** area (see **section 3.7.1. Import Function**) and once that is done, the file can now be exported in the RTF format (see **Figure 106 - Workspace screen: 1 XML file (containing only 1 case) imported**).

Alternatively, if a case was already sent to EV, then it is possible to export both the XML and RTF files by going to the **WEB Trader "Outbox"** section (see **Figure 54 - WEB Trader "Outbox" screen**). In the "Outbox" section of EVWEB, it is possible to obtain the XML and/or RTF file(s) by clicking on "XML" or "RTF".

Note: EVWEB uses the ICH E2B(R3) standard for Safety messages created in its environment, but retains background compatibility for importing ICH E2B(R2) Safety messages as well (see **section 3.7. Workspace Screen Functions**).

1.4.4.1.2. Create & Send Acknowledgement Messages

Acknowledgement messages are used to inform other users that a Safety message has been received and processed. They also announce the outcome of the validation of that Safety message at the receiver's end. EVWEB allows users to create and send Acknowledgement messages for received Safety messages and to read and store the received Acknowledgement messages for the Safety messages they have sent.

Notes:

- Given the phasing out of the old E2B(R2) message format, EVWEB only displays now the applicable ICH E2B(R3) compliant Acknowledgement message form.
- As stated in **section 1.4.4.1.8. ICSR Download Screen**, MAHs should **not** send acknowledgements (ACKs) for any ICSR downloaded from EudraVigilance, including those obtained via the "**ICSR Download**" screen.

1.4.4.1.3. WEB Trader Screen

The **WEB Trader** screen of the application allows WEB Trader users to keep track of sent and received Safety messages, Acknowledgement messages and rejected (invalid) messages.

1.4.4.1.4. ICSRs Screen

The ICSRs screen allows users to view, browse and query ICSRs and Safety messages residing on the EVDBMS. It also provides the "Follow-up" and "Add to follow-ups" options which allow the user to edit or update and resend ICSRs already stored in the EVDBMS. These functions on ICSRs can be performed taking into account the general access rights of the users.

1.4.4.1.5. Post Screen

The **Post** screen provides a quick method to upload and send a Safety message to other compliant organisations (i.e. EVDBMS, MAHs). It accepts only XML files that are compliant with the ICH E2B(R3) standard.

1.4.4.1.6. MedDRA Screen

The user is able to browse and query the complete MedDRA terminology. MedDRA is fully integrated in the EVWEB application.

1.4.4.1.7. Workspace Screen

The Workspace screen is a new addition to EVWEB's supported functions. Its purpose is to act as a temporary, centralised area where multiple EVWEB items (Safety messages, Acknowledgement messages, ICSRs) can be added to for better review and management.

Attention: The **Workspace** screen retains the added EVWEB items only during an active EVWEB session. If a user logs out or terminates the session (i.e. closes the web browser window), the **Workspace** screen will clear all previously added items. The cleared items are not actually deleted

since they reside on the remote EVDBMS. Items added to the **Workspace** screen are copies that are loaded from the remote system.

1.4.4.1.8. ICSR Download Screen

The ICSR Download screen is a new addition to EVWEB's supported functions. Its purpose is to allow users to download ICSRs in bulk either from the MLM Service, to fulfil pharmacovigilance obligations (L2A) or to request case narratives in the context of signal management (L2B). Please see **section 3.9.3. ICSR Download** for further details on using this functionality.

Notes:

- The output of all bulk download requests is a zip file containing ICH E2B(R3) format XML files.
- MAHs should **not** send Acknowledgements (ACKs) for any ICSR downloaded from EudraVigilance.
- ICSR download requests (such as L2A and MLM) can **only** be done between 6am & 6pm CET/CEST (see section **3.9.3.2. Use of Automation tools (API/RPA) in the Level 2A (L2A) ICSR download and Captcha control for Level 2B (L2B) download requests**).

1.5. Access to EudraVigilance & EVWEB

Only registered organisations and their registered individual users are granted access to the EVDBMS. When registering with EudraVigilance, all organisations need to specify their transmission mode.

NCA's and RPCs can choose to use the Gateway or the WEB Trader transmission mode.

MAHs need to specify their transmission mode at the level of the Head Quarters and at the level of the affiliates, if the ICSR management is not centralised within a company. Different transmission modes may be used at each level. For MAHs, the chosen transmission mode determines the default access rights to the EVDBMS.

Sponsors of Clinical Trials can register either transmission mode (Gateway or WEB Trader users) and add affiliates/subsidiaries following a Head Quarters registration. As per MAHs, the chosen transmission mode determines the default access rights to the EVDBMS.

Individual users of NCA's have access to all ICSRs (both pre-and post-authorisation) stored in the EVDBMS.

MAHs currently have only restricted access to the EVDBMS. Individual users of a pharmaceutical company can only view the ICSRs that have been submitted by that company to the EudraVigilance post-authorisation module. MAHs may also define specific user rights for their affiliates, and their individual users during the registration process.

MAHs and Sponsors of Clinical Trials do not have access to the pre-marketing reports submitted to the EVCTM.

1.5.1. Availability of the EVWEB application

The EVWEB application will be made available during EMA office hours 08:30 – 18:00 (UK time), Monday to Friday. The EVWEB will also be made available outside of these hours apart from scheduled maintenance and routine data management tasks.

All service issues/outages are reported on the service desk homepage (see **section 1.6. EVWEB Support** below). Users of EVWEB should check this page first if they encounter issues accessing the service.

The following tasks are performed outside of EMA office hours in order to support the operation of EudraVigilance:

- classification of ICSRs against the XEVMPD/Art.57 database
- detection and management of duplicate ICSRs
- assignment of the substance based access (Level 2) for MAHs

These scheduled activities will run every day Monday to Sunday between 23:59 and 04:00 (UK time) in the morning, EVWEB services will resume as soon as these automated tasks have completed. Access to EVWEB will not possible whilst these activities are being performed and a maintenance page will be displayed.

Please note that if a larger than normal number of ICSRs are received within a day the system may become available again later than 04:00, however in such situations EVWEB should still be accessible from 08:30 (EMA office hours).

Notes:

- Any ICSR download requests launched by MAHs that have not completed before these scheduled activities start will be made available as soon as the EVWEB interface is available again.
- Submissions made via the EudraVigilance gateway are not affected by these planned activities, however acknowledgements will not be returned until these process have finished

1.6. EVWEB Support

If you require technical assistance please contact the EMA service desk by using the following portal:

<https://support.ema.europa.eu/esc>

Please also refer to the [EudraVigilance support guide](#), that provides a detailed overview of different support options available, as well as additional sources of information.

When logging a call please ensure that you provide as much information as possible in order to help with investigating issues or to provide you with the correct support.

You should always provide the following information:

- User name
- Organisation ID

For issues related to ICSRs submitted to EudraVigilance please also include

- Worldwide case ID
- Local report number (EU-EC-nnnnnnnnnnn)
- Message number
- Date of submission

For issues related to missing acknowledgements for Gateway submissions please also include

- XML file name
- Gateway CoreID
- Date and time sent
- Confirmation positive MDN was received

For issues and errors seen with the EVWEB application please include

- The steps taken that lead to the error or issue
- Screenshots of the error/issue seen in the application

The service desk application allows the attachment of files (ZIP, word, excel & image files) and these are useful in providing complete responses in quicker timeframe. However, please note that files containing sensitive information (such as XML files, ICSR or CIOMS Forms, RTF documents or print screens) should **not** be added to your Service Desk request - this is also stated in the Data Protection Note in the homepage of ServiceNow and the associated [Information Note](#).

Thus, if your query refers to a case already transmitted to EV, then all that is needed is the full "C.1.1 Sender's (case) safety report unique identifier" or the "C.1.8.1 Worldwide unique case identification number" as EMA can access the cases present in the system.

Alternatively, if your query does not refer to a case already transmitted to EV, and if EMA needs to access sensitive file(s), it/they should, instead, be shared with EMA via Eudralink to an email address that will be provided in the reply to your Service Desk ticket.

1.7. Classification of product information and Level 2A/B access

Access to ICSRs in EudraVigilance is based on linkage of the suspect and interacting drugs within an ICSR and the data held in the XEVMPD for the organisation accessing the system. This is done at the level of the "**scientific product**" or "**scientific group**" (substance).

Note: MAHs have full access to an ICSR which they have sent regardless of the product/substance information in the ICSR.

The first step in performing the linkage for level 2 access is through the Classification of the product/substance information for an ICSR. The diagram shown below **Figure 1** - Classification and linkage of XEVMPD data provides an overview of the process.

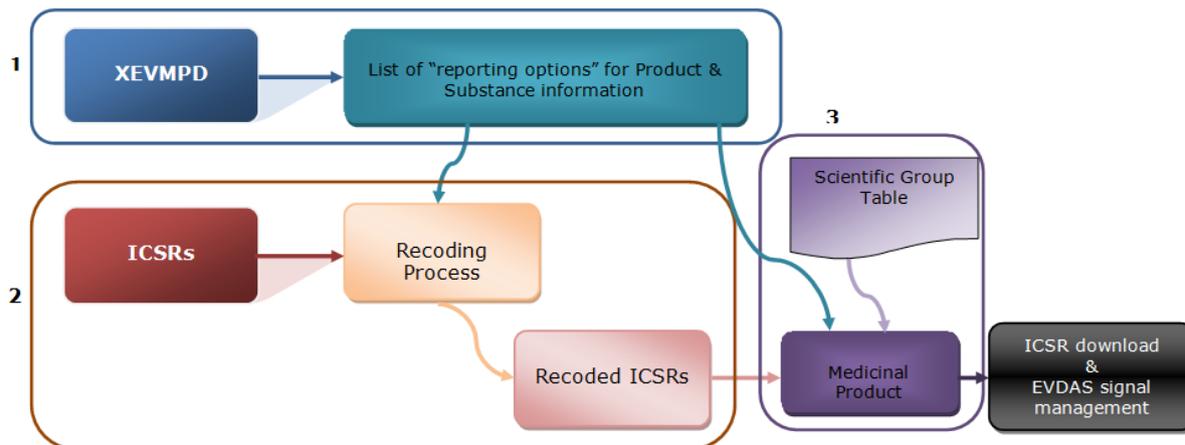


Figure 1 - Classification and linkage of XEVMPD data

The recording process mentioned in the **Figure 1** above identifies the reported text in the ICSR and classifies it against the closest match to XEVMPD data. The matching uses the XEVMPD’s “product index”, the product index is a list of a possible combinations of the parts of the product name information for authorised medicinal products and also the scientific compositions of those products. **Figure 2** below illustrates how this matching is performed automatically, however some matches require a manual review in order to choose the correct corresponding product index entry.

Reported terms in ICSR	Classification	Product Index
NUROFEN	<p>The classification process, either automatic (based on an algorithm) or manual (performed by staff when the automatic recoding fails) associates the reported term in ICSRs to one entry from the “product index”.</p>	NUROFEN
NUROFEN 400 MG		NUROFEN 400 MG
IBUPROFEN		IBUPROFEN
NUROFEN FOR CHILDREN		NUROFEN FOR CHILDREN
SUBITENE 200 MG		SUBITENE 200 MG
IBUPROFEN SODIUM		IBUPROFEN SODIUM
5% STADERM CREAM*		STADERM 5% CREAM*
MEGLUMINE IBUPROFEN*		IBUPROFEN MEGLUMINE*

Figure 2 - Classification of reported terms against the XEVMPD product index

After the product index is assigned to the drug information in the ICSR the EudraVigilance system is able to link this information to the corresponding Scientific product and the Scientific group. Examples of this linkage are shown in **Figure 3** below.

Product Index	Product Index Group	Scientific Product	Scientific Group
NUROFEN	NUROFEN	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN
NUROFEN 400 MG	NUROFEN	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN
IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN
NUROFEN FOR CHILDREN	NUROFEN FOR CHILDREN	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN
SUBITENE 200 MG	SUBITENE	IBUPROFEN SODIUM DIHYDRATE	IBUPROFEN
IBUPROFEN SODIUM	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN SODIUM	IBUPROFEN
STADERM 5% CREAM	STADERM	IBUPROFEN PICONOL	IBUPROFEN
IBUPROFEN MEGLUMINE	IBUPROFEN	IBUPROFEN MEGLUMINE	IBUPROFEN

Figure 3 - Product Index link to Scientific product and scientific group

The final step the system makes is to link the ICSR drug Scientific product or scientific group (depending on search criteria chosen, the default is the scientific group) to the XEVMPD authorised medicinal product scientific product or scientific group. **Figure 4** below shows a search being performed using the Scientific product linkage, the user will retrieve one L2A ICSR (case 2), access to case 1 will be level 3 and would not be included in a L2A download request. If the query is changed to use the Scientific group (default level) instead cases 3 & 4 will be returned in addition to case 2.

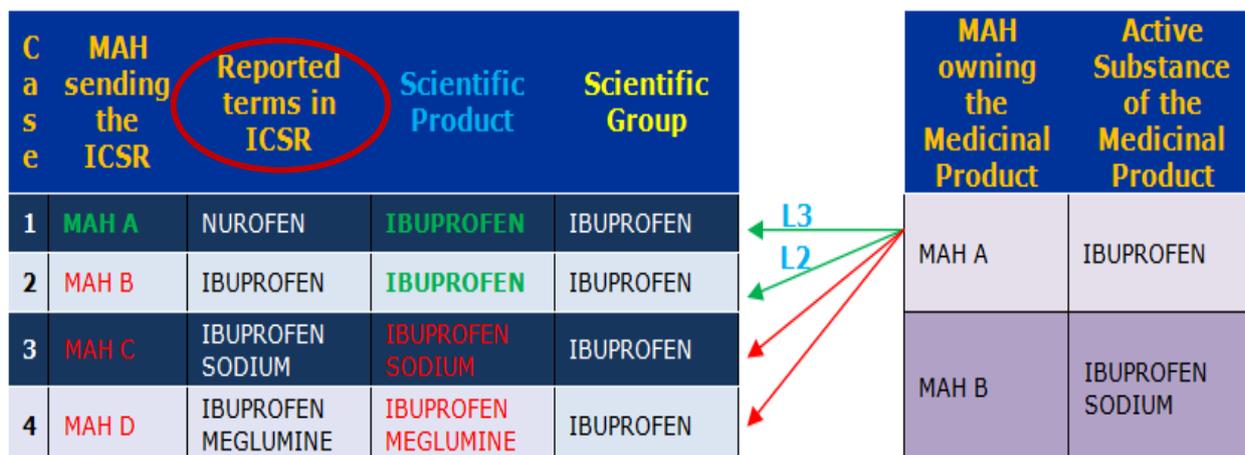


Figure 4 - Example matching of Scientific product information

2. EVWEB

The EudraVigilance WEB (EVWEB) application is a web-based tool designed for the transmission of ICSRs to EudraVigilance for pharmacovigilance purposes through the internet. It also allows follow-ups to ICSRs and exchange of Acknowledgement messages. System users also have full access to MedDRA for coding and analytical processing.

EVWEB can be accessed by modern web browsers, the browsers, MS Edge, Firefox & Chrome have been tested and are therefore recommended.

2.1. General Description

EVWEB is available to registered users only. It can be accessed from the following website:

<https://eudravigilance.ema.europa.eu/Decommissioned/Decommissioned.html>

The transmission of information through this system is secure. Security is achieved in a first instance by a username/password combination to access the reserved area of the website, and in a second instance by the use of a HTTPS (SSL) protocol. Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) provides security by the use of a public key to encrypt data that is then transferred over the SSL connection. In HTTP (SHTTP), SSL creates a secure connection between a client and a server, through which any amount of data can be sent securely. SSL and S-HTTP, therefore, are complementary technologies.

2.1.1. Login

EVWEB is accessible by clicking on the "EVWEB" link in the restricted area of the EudraVigilance webpage or via the EudraVigilance links available on the EudraVigilance pages of the EMA website.

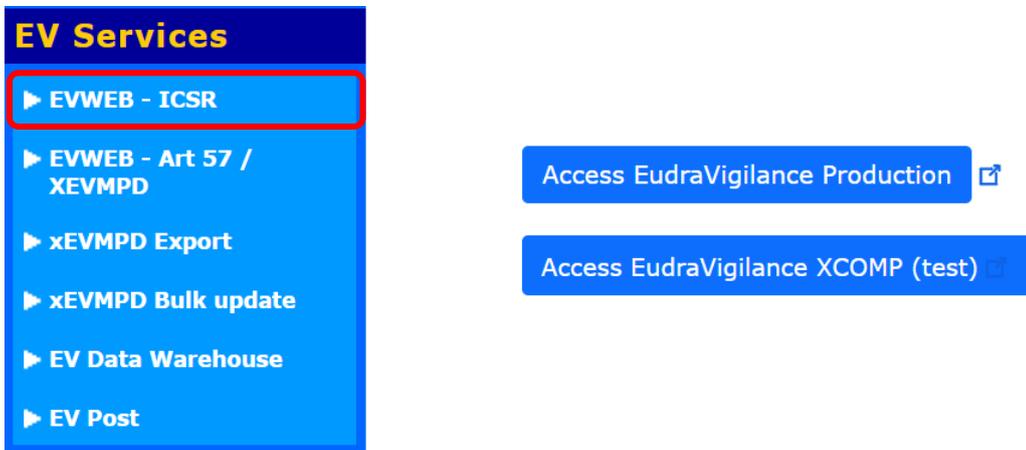


Figure 5 - Accessing EVWEB

By accessing EVWEB via the restricted area, the user will need to select an organization.

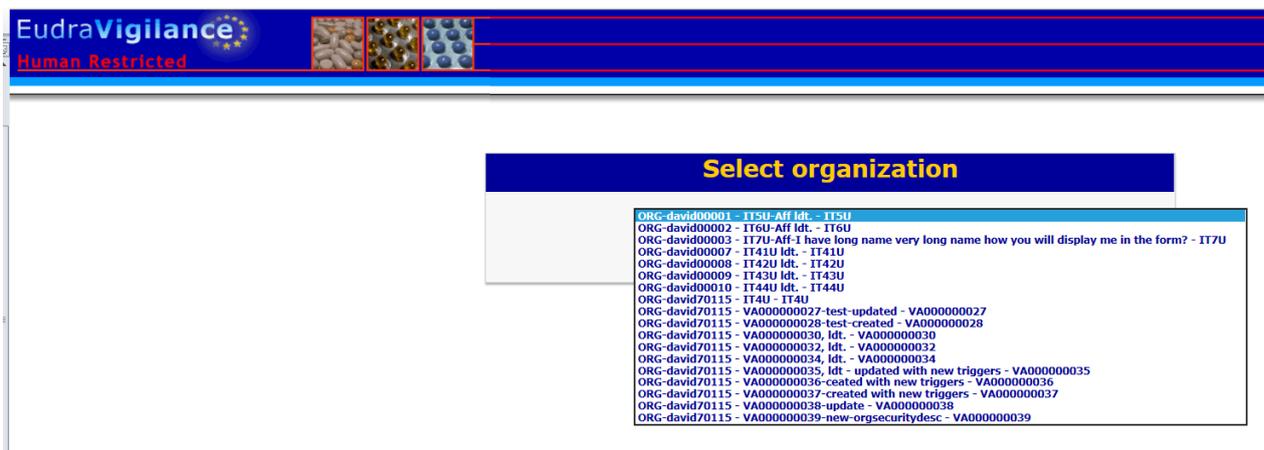


Figure 6 - Selection of organisation

The EVWEB application can also be accessed directly without going through the secure area of the EudraVigilance website by using the following URLs.

EudraVigilance XCOMP (test): <https://eudravigilance-human-xcomp.ema.europa.eu/#/>

EudraVigilance production: <https://eudravigilance-human.ema.europa.eu/#/>

Tip: You can add these URLs as bookmarks to your Internet browser in order to quickly access the application without going through the secure area of the EudraVigilance website.

The application will open in a new web browser window. If the user has not been authenticated already, a login dialog will appear prompting them to login:

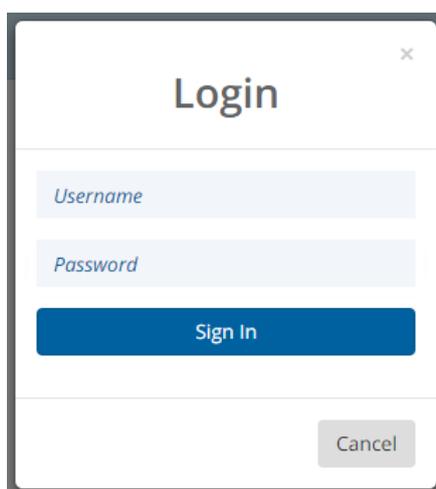


Figure 7 - Login dialog

When logged in, the user will be prompted to select an organisation.

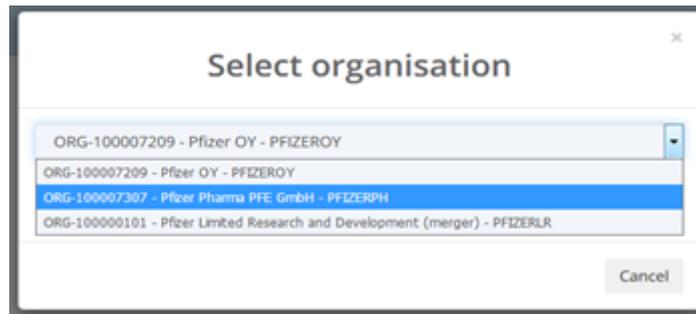


Figure 8 - Organisation selection dialog

2.1.2. User Interface Layout

The main menu is located on the top of that window and below it is the dynamic buttons set (**Please note: the buttons will vary depending on the EVWEB screen you are currently accessing**). Below the main menu and the dynamic buttons set, the screen will usually be divided vertically into two parts: on the left side will be the tree view area and on the right the active area.

The following screenshot, which shows the 'Create and send ICSRs' screen, and accompanying table provide a general outline of the EVWEB interface:

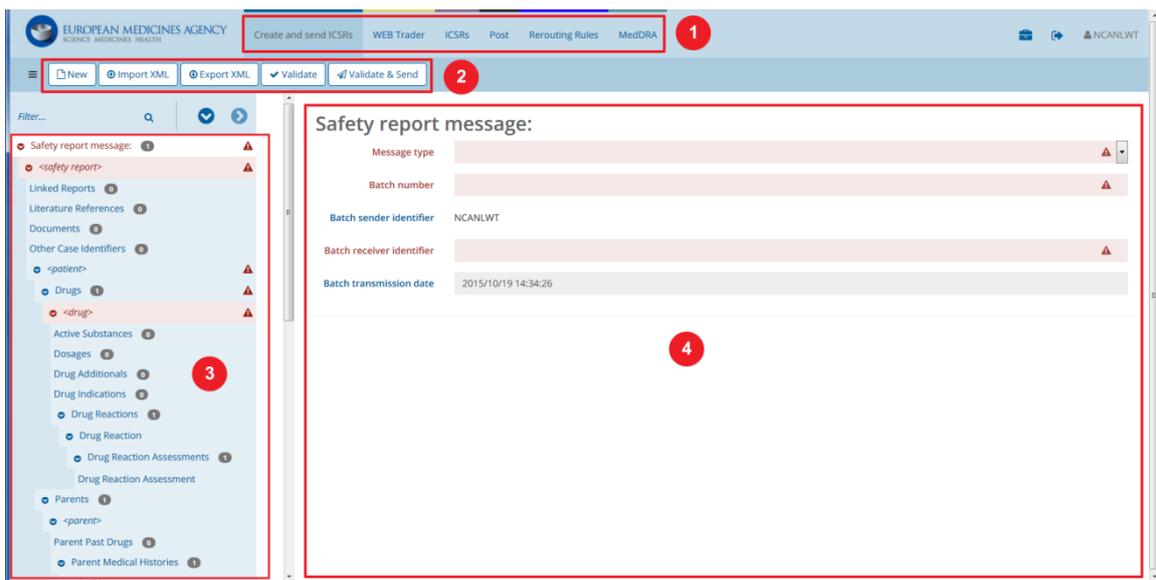


Figure 9 - EVWEB Interface

Table 2 – Description of the Interface Options

Interface Option	Description
(1) Main menu	EVWEB's main menu is always present in every screen of the application. EVWEB is divided into different screens according to the kind of information you are going to operate with (i.e. Create and send ICSRs, WEB Trader, ICSRs, Post, MedDRA , etc.).

Interface Option	Description
(2) Dynamic buttons set	This area represents the dynamic buttons set. It will vary depending on the EVWEB screen you are accessing.
(3) Tree view area	Displays the hierarchy of the ICSR, Safety or Acknowledgement message sections in a tree view style.
(4) Active area	Displays content of a selected section or search results from a query.

Attention: The case examples used in this user manual to describe the functions of the EVWEB application are fictitious, and are intended for demonstration purposes only.

2.1.3. Session Time Out

The EVWEB tool allows a maximum period of inactivity of 25 minutes before a user is automatically logged out of the system. **Figure 10** below shows the session expiry warning that will come up when the maximum period of inactivity is being reached. In order to prevent the automatic log out, users should click on the "Renew Session" button.

Note: There is **no** "auto-save" functionality in EVWEB. Users are therefore advised to **periodically save their work** by clicking on the "Export XML" button - see **Figure 14 - Dynamic buttons set**. This way, they can resume their work once the previously saved XML file is uploaded into EVWEB, by clicking on the button "Import XML" - see **Figure 14 - Dynamic buttons set**.

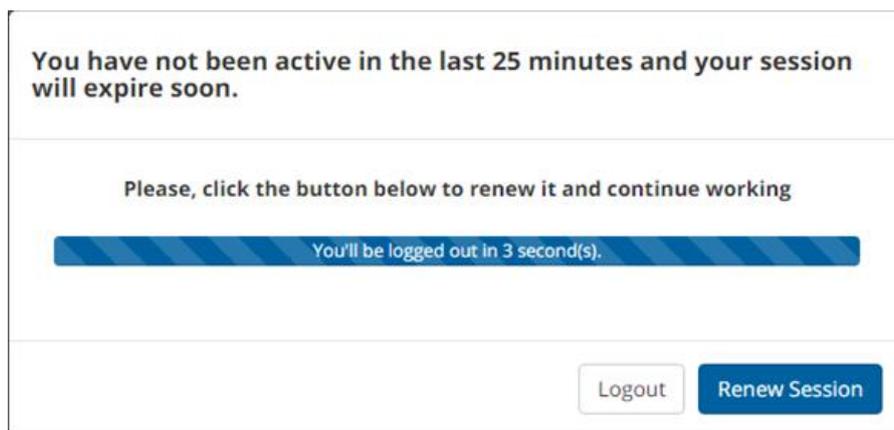


Figure 10 - Session expiry warning

2.2. The Main Menu & Dynamic Buttons Set

2.2.1. Main Menu

EVWEB's main menu will vary in available options, depending on the user's account access rights. In this user manual we will describe the menu entries and system functionality available to regular MAH users (i.e. non-administrators) of the interface. Depending on your account's rights, you may see all of these options or a limited set of them.

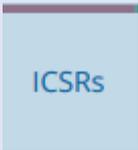
Note: Additional locked features are available, such as tools for administrators of the EVWEB system, but these will only be available to user accounts that have the necessary permissions.



Figure 11 - The main menu

A typical EVWEB main menu consists of the following links:

Table 3 – EVWEB main menu

Menu Option	Description
	Allows user access to the part of the application dedicated to the creation and transmission of ICH E2B(R3) Safety messages (see chapter 3. ICSRs & Messages of this manual).
	Allows access to review your own messages, both sent and received. You will be able to see messages sent to you and by you, in the "Inbox" and "Outbox" views. The "Inbox" and "Outbox" view options will only be available to WEB Trader users. Users sending information via their locally established Gateway will not see these view options (see chapter 3. ICSRs & Messages of this manual).
	Allows you to view, browse and query ICSRs and Safety messages located in the EVDBMS (see chapter 3. ICSRs & Messages of this manual).
	The re-routing rules administration tool is accessible only to NCA user accounts.
	Provides a quick method to upload and send ICH E2B(R3) compliant Safety messages to the system.
	This area of the application allows you to browse and perform searches at all levels of MedDRA (see chapter 4. MedDRA of this manual)
	Allows the bulk export of ICSRs and Safety messages based on pre-defined criteria options.

Menu Option	Description
	The Workspace screen is a new addition to EVWEB's supported functions. It acts as a temporary, centralised area where multiple EVWEB items (Safety and Acknowledgement messages, ICSRs) can be added to for better review and management.

Note: The EVWEB interface has been designed to utilise the latest WEB user interface (UI) approach called responsive UI. This approach automatically adjusts the EVWEB interface to the best possible viewing layout based on the size of your screen or web browser window. For example, if the screen or window is too small, the main menu may be hidden within the following menu icon: .

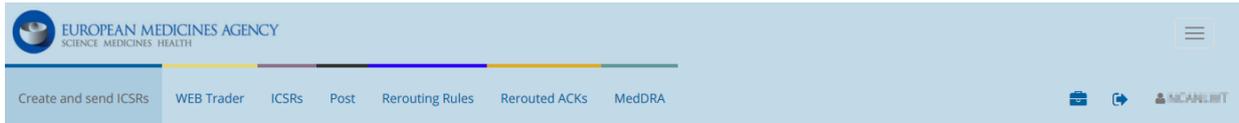


Figure 12 - Main menu: Normal screen/window size



Figure 13 - Main menu: Small screen/window size

The link corresponding to the currently active screen of EVWEB will have a darker background.

2.2.2. Dynamic Buttons Set

This set of buttons, located under the main menu and on the left side of your window, displays a variable number of buttons that change according to the screen of the application and the related section selected in the tree view area.



Figure 14 - Dynamic buttons set

These buttons and the different screens and functions of EVWEB will be described in further detail in the following sections of this user manual.

2.3. The Tree View Area

The tree view area is located on the left side of the application, below the main menu and the dynamic buttons set. It shows sections in a tree view style (similar to Windows File Explorer).

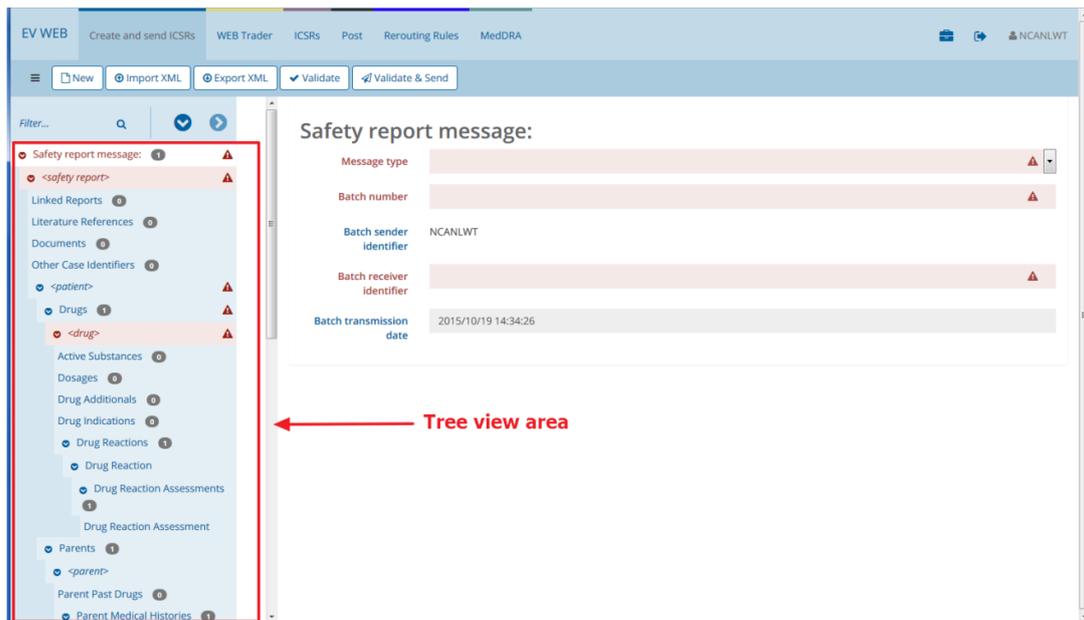


Figure 15 - The tree view area

To select a section in the tree view area, you have to click on section's name. The sections available for selection will appear as links when you hover the mouse pointer over them (they become underlined).

You will notice that most section names are followed by a numbered grey circle icon (i.e. **1**). These icons indicate how many additional sub-sections are available under the main section. If the number in the grey circle is greater than zero, then the section name will be in bold.

When the icon  appears on the left of a tree view section, this indicates it contains a sub-section that can be expanded by clicking on the  icon.

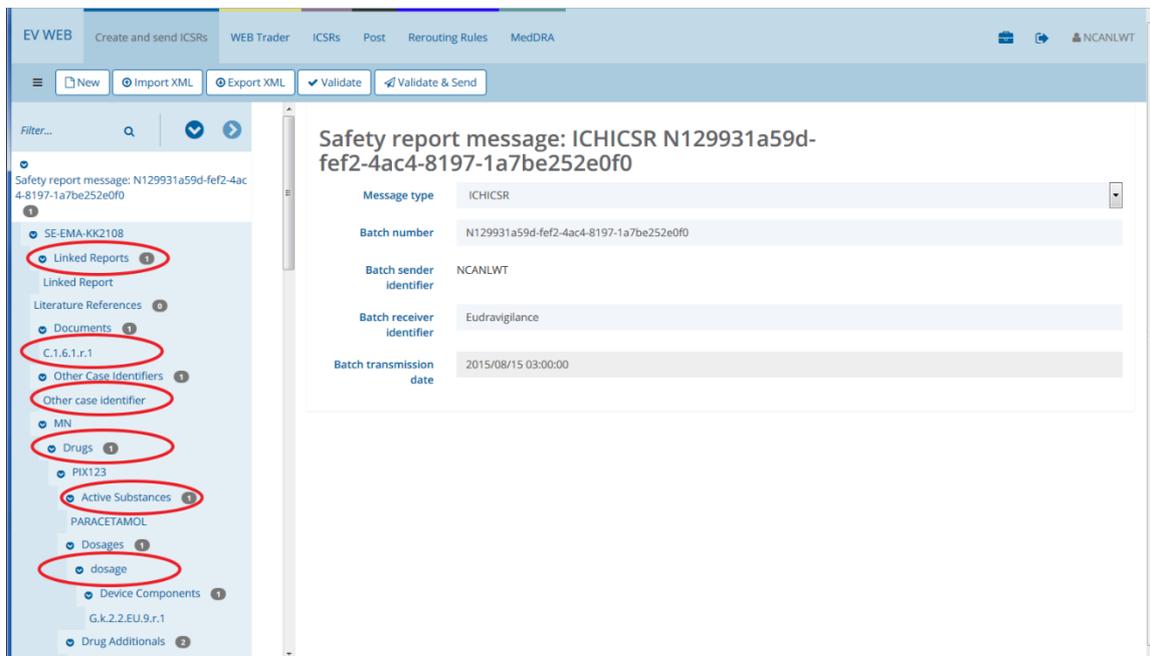
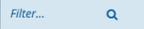


Figure 16 - Tree view area with sub-sections

Tip: You can expand or collapse at once all tree view sections by clicking on the corresponding icons ( ) located at the top of the tree view area.

After a tree view section is expanded, the icon  changes into . To collapse the section again, click on the  icon.

The tree view can grow, expand and become extensive while using the application. The active section of the tree view area is always marked on a white background.

Note: Located within the tree view area and at the top, is a simple query type field containing the text "Filter..." in it (). You can use this query field to search for any matching section/sub-section in the current tree view area.

When the expanded tree grows beyond the size of the tree view area, scroll bars will appear on the side, to allow you to move up and down and reach any part of the tree.

2.4. The Active Area

The active area displays the content of the currently selected section in the tree view area.

The active area is located below the main menu and the dynamic buttons set. If a tree view area is present, the active area appears on the right side of the application.

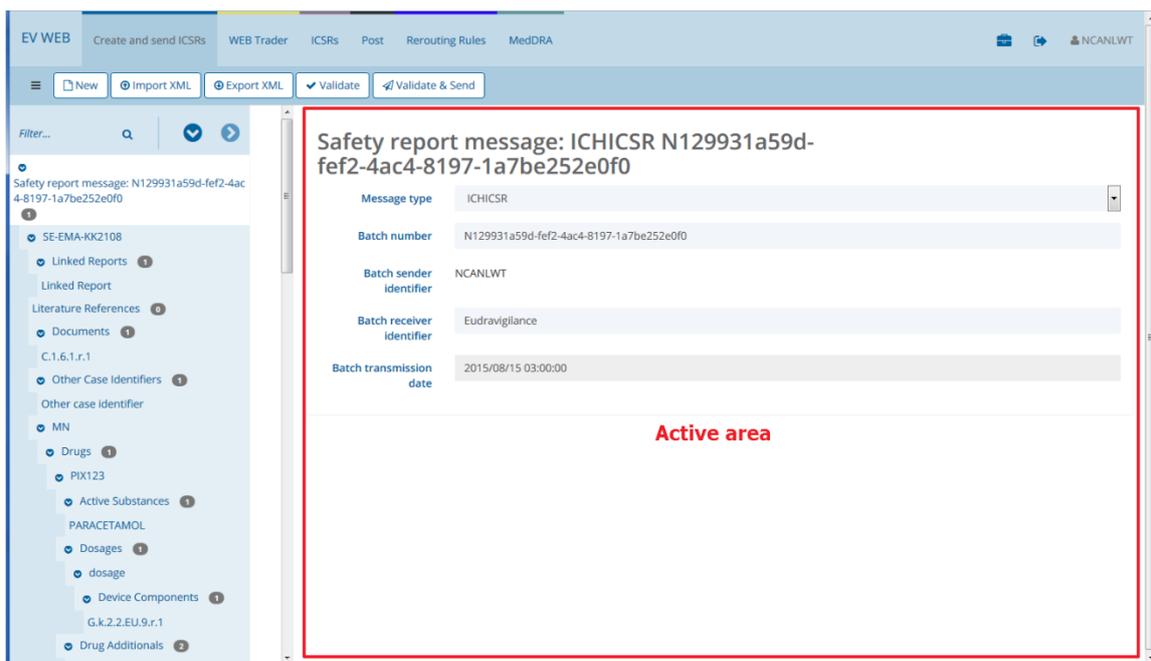


Figure 17 - Active area

The main difference between the tree view area and the active area is that the active area is interactive and displays information that can be edited and modified by the user (see **section 2.6. Data Entry** of this manual).

The active area displays information in 2 different ways:

- Section view: Used for displaying information and/or data entering. A typical example of a section view is the editing of a new Safety message

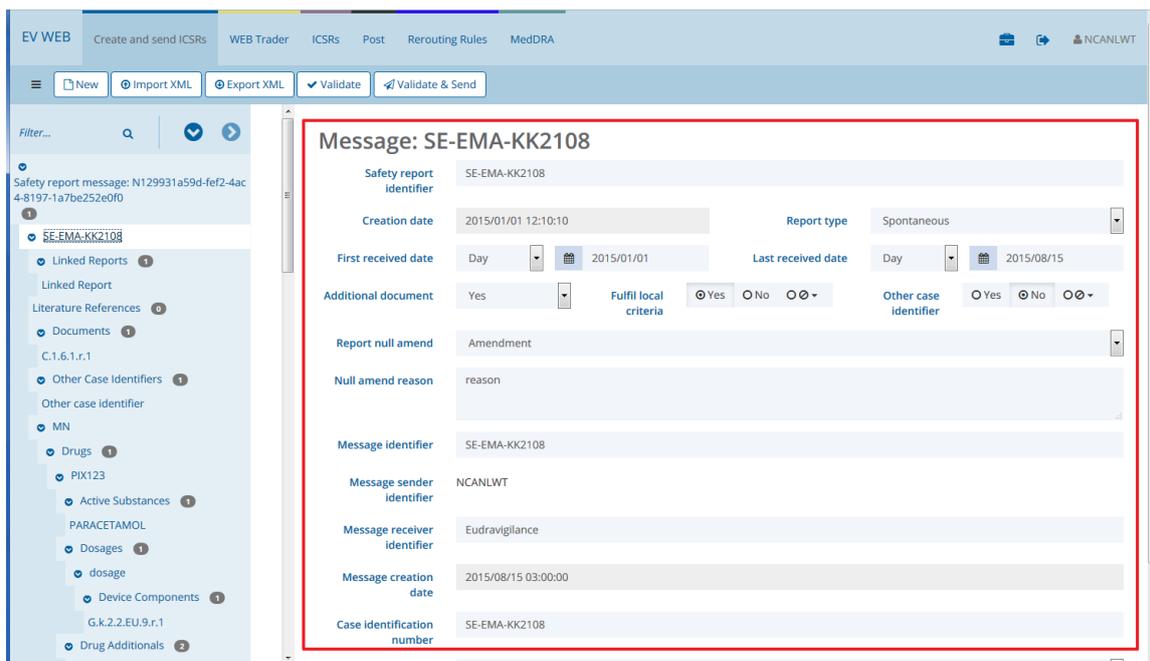


Figure 18 - Active area section view

- List view: Used for displaying items that can be selected. A typical example of a list view is the result of a query.

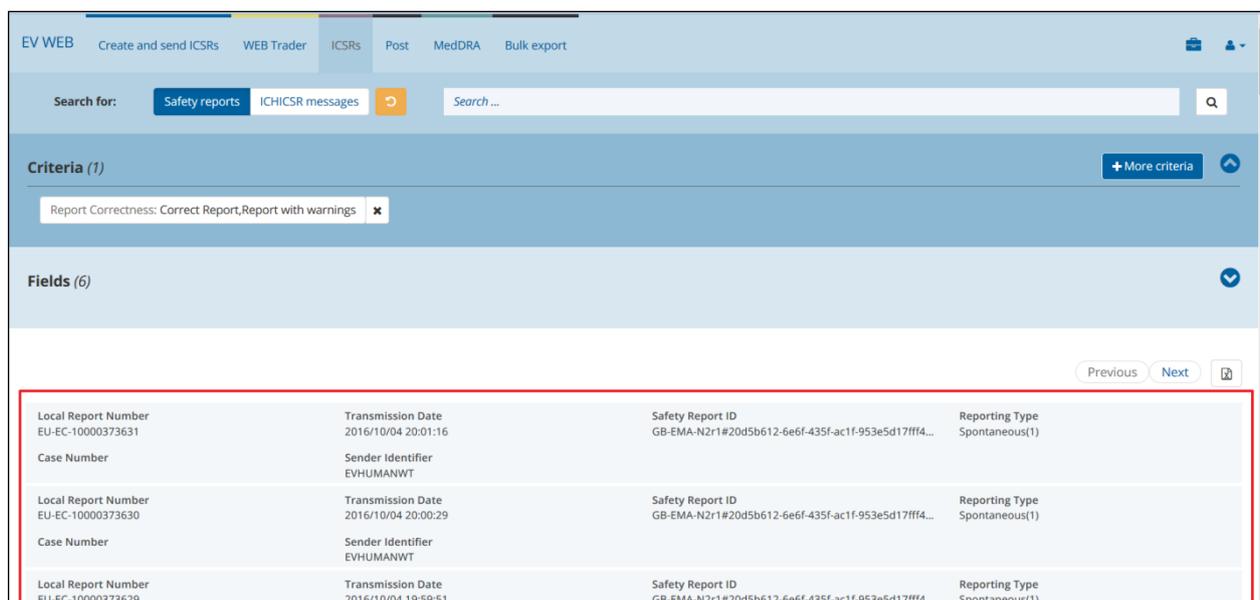


Figure 19 - Active area list view

The main body of the active area may display editable or non-editable information. Sometimes it shows information to the user, other times it requests information or an action from the user.

2.5. Interaction Between the Tree View & Active Area

The tree view area enables you to browse sections by selecting them, and by expanding or collapsing them into sub-sections. Functionally, the tree view area can be considered a navigation system. The active area displays the content of the selected section in the tree view area and allows the user to view, input, modify and nullify information.

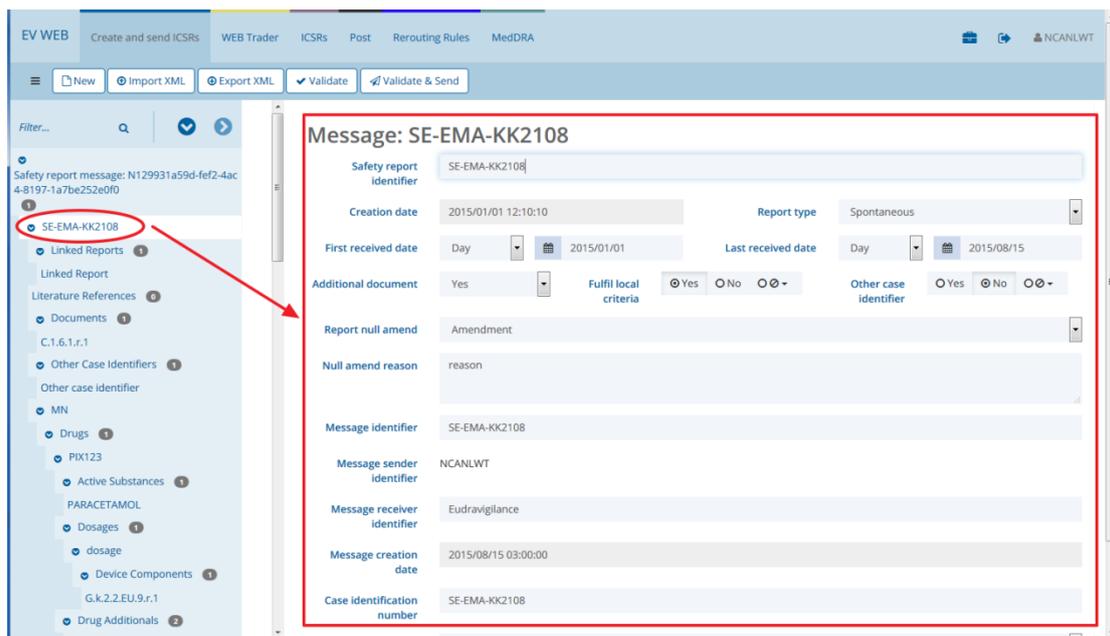


Figure 20 - Tree view & active area interaction

The information displayed in the active area can be presented in two different formats: section view and list view (see section **2.4. The Active Area** of this manual). To display the details of any of your sections you have to click once on the section's name in the tree view area.

2.6. Data Entry

This part deals with all specific actions that you can perform to insert data in the EVWEB application.

2.6.1. Input Field Types

EVWEB has basically five different types of fields for the user to input information into the system. These are:

1. Text fields
2. Date fields
3. Drop-down list fields
4. Immediate query fields
5. Checkbox/radio button fields
6. Null Flavour flags

These are explained in detail below. You do not necessarily need to know what type of field you are dealing with when you are entering information. The system will guide you through the necessary steps for each type of field.

During the input phase the application performs a real-time validation of the inserted data. Fields that contain erroneous or incomplete information have their title/description and field box highlighted in red. The relative error message is displayed when you hover the mouse pointer over the  icon which appears on the far right of the invalid field. In addition to that, the section that contains errors is also displayed in red both in the tree view area and the active area.

2.6.1.1. Text Field

This is the most common type of field that you will find in EVWEB. Text fields require information that is entered using the keyboard.

To enter information in a text field, you first need to select it by clicking in its text box.

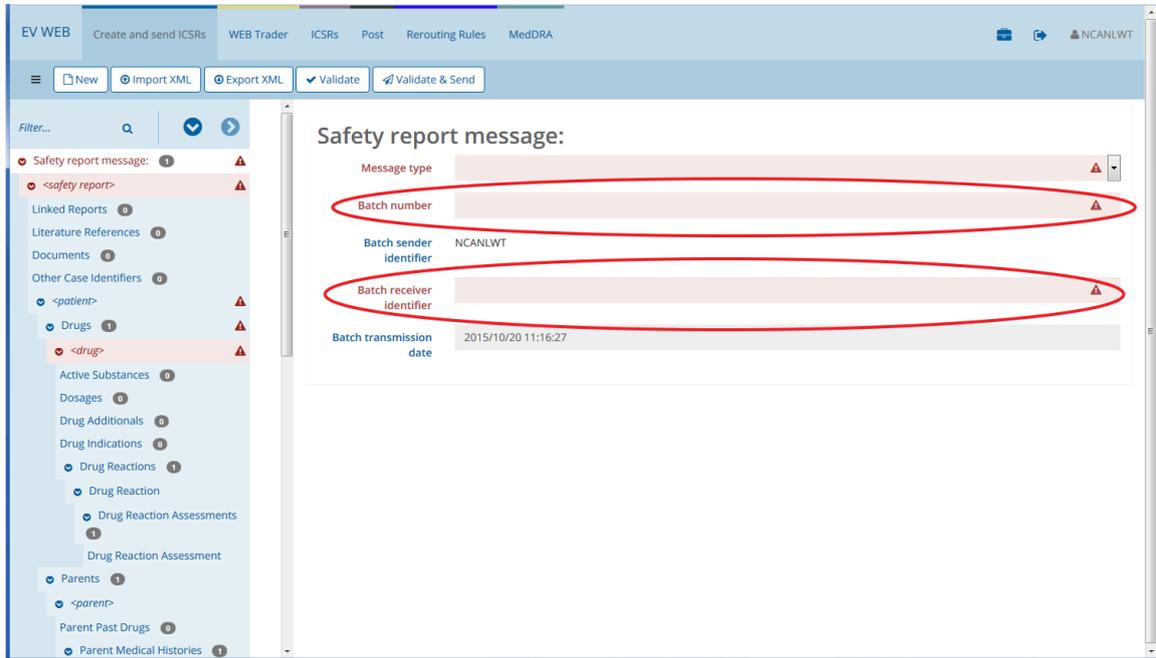


Figure 21 - Text fields

Once you enter the required data, you can click anywhere outside of the text field to finish the input process for that field. You also have the ability to copy and paste information from/to text fields.

Tip: To quickly move to the next field, you can press the TAB key on your keyboard. This will activate the next field for you. Similarly, you can press SHIFT+TAB to activate the previous field.

A special type of text field is the resizable text field. This kind of field allows you to insert a long description that contains more than one line of text. EVWEB has specific fields designated as resizable text fields, thus not all text fields are resizable.

A resizable text field is distinguished by its larger text box and the dotted triangle located at the bottom right corner of the box. To resize the text box, click and hold the left mouse button on the dotted triangle and move your mouse downwards, as much as needed, to properly display your input.

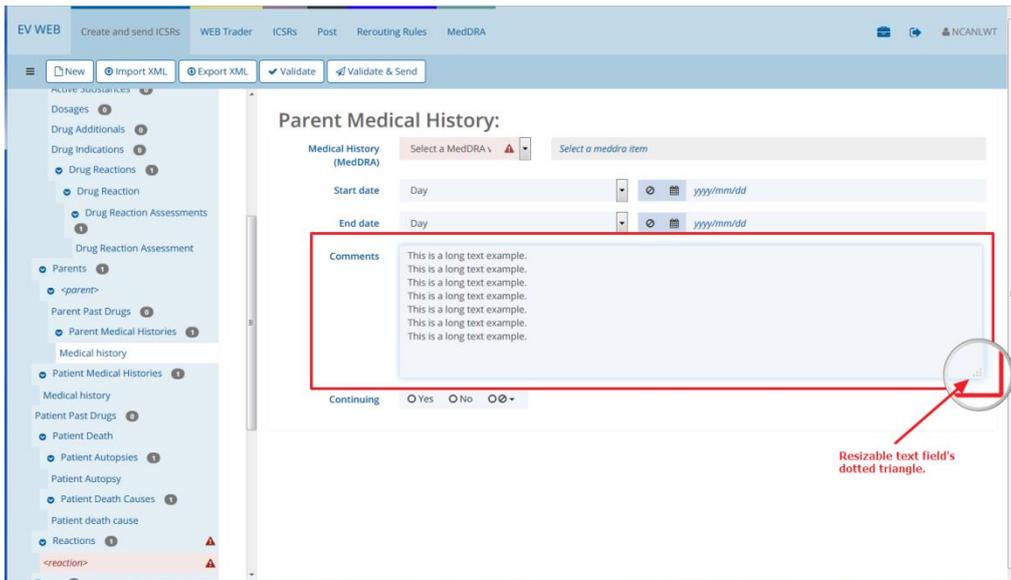


Figure 22 - Resizable text field

This type of field is used in EVWEB to enter date information using either a graphical interface that resembles a calendar, or by typing it in the available date field text box.

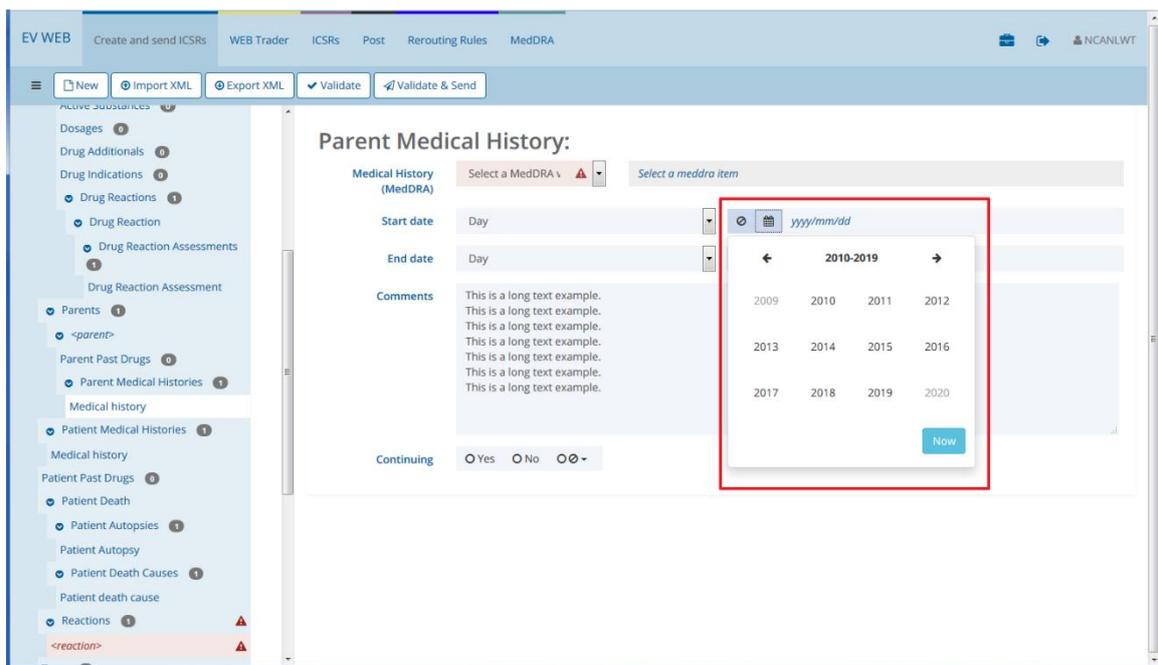


Figure 23 - Date field

Using the graphical interface: Clicking on the  icon displays the calendar. The calendar provides a grid layout for the successive selection of year, month and day.

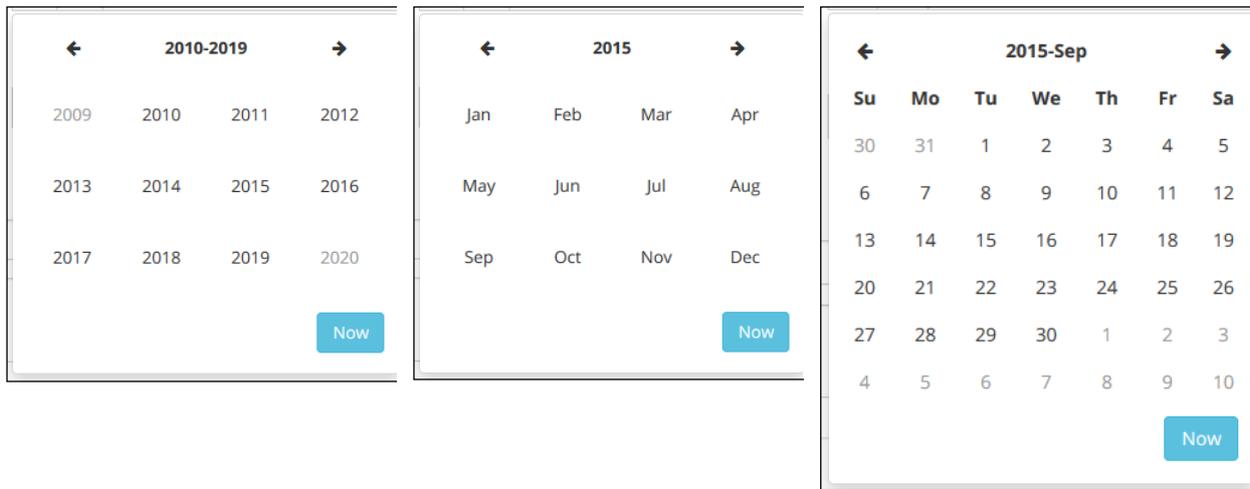


Figure 24 - Date field: Selection by year, month and day

If the date you wish to enter is the current one then you can simply click on the “Now” button on the bottom right of the calendar. This will automatically set the date field to the current date.

While in the calendar, you can retrace your selection(s) by clicking on the calendar’s title (bolded text between arrows). This will move you a step backwards, allowing you to correct/change your previous selection.

2.6.1.2. Adding Precision

In some cases, your date input requirements could necessitate additional accuracy such as defining exact hours, minutes and/or seconds. EVWEB facilitates this need by providing the “precision” drop-down list field that precedes the date field. Here, you can set the precision of the date value and extend its accuracy to the required level.



Figure 25 - Precision field options (left) in correlation with the date field (right)

For example:

- Using the date field text box

Click within the date field text box to activate it. Then insert a date in the format yyyy/mm/dd, where yyyy is the year (i.e. 2017), mm the month (i.e. 06) and dd the day (i.e. 22). If you have enabled the precision option (from the preceding drop-down list field) then you should also insert

the hours, minutes and/or seconds in the format hh:mm (i.e. 12:15), or hh:mm:ss (i.e. 12:15:30) if you have enabled a precision that includes seconds.

Thus, we have:

Without precision

2017/06/22 translates into **22 June 2017**

With precision (including seconds)

2017/06/22 12:15:30 translates into **22 June 2017 12h 15m 30s**

Please pay special attention to the date format of the date field box, and always make sure it follows the instructed format yyyy/mm/dd (or yyyy/mm/dd hh:mm:ss if you require additional accuracy). Failing to do so will introduce a validation error.

2.6.1.3. Drop-Down List Field

In this type of field you are presented with a drop-down list from which you can select the required information.

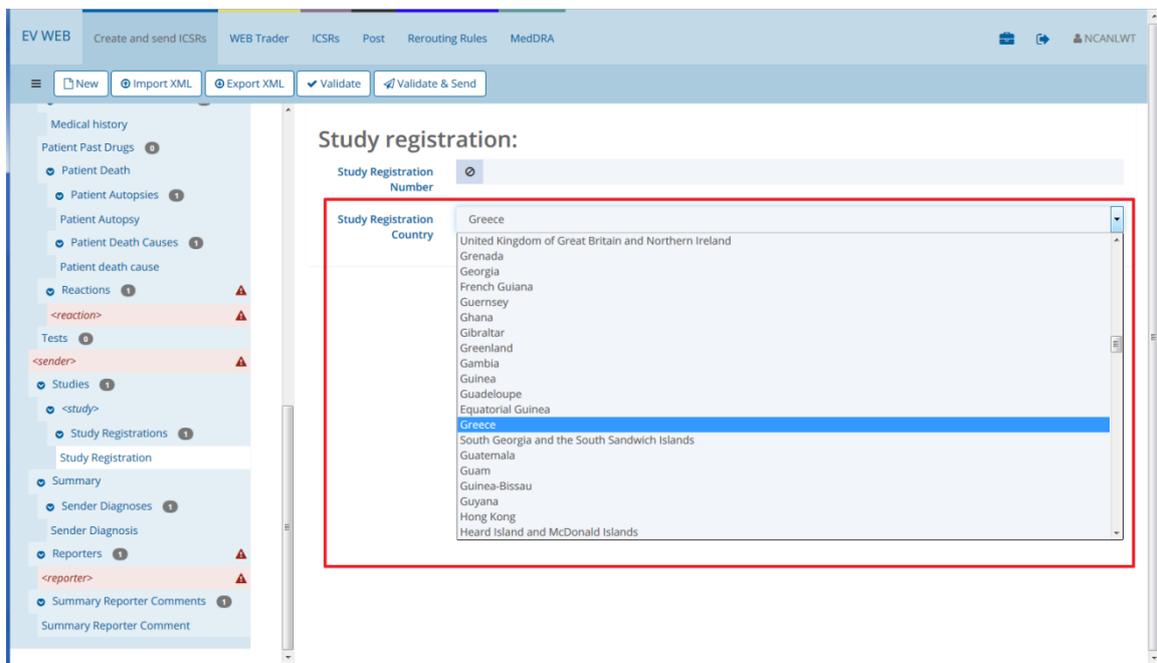


Figure 26 - Drop down list field

Select the field by clicking in it, in the same way you do to complete a text field. A drop-down list will be displayed. Choose the required information from the list by clicking on any element using your mouse pointer.

2.6.1.4. Immediate Query Field

This type of field, which is also known as a look-up field, automatically acquires data from the EVDBMS as a result of the query performed in it.

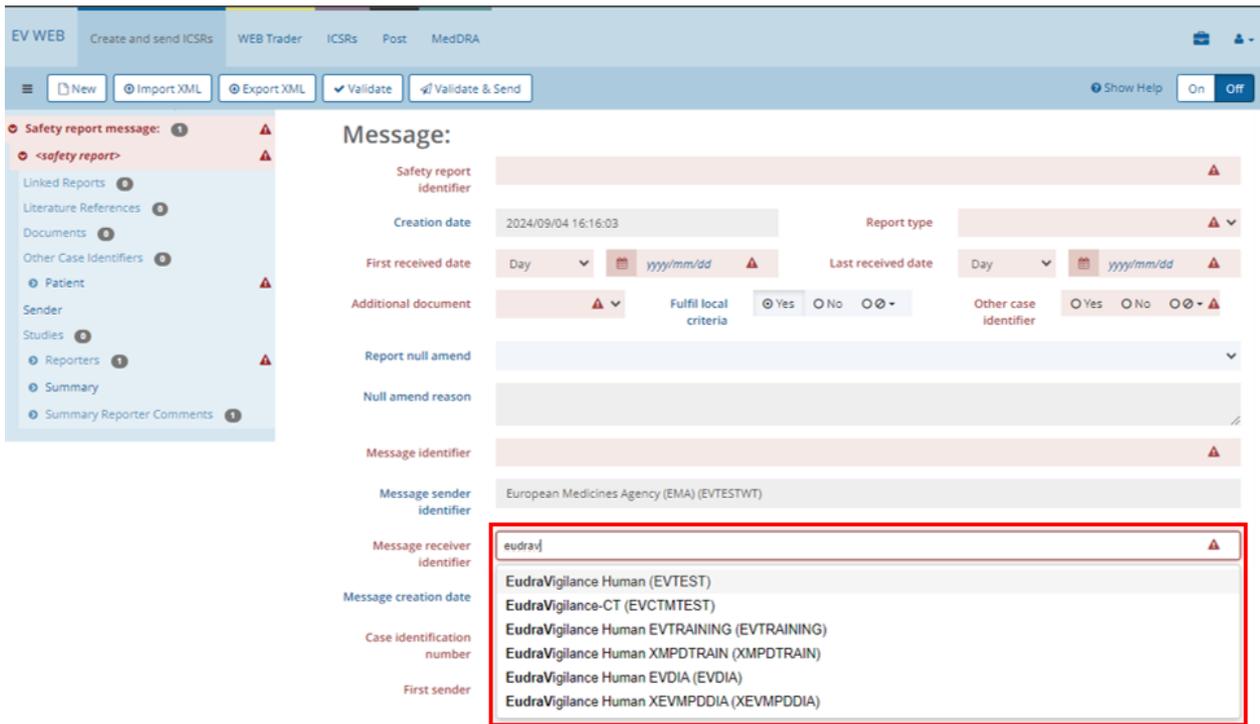


Figure 27 - Immediate query field

Proceed as you do with a text field, by clicking in the field's box to activate it. Now start typing a few characters or words that are part of the entry you would like to insert in this field. Soon, a drop-down list will appear with all entries that match the characters/words you have typed in. You can now click on the suitable entry and it will be inserted into the immediate query field.

Tip: The characters or words you type into an immediate query field are also called keywords. A keyword is text that indicates to information retrieval systems (or search engines) what to look for and, thus, allow for the best possible match upon retrieval of that information.

Your keyword(s) can be any part of an EVDBMS entry. For example, if you type **ulm** as a keyword the immediate query field will include the following EVDBMS entries for you to select from:

- Pulmatrix Inc**
- Pulmagen Therapeutics LLP**
- Universitaetsklinikum **Ulm****
- VULM SK s.r.o.**

Also evident in the above immediate query field results example is that the search is not case sensitive. This means that you can query the following keywords Eudra, eudra, eUdra, and still obtain the same search results.

The three cases in which this kind of query is used in EVWEB are:

1. "Batch receiver identifier" and "Message receiver identifier" fields in when creating a Safety message.

These appear as immediate query fields (see **section 2.6.1.4. Immediate Query Field** of this manual).

Message receiver identifier: Eudrj

Message creation date: EudraVigilance Human (EVTEST), EudraVigilance-CT (EVCTMTEST)

Case identification number: [Warning Icon]

Figure 28 - Immediate query case #1

2. "Inbox" and "Outbox" view areas in the **WEB Trader** screen.

This kind of query is loaded by EVWEB only once and retained in the system memory. If you think that any change may have occurred in this screen, you can tell EVWEB to reload the content of the list by clicking the refresh icon ().

Filename	Date	Message number	Sender
ICHICSR-MAHTEST06WT-20161004143929	2016/10/04 14:39:29	123	MAHTEST06WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST06WT-20161004115920	2016/10/04 11:59:20	123	MAHTEST06WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST06WT-20161004104120	2016/10/04 10:41:20	123	MAHTEST06WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST05WT-20161003181121	2016/10/03 18:11:21	N12478d86b9-f825-4f68-ae57-1e627d4be7a6N12478d...	MAHTEST05WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST05WT-20161003181017	2016/10/03 18:10:17	N12478d86b9-f825-4f68-ae57-1e627d4be7a6N12478d...	MAHTEST05WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST05WT-20161003155938	2016/10/03 15:59:38	N12478d86b9-f825-4f68-ae57-1e627d4be7a6N12478d...	MAHTEST05WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST05WT-20161003155840	2016/10/03 15:58:40	N12478d86b9-f825-4f68-ae57-1e627d4be7a6N12478d...	MAHTEST05WT
ICHICSR-MAHTEST05WT-20161003152430	2016/10/03 15:24:30	N12478d86b9-f825-4f68-ae57-1e627d4be7a6N12478d...	MAHTEST05WT

Figure 29 - Immediate query case #3

2.6.1.5. Checkbox/Radio Button Fields

The checkbox/radio button fields allow the selection of a true or false state (checkbox field) or the selection of a mutually exclusive state (radio button field). Consequently, the checkbox field usually contains a single item for you to state as true (ticked box) or false (unticked box), whereas the radio button field always contains two or more items of which only one can be selected.

Family History

Continuing Yes No Other

Figure 30 - Checkbox/radio button fields

2.6.1.6. Nullflavour flags

The ICH E2B(R3) ICSR standard requires that mandatory data fields must always be completed in an ICSR and should not be empty.

In some situations though, mandatory data fields might be required to appear empty for specific reasons and still have the ICSR considered valid. The issue of such required empty fields is handled through the use of "Null Flavour" flags. These flags allow a mandatory field to appear valid and provide the receiver of the ICSR with a reason for the lack of data for that field. Therefore valid ICSRs can be created containing mandatory fields without actually including real values in them.

The reason for a blank field is referred to as the "flavour" of the null value. Currently, EVWEB provides the following Null Flavour flags:

Table 4 – Nullflavor flags

Nullflavour flag	Description
Masked (MSK)	There is information on this item available but it has not been provided by the sender due to security, privacy or other reasons.
Unknown (UNK)	A proper value is applicable, but not known.
Asked but unknown (ASKU)	Information was requested but not received (i.e. patient was asked but didn't know what to reply).
Not asked (NASK)	Information was not requested.

When an EVWEB field supports a Null Flavour flag, the  icon will appear next to it. If you click on the icon, you will be presented with the applicable values for the specific field.

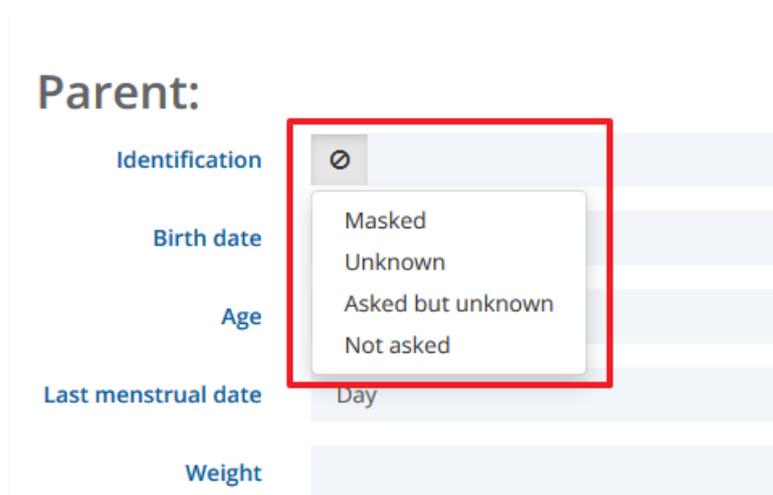


Figure 31 - Null Flavour flags

2.6.2. Adding & Removing/Deleting Tree View Area Sections/Sub-sections

During the data entry process you may be required to add a new sub-section to the tree view area. This can be done by clicking on the  icon that appears once you hover the mouse pointer over a

tree view section that allows such an action. An example of this process can be found in the **Create and send ICSRs** screen of the EVWEB application.

Tree view area sections also allow the creation of multiple sub-sections within them. In order to do this you should click on the  icon more than once, depending on the number of sub-sections required.

Another useful option when dealing with sub-sections is the ability to create a copy of them within the same section. This is very handy when data is quite similar (or identical) between multiple sub-sections. To create a copy of a sub-section, hover the mouse pointer over it and click on the  icon that appears on the right side of the sub-section.

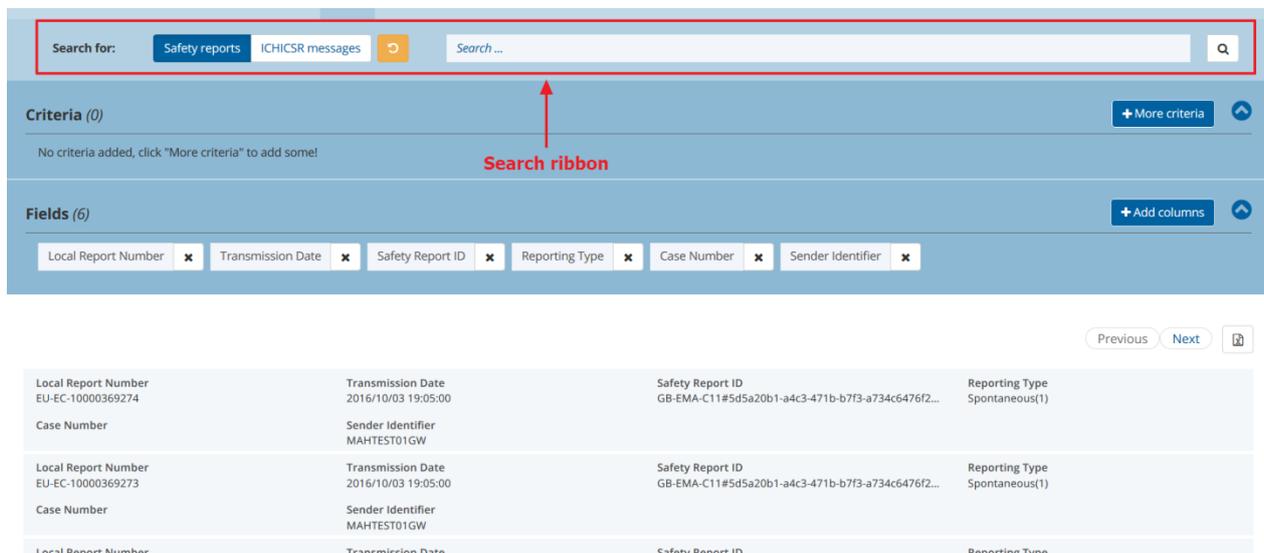
The sub-sections you add can, of course, be removed/deleted. To do this, you have to hover the mouse pointer over the sub-section you need to remove in the tree view area and click on the  icon that becomes available in these situations.

Note: Please note that there is no "undo" function in EVWEB so it is **not** possible to recover a deleted item/sub-section.

2.7. Search Methods

2.7.1. Simple Query

When applicable, the simple query field is located below the main menu as shown in the screenshot below. Here you can enter keywords and initiate the search by clicking on the magnifying glass icon ().

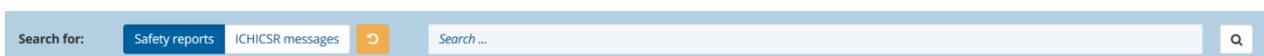


The screenshot shows the search interface in the ICSRs screen. At the top, there is a search ribbon with buttons for "Safety reports" and "ICHICSR messages", a search input field, and a magnifying glass icon. Below the ribbon, there are sections for "Criteria (0)" and "Fields (6)". The "Fields" section shows a list of selected fields: Local Report Number, Transmission Date, Safety Report ID, Reporting Type, Case Number, and Sender Identifier. Below the fields, there is a table of search results with columns for Local Report Number, Transmission Date, Safety Report ID, and Reporting Type. The table contains two rows of data, each with a "Case Number" field below the "Local Report Number" field.

Local Report Number	Transmission Date	Safety Report ID	Reporting Type
EU-EC-10000369274	2016/10/03 19:05:00	GB-EMA-C11#5d5a20b1-a4c3-471b-b7f3-a734c6476f2...	Spontaneous(1)
Case Number	Sender Identifier		
MAHTEST01GW			
Local Report Number	Transmission Date	Safety Report ID	Reporting Type
EU-EC-10000369273	2016/10/03 19:05:00	GB-EMA-C11#5d5a20b1-a4c3-471b-b7f3-a734c6476f2...	Spontaneous(1)
Case Number	Sender Identifier		
MAHTEST01GW			
Local Report Number	Transmission Date	Safety Report ID	Reporting Type

Figure 32 - Simple query in the ICSRs screen

You can perform a simple query on ICSRs or Safety messages in the **ICSRs** screen of the EVWEB application. You can choose the type of simple query by clicking on one of the buttons (Safety reports / ICHICSR messages) that reside in the Search ribbon.



This close-up screenshot shows the search ribbon at the top of the ICSRs screen. It features a "Search for:" label, two buttons for "Safety reports" and "ICHICSR messages", a search input field with a magnifying glass icon, and a search button.

Figure 33 - The search ribbon in the ICSRs screen

Note: In contrast to the previous version of EVWEB, in which the query functions supported the use of wildcards such as "*" and "?", the newly re-written EVWEB supports only queries carried out with the "contains" clause (wildcards are not supported). This means that your keyword(s) can be any part of an EVDBMS entry (i.e. characters from the beginning, middle or end of an EVDBMS entry). Furthermore, this type of query is not case sensitive, allowing for the use of capital or small characters, or even a combination of them.

The following example shows how to perform a simple query on ICSRs. Click on the **ICSRs** screen in the main menu to enter it.

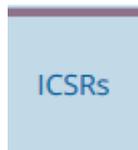


Figure 34 - ICSRs screen link

Type an ICSR worldwide case ID, Safety report identifier or local message number in the simple query field and click on the magnifying glass icon (🔍). The active area will display your results in a list view layout.

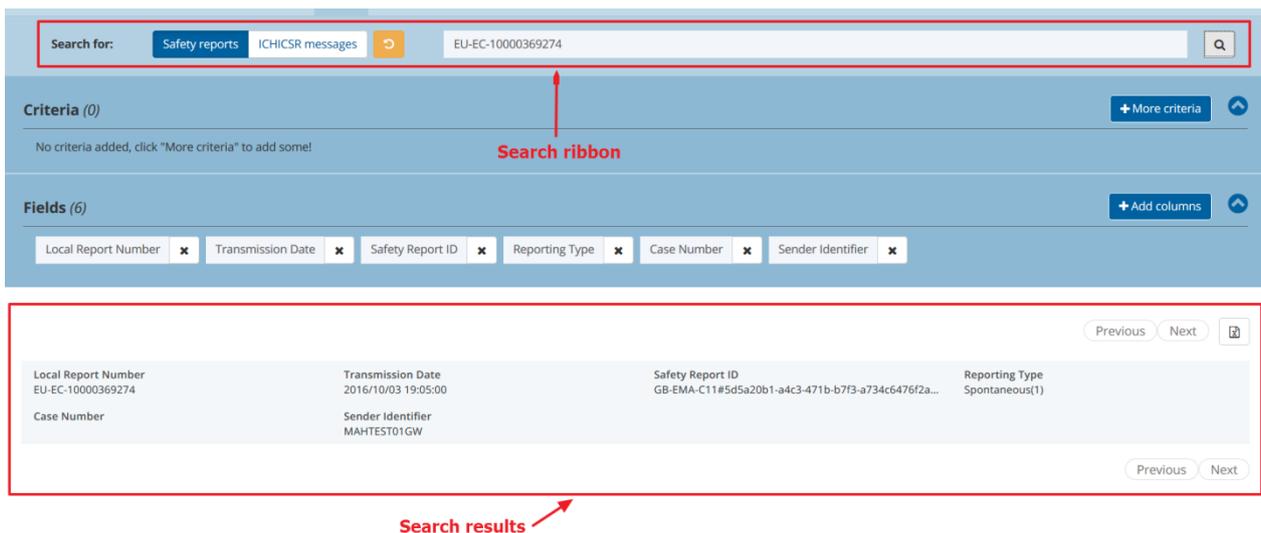


Figure 35 - Simple query on Safety reports (ICSRs)

Note: An additional simple query feature is available in the Create and send ICSRs screen. Located within the tree view area and at the top, is a simple query type field containing the text "Filter..." in it (Filter... 🔍). You can use this query field to search for any matching section/sub-section in the current tree view area.

2.7.2. Advanced Query

EVWEB allows you to perform elaborate queries in the EVDBMS (i.e. MedDRA terms, ICSRs, Safety messages).

The advanced query parameters that describe and define such a query are available as separate ribbons under the Search ribbon. As an example, the advanced query parameters available for ICSRs in the **ICSRs** screen are displayed.

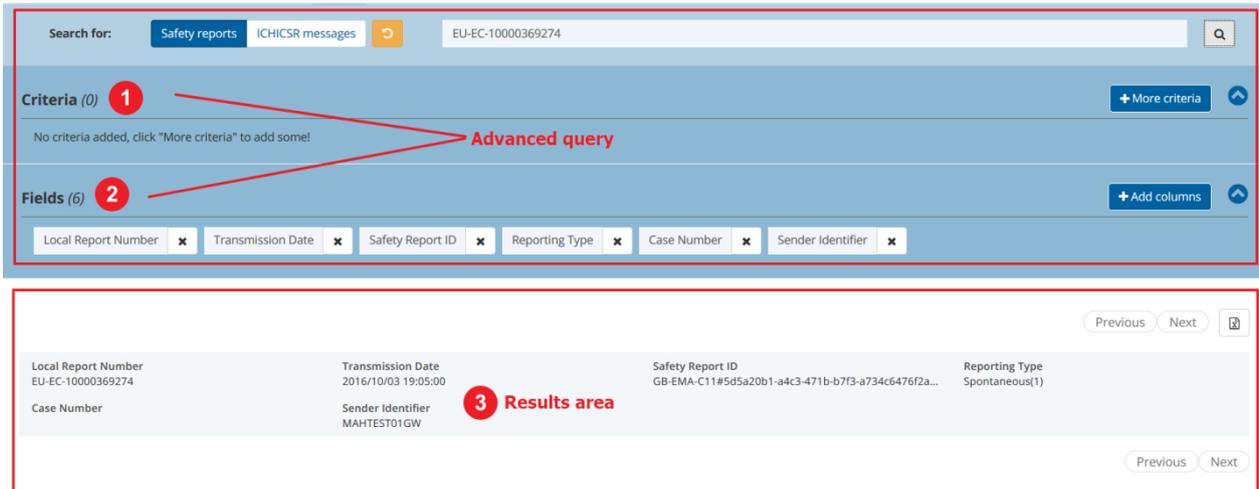


Figure 36 - Advanced query fields

Every advanced query is divided in 3 different areas (see above screenshot for reference):

1. Criteria ribbon
2. Fields ribbon
3. Results area

Criteria and fields are used in combination, to better target the scope of the query. The results area in this query case is actually the active area of the **ICSRs** screen.

Note: In contrast to the previous version of EVWEB, in which the query functions supported the use of wildcards such as "*" and "?", the newly re-written EVWEB supports only queries carried out with the "contains" clause (wildcards are not supported). This means that your keyword(s) can be any part of an EVDBMS entry (i.e. characters from the beginning, middle or end of an EVDBMS entry). Furthermore, this type of query is not case sensitive, allowing for the use of capital or small characters, or even a combination of them.

2.7.2.1. Criteria Ribbon

The criteria ribbon is used to define the conditions of an advanced query. This area allows you to select one or more items and define their value. These items are then used as criteria to filter the results of the advanced query.



Figure 37 - Criteria ribbon

To add a criteria item you need to click on the "+More criteria" button that is located in the criteria ribbon. This will produce a drop-down list from which you can select the desired criteria item. You can

repeat this process as many times as necessary to obtain all criteria items required for your advanced query.

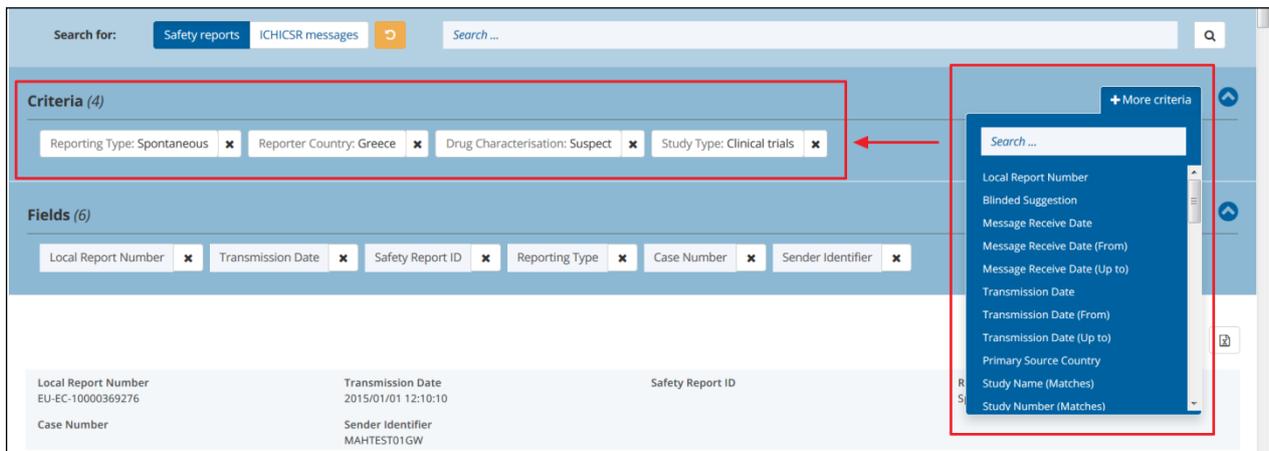


Figure 38 - Adding a criteria item

Tip: If the “+More criteria” button is not visible in the criteria ribbon then this means that the ribbon is in collapsed mode. You should click on the  icon which will expand the ribbon, allowing access to the “+More criteria” button.

Once you have selected your criteria items, and before you perform the query, you should define their values. This is accomplished by clicking on each criteria item that you have inserted in the criteria ribbon, and defining their value using the available options presented.

Depending on criteria type, when you click on an inserted criteria item you will be presented with a drop-down list (or a calendar in the case of date criteria items) from which you can choose the required option.

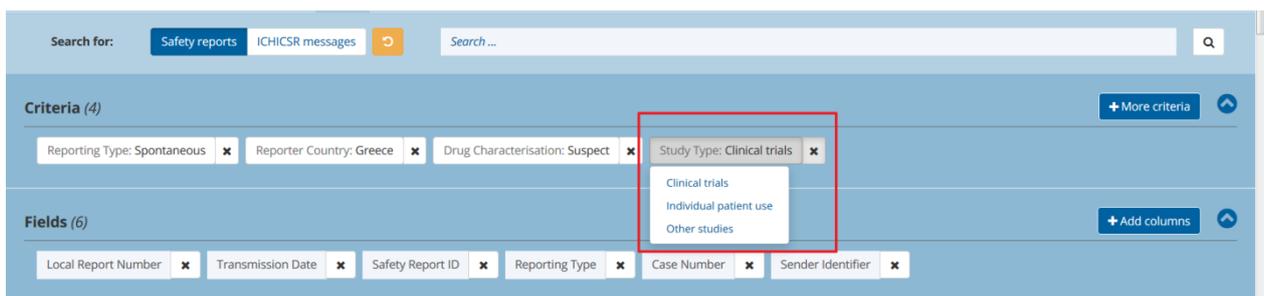


Figure 39 - Defining criteria item values

To remove a criteria item you simply need to click on the  icon located on the right-hand side of the item.

Alternatively, and if you need to remove all inserted criteria items at once, you can click on the “Reset and start over” button () which is located in the Search ribbon. Note, though, that this action will reset all options and values on the current page.

2.7.2.2. Fields Ribbon

The fields ribbon is used to define the output of an advanced query. This means that the items displayed in the results area will contain only the fields previously inserted in this ribbon.



Figure 40 - Fields ribbon

Usually, some of the items displayed in the fields ribbon are the default ones. This means that if you run the query without inserting any new items in the fields ribbon, the default ones will be considered as active.

To add a field item you need to click on the “+Add columns” button that is located in the fields ribbon. This will produce a drop-down list from which you can select the desired field item. You can repeat this process as many times as necessary to obtain all field items required for your advanced query.

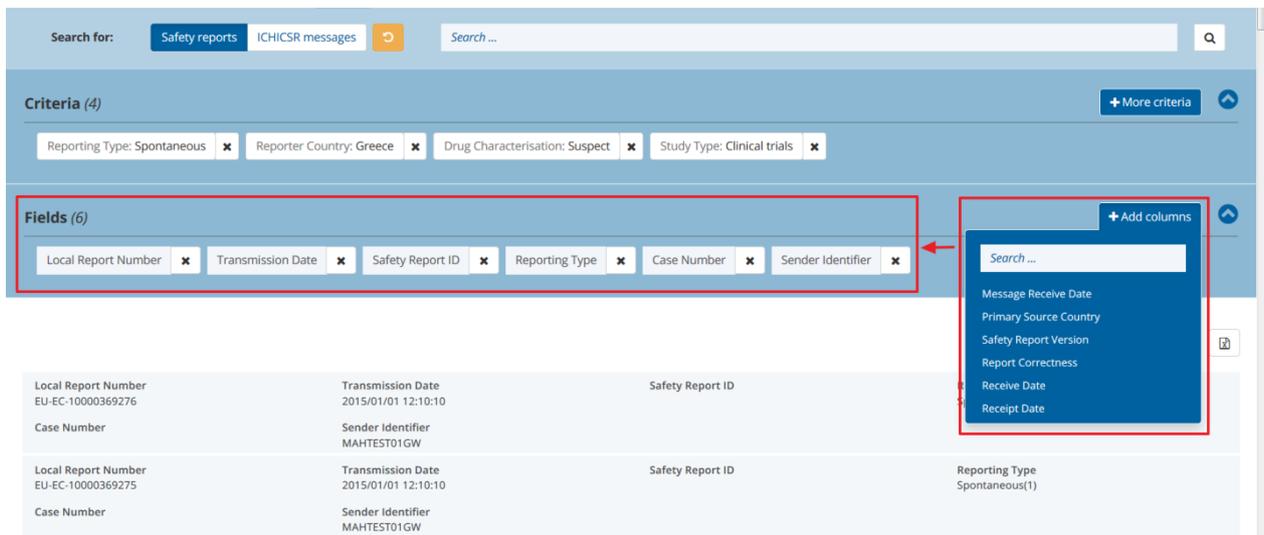


Figure 41 - Adding a field item

Tip: If the “+Add columns” button is not visible in the fields ribbon then this means that the ribbon is in collapsed mode. You should click on the  icon which will expand the ribbon, allowing access to the “+Add columns” button.

If you insert your own field items, and after having run the query at least once, you will notice that these inserted items remain active in the fields ribbon throughout the current EVWEB session.

To remove a field item you simply need to click on the  icon located on the right-hand side of the item.

Note: The default fields ribbon items can be restored either by clicking on the “Reset and start over” button () which is located in the Search ribbon, or by initiating a new EVWEB session. Keep in mind, though, that these actions will reset all options and values on either the current page (when

clicking on the “Reset and start over” button , or in the entire EVWEB session (when initiating a new EVWEB session).

2.7.2.3. Results Area

To initiate a query, after having specified the criteria and fields, you need to click on the magnifying glass icon () in the Search ribbon. The results of the query will be displayed in the active area of the current EVWEB screen in a list view layout.

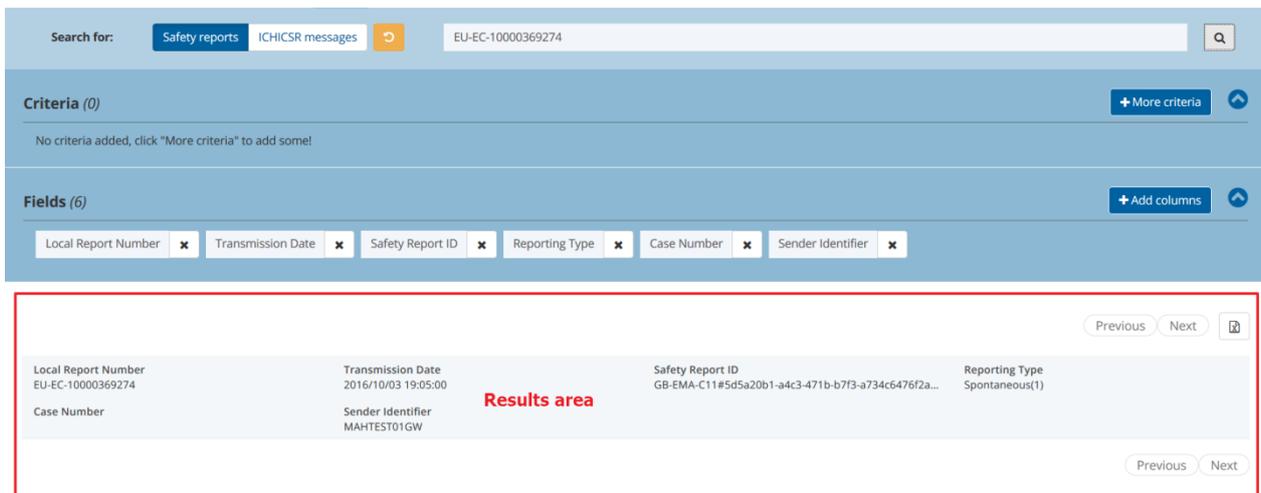


Figure 42 - Results area

When running a query, the system will always return, as the result, a maximum of 50 search items. When the number of items exceeds that limit then one of the following options becomes available to the user, depending on the active EVWEB screen:

- For the screens **ICSRs**, **ICSR Recode** and **Terms** (Recoding/Management/Activity Log/System Log/Interpretation), the following navigation buttons will appear at the top and bottom right of the active area:



Figure 43 - Previous/Next page navigation buttons

These navigation buttons allow you to move forward or backward on the results currently displayed on your screen.

- For the screens **WEB Trader**, **Rerouted ACKs** and **MedDRA**, a set of numbered page navigation buttons will appear at the top and bottom right of the active area:

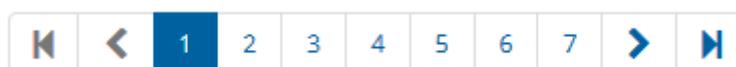


Figure 44 - Numbered page navigation buttons

These numbered page navigation buttons allow you to move forward or backward on the results currently displayed on your screen. The table below provides further information on each button type included in the set.

Page Navigation Button	Description
	Moves you to the first page of the results.
	Moves you one page backward.
	Moves you one page forward.
	Moves you to the last page of the results.

Tip: For a more fine-tuned navigation on the query results, you can click on the individual page numbers that appear in the page navigation buttons.

Numeric indicators of the displayed search items' range, along with the total number of items resulting from the query, appear at the top and bottom left of the active area.



Figure 45 - Numeric indicator of query results

Note: To clear the results area and initiate a new simple or advanced query click on the "Reset and start over" button () which is located in the Search ribbon.

2.7.3. Advanced List Criteria Query

This special search method deserves its own paragraph, despite belonging to the criteria ribbon functionality. The advanced list criteria query method provides a more refined way of looking up EV data within a criteria item, leading in turn to a quicker and easier set up of a simple or advance query.

Furthermore, this search method offers extra query modes and, thus, is not restricted to EVWEB's regular "contains" clause which is used in simple and advanced queries. These modes are as follows:

Table 5 – Description of the Query Modes

Query Mode	Description
Begins	Finds only matches which start with the search term.
Matches	Finds only matches which are identical with the search term.
Contains	Finds the search term anywhere in the name – beginning, middle, or end.
Sounds Like	Searches for a similar combination of consonants in the search term. This query ignores vowels and is useful where spelling is uncertain. Note: This query mode appears in select criteria items.

The abovementioned query modes can be defined and utilised within a selected criteria item that supports this functionality. Such criteria items can be located in the **ICSRs** screen and, as of this writing, are the following:

- Case Number
- Safety Report ID
- Medicinal product
- Local Report Number
- Message Number
- Sender identifier (Matches)
- Drug indication (code)
- Reaction Low Level Term (code)
- Reaction Preferred Term (code)
- Reaction System Organ Class (code)
- Active substance
- Active Substance Group
- Active Substance Combination
- Active Substance MLM Group
- Active Substance MLM Combination

Once you add such an item in the criteria ribbon and click on it, you'll be presented with options to select the query mode and enter your search term. In the following screenshot the user has selected the "Begins" query mode and has inserted the search term "NCA":

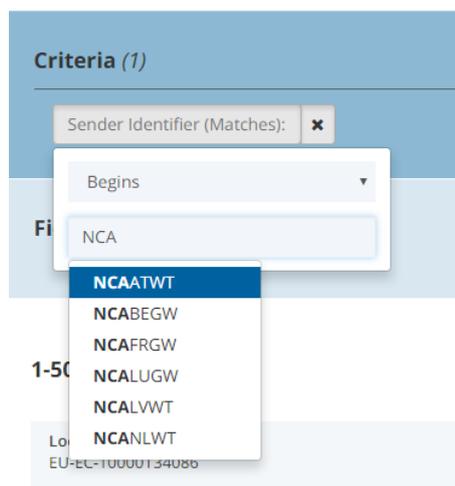


Figure 46 - Advanced List Criteria Query

As is evident in the screenshot, the search term field behaves as an immediate query field type (aka look-up field), assisting the user in finding the proper term and selecting it for the main **ICSRs** screen query.

2.8. Loading Data

Loading data is the action of transferring information from different sources into EVWEB.

There are 3 different loading processes available:

1. Load from the EVDBMS (ICSRs and WEB Trader screens)
2. Load from a local file (Import XML function)
3. Load from within EVWEB (Follow-up function)

Note: When utilising the last two abovementioned loading processes (Import XML and/or Follow-up functions), the MedDRA version of the loaded data will be automatically updated to the latest MedDRA version. This may lead to some terms being invalidated (due to terms following older MedDRA version naming schemes); in such cases, the user must correct them accordingly to be able to proceed with the intended process.

Note: The above loading processes are also available from the **Workspace** screen () once you have added the data (i.e. ICSR, Safety and Acknowledgements messages) to it. The **Workspace** screen allows for better data review and management when dealing with multiple items. You can find more information regarding the **Workspace** screen and its functions in section **3.7. Workspace Screen Functions** of this manual.

2.8.1. Load from the EVDBMS

2.8.1.1. ICSRs Screen

One way to load from the EVDBMS is to initiate a simple or advance query in the **ICSRs** screen of EVWEB. Once the search results area has been populated with ICSRs or Safety messages, you can click on a search result item to display the contextual actions menu (see **section 2.9. Contextual Actions Menu** for more information regarding this feature). This menu will appear above the selected search result item.



Figure 47 - Contextual actions menu

To load the selected item into your EVWEB session, you need to click on the "Open" option in the contextual actions menu. This will retrieve and display the item in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area layout.

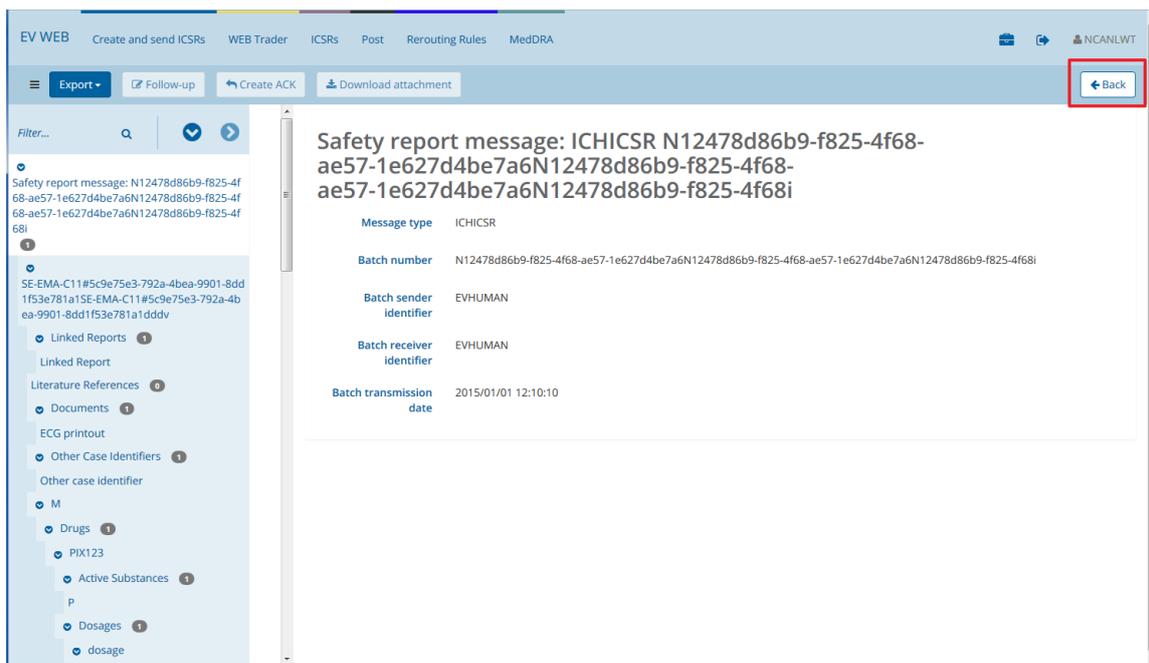


Figure 48 - Loading of an ICSR from the ICSRs screen

Note: If the loaded ICSR or Safety message has been received and processed by the receiving party, then basic information of its Acknowledgement message will be displayed in the tree view layout of the opened ICSR or Safety message.

To close the loaded search result item and return to the previous screen, click on the “Back” button which is located on the far right of the dynamic buttons set (see above screenshot for reference).

Note: It is also possible to load a search result item in the **Workspace** screen of EVWEB. This allows for better review and management since you can add multiple items to the **Workspace** screen and concentrate specifically on those items. To do this, you need to click on the option “Add to workspace” in the contextual actions menu which appears above the selected search result item. You can find more information about the **Workspace** screen and its functions in section **3.7. Workspace Screen Functions** of this manual.

2.8.1.2. Download Attachments

After opening an ICSR for viewing it is possible to view associated attachments, if allowed by the level of access the user has to that ICSR. The EudraVigilance system associates all attachments submitted for different versions of the same ICSR (linked by the worldwide case ID) regardless of the organisation that sent the ICSR. Master ICSR cases will also link to the associated documents in the underlying identified duplicate cases.

Figure 49 below shows the buttons that are available when viewing an ICSR, these buttons will retrieve a list of all associated document attachments or literature attachments.

EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

Export Follow-up Create ACK Download attachment

Filter...

Safety report message: ichicsr-test8

IT-EMA-ichicsr-test8

Safety report message Ack: EU-EC-M-10000021028-ACK

Message: IT-EMA-ichicsr-test8

Safety report identifier IT-EMA-ichicsr-test8

Creation date 2017/01/12 17:01:19

First received date 2015/06/08

Documents Literature Reference

Figure 49 - Download attachments

Figure 50 and **Figure 51** below show the list of available documents that can be downloaded for the different versions of the same ICSR, the list includes the safety report ID and the date the safety report that included the attachment(s) was received.

Documents

Previous Next

Document held by sender	Safety Report ID	Date of Safety Report
Article and lab tests	IT-EMA-ichicsr-test8	12-01-2017 17:01:19

Download Attachment

Close

Figure 50 - Download associated documents

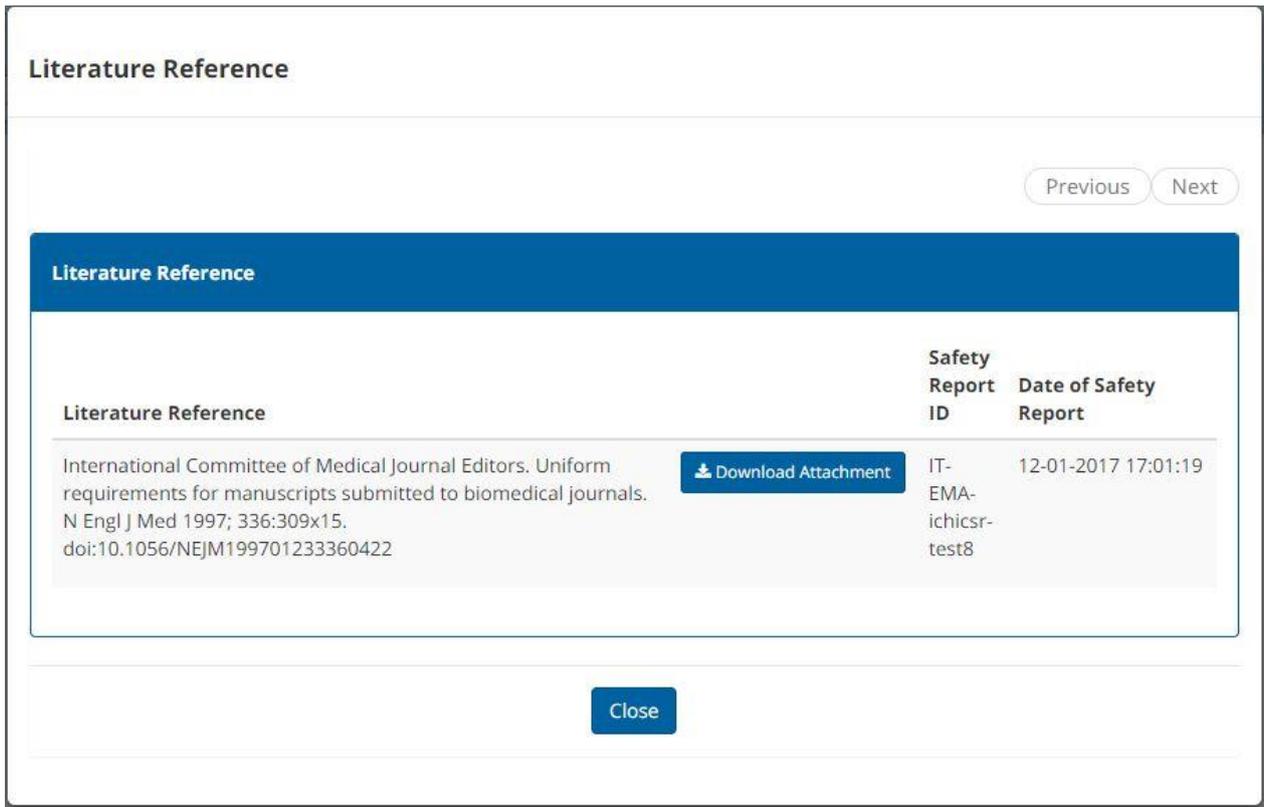


Figure 51 - Download associated literature articles

In addition to accessing all associated attachments for different versions of an ICSR, it is also possible to download the attachment in the ICSR being viewed. In order to do this, select the literature reference or document of interest from the tree view and then press the **download attachment** as shown in **Figure 52** below

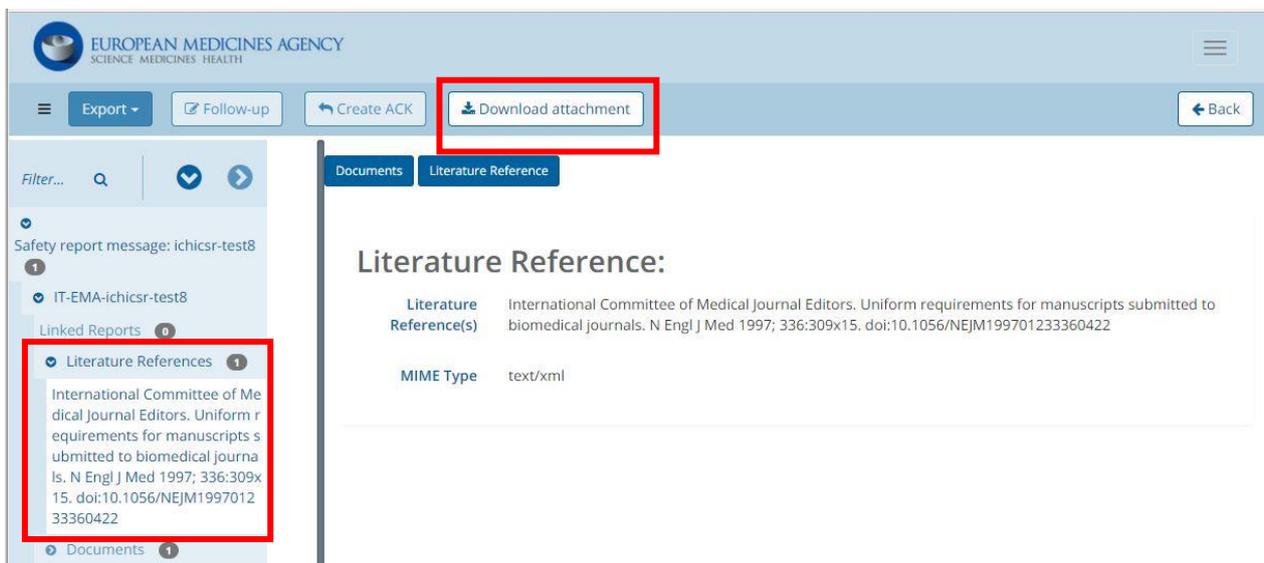


Figure 52 - Download a document from the currently viewed ICSR

2.8.1.3. WEB Trader Screen

Another way to load data from the EVDBMS is from the **WEB Trader** screen in EVWEB. WEB Trader keeps track of sent and received Safety and Acknowledgement messages. To load one of these messages you need to click on it in the active area and select the "Open" option from the contextual actions menu that appears above the selected WEB Trader message.

Note: To toggle between the received ("Inbox" view) and sent ("Outbox" view) messages you should click on the icon that appears next to the "Search" button.

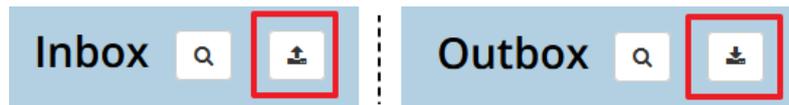


Figure 53 - WEB Trader Inbox & Outbox views

Date	Batch number	ICSR Batch Number	Recipient
2024/08/21 14:00:52	Test case 10		EVTEST
2024/08/06 14:06:17	ichicsr-test10-test-results		EVTEST
2024/07/31 17:03:16	1a. EEA SUSAR-patient-death		EVCTMTEST

Figure 54 - WEB Trader "Outbox" screen

This will retrieve and display the item in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area layout.

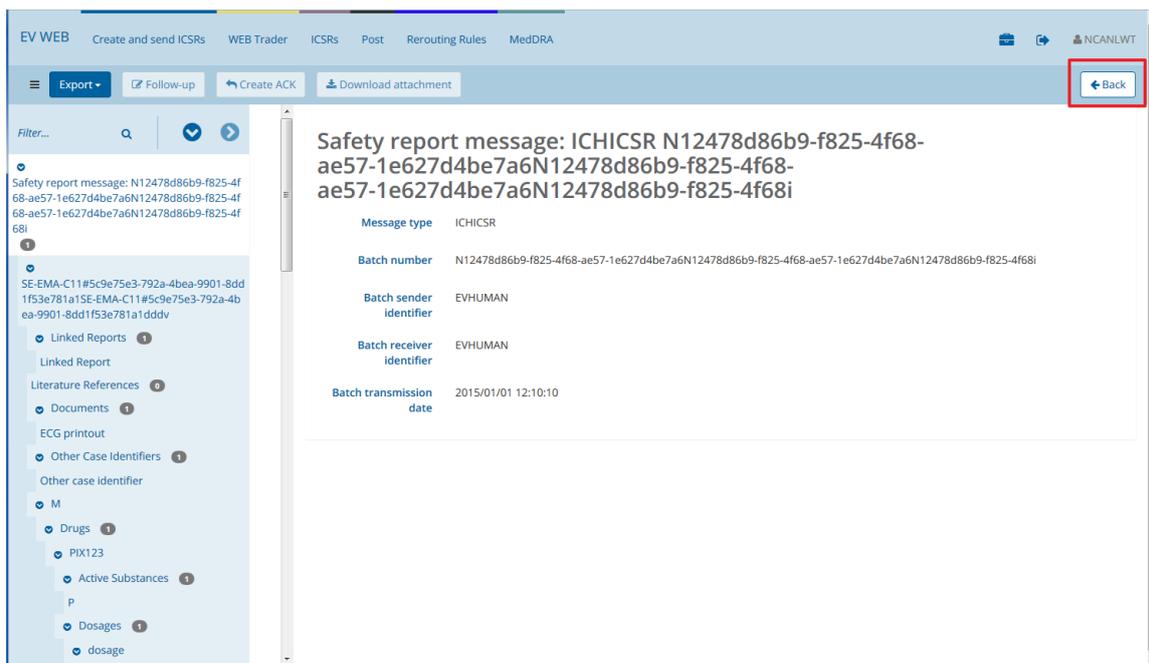


Figure 55 - Displaying retrieved data from the WEB Trader screen

To close the loaded message and return to the previous screen, click on the “Back” button which is located on the far right of the dynamic buttons set (see above screenshot for reference).

Note: It is also possible to load a WEB Trader message in the **Workspace** screen of EVWEB. This allows for better review and management since you can add multiple messages to the **Workspace** screen and concentrate specifically on those items. To do this, you need to click on the option “Add to workspace” in the contextual actions menu which appears above the selected WEB Trader message. You can find more information about the **Workspace** screen and its functions in section **3.7. Workspace Screen Functions** of this manual.

2.8.2. Load from a Local File

This kind of loading process is used to import data from an XML file available locally (on your computer or your local network) into the EVWEB application. It is possible to load from a local file any kind of message handled by EVWEB, such as Safety and Acknowledgement messages.

Load from a local ICH E2B(R3) file is available from different EVWEB screens such as:

1. **Create and send ICSRs**
2. **WEB Trader** (when creating an Acknowledgement message)
3. **Post**
4. **Workspace** (“Messages” tab only)

The following example loads a local file in EVWEB from the **Workspace** screen.



While in the “Messages” tab, click on the single XML file import button (), which is located in the top left side of the **Workspace** screen area.

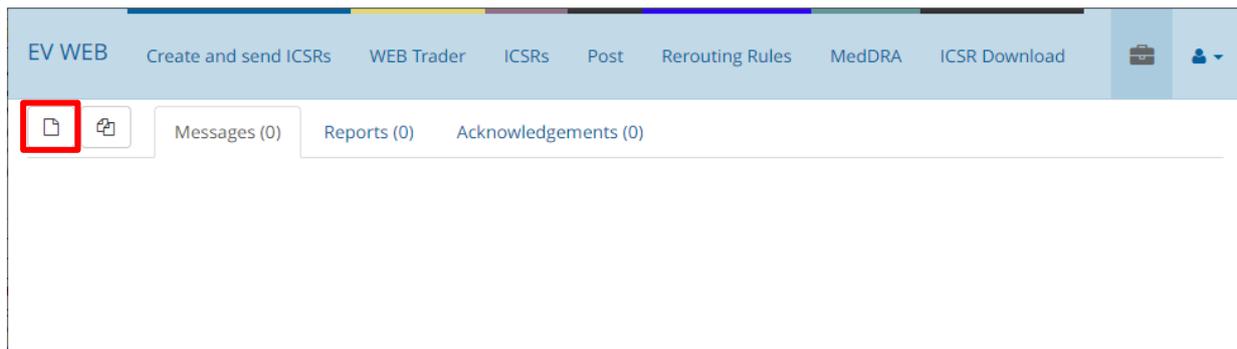


Figure 56 - Loading a local file from Workspace

A file selection window will appear in which you can locate and select your local XML file.

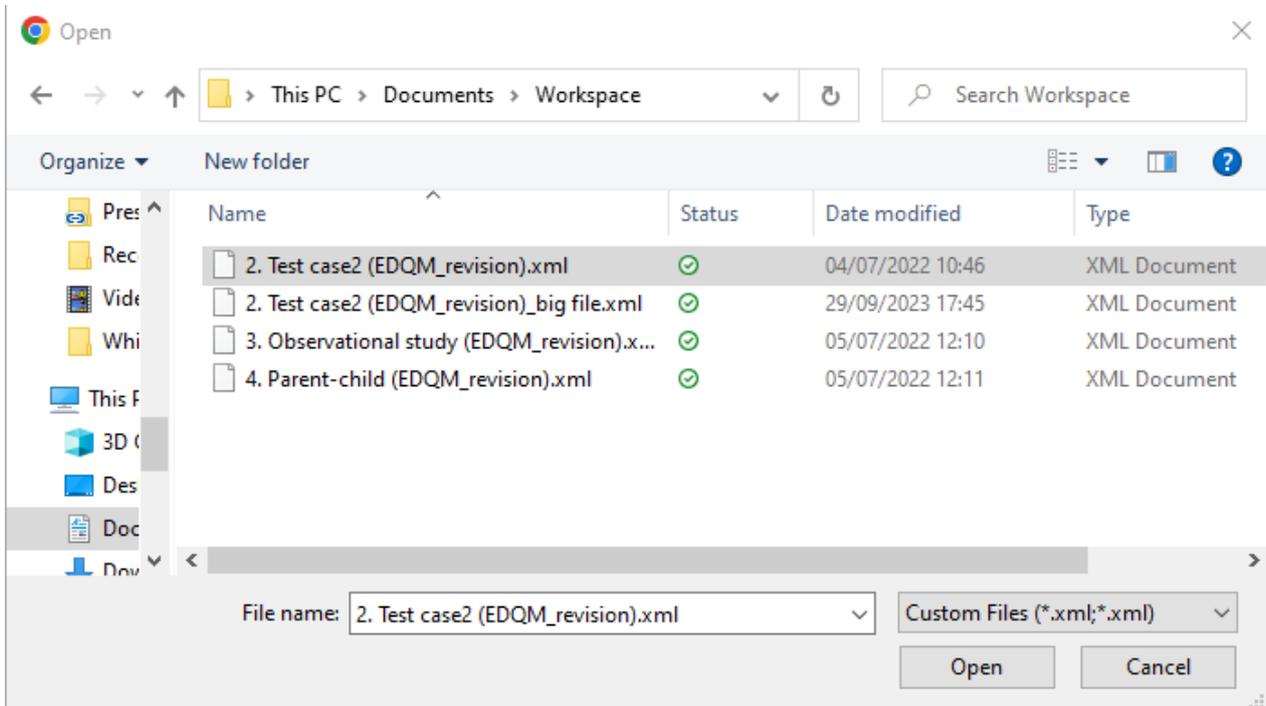


Figure 57 - File selection window

Once the process is completed, the imported XML file appears in the "Messages" tab of the **Workspace** screen.

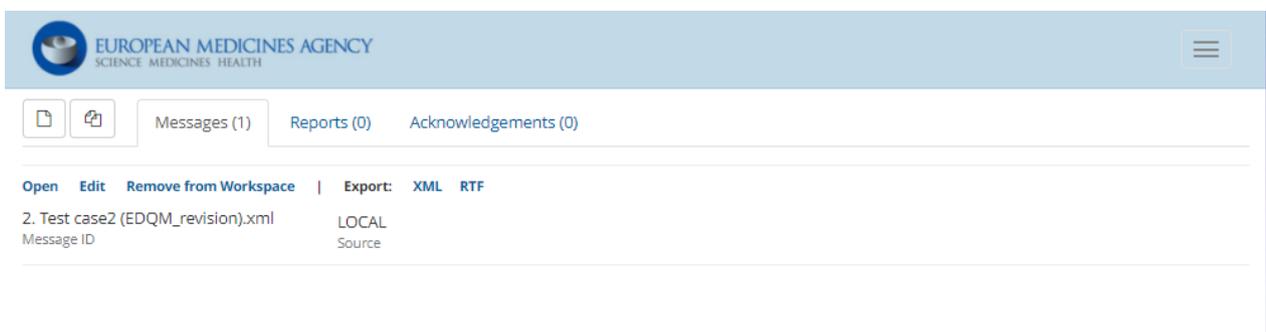


Figure 58 - Imported XML file in "Messages" tab of Workspace screen

You now have the ability to review and manage the imported message. Click on it to display the contextual actions menu which will show the acceptable functions applicable to this message.

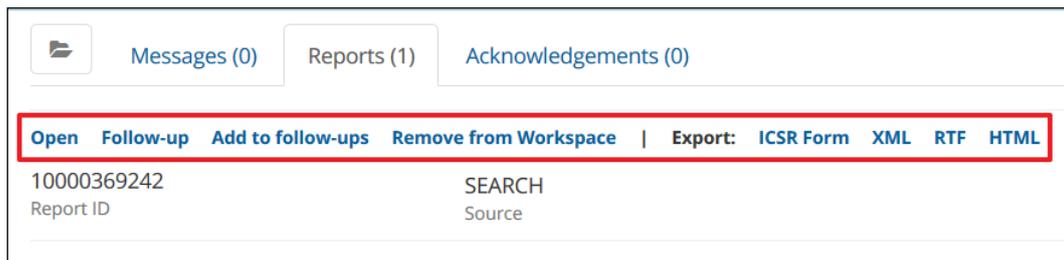


Figure 59 - Contextual actions menu in the Workspace screen

2.8.3. Load from Within EVWEB

This operation does not actually load any external data. Instead, it creates new items in a data entry screen (i.e. **Create and send ICSRs**) and eventually fills in some of the newly created sections with data taken from other screens (i.e. "Follow-up" option in the **ICSRs** screen).

As an example of this loading process, we will look at the creation of a new ICSR in the **Create and send ICSRs** screen.

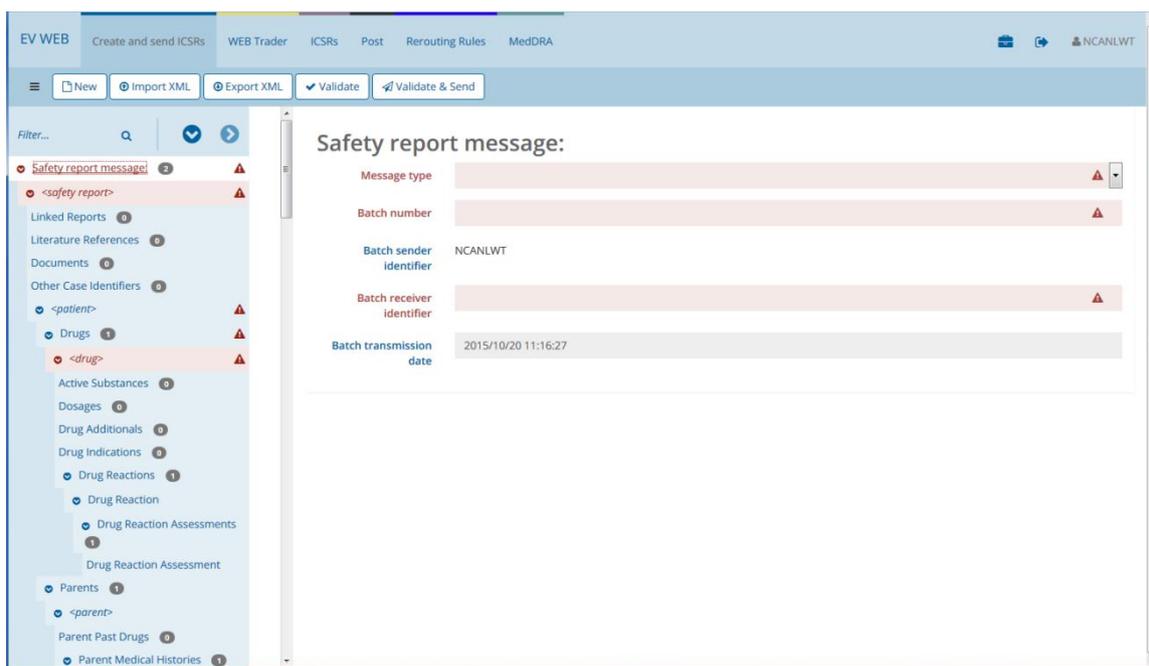


Figure 60 - Load from within EVWEB – Create and send ICSRs screen

As you can see, all the fields are empty because in this case we have created a new ICSR and it is supposed to be completed by the user. In other situations (like the "Follow-up" option), you will find some fields already completed.

2.9. Contextual Actions Menu

In certain screens of the EVWEB application (**WEB Trader, ICSRs, Workspace**) you will be presented with a contextual actions menu when selecting items in the active area (or in the search results area after performing a query). This applies only to list view layouts of the active area.



Figure 61 - Contextual actions menu

Contextual action menus provide specific operations that can be applied to a selected item. Based on the selected item type (i.e. ICSR, Safety or Acknowledgement message), the available options in a contextual actions menu will vary, displaying only the applicable actions for the specific item type.

For a detailed description of contextual actions menu options per EVWEB application screen, see the relevant parts of the following sections:

- **3.4.1. Handling Messages in WEB Trader**
- **3.5.1. Handling ICSRs & Safety Messages in the ICSRs Screen**
- **3.7. Workspace Screen Functions**

3. ICSRs & Messages

A Safety message is like an envelope, which may contain one or more ICSRs. Every message contains required information about the sender, receiver, the date, and a unique identification number among other things.

An Acknowledgement message is a particular type of message, which contains the acknowledgement of a received Safety message and the acknowledgements of each ICSR contained within it.

An Acknowledgement message is sent by the receiver of a Safety message, to inform the sender about the receipt of the Safety message and the outcome of the validation of that message.

This chapter deals with the creation, sending, receipt, validation, acknowledgement and follow-up of ICSRs using EVWEB.

3.1. Contextual Help

EVWEB offers a useful feature called contextual help. This interactive assistance aids the user whilst creating/editing ICSRs, Safety or Acknowledgement messages, as well as Follow-Ups.

While in EVWEB, you can check whether the current screen you are in supports contextual help by looking at the far right of the dynamic buttons set toolbar. If you see the text "Show Help" followed by "On" and "Off" buttons, then the screen supports this feature.

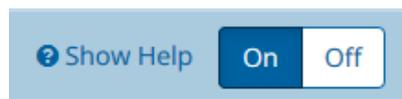


Figure 62- Contextual help buttons

With the contextual help feature enabled (the button "On" is active), you can take advantage of this user assistance feature by placing the mouse pointer over a field label. If available help exists for the field, the mouse pointer will change to , and a tooltip will appear above the field label containing a descriptive message with further context regarding the specific field.

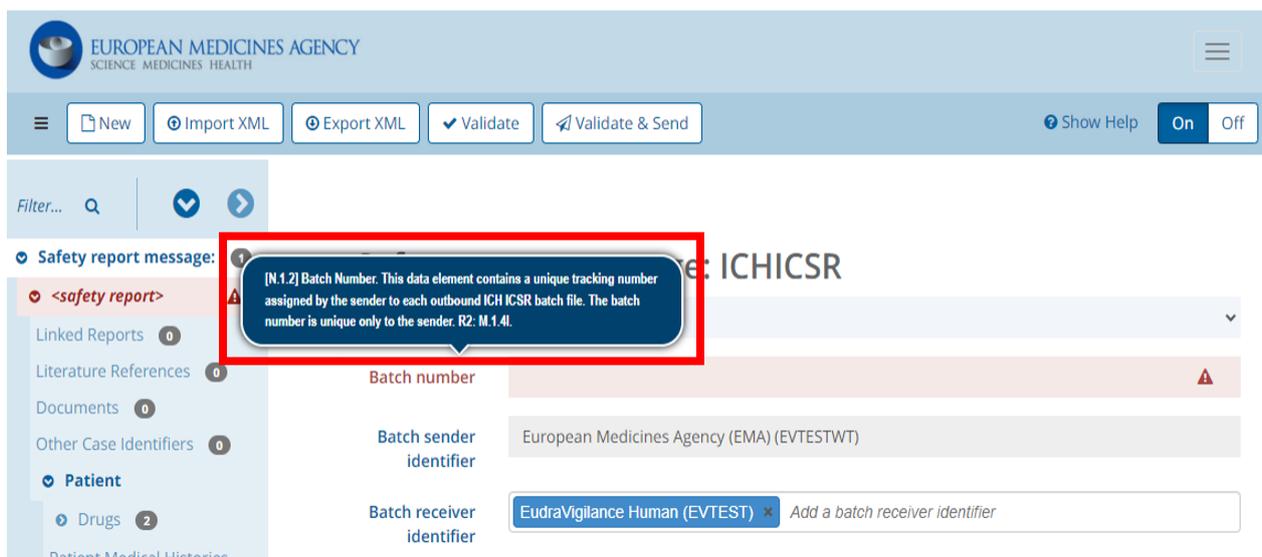


Figure 63 - Contextual help tooltip

3.2. Creating Safety Messages & ICSRs

EVWEB allows you to create Safety messages and ICSRs. If you are a WEB Trader user, you may also use EVWEB to send the created Safety messages.

You can create one or more ICSRs using EVWEB. The system automatically creates a message whenever you decide to send or export any created ICSRs.

We will now go through the process of creating one or more ICSRs.

Click on the **Create and send ICSRs** link in the main menu.

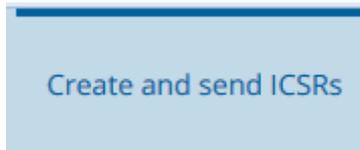


Figure 64 - Create and send ICSRs screen link

In the dynamic buttons set click on "New". The tree view area will display the structure of a new Safety message.

Since this process involves data entry, please refer to Chapter 1 for a detailed description on how to manage the different types of fields when creating an ICSR.

Clicking on any section in the tree view area will display the corresponding fields available for data entry in the active area.

For a detailed guide of all the fields and sections of an ICSR see the Field Definitions document.

A separate, step-by-step instruction set on how to create an ICSR is also available as part of the EVWEB training course materials.

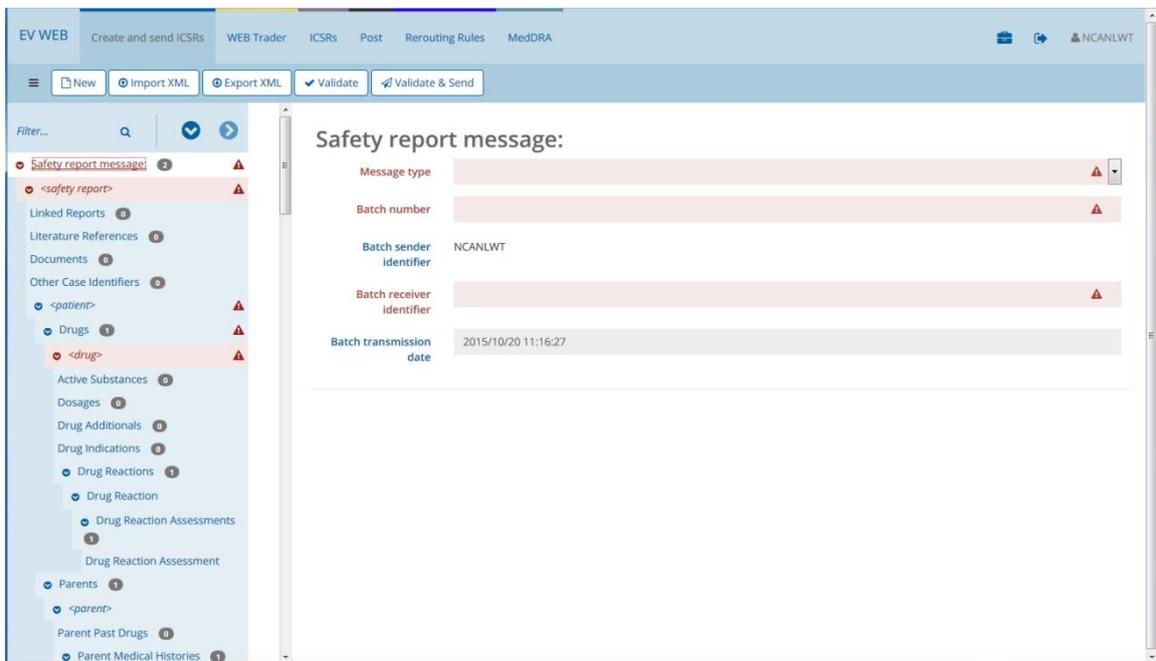


Figure 65 - Creating an ICSR

By default, any mandatory fields in the active area will be highlighted in red denoting that they are invalid or incomplete. This is also the case for sections in the tree view area, which will appear in red text and background (this indicates that these invalid tree view sections contain invalid active area fields).

Note: EVWEB uses an internal auto-validation process that determines whether a field contains the correct input or not. This process is also responsible for providing a descriptive error message when hovering your mouse pointer over the  icon that appears on the right edge of the field.

Thus, at this stage, you should correctly complete all invalid/incomplete fields and fill in any other necessary ones before proceeding with the ICSR creation process. When successfully done, all sections in the tree view and active area should appear in blue text, indicating that no errors are present in the Safety message.

All populated sections should appear in bold text, indicating clearly which sections you have entered data in.

Note: When creating a Safety message, its MedDRA version will default to the latest MedDRA version available by the system. This value is not editable by the user.

The next step involves validating the entire Safety message which, in turn, will validate all included ICSRs. EVWEB provides two methods for this function:

- Validate
- Validate & Send

These two methods appear in the dynamic buttons set of the **Create and send ICSRs** screen.

While the "Validate" button might seem redundant, since it is already part of the "Validate & Send" method, it has been included for specific validation scenarios. One such scenario is the importing of a local XML file which only needs to be validated and not sent to any receiver. For all other regular Safety message creation cases, you can choose "Validate & Send".

If there are errors when running the validation process on the created Safety message, you will be presented with a validation result window in which all invalid fields will be listed, along with a description of their errors.

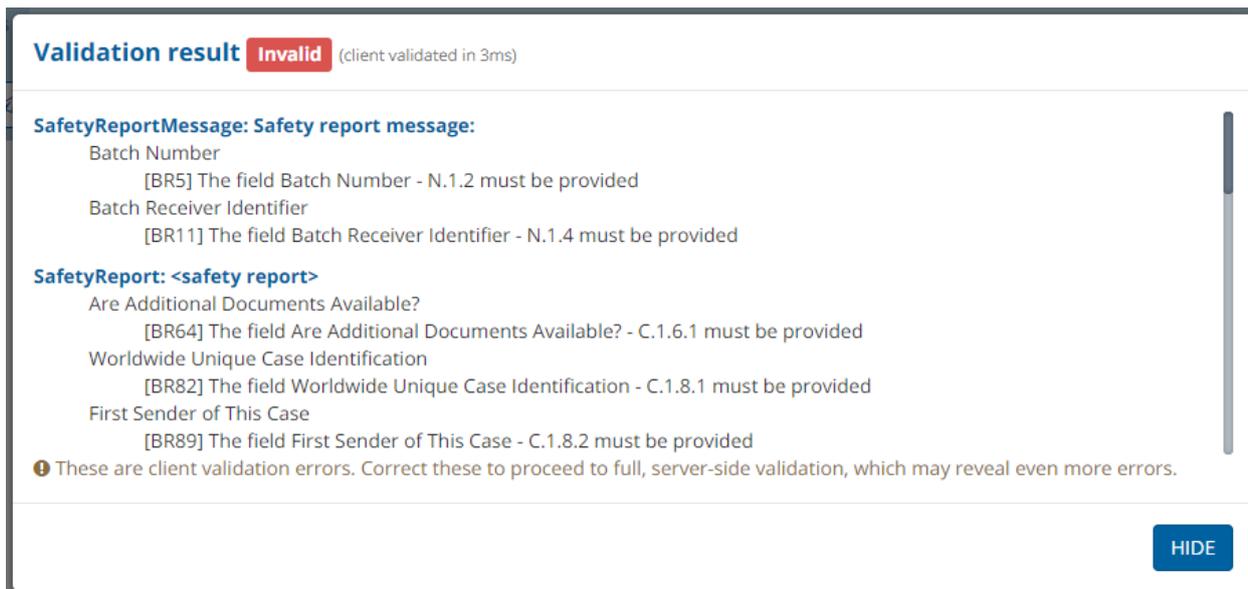


Figure 66 - Validation result window with errors (Safety message)

The errors displayed in the validation result window are grouped per tree view section of the validated Safety message. To correct a reported validation error you can either close the validation result window (by clicking on the "HIDE" button) and fix the issue in the **Create and send ICSRs** screen, or click on a tree view section error from within the validation result window (the bold blue text); this will take you directly to the invalid fields of that tree view section. If there are no errors, the "HIDE" button will be replaced by an "OK" button.

The validation process applied by "Validate" or "Validate & Send" occurs locally (client-side validation) without the involvement of the remote EVDBMS. Only when a Safety message validates without errors will it be submitted for final validation to the EVDBMS (server-side validation).

Once you have validated a report, if it contains errors then the dynamic buttons set will have a new button added to it: "Errors". You can use this button to remind yourself of which errors were reported on validation and go directly to them.



Figure 67 - Dynamic buttons showing "Errors" button

Note: If the receiver is not an EMA organisation (i.e. EVHUMAN, EVTEST, EVCTMPROD or EVCTMTEST), EVWEB will require from the user to select the validation target type before allowing him/her to proceed with the server-side validation process. In this case, the user should choose between "PM" (Post-authorisation Module; default for submissions to EVHUMAN or EVTEST), and "CT" (Clinical Trial Module; default for submissions to EVCTMPROD or EVCTMTEST), then click on the "Proceed to server side validation" button, as shown in the dialog box below:

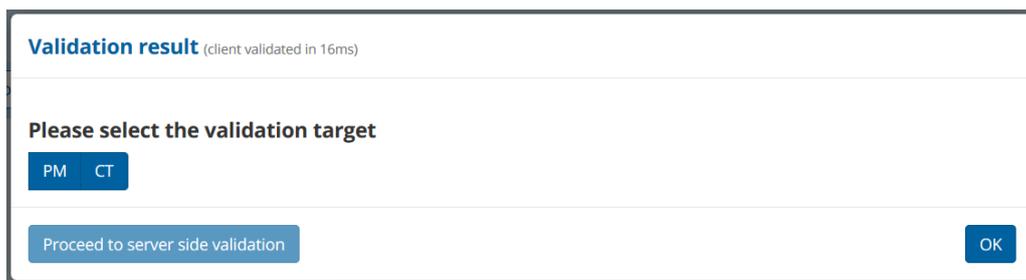


Figure 68 - Validation target selection for non-EMA receivers

Please also note that the server-side validation may reveal additional errors, even if the client-side validation was error-free.

For a more detailed description of the validation process and other related information, you can refer to the [EU Individual Case Safety Report \(ICSR\) Implementation Guide](#) (EMA/51938/2013) for E2B(R3) messages.

3.2.1. Attachments

The ICH E2B(R3) message format allows for the inclusion of attachment(s) (literature article and/or additional document(s) held by the Sender), to the ICSR if required. By attaching documents to the ICSR message itself, the sender of an ISO ICSR can provide supplemental information that could not be provided other way.

However, please note that **additional documents should not be routinely attached to ICSRs**. The main reasons for attaching these additional documents should either be at the request of the receiver on a case-by-case basis or where the correct medical interpretation of the ICSR cannot be made without access to the attachment(s).

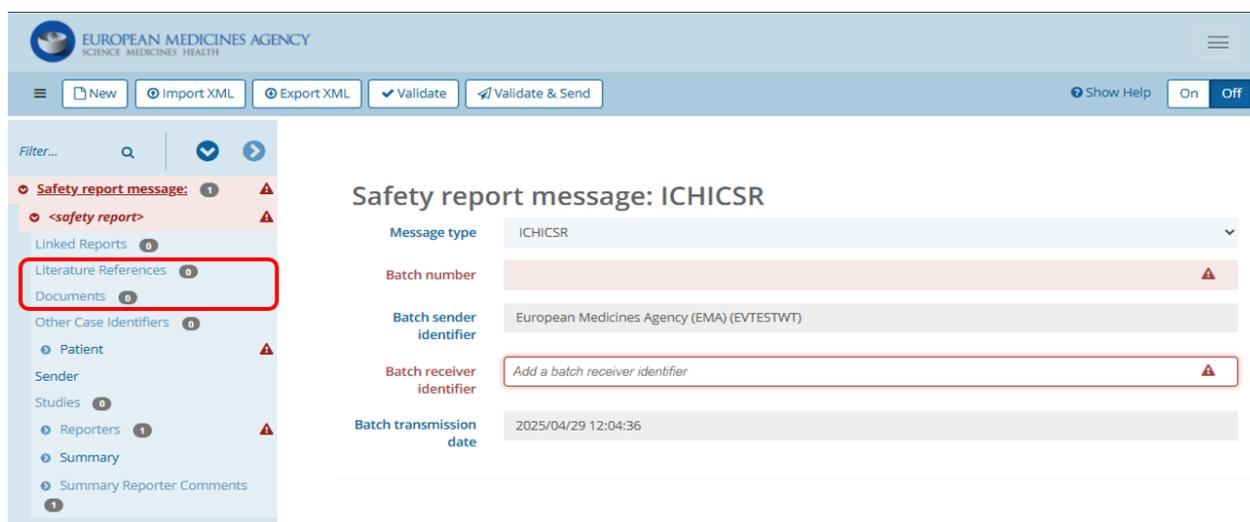


Figure 69 - Validation result window of successfully sent Safety message

The attachments are provided as in-line data transmitted using the encapsulated data type. The main usage of this data element will be the provision of literature articles and any associated translation of the literature article into English. Other documents made available by a primary source (e.g. autopsy reports, ECG strips, chest X-ray, or photographs, etc.) can also be provided as attachments using the same method.

Also, please note that **case narratives should not be provided as file attachments**. The data element H.1 'Case Narrative Including Clinical Course, Therapeutic Measures, Outcome and Additional Relevant Information' allows for 100,000 characters (this is enough for around 25 pages of average A4 text). If it is not possible to capture a focused, factual and clear description of the case in 100,000 characters the repeatable data element Case Summary and Reporter's Comments H.5.r.1a can also be used. Therefore, the case narrative has no actual limit. However, it should be noted that in accordance with ICH E2D and GVP Module VI, organisations creating ICSRs should aim to provide concise narratives containing all known relevant clinical information that supports or refutes the reported suspected adverse reactions. The case narratives should avoid repetitions or listing information included in structured data elements and which is of limited relevance for the reported suspected adverse reaction (e.g. listing all lab test results).

The table below lists the file formats that are supported in the EU along with the Media type that should be provided in the relevant ICSR data element.

Table 6 - Supported file types in the EU

File type extension	File type	Media Type (values)
PDF	Portable Document Format	application/pdf
JPEG/JPG	Joint Photographic Experts Group	image/jpeg
TXT	Text file	text/plain
RTF	Rich text file	text/rtf
TIFF/TIF	Tagged Image File Format	image/tiff
HTML	HyperText Markup Language	text/html
Doc	Word document	application/msword
Docx	Office Open XML (ISO/IEC 29500) wordprocessing	application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document
XLS	Excel document	application/vnd.ms-excel
XLSX	Office Open XML (ISO/IEC 29500) spreadsheet	application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.spreadsheetml.sheet
DICOM	Digital Imaging and Communications in Medicine	application/dicom

3.2.1.1. Literature article

This data element should be used for literature article(s) that describe individual case(s), but not for articles used for data analysis.

Citations should be provided in the style specified by the Vancouver Convention, known as 'Vancouver style', which has been developed by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. The conventional styles, including styles for special situations, can be found in the following reference:

International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. Uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals. N Engl J Med 1997; 336:309-15.

The literature citation in Vancouver style is captured in data element C.4.r.1 'Literature reference(s)' and the Digital Object Identifier (DOI) for the article should be included where available e.g.: International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. Uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical journals. N Engl J Med 1997; 336:309-15. **doi:10.1056/NEJM199701233360422.**

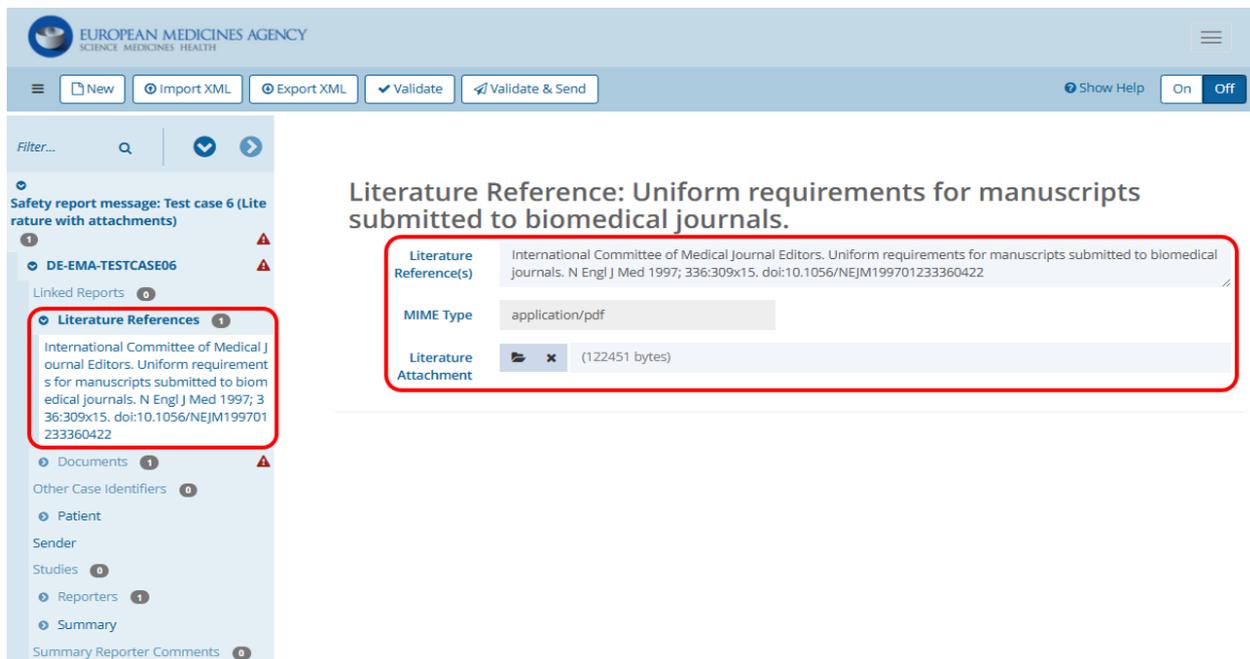


Figure 70 - EVWEB snippet showing the literature-related fields populated

Whenever the receiver of the case requests the literature article, it is sent as an attachment. The electronic version of the document (e.g. journal article) is attached to the ICSR in data element C.4.r.2 'Included documents' (and thus not in C.1.6.1.r.2 'Included documents'). If an article has been previously submitted with an ICSR, the same article document should not be resubmitted for any subsequent follow-up ICSRs.

Within one ICSR, multiple document descriptions (C.1.6.1.r (ICH E2B(R3))) and literature references (C.4.r.1 'Literature reference(s)') can be provided, as well as the associated materials.

In line with [GVP module VI](#), if a literature article refers to more than one ICSR, then the literature article should only be attached to the first created ICSR and all the other associated ICSRs should be linked to the first ICSR through the linked report number C.1.10.r 'Identification number of the report which is linked to this report' data element.

In line with ICH-E2B the following applies:

Table 7 – ICH E2B(R3) requirements

Reference	E2B(R3) requirements
ICH-E2B(R3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Data element C.4.r.1 'Literature Reference(s)' should be populated with the literature reference. The Digital Object Identifier (DOI) for the article should be included where available e.g.: International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. Uniform requirements for manuscripts submitted to biomedical

Reference	E2B(R3) requirements
	<p>journals. N Engl J Med 1997; 336:309-15. doi:10.1056/NEJM199701233360422.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The electronic version of the document (i.e. the journal article and a copy of the translation where applicable) should be attached to the ICSR in data element C.4.r.2 'Included Documents' whenever requested by the Receiver. In this situation, the original ICSR along with all the same medical information captured in the E2B(R3) data elements should be retransmitted as an 'amendment' report (see VI.C.6.2.2.8. for guidance on amendment reports). However, if new additional information is provided, then the ICSR with the attachment should be submitted as a follow-up report. In addition, all ICSRs which relate to the same literature article should be cross referenced in data element C.1.10.r 'Identification Number of the Report Linked to this Report (repeat as necessary)'

3.2.1.2. Additional (non-literature) document(s) held by sender

If the sender of an ICSR holds additional (non-literature) documents, the data element C.1.6.1 'Are additional documents available?' should be entered as 'true' and a description of the document should be provided in the data element C.1.6.1.r.1 'Documents held by sender'.

The electronic version of the clinical document(s) can be provided as attachments in the data element C.1.6.1.r.2 'Included documents'.

If the receiver of the ICSR does not receive additional documents held by the sender and needs to subsequently forward the ICSR to another receiver, the data element C.1.6.1 (ICH E2B(R3)) should be amended on upon retransmission to indicate that they do not hold additional documents.

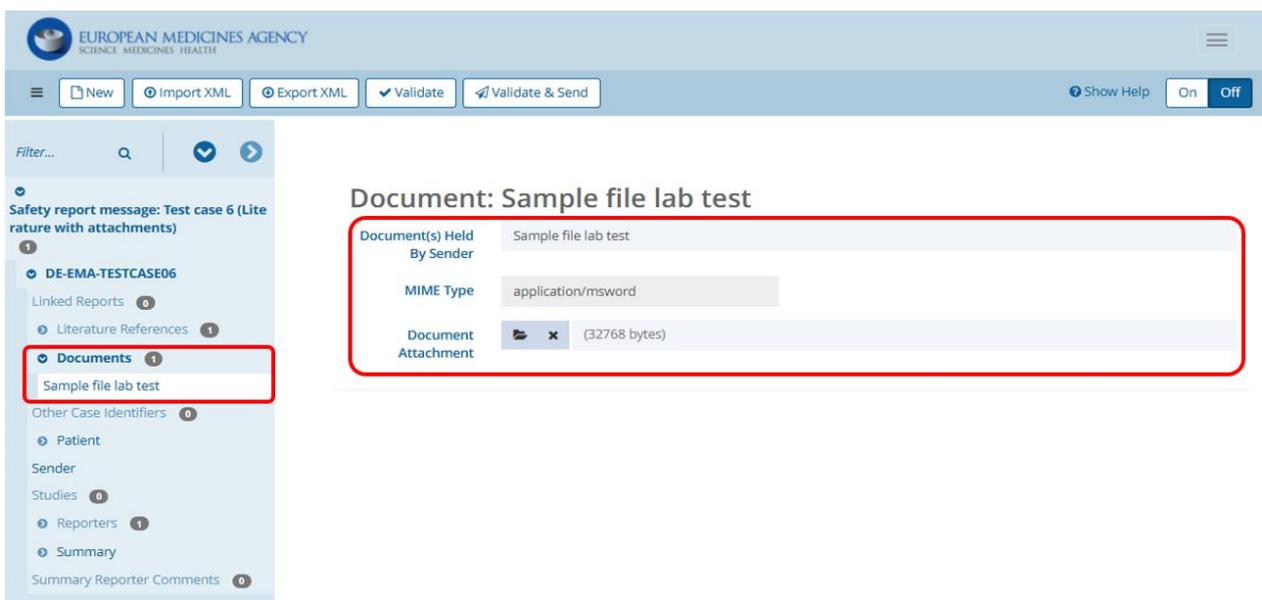


Figure 71 - EVWEB snippet showing the documents-related fields populated

In line with ICH-E2B the following applies:

Table 8 – ICH E2B(R3) requirements

Reference	E2B(R3) requirements
ICH-E2B(R3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Data element C.1.6.1 'Are Additional Documents Available' should be completed.• Section C.1.6.1.r 'Documents Held by Sender' should be completed as applicable, where the data element C.1.6.1.r.1 'Documents Held by Sender' should provide a description of the nature of documents (e.g. clinical records, hospital records, autopsy reports)• Whenever the document(s) is/are requested by the Receiver, section C.1.6.1.r.2 'Included Documents' should contain the actual attached document, if the sender chooses to send the document or is required to do so. The processing of personal data should be done in accordance with local data protection law (see VI.C.6.2.2.10. for guidance on the processing of personal data in the EU).

3.3. Sending a Safety Message

To send a completed Safety message you need to click on the "Validate & Send" button which is located in the dynamic buttons set.

EVWEB will then proceed to validate the message first on the client-side. If the validation is successful, EVWEB will proceed and apply the server-side validation process. If any of these validation checks is unsuccessful, you will be presented with the validation result window which will contain the errors that need correction.

If both validation steps are successful, EVWEB will send the Safety message to the EVDBMS and place a copy of the message in the "Outbox" view area of the **WEB Trader** screen (see **section 3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions** of this manual). After processing, the user will obtain the corresponding **Acknowledgement (ACK)** for the case submitted via the "Inbox" area (see **section 3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions**).

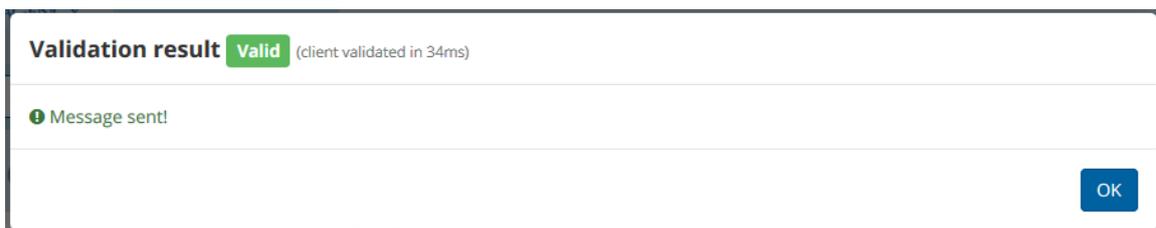


Figure 72 - Validation result window of successfully sent Safety message

Attention: The "Validate & Send" button is only available to WEB Trader users. Only WEB Trader users are allowed to send messages via EVWEB. If you are a Gateway user you may use EVWEB to create a Safety message, but you can only send it through your local Gateway.

3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions

Some of these functions will only be available to WEB Trader users

The **WEB Trader** screen of the EVWEB application allows WEB Trader users to keep track of sent and received Safety and Acknowledgement messages.

To access the **WEB Trader** screen click on the **WEB Trader** link in the main menu.



Figure 73 - WEB Trader screen link

The following screen will be displayed once you enter this link:

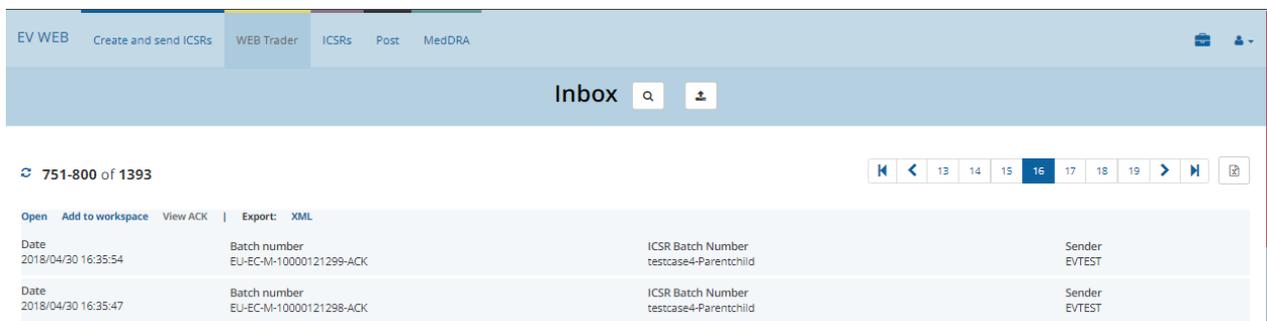


Figure 74 - WEB Trader “Inbox” screen

Directly under EVWEB’s main menu are the “Inbox”, “Search” and “Outbox” view options. By default, when you enter this screen you will be presented with the “Inbox” view.

Here is a brief description of the WEB Trader view options:

Table 9 – Description of the WEB Trader view options

WEB Trader View Option	Description
	“Inbox” view option. Enabled by default, allows the user to view all Safety and Acknowledgement messages sent to the user’s organisation.
	“Search” view option. Allows the user to perform queries based on user-defined criteria to all WEB Trader messages.
	“Outbox” view option. Allows the user to view all Safety and Acknowledgement messages sent by the user’s organisation.

Below these WEB Trader view options, and residing in the active area, is the messages list view.

If the “Inbox” view option is active, you will find Safety and Acknowledgement messages displayed in the list view. These are messages that other organisations have sent to you by specifying your

organisation as the receiver. All received messages, regardless of type, will be displayed in your "Inbox" view.

If the "Outbox" view option is active, you will find Safety and Acknowledgement messages displayed in the list view. These are messages that you have sent to other organisations. All sent messages, regardless of type, will be displayed in your "Outbox" view.

3.4.1. Handling Messages in WEB Trader

Besides viewing sent/received Safety and Acknowledgement messages, the **WEB Trader** screen also allows you to manage these messages. This is possible through the contextual actions menu that appears once you click on a WEB Trader message.



Figure 75 - WEB Trader message handling

The available options in the contextual actions menu will adapt according to the type of the selected message (Safety or Acknowledgement). In general, the available options will include all or a subset of the following:

Table 10 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	Loads the selected message and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area layout. See section 2.8.1.3. WEB Trader Screen for further information regarding this option.
Add to workspace	Adds the selected message to the Workspace screen for later viewing or handling. You can add multiple messages, in the same manner, allowing you to concentrate specifically on those items. You can find more information about the Workspace screen and its functions in section 3.7. Workspace Screen Functions of this manual.
Create ACK	Creates an Acknowledgement message from the selected Safety message and auto-completes all common fields between the newly created Acknowledgement message and the selected Safety message. If required, you can edit any of these auto-completed fields in the Acknowledgement message before validating and sending it. See section 3.4.3. Creating an Acknowledgement Message and section 3.4.4. Sending an Acknowledgement Message for further information regarding the creation and sending of Acknowledgement messages.
Export	Exports the selected message into an XML file (which is the typical format for a message), or a RTF file (which is the typical "text" document format). See section 3.9. Export Functions for more information regarding EVWEB's export features.

3.4.2. Searching Messages in WEB Trader

The "Search" view option allows the execution of queries based on user-defined criteria to all WEB Trader messages. To enter the "Search" view mode, click on the magnifying glass icon () which is located between the "Inbox" and "Outbox" view options.

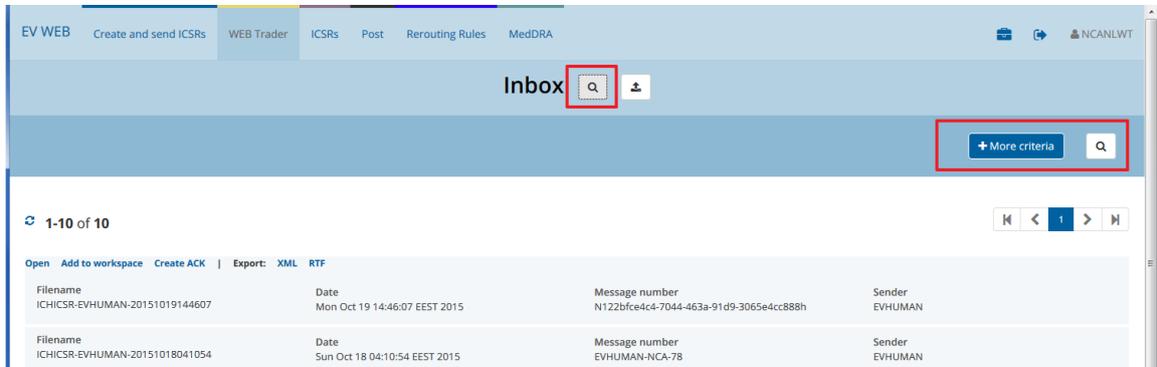


Figure 76 - WEB Trader "Search" view mode

After clicking on the "Search" view icon, a criteria ribbon will appear below the "Inbox", "Search" and "Outbox" view options.

The criteria ribbon is used to define the conditions of a WEB Trader query. This area allows you to select one or more items and define their value. These items are then used as criteria to filter the results of the query.

To add a criteria item you need to click on the "+More criteria" button that is located in the criteria ribbon. This will produce a drop-down list from which you can select the desired criteria item. You can repeat this process as many times as necessary to obtain all required criteria items required for your query.

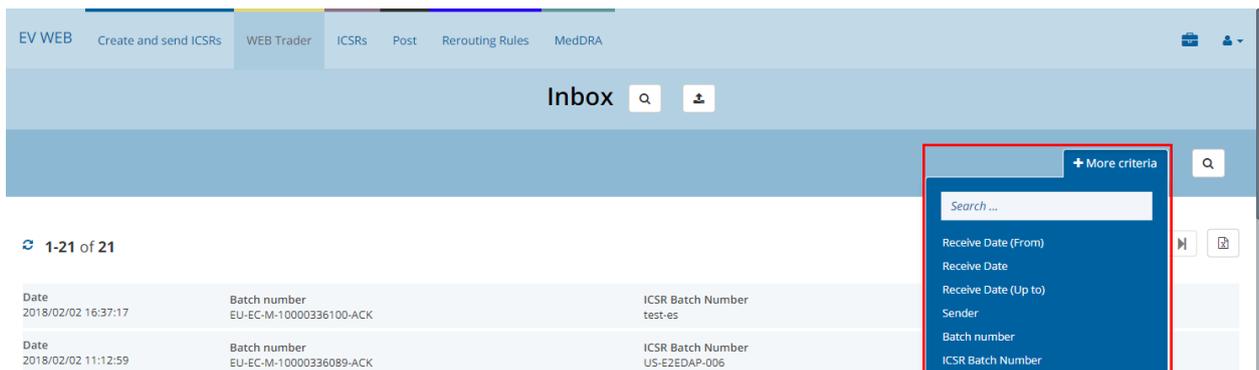


Figure 77 - Adding a search criteria item

Tip: The WEB Trader criteria ribbon appears only when clicking on the "Search" view option which appears as a magnifying glass icon (). By default, it will not be displayed when entering the **WEB Trader** screen.

Once you have selected your criteria items, and before you perform the query, you should define their values. This is accomplished by clicking on each criteria item that you have inserted in the criteria ribbon, and defining their value using the available options presented.

Depending on criteria type, when you click on an inserted criteria item you will be presented with a text field, or a calendar in the case of date criteria items, in which you can insert or choose the required values.

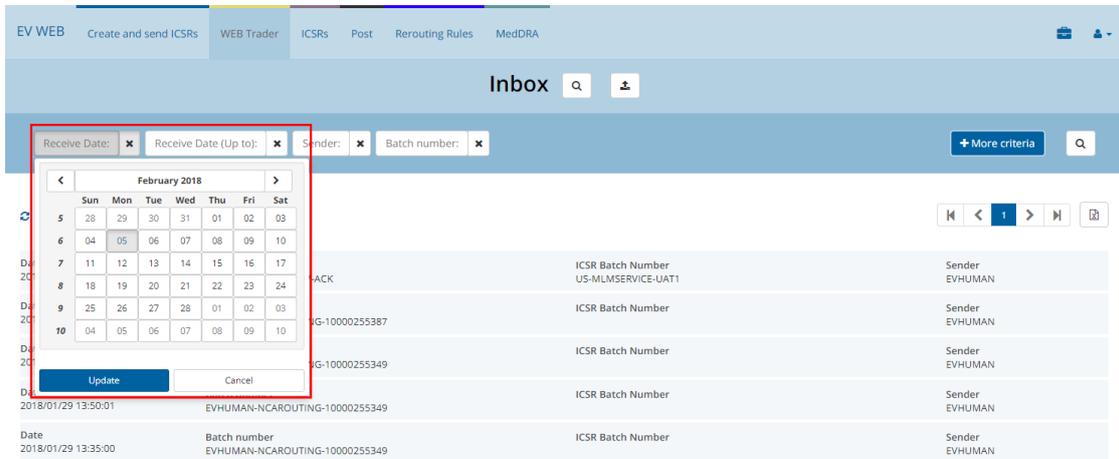


Figure 78 - Defining criteria item values

To remove a criteria item you simply need to click on the **X** icon located on the right side of the item.

To initiate the search, after having specified the criteria items, you need to click on the magnifying glass icon (**Q**) in the criteria ribbon. The results of the search will be displayed in the active area of the **WEB Trader** screen in a list view layout.

You can now manage the search result messages as any other WEB trader message by clicking on each one and utilizing the contextual actions menu. See **section 3.4.1. Handling Messages in WEB Trader** for more information.

3.4.3. Creating an Acknowledgement Message

EVWEB allows the creation of a manual Acknowledgement message. If you are a WEB Trader user, you may also use EVWEB to send the created Acknowledgement message.

Acknowledgement messages are used to inform other users that a Safety message has been received and processed. They also report the outcome of the validation (at the receiver’s end) of that Safety message and the ICSR(s) it contains.

Creating an Acknowledgement message is available in the following EVWEB screens:

- WEB Trader
- Workspace

Note: You can create an Acknowledgement message in the **Workspace** screen only from Safety messages that have been added from the **WEB Trader** screen (using the “Add to workspace” option from the contextual actions menu), or that have been imported using the **Workspace** screen’s “Import” function.

The following example uses the **WEB Trader** screen to create an Acknowledgement message (see **section 3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions** for more information regarding WEB Trader functions).

Click on the **WEB Trader** link in the main menu.



Figure 79 - WEB Trader screen link

In the "Inbox" view area click on a Safety message.

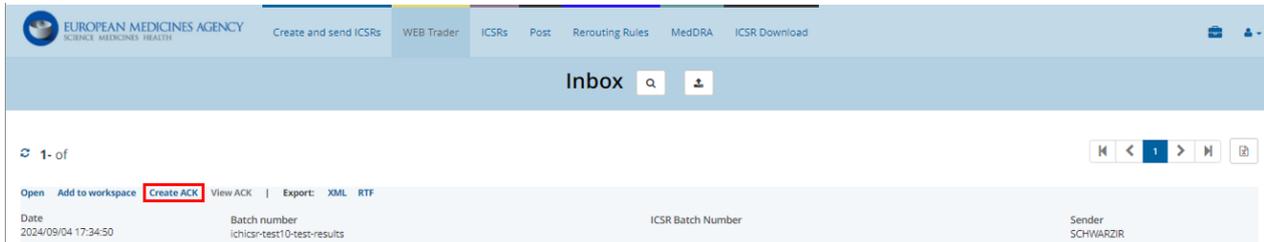


Figure 80 - WEB Trader: Creating an Acknowledgement message

A contextual actions menu will appear above the Safety message, providing various options applicable to the selected message. One of these options is the "Create ACK" which, once clicked, initiates the process of creating an Acknowledgement message.

Note: EVWEB will require the user to select the validation target type before allowing him/her to proceed with the server-side validation process. In this case, the user should choose between "PM" (Post-authorisation Module; default for submissions to EVHUMAN or EVTEST), and "CT" (Clinical Trial Module; default for submissions to EVCTMPROD or EVCTMTEST), then click on the "Proceed to server side validation" button, as shown in the dialog box below:

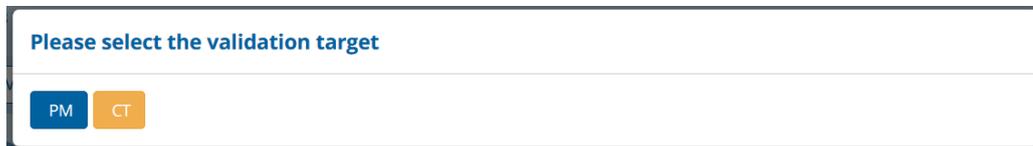


Figure 81 - Validation target selection for non-EMA receiver

The user is then presented with the following screen, in which the required fields should be completed for the process to continue:

Safety report message acknowledgement:

Acknowledgement batch number	
Acknowledgement batch sender identifier	Fewgiu Rvn Suufnrrzj Hmsnitaz Hoo Phnjrdz Jwyfody Kg Xrjvkak (ALMP)
Acknowledgement batch receiver identifier	RPQ Xdhjoxvlpoxn Auihqwc Zgrfkj (SCHWARZIR)
Acknowledgement date	Second 2024/09/05 11:18:05
ICSR Batch Number	Ichicsr-test10-test-results
Acknowledgement local message number	
Date of ICSR Batch Transmission	Second 2024/09/04 17:34:08
Transmission acknowledgement code	Application Acknowledgment Accept (message successfully processed, no further action)
Batch validation error	Batch message processed without errors

Safety report acknowledgement:

ICSR Message Number	ES-EMA-ichicsr-test10
Local report number	
ICSR Message ACK Receiver	RPQ Xdhjoxvlpoxn Auihqwc Zgrfkj (SCHWARZIR)
ICSR Message ACK Sender	Fewgiu Rvn Suufnrrzj Hmsnitaz Hoo Phnjrdz Jwyfody Kg Xrjvkak (ALMP)
Date of ICSR Message Creation	Second 2024/09/04 17:34:08
Acknowledgement code for a ICSR message	Commit Accept
Error / warning message or comment	safety report: loaded; Validated against 2.29 business rules; Comments: 1 - [[R744]]G.k.2.2[[BR.3]] :in section Drug(s) Information on field Medicinal Product Name as Reported by the Primary Source
Batch validation error	Batch message processed without errors

Figure 82 - Creating an Acknowledgement message

Since this process involves data entry, please refer to Chapter 1 for a detailed description on how to manage the different types of fields when creating an Acknowledgement message.

Clicking on any section in the tree view area will display the corresponding fields available for data entry in the active area.

For a detailed guide of all the fields and sections of an Acknowledgement message see the ICH E2B(R3) Implementation Guide that is available from the following ICH website:

<https://www.ich.org/page/electronic-standards-estri>.

Since an Acknowledgement message is a receipt confirmation (including validation) of a Safety message, it should be addressed to the sender of that Safety message.

Note: If you are creating an Acknowledgement message from the **WEB Trader** or **Workspace** screens, EVWEB will auto-complete all common fields between the newly created Acknowledgement message and the received Safety message. However, it will still be possible to edit any of these auto-completed fields in the Acknowledgement message.

By default, any mandatory fields in the active area will be highlighted in red denoting that they are invalid or incomplete. This is also the case for sections in the tree view area, which will appear in red text and background (this indicates that these invalid tree view sections contain invalid active area fields).

Note: EVWEB uses an internal auto-validation process that determines whether a field contains the correct input or not. This process is also responsible for providing a descriptive error message when hovering your mouse pointer over the  icon that appears on the right edge of the field.

Thus, at this stage, you should correctly complete all invalid/incomplete fields and fill in any other necessary ones before proceeding with the Acknowledgement message creation process. When successfully done, all sections in the tree view and active area should appear in blue text, indicating that no errors are present in the Acknowledgement message.

The next step involves validating the entire Acknowledgement message which, in turn, will validate all included ICSR Acknowledgements. EVWEB provides two methods for this function:

- Validate
- Validate & Send

These two methods appear in the dynamic buttons set when creating the Acknowledgement message.

While the “Validate” button might seem redundant, since it is already part of the “Validate & Send” method, it has been included for specific validation scenarios. One such scenario is the importing of a local XML file which only needs to be validated and not sent to any receiver. For all other regular Acknowledgement message creation cases, you can choose “Validate & Send”.

If there are errors when running the validation process on the created Acknowledgement message, you will be presented with a validation result window in which all invalid fields will be listed, along with a description of their errors.

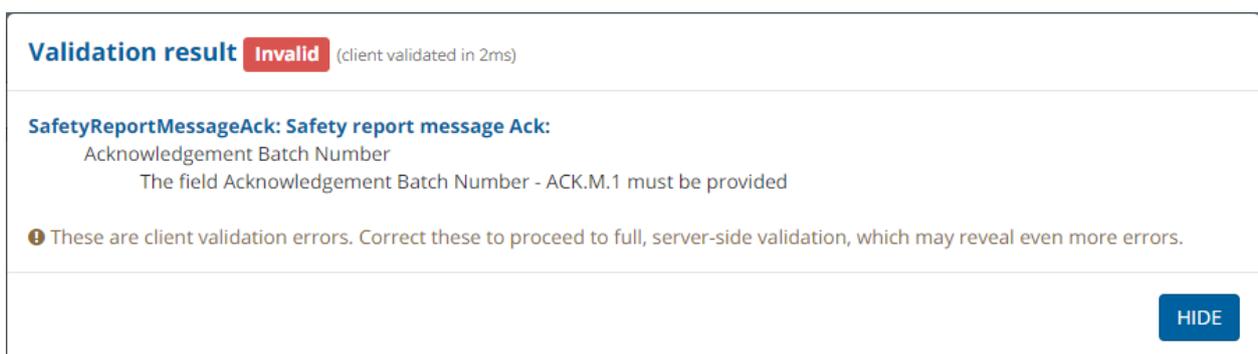


Figure 83 - Validation result window with errors (Acknowledgement message)

The errors displayed in the validation result window are grouped per tree view section of the validated Acknowledgement message. To correct a reported validation error you can either close the validation result window (by clicking on the “HIDE” button) and fix the issue in the data entry form, or click on a tree view section error from within the validation result window; this will take you directly to the

invalid fields of that tree view section. If there are no errors, the "HIDE" button will be replaced by an "OK" button.

Once you have validated your ACK(s), if it contains errors then the dynamic buttons set will have a new button added to it: "Errors". You can use this button to remind yourself of which errors were reported on validation and go directly to them.



Figure 84 - Dynamic buttons showing "Errors" button

Note: The validation process applied by "Validate" or "Validate & Send" occurs locally (client-side validation) without the involvement of the remote EVDBMS. Only when an Acknowledgement message validates without errors in EVWEB will it be submitted for final validation to the EVDBMS (server-side validation). The server-side validation may reveal additional errors, even if the client-side validation was error-free.

For a more detailed description of the validation process and other related information, you can refer to the [EU Individual Case Safety Report \(ICSR\) Implementation Guide \(EMA/51938/2013\)](#) for E2B(R3) messages.

3.4.4. Sending an Acknowledgement Message

To send a completed Acknowledgement message you need to click on the "Validate & Send" button which is located in the dynamic buttons set.

EVWEB will then proceed to validate the message first on the client-side. If the validation is successful, EVWEB will proceed and apply the server-side validation process. If any of these validation checks are unsuccessful, you will be presented with the validation result window which will contain the errors that need correction.

If both validation steps are successful, EVWEB will send the Acknowledgement message to the EVDBMS and place a copy of the message in the "Outbox" view area of the **WEB Trader** screen (see **section 3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions** of this manual).



Figure 85 - Validation result window of successfully sent Acknowledgement message

Attention: The "Validate & Send" button is only available to WEB Trader users. Only WEB Trader users are allowed to send messages via EVWEB. If you are a Gateway user you may use EVWEB to create an Acknowledgement message, but you can only send it through your local Gateway.

3.5. ICSRs Screen Functions

The **ICSRs** screen allows users to browse and perform searches at all levels of the EVDBMS. It also provides ICSR and Safety message handling through the contextual actions menu, allowing the user to apply various processes to items stored in the EVDBMS. These functions are performed taking into account the general access rights of the users.

To access the **ICSRs** screen click on the **ICSRs** link in the main menu.

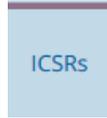


Figure 86 - ICSRs screen link

The following screen will be displayed once you enter this link:

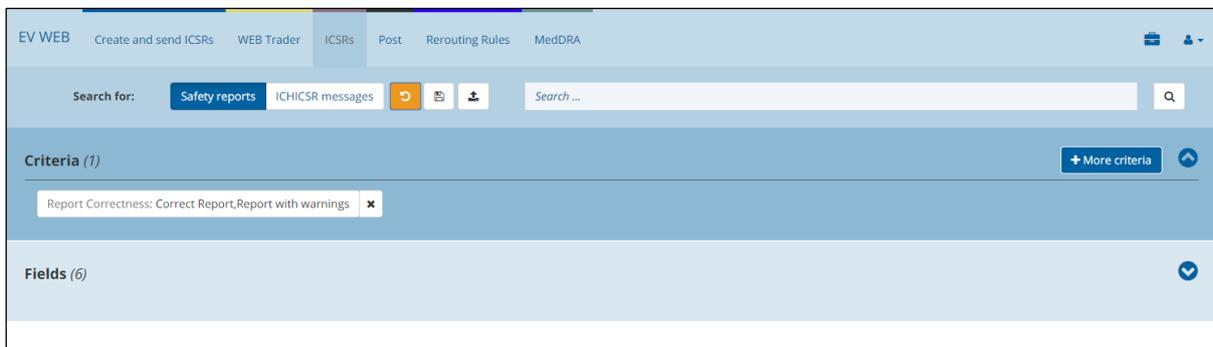


Figure 87 - ICSRs screen

3.5.1. Handling ICSRs & Safety Messages in the ICSRs Screen

Besides browsing and searching ICSRs and Safety messages, the **ICSRs** screen also allows you to manage these items. This is possible through the contextual actions menu that appears once you click on a **ICSRs** screen item.



Figure 88 - ICSRs screen item handling

The available options in the contextual actions menu will adapt according to the type of the selected item (ICSR or Safety message).

If the selected item is an ICSR, the available contextual actions menu options will be as follows:

Table 11 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	Loads the selected ICSR and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area format. See section 2.8.1.1. ICSRs Screen for further information regarding this option.
Follow-up	Creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the Create and send ICSRs screen, and navigates you to that screen for modification of the ICSR content. Note that the created follow-up ICSR is populated with all values from the selected ICSR. See section 3.8. Create a Follow-up, an Amendment or a case Nullification Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups for more information regarding the "Follow-up" option.
Add to follow-ups	Creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the Create and send ICSRs screen, but does not navigate you to that screen. You remain in the ICSRs screen to perform other actions (i.e. initiate more "Add to follow-ups"). See section 3.8. Create a Follow-up, an Amendment or a case Nullification Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups for more information regarding the "Add to follow-ups" option.
Add to workspace	Adds the selected ICSR to the Workspace screen for later viewing or handling. You can add multiple ICSRs, in the same manner, allowing you to concentrate specifically on those items. You can find more information about the Workspace screen and its functions in section 3.7. Workspace Screen Functions of this manual.
Export	Exports the selected ICSR into the following formats: ICSR Form, XML, RTF and HTML. See section 3.9.2. Single-Item Export for more information regarding EVWEB's export features and the differences between the export formats.



Figure 89 - Safety Messages screen item handling

If the selected item is a Safety message, the available contextual actions menu options will be as follows:

Table 12 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	Loads the selected Safety message and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area format. See section 2.8.1.1. ICSRs Screen for further information regarding this option.
Add to workspace	Adds the selected Safety message to the Workspace screen for later viewing or handling. You can add multiple Safety messages, in the same manner, allowing you to concentrate specifically on those items. You can find more information about the Workspace screen and its functions in section 3.7. Workspace Screen Functions of this manual.
Export	Exports the selected Safety message into an XML file (which is the typical format for a Safety message), a RTF file (which is the typical "text" document format), or as the Original Message that was sent to/received from the system. See section 3.9. Export Functions for more information regarding EVWEB's export features.

3.5.2. Searching ICSRs & Safety Messages in the ICSRs Screen

A core function of the **ICSRs** screen is to allow users to perform searches at all levels of the EVDBMS. This is possible through two search methods:

1. Simple query
2. Advanced query

Depending on your search requirements, you can use any of these search methods interchangeably to obtain the desired search results.

Note: Organisations should **NOT** use the **ICSRs** search function to download ICSR for loading into their own systems, the **ICSR Download** functionality should be used instead. **In addition, the search criteria for ICSRs searches is different to the ICSR Download function and using ICSR search may lead to an organisation missing cases for downloading.**

3.5.2.1. Simple Query in the ICSRs Screen

The simple query process is covered in section **2.7.1. Simple Query** of this manual. Please refer to that part of the manual for further information regarding this process.

3.5.2.2. Advanced Query in the ICSRs Screen

The advanced query process is covered in section **2.7.2. Advanced Query** of this manual. Please refer to that part of the manual for further information regarding this process.

3.6. Post Screen Functions

The **Post** screen provides a quick method to import and send a Safety message to the EVDBMS. It accepts only XML files that are compliant with the ICH E2B(R3) standard. To access the **Post** screen click on the **Post** link in the main menu.



Figure 90 - The Post screen link

The following screen will be displayed once you enter this link:

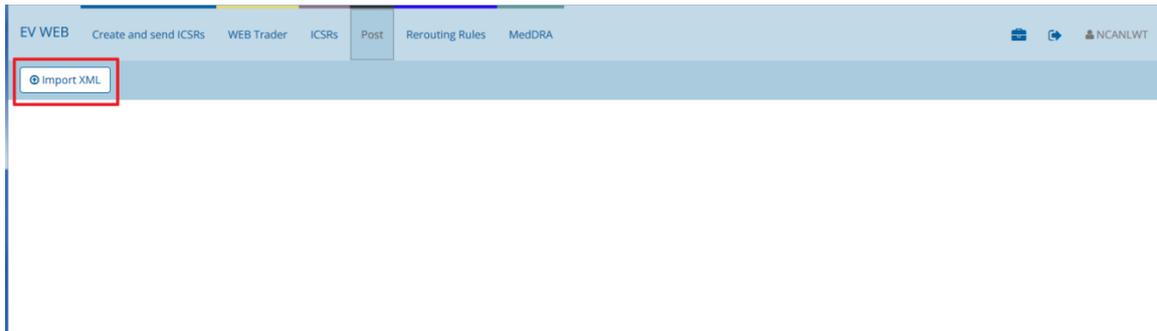


Figure 91 - Post screen

The process is quite straightforward. The user needs to click on the “Import XML” button that appears at the top left of the **Post** screen. This action will display a file selection window in which the user can locate and select a local XML file.

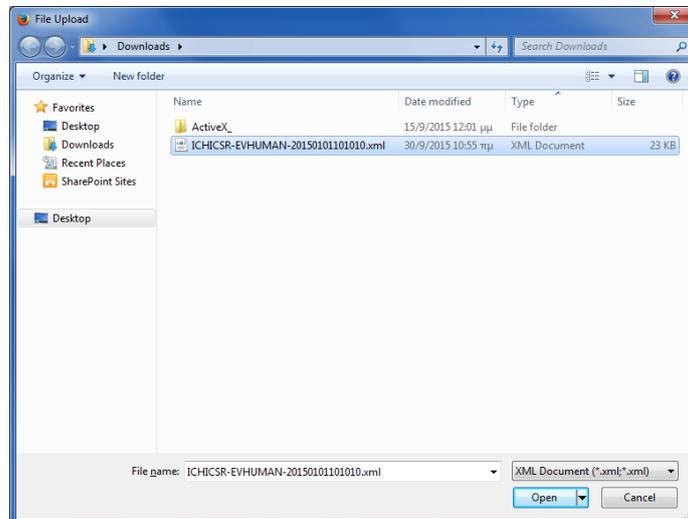


Figure 92 - Post screen file selection window

Once the file is selected and uploaded, EVWEB initiates a series of validation checks to make sure that the message is eligible, and then proceeds to submit it to the EVDBMS.

Note: The maximum XML file size allowed to be submitted via the **Post** screen is 20 MB.

Upon successful submission of the XML file, EVWEB will place a copy of it in your WEB Trader “Outbox” view area for future reference.

3.7. Workspace Screen Functions

The **Workspace** screen acts as a temporary, centralised, area where multiple EVWEB items (ICSRs, Safety messages, Acknowledgement messages) can be added for better review and management.

Attention: The **Workspace** screen retains the added EVWEB items only during an active EVWEB session. If a user logs out or terminates the session (i.e. closes the web browser window), the **Workspace** screen will clear all previously added items. The cleared items are not actually deleted since they reside on the remote EVDBMS. Items added to the **Workspace** screen are copies that are loaded from the remote system.

To access the **Workspace** screen click on the suitcase icon () in the main menu.



Figure 93 - Workspace screen link

The following screen will be displayed once you enter this link:

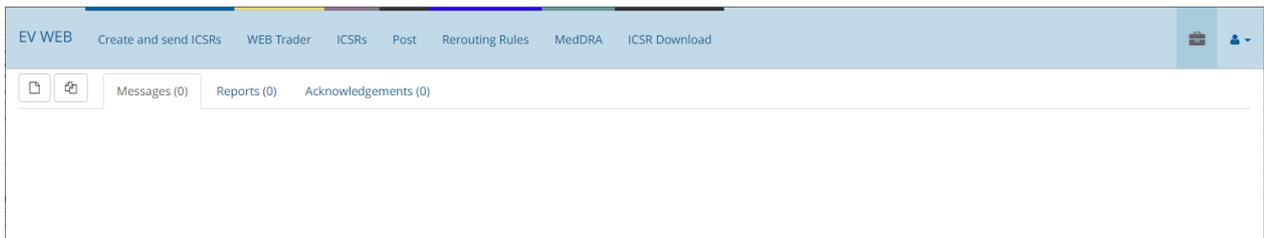


Figure 94 - Workspace screen

The main options available to the user are located at the top left of the **Workspace** screen. Their purpose is described in the following table:

Table 13 – Workspace Screen options

Workspace Screen Option	Description
	This is the Workspace import function of a single ICH E2B(R3) or ICH E2B(R2) compliant XML file (Safety message) in the Workspace screen. With this function, it is possible to import (upload) only 1 XML file at a time.
	This is the Workspace import function of multiple ICH E2B(R3) and/or ICH E2B(R2) compliant XML files (Safety message) in the Workspace screen. With this function, it is possible to import (upload) more than 1 XML files at the same time.

Workspace Screen Option	Description
Messages	This tab contains the Safety messages that have been imported or added to the Workspace screen from direct import (ICSR uploaded) into the Workspace area or via local import (ICSR added) from the WEB Trader screen.
Reports	This tab contains the ICSRs that have been added using the "Add to workspace" option from the ICSRs screen.
Acknowledgements	This tab contains the Acknowledgement messages that have been added using the "Add to workspace" option from the WEB Trader screen.

Note: The option "Add to workspace", which is available through the contextual actions menu and allows the addition of an EVWEB item in the **Workspace** screen, will appear only in the **WEB Trader** and **ICSRs** screens' contextual actions menu.

3.7.1. Import Function

The **Workspace** import function allows importing an ICH E2B(R3) or ICH E2B(R2) compliant XML file (Safety message) in the **Workspace** screen. The imported file is placed in the "Messages" tab and is available for further handling. Note that this function is only available when the user is in the "Messages" tab.

Note: ICH E2B(R2) compliant XML files can **only** be imported into EVWEB through the **Workspace** import function. In other words, the ICH E2B(R2) XML file **cannot** be uploaded via the **Create and send ICSRs** screen.

3.7.1.1. Import of a single XML file

The user needs to click on the single XML file import icon () that appears at the top left of the **Workspace** screen. This action will display a file selection window in which the user can locate and select a local XML file.

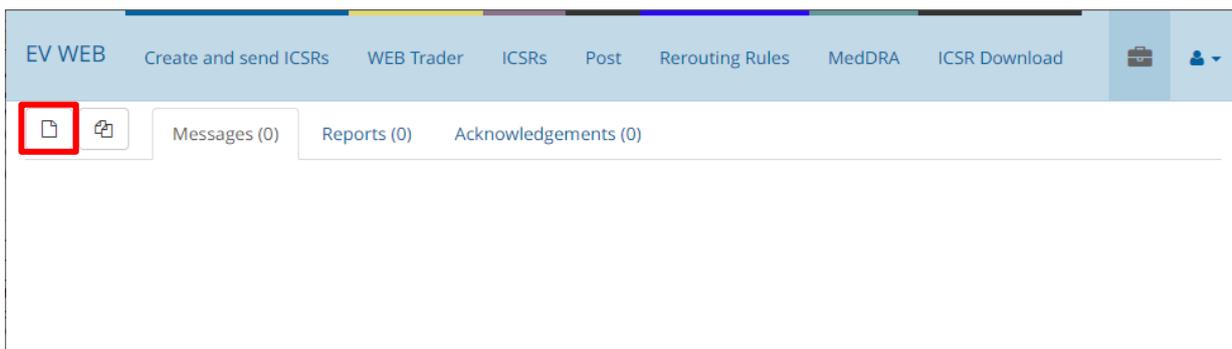


Figure 95 - Workspace import function

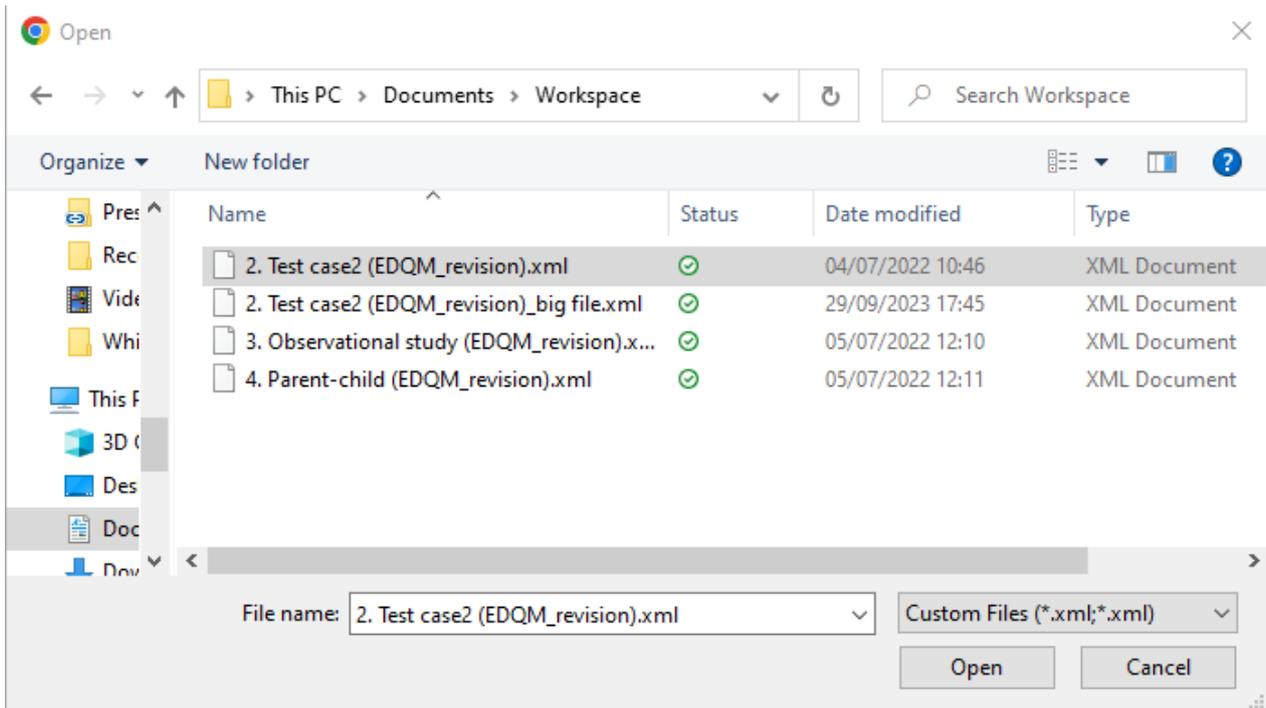


Figure 96 - Workspace screen: Importing an XML file

If there is a problem with a file (for example, the file size exceeds the maximum allowed size), an error message is returned.



Figure 97 - Error message

Once the XML file is imported, it is placed in the "Messages" tab for further handling (see **section 3.7.2. Messages Tab** for more information).

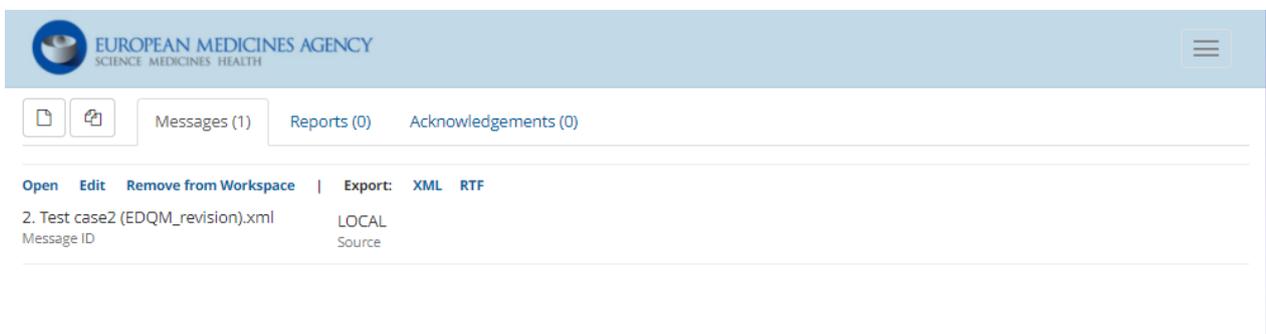


Figure 98 - Workspace screen: 1 XML file imported

It is possible to repeat this operation to add another XML file. The imported XML files will be placed in the “Messages” tab for further handling (see **section 3.7.2. Messages Tab** for more information).

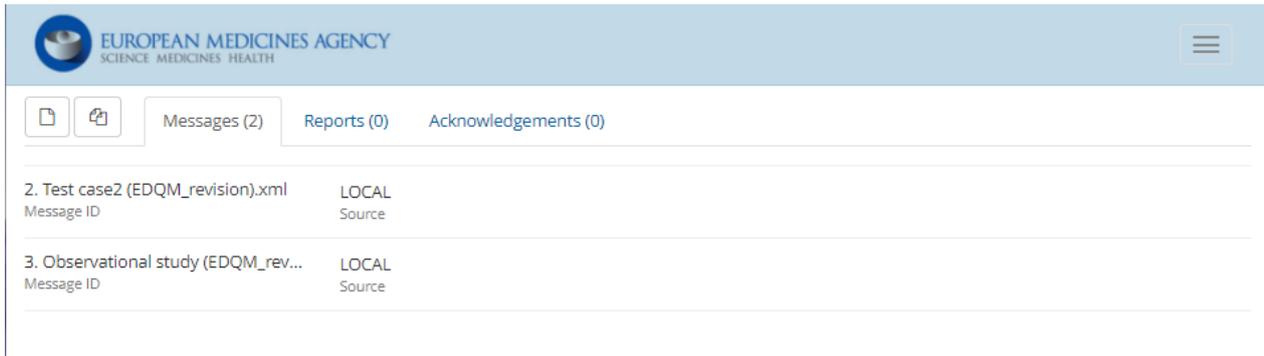


Figure 99 - Workspace screen: 2 XML files imported

3.7.1.2. Import of multiple XML files

The user needs to click on the multiple XML file import icon () that appears at the top left of the **Workspace** screen. This action will display a new window in which the user can use to locate and select multiple local XML files.

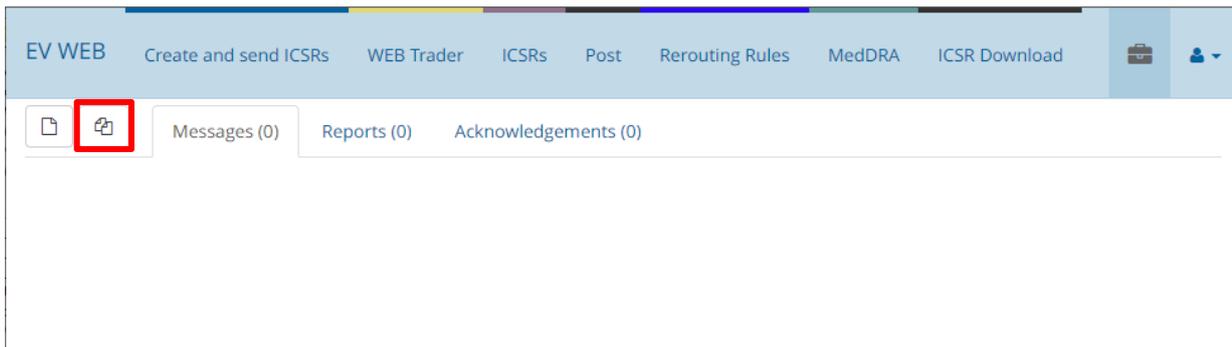


Figure 100 - Workspace import function

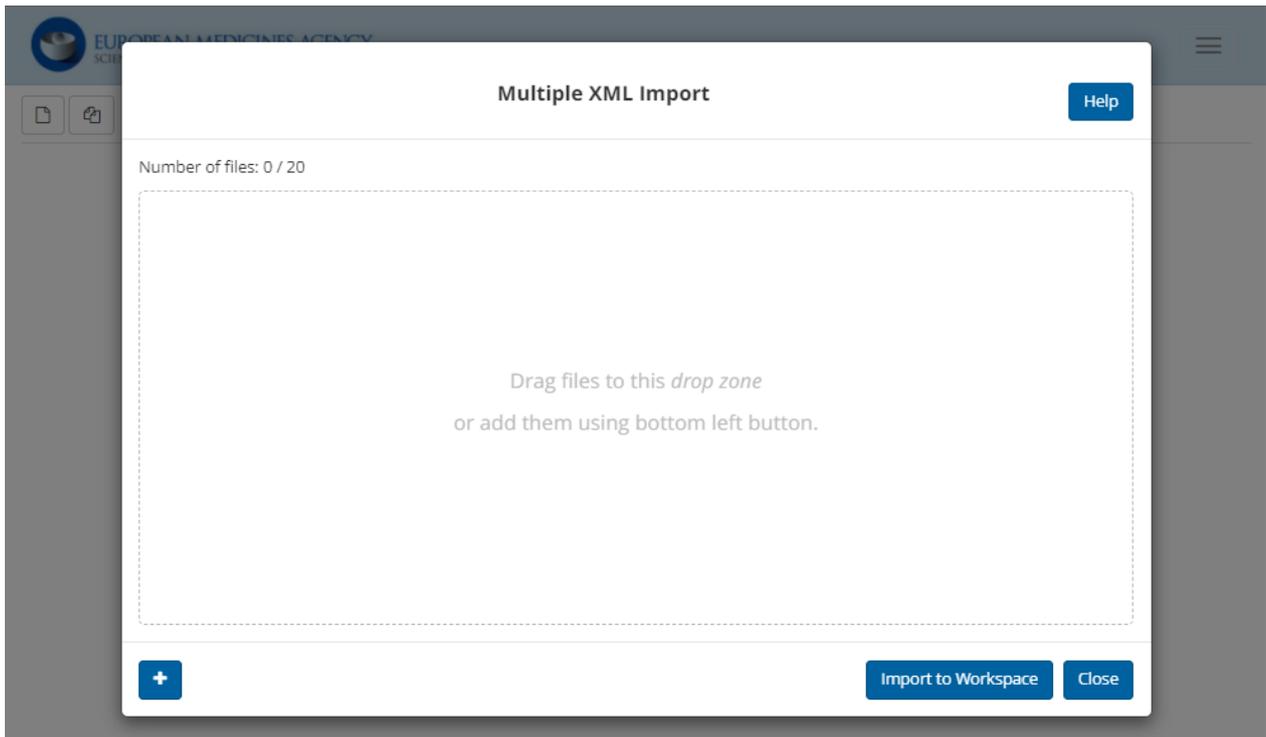


Figure 101 - Workspace screen: Importing multiple XML files

To select the XML files, you can click on the "+" button (+). This action will display a file selection window in which the user can locate and select the local XML files.

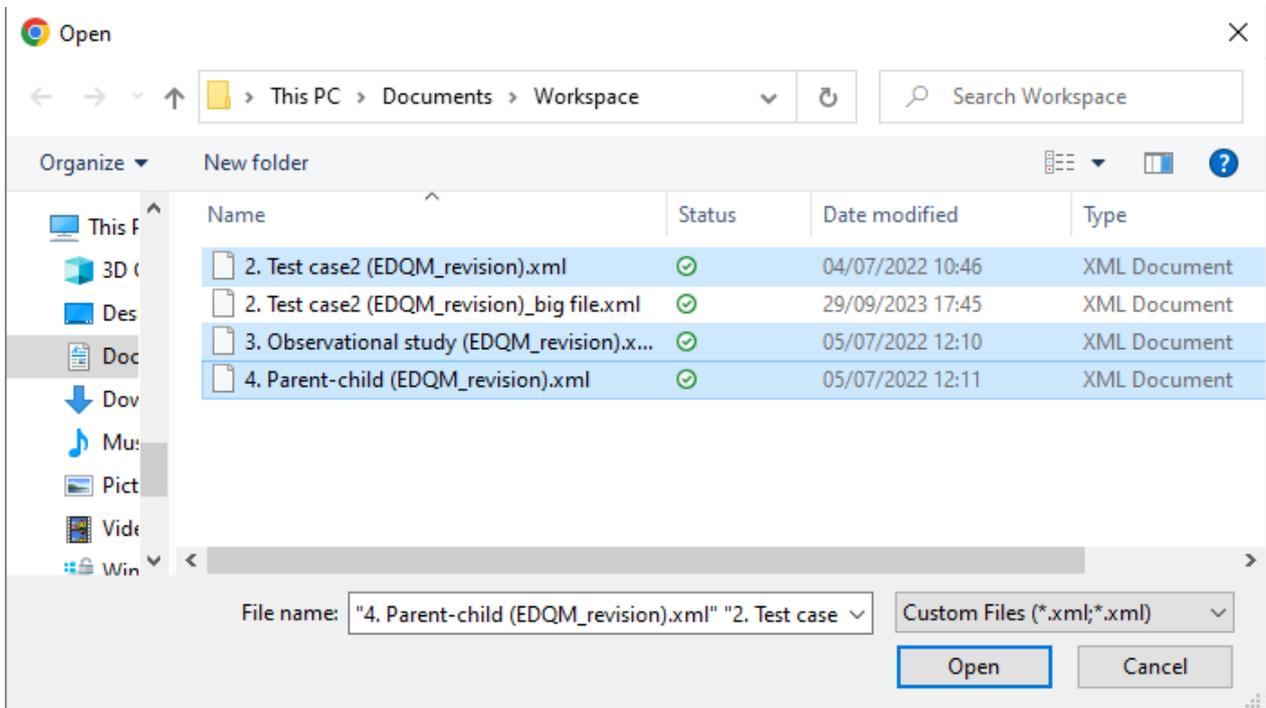


Figure 102 - Workspace screen: Importing multiple XML files

Once the intended files are selected, just click on “Open” and the files will be loaded into the “Multiple XML Import” window. If there is a problem with a file (for example, the file size exceeds the maximum allowed size), the problematic file will have the colour **red** assigned, instead of **green**.

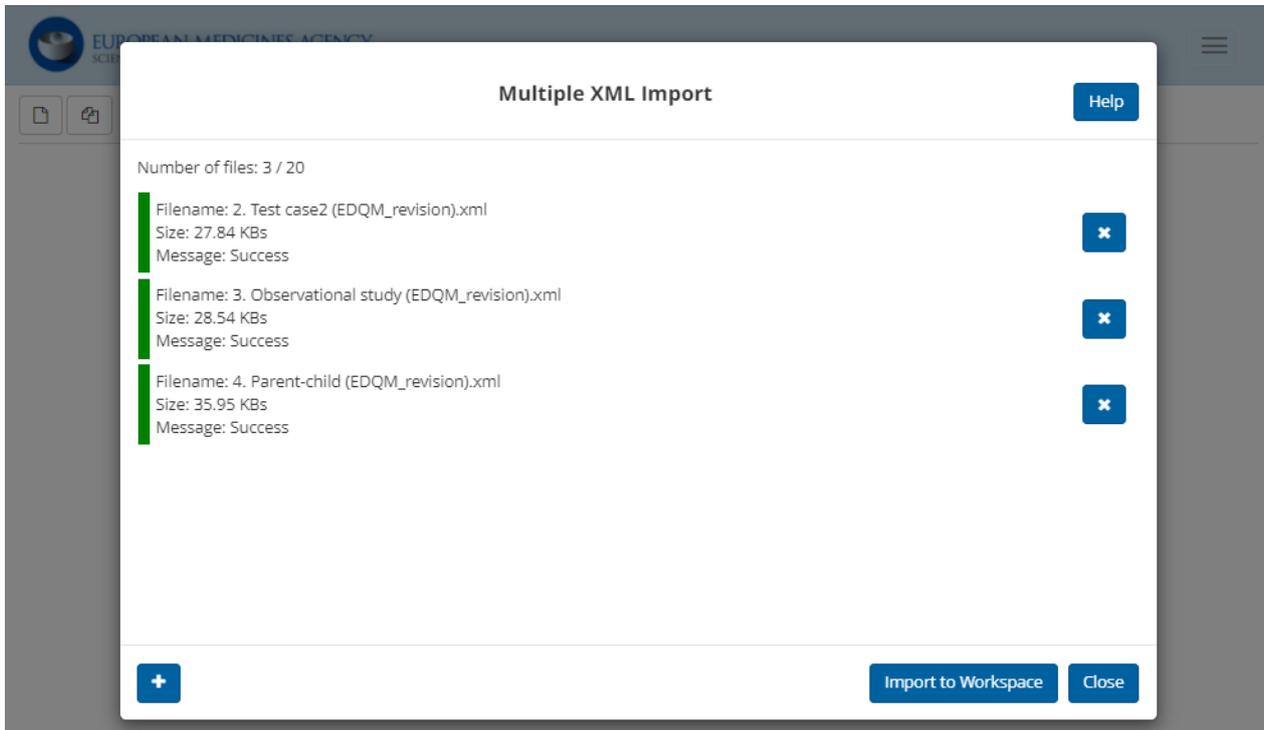


Figure 103 - Multiple XML Imported – all files are ok

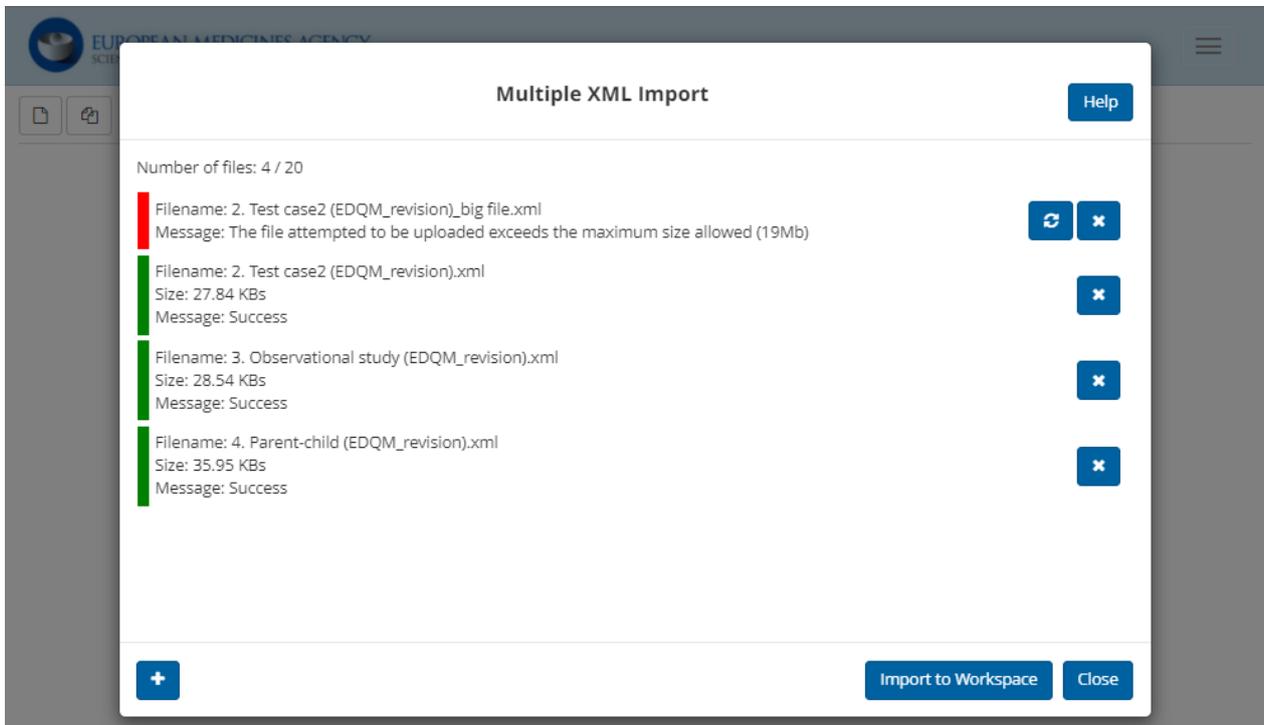


Figure 104 - Multiple XML Imported – not all files are ok

In this situation, you can either repeat the upload process by clicking on the “Reload” button (🔄) or delete the XML file by clicking on the “Remove file” button (✖).

The Help ([Help](#)) button prompts the user to refer to the [EVWEB User Manual](#), where additional guidance is available.

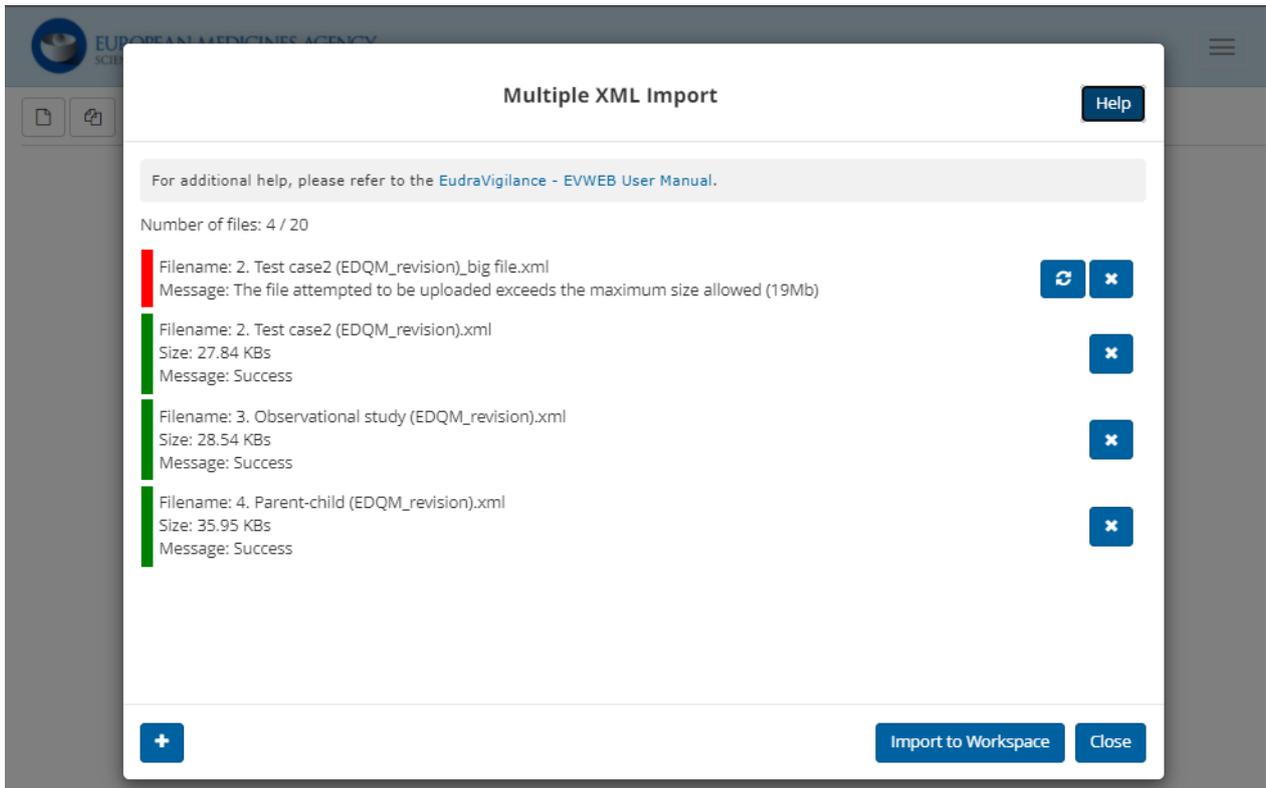


Figure 105 - Help message displayed when the Help button is clicked

Regardless of the XML files being ok or not, the “Import to Workspace” ([Import to Workspace](#)) button finishes the upload process by importing only the XML files that are error free. Once the XML files are imported, they are placed in the “Messages” tab for further handling (see **section 3.7.2. Messages Tab** for more information).

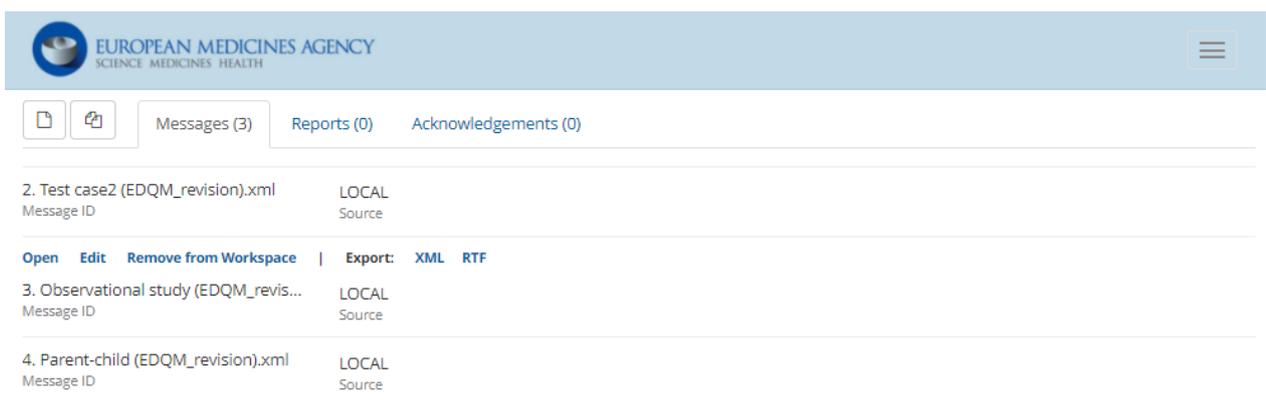


Figure 106 - Workspace screen: 1 XML file (containing only 1 case) imported

3.7.2. Messages Tab

The “Messages” tab contains Safety messages that have been imported using the import function of the **Workspace** screen, or have been added using the “Add to workspace” option (found in the contextual actions menu) from the **WEB Trader** or **ICSRs** screens.

Tip: The value in the parentheses following the tab’s title indicates the number of messages available in the tab.

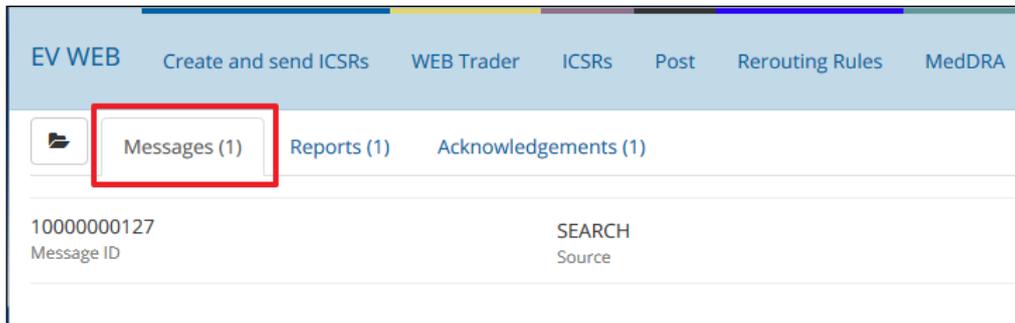


Figure 107 - Workspace screen: The "Messages" tab

The available Safety messages in the “Messages” tab are displayed in a list view layout.

The description fields per message are:

- **Message ID:** This is the message’s identification number. It is a unique code that distinguishes it from other messages.
- **Source:** This discloses the origin of the message. It could include entries such as:
 - SEARCH
 - WEBTRADER
 - LOCAL

The “SEARCH” source descriptor denotes that the message was added to the **Workspace** screen from a search process. This search process could have been initiated by a simple or advanced query in the **ICSRs** screen.

The “WEBTRADER” source descriptor denotes that the message was added to the Workspace screen from the WEB Trader screen.

The “LOCAL” source descriptor denotes that the message was added to the Workspace screen by importing an XML file using the Workspace screen’s import function (see **section 3.7.1. Import Function** for further details).

Besides browsing the Safety messages that have been added to the **Workspace** screen, the “Messages” tab also allows you to manage these items. This is possible through the contextual actions menu that appears once you click on a Safety message.

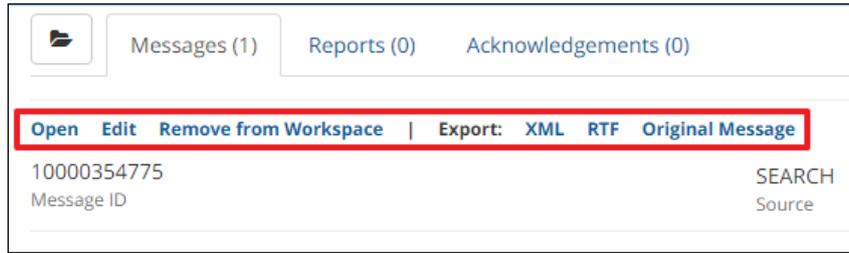


Figure 108 - Contextual actions menu in "Messages" tab

The available contextual actions menu options that appear in this case are the following:

Table 14 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	Loads the selected Safety message and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area format, within the Workspace screen. Note: After clicking the "Open" option, it will be substituted by the option "Close" which, when clicked, unloads the opened Safety message and returns you back to the regular list view layout.
Edit	Opens the selected Safety message in the Create and send ICSRs screen and allows the modification of its content.
Remove from Workspace	Removes the selected Safety message item from the Workspace screen.
Export	Exports the selected Safety message into an XML file (which is the typical format for a Safety message), a RTF file (which is the typical "text" document format), or as the Original Message that was sent to/received from the system. See section 3.9. Export Functions for more information regarding EVWEB's export features.

3.7.3. Reports Tab

The "Reports" tab contains ICSRs that have been added using the "Add to workspace" option (found in the contextual actions menu) from the **ICSRs** screen.

Tip: The value in the parentheses following the tab's title indicates the number of reports available in the tab.

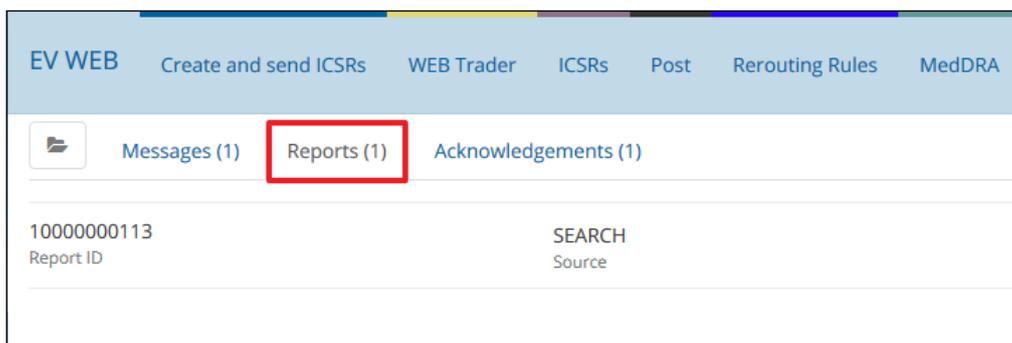


Figure 109 - Workspace screen: The "Reports" tab

The available ICSRs in the "Reports" tab are displayed in a list view layout.

The description fields per ICSR are:

- **Report ID:** This is the ICSR's identification number. It is a unique code that distinguishes it from other ICSRs.
- **Source:** This discloses the origin of the ICSR. It usually will include the entry "SEARCH", which denotes that the ICSR was added to the **Workspace** screen from a search process. This search process could have been initiated by a simple or advanced query in the **ICSRs** screen.

Besides browsing the ICSRs that have been added to the **Workspace** screen, the "Reports" tab also allows you to manage these items. This is possible through the contextual actions menu that appears once you click on an ICSR.

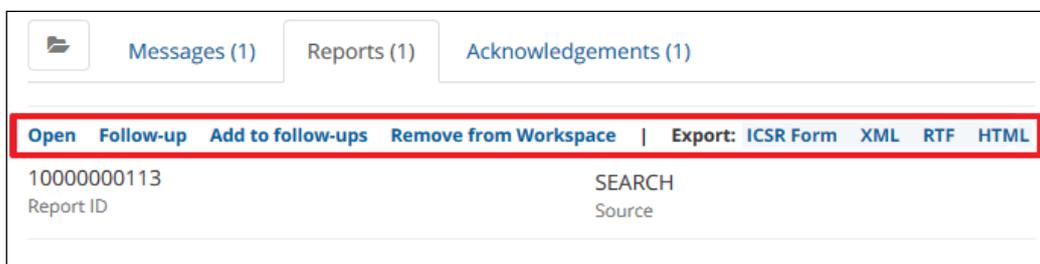


Figure 110 - Contextual actions menu in "Reports" tab

The available contextual actions menu options that appear in this case are the following:

Table 15 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	<p>Loads the selected ICSR and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area format, within the Workspace screen.</p> <p>Note: After clicking the "Open" option, it will be substituted by the option "Close" which, when clicked, unloads the opened ICSR and returns you back to the regular list view layout.</p>

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Follow-up	Creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the Create and send ICSRs screen, and navigates you to that screen for modification of the ICSR content. Note that the created follow-up ICSR is populated with all values from the selected ICSR. See section 3.8. Create a Follow-up, an Amendment or a case Nullification Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups for more information regarding the "Follow-up" option.
Add to follow-ups	Creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the Create and send ICSRs screen, but does not navigate you to that screen. You remain in the "Reports" tab of the Workspace screen to perform other actions (i.e. initiate more "Add to follow-ups"). See section 3.8. Create a Follow-up, an Amendment or a case Nullification Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups for more information regarding the "Add to follow-ups" option.
Remove from Workspace	Removes the selected ICSR item from the Workspace screen.
Export	Exports the selected ICSR into the following formats: ICSR Form, XML, RTF and HTML. See section 3.9. Export Functions for more information regarding EVWEB's export features.

3.7.4. Acknowledgements Tab

The "Acknowledgements" tab contains Acknowledgement messages that have been added using the "Add to workspace" option (found in the contextual actions menu) from the **WEB Trader** screen.

Tip: The value in the parentheses following the tab's title indicates the number of Acknowledgement messages available in the tab.

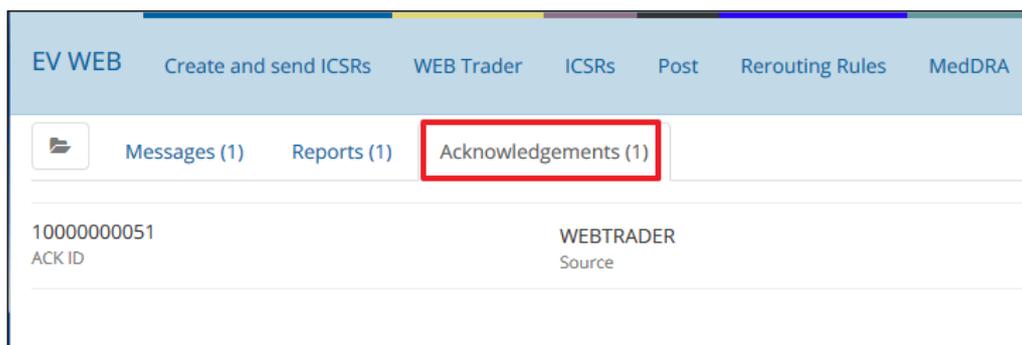


Figure 111 - Workspace screen: The "Acknowledgements" tab

The available Acknowledgement messages in the "Acknowledgements" tab are displayed in a list view layout.

The description fields per Acknowledgement message are:

- **ACK ID:** This is the Acknowledgement message’s identification number. It is a unique code that distinguishes it from other Acknowledgement messages.
- **Source:** This discloses the origin of the Acknowledgement message. It usually will include the entry “WEBTRADER”, which denotes that the Acknowledgement message was added from the **WEB Trader** screen.

Besides browsing the Acknowledgement messages that have been added to the **Workspace** screen, the “Acknowledgements” tab also allows you to manage these items. This is possible through the contextual actions menu that appears once you click on an Acknowledgement message.

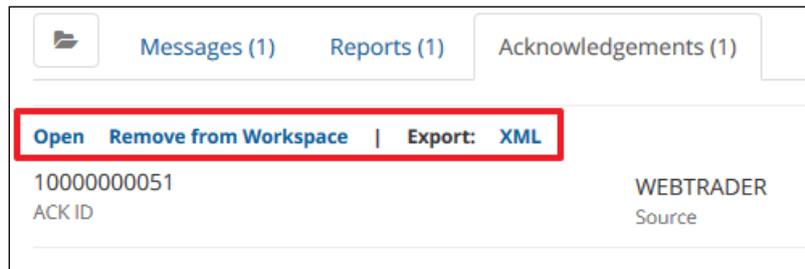


Figure 112 - Contextual actions menu in "Acknowledgements" tab

The available contextual actions menu options that appear in this case are the following:

Table 16 – Description of the options in the Contextual Actions Menu

Contextual Actions Menu Option	Description
Open	Loads the selected Acknowledgement message and displays it in a typical, read-only, tree view and active area format, within the Workspace screen. Note: After clicking the “Open” option, it will be substituted by the option “Close” which, when clicked, unloads the opened Acknowledgement message and returns you back to the regular list view layout.
Remove from Workspace	Removes the selected Acknowledgement message item from the Workspace screen.
Export	Exports the selected Acknowledgement message into an XML file (which is the typical format for an Acknowledgement message). See section 3.9. Export Functions for more information regarding EVWEB’s export features.

3.8. Create a Follow-up, an Amendment or a case Nullification

3.8.1. Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups

The “Follow-up” and “Add to follow-ups” options allow you to edit, update and resend existing ICSRs. These two options appear in the contextual actions menu of the following EVWEB screens:

- **ICSRs** screen (when displaying Safety reports):

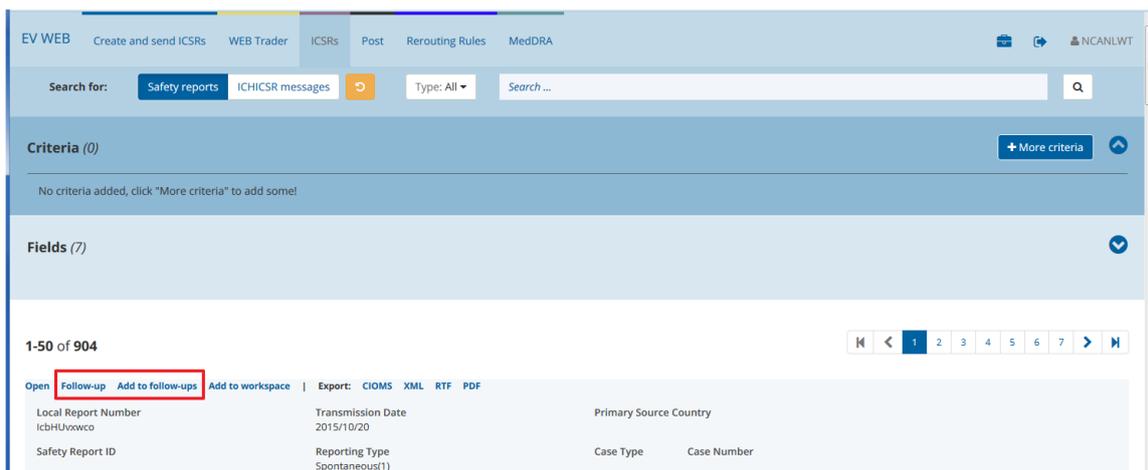


Figure 113 - "Follow-up" & "Add to follow-ups" options in the ICSRs screen

- **Workspace** screen (in the "Reports" tab):



Figure 114 - "Follow-up" & "Add to follow-ups" options in the Workspace screen

The "Follow-up" option creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the **Create and send ICSRs** screen. You are then directed to that screen to modify the specific ICSR content (see **section 3.2. Creating Safety Messages & ICSRs** of this manual). The created follow-up ICSR is populated with all values from the selected ICSR, allowing you to locate and modify only the fields that require changing.

The "Add to follow-ups" option creates a copy of the selected ICSR, adding it to the current Safety message in the **Create and send ICSRs** screen, but does not navigate you to that screen. You remain in the current screen (**ICSR** or **Workspace**) to perform additional actions (i.e. initiate more "Add to follow-ups"). This provides a type of batch processing, in which you can add multiple follow-up ICSRs and then proceed to modify them based on your requirements.

3.8.2. Case Amendment

Serious and non-serious cases which have already been submitted to EudraVigilance may need to be amended when, for example, after an internal review or according to an expert opinion some items have been corrected (such as adverse event/reaction terms, seriousness, seriousness criteria or causality assessment) but **without** receipt of new information that would warrant for the submission of a follow-up report. The same would apply to situations where documentations mentioned in an ICSR, translations or literature articles are requested by competent authorities and are further sent as attachments in line with ICH E2B(R3). These submissions are considered as **amendment** reports.

Notes:

- For clarity, **new information received** from the primary source (significant or non-significant) should **always** be considered as **follow-up report** and **not** as amendment report. If the information fulfils the criteria for expedited reporting, i.e., is considered medically significant, then the follow-up report should be submitted to EudraVigilance.
- Where the additional information has **not** been received from the primary source but rather results from an internal revision of the case and significantly impacts on its medical evaluation, the ICSR should be resubmitted and amended information should be explained in the case narrative. For example, an amendment of the MedDRA coding due to a change in the interpretation of a previously submitted ICSR may constitute a significant change and therefore should be resubmitted as amendment report.
- **If a report was erroneously sent to the incorrect EV Module, the correct procedure is to send an Amendment report to the correct EV Module** and **NOT** nullifying it as the nullification report would nullify the entire case in EudraVigilance, thus preventing the sender from submitting any further follow-ups for that case.

If the organisation's HQ EV profile is set up to make submissions as a **gateway trader** (i.e. via a gateway connection) and they wish to amend a case in EV, then the amendment report can be submitted via the organisation's local Gateway. Alternatively, and in order to use the **EVWEB application** to amend their cases, they should use a separate 'Affiliate' or 'Virtual Affiliate' profile that has been set up as a WebTrader (more information is available in the [EudraVigilance Registration Manual](#), under section 6.2). Organisations registered as Gateway trader do **not** have the "Validate & Send" button available to them (available only to WebTrader organisations) and thus will **not** be able to use the EVWEB tool to submit their amendment reports to EV.

In line with ICH-E2B the following applies for the submission of amendment ICSRs:

Table 17 – ICH E2B(R3) requirements

Reference	E2B(R3) requirements
ICH-E2B(R3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data element C.1.1 'Sender's (case) Safety Report Unique Identifier' should remain unchanged. • Data element C.1.4 'Date Report Was First Received from Source' should remain unchanged. • Data element C.1.5 'Date of Most Recent Information for This Report' should remain unchanged. • Section C.1.8 'Worldwide Unique Identifier' should remain unchanged. • Data element C.1.11.1 'Report Nullification/Amendment' should be set to '2=Amendment'. • Data element C.1.11.2 'Reason for Nullification/Amendment' should be completed to indicate clearly the reason why a previously transmitted ICSR is amended.

Note: Please also refer to the EudraVigilance Training Module [EV Reporting for users: Create and send ICSRs using EVWEB part II \(EV-M3e\)](#), namely to the video recording where it is shown the step-by-step on how to amend a case in EVWEB.

The case should first be loaded (see **section 3.8.1. Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups**) and, next, the information in the case should be amended as needed (**please ensure that you also take into consideration the information from the table above**). For example, if the patient sex previously coded in the previous report was incorrect, it should be corrected to the intended value in the amendment report.

Also, in line with best practices, the organisation should add a note in the case narrative stating that the case is being amended, why it is being amended and what changes were made.

The screenshot shows the EVWEB interface for a message titled "Message: ES-EMA-TESTCASE10". The form contains the following fields and values:

- Safety report identifier:** ES-EMA-TESTCASE10
- Creation date:** 2025/03/17 15:25:38
- Report type:** Spontaneous
- First received date:** 2015/06/04
- Last received date:** 2015/06/04
- Additional document:** No
- Fulfil local criteria:** Yes (selected)
- Other case identifier:** No (selected)
- Report null amend:** Amendment (highlighted in red)
- Null amend reason:** <insert detailed amendment reason> (highlighted in red)
- Message identifier:** ES-EMA-TESTCASE10
- Message sender identifier:** European Medicines Agency (EMA) (EVTESTWT)
- Message receiver identifier:** EudraVigilance Human (EVTEST)

Figure 115- EVWEB snippet showing the fields populated

Finally, and to send the amendment report, you'll need to click on the "Validate & Send" button (see **section 3.3. Sending a Safety Message**). EVWEB will then proceed to validate the message first on the client-side. If the validation is successful, EVWEB will proceed and apply the server-side validation process. If any of these validation checks is unsuccessful, you will be presented with the validation result window which will contain the errors that need correction.

If both validation steps are successful, EVWEB will send the Safety message to the EVDBMS and place a copy of the message in the "Outbox" view area of the **WEB Trader** screen (see **section 3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions** of this manual).

3.8.3. Case Nullification

The nullification of a case should be used to indicate that a previously transmitted ICSR is considered completely void (nullified), for example when the whole case was found to be erroneous.

Notes:

- If a report referring to a valid case was erroneously sent to the **incorrect EV Module**, the correct procedure is to send an **Amendment report** to the correct EV Module and **NOT** nullifying it as **the**

nullification report would nullify the entire valid case in EudraVigilance, thus preventing the sender from submitting any further follow-ups for that case.

- For **SUSAR 'downgrade'** reports (i.e., previously submitted cases as SUSARs that were later confirmed as not being serious or unexpected, thus no longer being a SUSAR), it is **NOT** appropriate to submit the downgrade as a nullification report as the whole case would become nullified in EV and the sender would not be able to submit any further follow-up reports, if any, to EV.
- [GVP Module VI](#) lists in **Table VI.11 of Appendix 5** the most common scenarios where it is appropriate to send a nullification report to EV. Despite this document focusing on post-marketing reports, **the core principles on case nullification can still be applied, with the necessary adaptations, to SUSAR reports.**
- Similarly, [GVP Module VI Table VI.12 of Appendix 5](#) contains a list of scenarios where the cases should **NOT** be nullified. Again, **most of those core principles can still be applied, with the necessary adaptations, to SUSAR reports** (i.e., to situations where the SUSAR should **NOT** be nullified).

If the organisation's HQ EV profile is set up to make submissions as a **gateway trader** (i.e. via a gateway connection) and they wish to nullify a case in EV, then the nullification report can be submitted via the organisation's local Gateway. Alternatively, and in order to use the **EVWEB application** to nullify their cases, they should use a separate 'Affiliate' or 'Virtual Affiliate' profile that has been set up as a WebTrader (more information is available in the [EudraVigilance Registration Manual](#), under section 6.2). Organisations registered as Gateway trader do **not** have the "Validate & Send" button available to them (available only to WebTrader organisations) and thus will **not** be able to use the EVWEB tool to submit their nullification reports to EV.

The following principles should be followed when case nullification is required:

- The nullification reason should be **clear enough** and concise to explain **why** this case is no longer considered to be a valid report. For example, a nullification reason stating, 'the report no longer meets the criteria for submission' or 'report sent previously in error' are **NOT detailed enough explanations**;
- An individual case can only be nullified by the original sending organisation;
- Once an individual case has been nullified, the case **cannot** be reactivated;
- **Individual versions (i.e. follow-up reports) of a case cannot be nullified. When a given report is nullified the entire individual case to which it refers to is nullified**;
- A nullified case is one that should no longer be considered for scientific evaluation. The process of nullification of a case is by means of a notification by the sender to the receiver that this is no longer a valid case. **However, the case should be retained in the sender's and receiver's pharmacovigilance database for auditing purposes.**

In line with ICH-E2B the following applies for nullified ICSRs submission:

Table 18 – ICH E2B(R3) requirements

Reference	E2B(R3) requirements
ICH-E2B(R3)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Data element C.1.1 'Sender's (case) Safety Report Unique Identifier' (should remain unchanged). • Data element C.1.4 'Date Report Was First Received from Source' should remain unchanged. • The data element C.1.5 'Date of Most Recent Information for This Report' should either reflect the date when information was received that warrants the nullification of the report or otherwise should remain unchanged. • Data element C.1.8 'Worldwide Unique Identifier' should remain unchanged. • Data element C.1.11.1 'Report Nullification/Amendment' should be set to: 1=Nullification. • Data element C.1.11.2 'Reason for Nullification/Amendment' should be completed to indicate clearly the reason why a previously transmitted ICSR is considered completely void. • Data element C.3.2 'Sender's organisation' should remain unchanged.

Note: Please also refer to the EudraVigilance Training Module [EV Reporting for users: Create and send ICSRs using EVWEB part II \(EV-M3e\)](#), namely to the video recording where it is shown the step-by-step on how to nullify a case in EVWEB.

The case should first be loaded (see **section 3.8.1. Follow-Up & Add to Follow-Ups**) and, next, the information in the case should be changed as needed so as to create a Nullification report (**see the information from the table above**).

In EVWEB, once the field C.1.11.1 "Report Nullification/Amendment" is set to: 1=Nullification, an automatic pop-up confirmation message appears, prompting the user to confirm that the nullification is required.

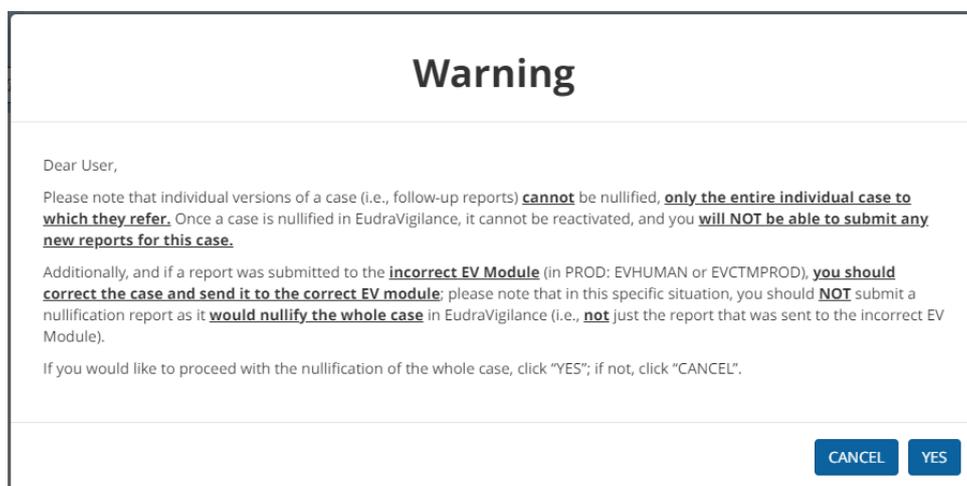


Figure 116- EVWEB snippet showing the warning message

Once the action is confirmed, the fields should appear as follows:

The screenshot shows the EVWEB interface for a message titled "Message: ES-EMA-TESTCASE10". The interface includes a top navigation bar with buttons for "New", "Import XML", "Export XML", "Validate", and "Validate & Send". A left sidebar contains a filter and a list of related items. The main form area contains the following fields:

Safety report identifier	ES-EMA-TESTCASE10		
Creation date	2025/03/17 15:25:38	Report type	Spontaneous
First received date	Day [v] 2015/06/04	Last received date	Day [v] 2015/06/04
Additional document	No [v]	Fulfil local criteria	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Report null amend	Nullification		
Null amend reason	<insert detailed enough nullification reason>		
Message identifier	ES-EMA-TESTCASE10		
Message sender identifier	European Medicines Agency (EMA) (EVTESTWT)		
Message receiver identifier	EudraVigilance Human (EVTEST) [x] Add a message receiver identifier		

Figure 117 - EVWEB snippet showing the fields populated

To send the nullification report, you'll then need to click on the "Validate & Send" button (see **section 3.3. Sending a Safety Message**). EVWEB will then proceed to validate the message first on the client-side. If the validation is successful, EVWEB will proceed and apply the server-side validation process. If any of these validation checks is unsuccessful, you will be presented with the validation result window which will contain the errors that need correction.

If both validation steps are successful, EVWEB will send the Safety message to the EVDBMS and place a copy of the message in the "Outbox" view area of the **WEB Trader screen** (see section **3.4. WEB Trader Screen Functions**).

3.9. Export Functions

EVWEB provides a framework to export ICSRs, Safety and Acknowledgement messages as electronic files enabling, thus, the distribution and storing of such items outside the EVDBMS. These export functions are available as selectable options in various locations in the application, and offer Excel list export, single-item export or bulk export features.

3.9.1. Excel List Export

In contrast to the other export functions featured in this section, this one does not export actual items (i.e. ICSRs or Safety messages) but only a list that references them. The Excel list export feature is available in most EVWEB screens that support list view in the active area, and is signified by the  icon.

This type of export process is quite straightforward. For example:

- Set and run your ICSR or Safety message query in the ICSRs screen.

- Click on the Excel list export button to generate the list.
- Download and save locally the resulting Excel file.

The Excel list export button () is located next to the page navigation buttons, at the top right corner of the query results area.

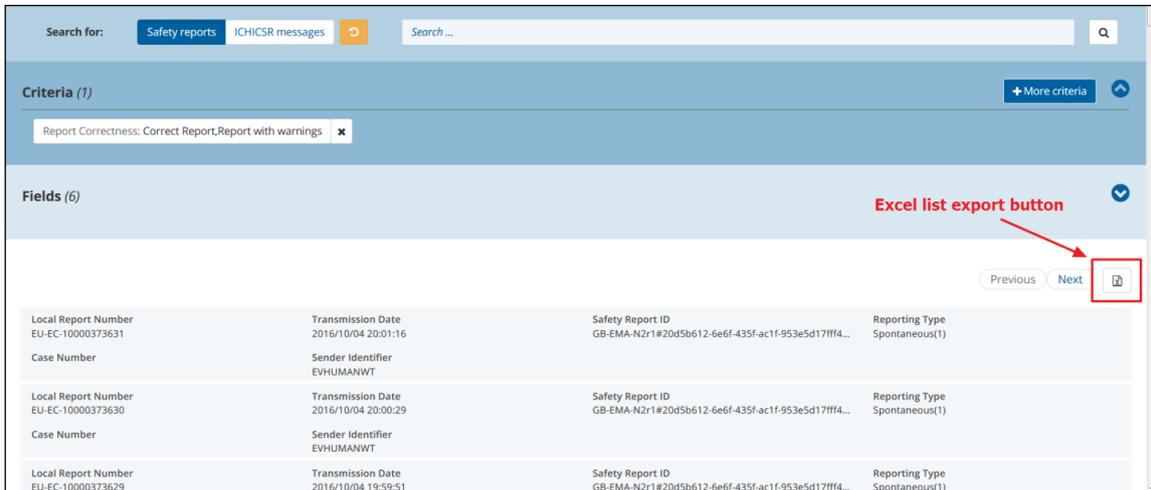


Figure 118 - Excel list export button location

The exported list contains any information that appears under the headers of each query result item's row. For example, the screenshot below has such ICSR headers highlighted (same applies to Safety messages):

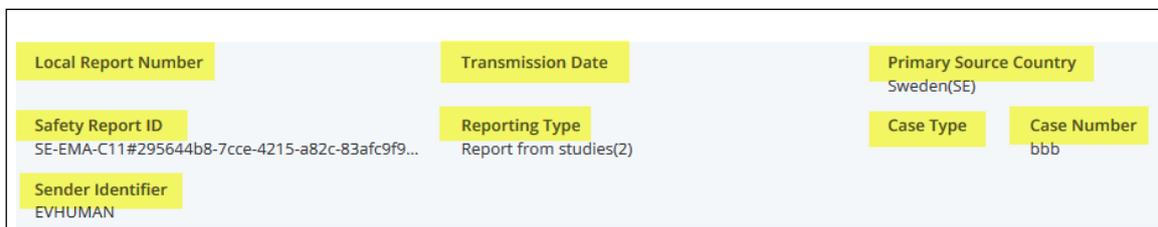


Figure 119 - ICSR headers included in Excel list export

If you open the exported Excel file, you can see the identical headers with all relevant information under them:

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	Row #	Local Report Number	Transmission Date	Primary Source Country	Safety Report ID	Reporting Type	Case Type	Case Number	Sender Identifier
2		1 cnCzWtANNH	2015-08-15T00:00:00.000Z		SE-EMA-KK2108	Spontaneous(1)		SE-EMA-KK2108	EVHUMAN
3									
4									

Figure 120 - Excel list export file contents

3.9.2. Single-Item Export

To export single EV items you can use any 2 of the following EVWEB locations:

- In the dynamic buttons set of the following screens (as XML only export):
 - Create and send ICSRs

- WEB Trader (when creating an Acknowledgement message)

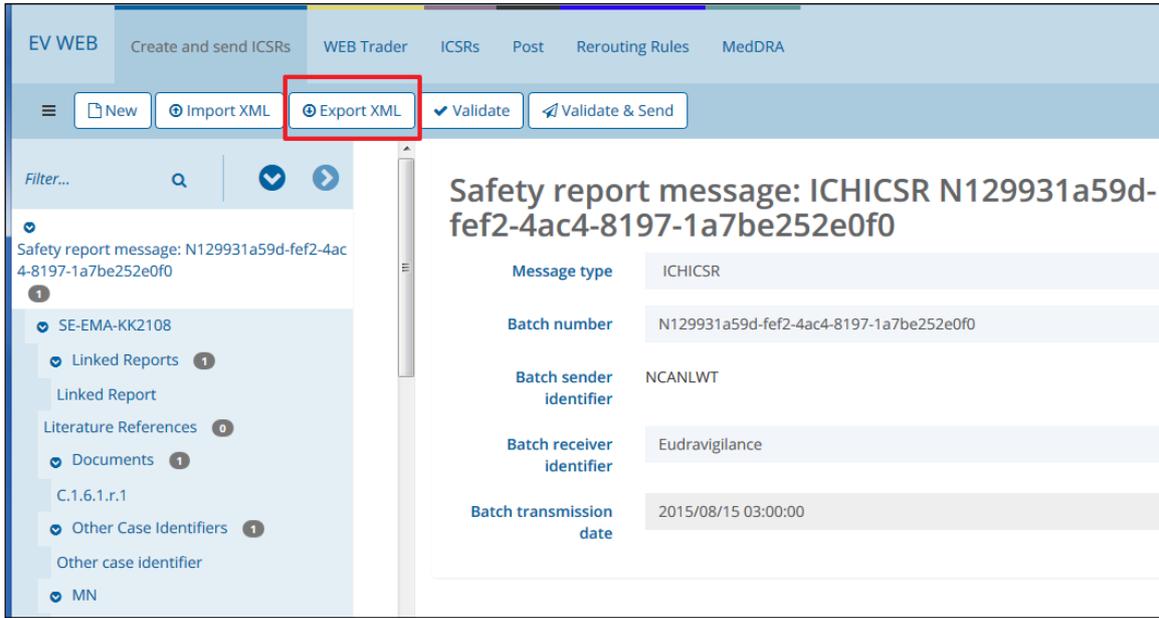


Figure 121 - Export function in the dynamic buttons set

- In the contextual actions menu of the following screens:
 - WEB Trader
 - ICSRs
 - Workspace

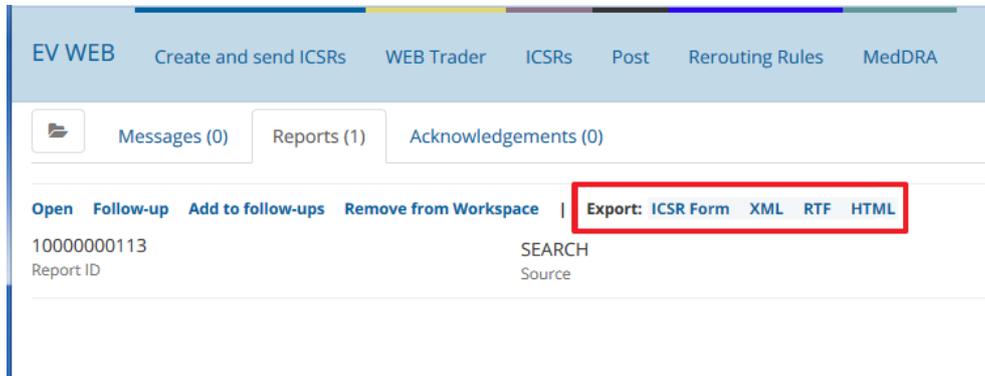


Figure 122 - Export function in the contextual actions menu (Reports tab)

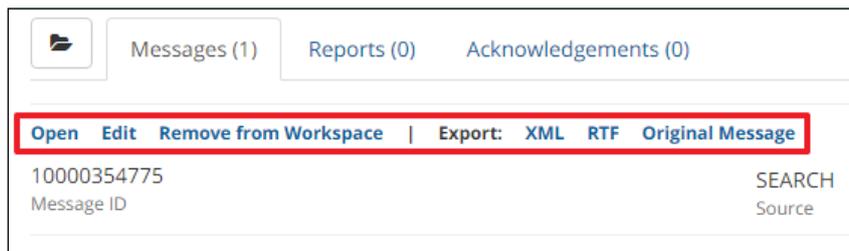


Figure 123 - Export function in the contextual actions menu (Messages tab)

Once you initiate the export function, and regardless of the function’s location (i.e. dynamic buttons set or contextual actions menu), a window will appear requesting you to download the generated file.

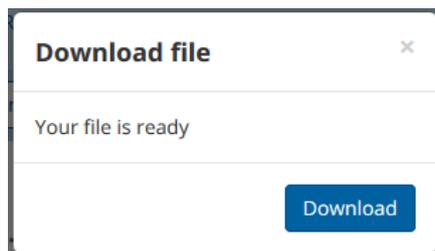


Figure 124 - Export function: Downloading the generated file

By clicking on the “Download” button you can save the exported file to your local computer or network.

The available export file formats vary per EVDBMS item. The below matrix outlines the supported export file formats per these items:

Table 19 – EVDBMS Item matrix

EVDBMS Item	XML	RTF	ICSR Form	HTML	Original Message
ICSR	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Safety message	✓	✓			✓
Acknowledgement message	✓				✓

The following table provides a description of all available export file formats:

Table 20 – Description of the export file formats

Export File	Description
XML	<p>EVWEB exports ICH E2B(R3) compliant XML (eXtensible Markup Language) files.</p> <p>Note: The markup language defines a set of rules for encoding documents in a format which is both human-readable and machine-readable.</p>
RTF	<p>The RTF (Rich Text Format) export format is the most complete human-readable export document users can obtain from the cases in the ICSRs tab in EVWEB.</p> <p>Note: It presents data in a structured way that replicates the fields of EVWEB. As a result, <u>this format is more comprehensive when compared to the ICSR form.</u></p>

Export File	Description
ICSR Form	<p>The ICSR form is a PDF document of an ICH E2B(R3)-based adaptation of the legacy CIOMS form. As such, it is the most user-friendly format users can obtain from EV as the data is presented in an easy-to-follow CIOMS-like format.</p> <p>Note: Because of this adaptation, some information that is present in the RTF document is not shown in the ICSR form, which makes this format <u>less detailed when compared to the RTF format</u>.</p>
HTML	The HTML (HyperText Markup Language) export file is the HTML version of the ICSR Form.

The below screenshots provide visual examples of the supported export file formats:

The screenshot shows a browser window displaying an HTML export of an ICSR form. The form is titled "Individual Case Safety Report Form" and "EudraVigilance". It contains the following sections:

- Worldwide Unique Case Identification Number:** SE-EMA-C181#a9c14ac9-f851-4cdgr75-as3a9-ef57b4d7555c
- Sender type:** Regulatory authority
- Sender's Organisation:** EVTESTWT
- Date Report Was First Received from Source:** 01/01/2015
- Date of Most Recent Information:** 01/01/2015
- Type of Report:** Report from studies
- Primary source country:** SE
- Reporter's qualification:** Other health professional
- Case serious?:** Yes
- Medically confirmed?:** No

Patient Information:

Initials	Date of Birth	Age	Age Group	Sex	Weight	Height
MN	03/02/1980	69		Male	120 kg	183 cm

Reaction / event:

Reaction	MedDRA LLT	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	Outcome	Seriousness*
Cardiac arrest					fatal	death, life threat., hospital., disability

Drug Information:

Role†	Drug	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	Dose	Units in Interval	Action taken
5	PIX123	02/02/2015	03/03/2015	4 d	10 g	10 per d	Drug withdrawn

Drug Information (cont.):

Info‡	Drug	Indication	Cumul. dose to 1 st Reaction	Pharm. form	Route of Admin.	Parent Route of Admin.	Batch / Lot #
1	PIX123		10 g	Syrup	Auricular (otic)		G.k.4.r.7

Time-to-onset (TTO) and Rechallenge Matrix:

Reaction	Drug	TTO (days)	Rechallenge? / Reaction recurred?
Cardiac arrest	PIX123invscitmkstrfrmcondevuse		yes - yes

Relevant Medical History and Concurrent Conditions:

MedDRA LLT	Start Date	End Date	Continuing	Family History	Comments
Myocardial infarction acute	01/02/2011	20/06/2012	No		Recovered after steroid treatment
Myocardial infarction acute			Yes		

Past Drug History:

Drug	Start Date	End Date	Indication	Reaction
	01/01/2009	02/02/2009		

Figure 125 - ICSR Form (HTML) export file format

CIOMS.pdf - Adobe Reader

Individual Case Safety Report Form EudraVigilance

Worldwide Unique Case Identification Number: SE-EMA-C181#9c14ac9-851-4cdgr75-as3a9-e57b4d7555c
 Sender type: Regulatory authority
 Sender's Organisation: EV/TESTWT
 Date Report Was First Received from Source: 01/01/2015
 Date of Most Recent Information: 01/01/2015
 Type of Report: Report from studies
 Primary source country: SE
 Reporter's qualification: Other health professional
 Case serious?: Yes
 Medically confirmed?: No

Patient							
Initials	Date of Birth	Age	Age Group	Sex	Weight	Height	
MN	03/02/1980	69		Male	120 kg	183 cm	

Reaction / event							
Cardiac arrest	MedDRA LLT	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	fatal	Outcome	Seriousness* death, life threat, hospital, disability

Drug Information							
Role?	Drug	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	Dose	Units in Interval	Action taken
S	PIX123	02/02/2015	03/03/2015	4 d	10 g	10 per d	Drug withdrawn

Drug Information (cont.)							
Info?	Drug	Indication	Cumul. dose to 1 st Reaction	Pharm. form	Route of Admin.	Parent Route of Admin.	Batch / Lot #
1	PIX123		10 g	Syrup	Auricular (otic)		G.k.4.r.7

Time-to-onset (TTO) and Rechallenge Matrix				
Reaction	Drug	TTO (days)	Rechallenge? / Reaction recurred?	
Cardiac arrest	PIX123invcmtkstrfmcondeuse		yes	yes

Relevant Medical History and Concurrent Conditions						
MedDRA LLT	Start Date	End Date	Continu- ing	Family History	Comments	
Myocardial infarction acute	01/02/2011	20/06/2012	No		Recovered after steroid treatment	
Myocardial infarction acute			Yes			

Past Drug History				
Drug	Start Date	End Date	Indication	Reaction
	01/01/2009	02/02/2009		

Figure 126 - ICSR Form (PDF) export file format

HUMAN_READABLE.rtf [Compatibility Mode] - Microsoft Word

Individual Case Safety Report Form EudraVigilance

Worldwide Unique Case Identification Number: SE-EMA-C181#9c14ac9-851-4cdgr75-as3a9-e57b4d7555c
 Sender type: Regulatory authority
 Sender's Organisation: EV/TESTWT
 Date Report Was First Received from Source: 01/01/2015
 Date of Most Recent Information: 01/01/2015
 Type of Report: Report from studies
 Primary source country: SE
 Reporter's qualification: Other health professional
 Case serious?: Yes
 Medically confirmed?: No

Patient							
Initials	Date of Birth	Age	Age Group	Sex	Weight	Height	
MN	03/02/1980	69		Male	120 kg	183 cm	

Reaction / event							
Cardiac arrest	MedDRA LLT	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	fatal	Outcome	Seriousness* death, life threat, hospital, disability

Drug Information							
Role?	Drug	Start Date	Stop Date	Duration	Dose	Units in Interval	Action taken
S	PIX123	02/02/2015	03/03/2015	4 d	10 g	10 per d	Drug withdrawn

Drug Information (cont.)							
Info?	Drug	Indication	Cumul. dose to 1 st Reaction	Pharm. form	Route of Admin.	Parent Route of Admin.	Batch / Lot #
1	PIX123		10 g	Syrup	Auricular (otic)		G.k.4.r.7

Time-to-onset (TTO) and Rechallenge Matrix				
Reaction	Drug	TTO (days)	Rechallenge? / Reaction recurred?	
Cardiac arrest	PIX123invcmtkstrfmcondeuse		yes	yes

Relevant Medical History and Concurrent Conditions						
MedDRA LLT	Start Date	End Date	Continu- ing	Family History	Comments	
Myocardial infarction acute	01/02/2011	20/06/2012	No		Recovered after steroid treatment	
Myocardial infarction acute			Yes			

Past Drug History				
Drug	Start Date	End Date	Indication	Reaction
	01/01/2009	02/02/2009		

Death			
Date of Death	Reported Cause	Autopsy done?	Autopsy-determined cause of death
03/02/1980	Cardiac arrest	Yes	Myocardial infarction acute, Myocardial infarction acute

Case narrative
 An obese 69 year-old man took 10ml of strawberry-flavoured PIX123 for headache & toothache at 10am & 2pm. At 8pm he experienced

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Figure 127 - ICSR Form (RTF) export file format

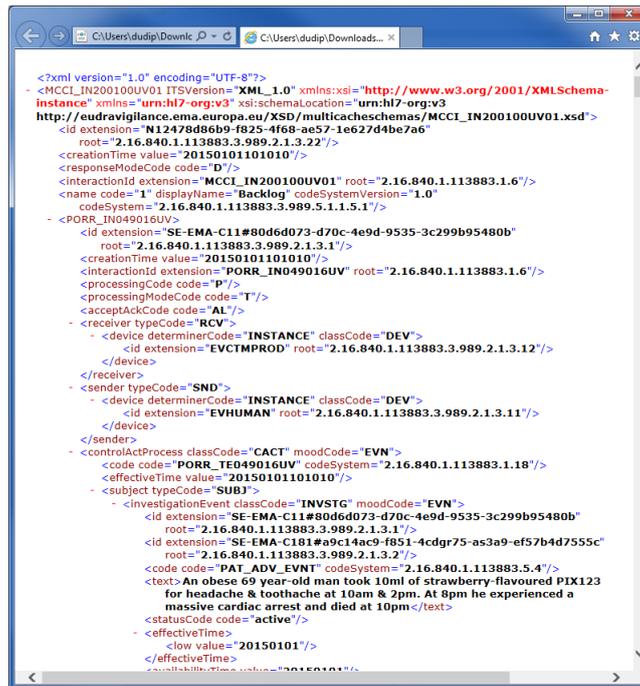


Figure 128 - XML export file format

Note: If you are exporting ICSRs from other senders as XML files using the contextual actions menu in the ICSR screen, then you will receive a redacted version of the case and the message will not have all the mandatory message headers. This means that you might need to amend the downloaded file before loading it into a pharmacovigilance database.

Tip: The ICSR download section (see below) is the best method for obtaining XML files of ICSRs.

3.9.3. ICSR Download

EVWEB offers a dedicated screen that allows the bulk export of ICSRs and Safety messages. To access this screen, click on the **ICSR Download** link in the main menu.



Figure 129 - ICSR Download screen link

Organisations using this functionality should be aware that access to ICSRs is granted upon the successful classification of suspect drugs within an ICSR against XEVMPD data. When a medicinal product within an ICSR is classified the date of this classification is recorded in the database. This date is used for download date range calculation. As an ICSR can refer to more than one medicinal product the classification of this information can occur on subsequent days and this lead to the update of the ICSR classification date. This is done to ensure that those organisations that did not previously have Level 2 access to the ICSR are able to download that ICSR after this new classification takes place.

However, the consequence of this change to the classification date will result in the ICSR being made available again for download on subsequent days and this may appear to organisations as duplicate downloads. As most classification updates to an ICSR occur within the first three days after receipt it is

recommend that organisations using the download functionality set the date range for exporting cases to exclude the last three days.

Note: L2B Access is only granted in the context of signal evaluation and other activities for protecting public health. It should not be used for other purposes such as deciding whether the ICSR should be entered into the MAH's own pharmacovigilance system or whether the case should be transmitted to 3rd country regulatory authorities.

You will be presented with the **ICSR Download** interface as shown in the following screenshot. Please see **section 1.7. Classification of product information and Level 2A/B access**, above, concerning how L2A/B access is calculated and the difference between Scientific groups and scientific products.

The screenshot shows the ICSR Download interface with the following elements:

- 1**: Criteria (5) section with filters: Reports: PV obligations reports (L2A), Start Date: 2024/01/31, End Date: 2024/02/08, Serious: Yes & No, Organisation Type: All organisation types.
- 2**: Action buttons: Count, Reset, and icons for print, download, and refresh. Count: 0.
- 3**: Request form with a 'no' radio button, a 'Request name...' text input, and a 'Request' button.
- 4**: History section showing 'Resolved (50)' with a table of past requests.

Requested on	Request name	File size (MB)	Status	Exported Reports
2024/01/10 09:08	MLM Check	0.16	ARCHIVED	25
2023/12/22 08:59	MLM check	0.01	ARCHIVED	2
2023/12/12 11:21	MLM check	0.00	ARCHIVED	1

Figure 130 - ICSR Download screen

A bulk export procedure is quite similar to a query action: You first define a set of criteria which will return a set of matches; but instead of acting on each single one of these matches, you export all of them as a single compressed (.zip) file.

Notes:

- The exported items contained in the single compressed (.zip) file are in ICH E2B(R3) XML format.
- MAHs should **NOT** send Acknowledgements (ACKs) for any ICSRs downloaded from EudraVigilance.
- **ICSR download requests (such as L2A and MLM) can ONLY be done between 6am & 6pm CET/CEST.** This changed introduced by EMA in January 2024 aims to ensure the system stability as outside of these times, the EV system performs many automated updates to the system in order to prepare the data for the next day. Download requests received whilst the EV system is performing these updates take longer to run and have a larger impact on the performance of the system with a risk that the overnight system updates do not finish before 6am. If these overnight processes do not finish in time, the previous day's set of ICSRs may not be available for all organisations.

To proceed with the bulk export process, you need to follow the steps outlined in the below table (the numbers reference the screenshot above):

Table 21 – Description of the options in the ICSR Download Screen

ICSR Download Screen Option	Description
(1) Criteria	<p>Define the criteria that will narrow down the items you wish to bulk export (see section 2.7.2.1. Criteria Ribbon for more information on using criteria).</p> <p>The default, pre-selected criteria available in the ribbon are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reports: (mandatory for MAH users) Select the type of report/request. See section 3.9.3.1. "Reports" Criteria for more information. • Start Date: Select the start date of a date range on which a suspect drug in an ICSRs has been classified against data in the XEVMPD. • End Date: Select the end date of date range on which a suspect drug in an ICSRs has been classified against data in the XEVMPD. <p>Tip: As mentioned above, although access to date from the day before maybe available for download, it is recommended to set the End date to at least three days before the available date in order to avoid downloading the same ICSR on subsequent days.</p> <p>Note: Also, the maximum range (i.e., the time interval between the Start and End dates) cannot currently exceed 9 days.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Serious: Select whether you wish to receive only serious ICSRs, non-serious ICSRs or all qualifying ICSRs regardless of seriousness <p>To further fine-tune the results, the user can select a series of criteria options available from the "More criteria" button:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Active Substance: Insert one or more active substances that should match the verbatim text within the ICSR substance name field. <p>Tip: You should only use this field if you are certain that you know precisely how the reported substance text was reported. Any misspellings or use of different languages used in the report sent to EudraVigilance (e.g. "paracetamolo" rather than "paracetamol") will result in you missing cases.</p> <p>Note: This search does not use the drug information as classified against the XEVMPD.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary Source Country: selects all the reports for a given Reporter Country that contains the Boolean field "Primary Source for Regulatory Purposes" checked

- **Reports:** (optional for EMA/NCA users) Select the type of report/request. See **section 3.9.3.1. "Reports" Criteria** for more information.
- **World Wide Case ID:** Insert the worldwide unique case identification number.
- **Active Substance Group:** Select the active substance group (Scientific group). High level search of substances and fixed combinations of substances, grouped by EMA for the purpose of pharmacovigilance activities.

This includes all salts, grades and active moieties of the active substances. This uses the XEVMPD classification of the reported product and substance information in the ICSR

- **Active Substance Combination:** Select the active substance combination (Scientific product). ICSR drugs as classified against active substances and combinations of terms. This will return fewer results than the active substance group search, but more than the Active Substance free text search.

Tip: If you wish to limit your search to return only specific substances or combinations, then this is the best criterion to use.

Note: In spontaneous reporting and medical literature, substances are very often only described by the active moiety. Therefore, if your obligations concern a particular salt, searches for the moiety with that salt alone may well result in undue exclusion. Best practice is to search for the salts or grades in your products & the active moiety alone and then review the cases that are returned.

- **Active Substance MLM Group:** Select the active substance MLM group.
- **Active Substance MLM Combination:** Select the active substance MLM combination.
- **Organisation Type:** Select the type of organisation that submitted the ICSR to EudraVigilance. The options are National Competent Authority (NCA), all other organisations excluding NCAs (non-NCA) or exclude this filter (All organisation types).

Tip: If you wish to exclude ICSRs submitted by other MAHs please select the option "NCA".

- **Current report only:** This filter will exclude ICSRs for download if a newer version of the case has been subsequently received from the same original Sender.

Note: The newer version of the case will only become available after it has been classified against the XEVMPD data. Therefore first access to

ICSR Download Screen Option	Description
	<p>an ICSR by an MAH may be delayed if several follow-up versions are received during the time of first receipt and XEVMPD classification.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report type: Select the type of report that has been specified in the ICSR. The options are "Spontaneous", "Report from studies", "Other" or "Not available to sender (unknown)".
<p>(2) "Count", "Reset", "Save Criteria" () , "Load Criteria" () & "Excel list export" ()" Buttons</p>	<p>The buttons available in this area provide additional actions that help the user with the overall bulk export process.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count: Click on this button to see the number of items that match the defined criteria. Note: Exports are limited to <10,000 results. If your count shows ≥10,000, then you should add further criteria to refine your results. • Reset: Clears all changes (including criteria options) and initiates a new count process. • Save Criteria (): Saves the applied criteria options to a file, allowing you to perform a future bulk export process using the same criteria settings. • Load Criteria (): Loads criteria options that were saved using the "Save Criteria" button. • Excel list export button (): Exports the cases returned into an Excel file.
<p>(3) "Request" Field & "Request" & toggle () buttons</p>	<p>Enter a 'request name' to distinguish the bulk export process that will initiate when clicking on the "Request" button. It also provides the filename to the compressed file that becomes available for download.</p> <p>By selecting YES on the toggle button, an Excel file with the list of results will also be included in the download folder.</p>

ICSR Download Screen Option	Description
(4) ICSR Download Status	<p>This area offers information regarding running ("Pending") and completed ("Resolved") bulk export processes.</p> <p>The common feedback fields are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Requested on: Indicates the date on which the bulk export process was requested. • Completion status: Provides metrics on the succeeded (S) and total (T) number of matches processed for bulk exporting (S/T). • Request name: The name of the process and resulting compressed file. Originates from the "Request" field. • File size: The size of the resulting compressed file. • Status: Indicates the status of the bulk export process. The available conditions are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – STARTED: A bulk export request has just been initiated and is in progress. – COMPLETED: A bulk export request has been successfully processed and resolved. – COMPLETED_WITH_ERROR: A bulk export request has been resolved but one or more reports failed to be exported. – ARCHIVED: A resolved bulk export request that has passed the 5th day from its creation date. • Exported Reports: The number of exported reports originating from the resolved bulk export request. <p>Notes:</p> <p>Exports are limited to <10,000 results. If the status is Completed and the number of Exported results is 9,999, then your export probably should have been larger and has cut off before truly completing.</p> <p>The rounded arrows icon () next to "History", when clicked, refreshes the status area and displays the latest information updates.</p>

Thus, after initiating a bulk export process the user waits for it to complete which, in turn, will force it to move from the "Pending" group section to that of the "Resolved" group section. Once in the "Resolved" section, the user can proceed to export the compressed file by selecting the bulk export process row, and then clicking on the "Download" option that appears at the top left.

Download				
Requested on	Request name	File size (MB)	Status	Exported Reports
2016/09/29 12:13	11	0.01	ARCHIVED	2

Figure 131 - Download bulk export file from "Resolved" section

Notes:

- All completed bulk export processes remain in the "Resolved" group section, and do not get deleted. However, after 30 days from the date of their creation they acquire the status of "ARCHIVED" and cannot be downloaded again.
- All bulk export processes which do not complete will be deleted after 2 days.
- **Users performing downloads should avoid making repetitive requests for the same set of ICSR downloads. Active request should be left to complete. If multiple requests for the same set of ICSRs it will cause a delay in completing all requests made in the system.**

3.9.3.1. "Reports" Criteria

The "Reports" criteria item is used to further filter-down the results of a bulk export request, based on the type (i.e. EMA/NCA, MAH etc.) and assigned access rights of the logged-in user. For MAH users, this criterion is mandatory, as opposed to EMA/NCA users for whom it is optional.

MAH User "Report" Criteria Options

As mentioned above, the "Reports" criteria item is mandatory for MAH users and, thus, will always appear in the criteria ribbon.

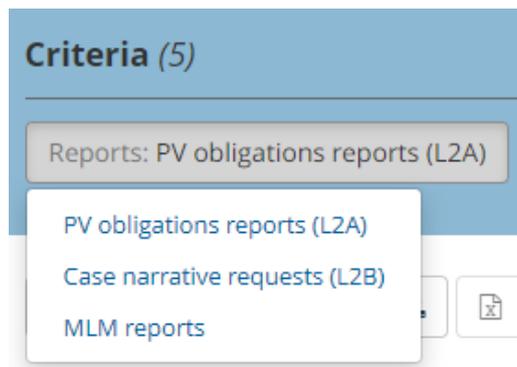


Figure 132 - "Reports" criteria options for MAH users

The above screenshot shows the available options for this criteria item.

Note: The option "Case narrative requests (L2B)" is available only to MAH users who are granted this function through the EudraVigilance registration system by the Qualified Persons for Pharmacovigilance (QPPV) or headquarter user administrator. When such a user proceeds with this kind of bulk export the system will display the following disclaimer:

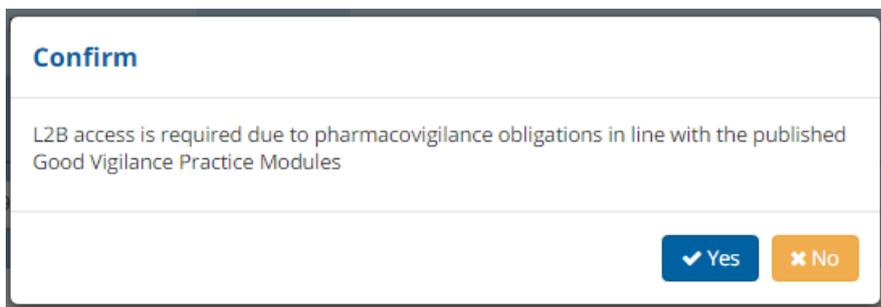


Figure 133 - "Confirm" dialog box for "Case narrative requests (L2B)" option

When the QPPV MAH user clicks on the “Yes” button, a new dialog box will appear in which the reason for this bulk export request should be provided:

L2B request

Please enter the reason for the L2B request

Reason:

Additional information for L2B request (as applicable)

Terms and conditions :

As a condition of my access to the EudraVigilance database, for the purpose of ensuring the protection of personal data therein, I agree to the following terms:

- I agree at all times to treat as confidential all information related to the ICSR data set Level 2B and to use it for the purpose of signal management as outlined in GVP Module IX or in the context of a pharmacovigilance assessment procedure such as the Periodic Safety Update Report as outlined in GVP Module VII or when required by the PRAC in a referral or signal assessment procedure according to the conditions set in this Undertaking and in compliance with applicable data protection legislation. In particular, I agree not to seek to identify, profile, contact or target the data subjects from the ICSR data set Level 2B.
- I agree not to transfer or dispose of the ICSR data set Level 2B for which access is provided under the condition of this Confidentiality Undertaking to any third party, where there are no legal obligations for the marketing authorisation holder to do so. I shall not permit any third

I have read, understood and I agree to comply with the terms stated above at all times.

Submit

Figure 134 - L2B reason dialog box for "Case narrative requests (L2B)" option

EMA/NCA User “Report” Criteria Options

The “Reports” criteria item is optional for EMA/NCA users, thus it is left to the user’s requirements to add this in the criteria ribbon.

3.9.3.2. Use of Automation tools (API/RPA) in the Level 2A (L2A) ICSR download and Captcha control for Level 2B (L2B) download requests

The use of user accounts in automation tools, such as application programming interface (API) / Robotic process automation (RPA), by an organization is **NOT** permitted for **Level 2B (L2B)** case narrative download requests, as this is not consistent with the EudraVigilance Access Policy and the Terms and Conditions of use. Therefore, the **Level 2B** download form has been updated and now includes a captcha (challenge-response test) control in order to prevent the automated downloading of case narratives.

For **Level 2A (L2A)** ICSR download request, the EMA does not actively support automation tools. However, their use will not be prevented on condition that they do not affect the performance and function of EMA systems such as making multiple requests within a short time frame.

The EudraVigilance system performs many overnight processes to prepare the data for the following day, data access requests made during these periods can have a negative effect on the completion of these processes. For this reason, and as detailed in section **3.9.3. ICSR Download**, it is only possible for perform ICSR download requests in EudraVigilance between 6am and 6pm CET/CEST. Moreover,

accounts identified as not respecting these conditions on the use of automation tools will receive an initial warning from the EMA and if problematic usage continues, the user access will be terminated.

MAHs should note that EMA takes accepts no responsibility or liability arising out of the use of Automation tools (API/RPA) in the L2A ICSR download, including, but not limiting to, any malfunction and/or missing case(s) that may derive from the use of these automated tools.

4. MedDRA

MedDRA is the Medicinal Dictionary for Regulatory Activities. It has been developed as a clinically validated international medical terminology for regulatory authorities and the pharmaceutical industry. MedDRA is intended to be used throughout the entire regulatory processes, from pre- to post-marketing phases, for data entry, retrieval, evaluation and presentation.

This chapter describes the principal aspects of MedDRA, its structure and how to access and use MedDRA in EVWEB. It also explains the process necessary to perform queries on MedDRA through EVWEB.

Every user of EVWEB should hold a valid MedDRA license. The license details should be provided as part of the registration process with EudraVigilance.

For further details about the MedDRA license policies, please refer to the official website of the MedDRA MSSO (<http://www.meddra.org/>) and the specific EudraVigilance license policy for SMEs published on the EMA's webpage [Financial advantages of SME status](#).

4.1. Introduction

MedDRA encompasses a series of processes that allow data entry, retrieval, evaluation and presentation during all phases of the regulatory processes, from pre- to post-marketing phases. These processes consist of:

- Clinical studies
- Reports of spontaneous adverse reactions and events
- Regulatory submissions
- Regulated product information

The dictionary provides terminology intended to be used in the following areas:

- Diseases
- Diagnosis
- Signs
- Symptoms
- Therapeutic indications
- Investigations names and qualitative results
- Medical, social, family history

However, there are some areas excluded from MedDRA terminology:

- Population level qualifiers (e.g. "rare" and "frequent" fail to focus on the individual patient)
- Numerical values for results (numeric representations cannot be universalized, especially in terms of the measurement parameter)
- Severity descriptors (typically, terms such as "severe" or "mild" are not found in the terminology, with some exception when their presence is medically relevant, e.g., aggravated conditions are different than the condition itself)

- Patient demographics (aside from very few occasions where sex is a pertinent descriptor, terms like age, race and religion are not included in the terminology)
- Equipment, device and diagnostic product terms (e.g. the term "catheter" would not be included in the terminology whereas the failure and its health effects would be)
- Drug product terms
- Device failure terms
- Clinical trial study designs terms

4.2. MedDRA Structure

MedDRA is organized in a hierarchical structure. MedDRA terms are grouped at different levels allowing searches to be performed with several degrees of specificity.

The hierarchical structure provides vertical links between superordinate terms (broad grouping) and subordinate descriptors (higher level of specificity). This structure is characterised by the following levels:

- System Organ Class (SOC)
- High Level Group Term (HLGT)
- High Level Term (HLT)
- Preferred Term (PT)
- Lowest Level Term (LLT)

Here is a brief description of each level:

- **System Organ Class (SOC):** The highest level of the hierarchy that provides the broadest concepts for data retrieval.

There are SOCs, representing parallel axes, which are not mutually exclusive. This allows terms to be represented in more than one SOC, and therefore grouped by different classifications.

- **High Level Group Term (HLGT):** A subordinate only to System Organ Classes (SOCs) and superordinate for one or more High Level Terms.
- **High Level Term (HLT):** A subordinate to High Level Group Terms and a superordinate for the Preferred Terms (PTs) linked to it.

The specificity of HLTs is not uniform. HLT groupings reflect the relative importance of terms dependent on the individual SOC.

- **Preferred Term (PT):** A subordinate to High Level Terms and groups together the Lowest Level Terms (LLTs).

There is no limit to the number of LLTs that can be linked to a single PT. For every new PT, an identical LLT is created for data entry purposes. A PT contained in a particular SOC can only be linked to that individual SOC via one route. PTs represent a single medical concept and are internationally agreed.

Although a PT can be linked to more than one SOC, each PT is assigned to a Primary System Organ Class. The purpose for the Primary SOC is to determine which SOC will represent a PT during

cumulative data output. This will prevent a PT from being represented more than once during data retrieval from all SOCs.

- **Lowest Level Term (LLT):** Constitutes the bottom level of the hierarchy and is linked to a PT.

Culturally unique terms that have been internationally agreed upon are found at this level. LLTs facilitate the transfer of historical data; terms from other terminologies are also stored here.

LLTs have one of the following three relationships to PTs:

- Synonyms – different term for the same descriptor
- Lexical variant – different word forms for same expression
- Quasi-synonyms – terms with meanings generally regarded as different, but which in practice are treated as equivalent

4.3. MedDRA in EVWEB

You can access the **MedDRA** screen of EVWEB by clicking on the corresponding link in the main menu.



Figure 135 - MedDRA screen link

The following screen will be displayed once you enter this link:

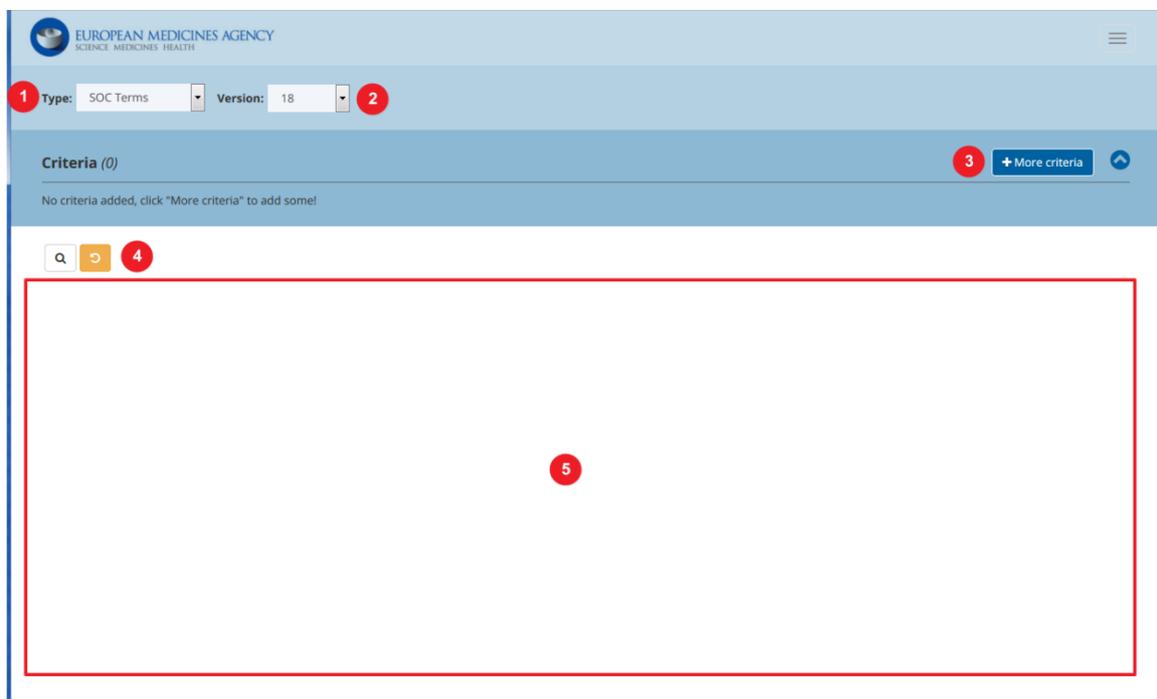


Figure 136 - MedDRA screen

The following table provides an overview of the **MedDRA** screen options:

Table 22 – Description of the options in the MedDRA screen

Screen Option	Description
(1) Type of term level query	Allows the selection of the MedDRA level query. The applicable values are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC Terms • HLT Terms • HLT Terms • Preferred Terms • Low Level Terms
(2) MedDRA version	Allows the selection of a specific MedDRA version on which to perform a query. The default value is the latest MedDRA version.
(3) Criteria button	Located in the MedDRA screen’s criteria ribbon, this button defines the conditions of a query. See section 2.7.2.1. Criteria Ribbon for more information on using criteria.
(4) Initiate query/reset buttons	The magnifying glass button () initiates the query, while the rounded arrow button () resets the last query by removing the search results and inserted criteria.
(5) Results area	Displays the results of a query.

Note: When loading data in EVWEB (i.e. via Import XML and/or Follow-up functions), the MedDRA version of the loaded data will be automatically updated to the latest MedDRA version. This may lead to some terms being invalidated (due to terms following older MedDRA version naming schemes); in such cases, the user must correct them accordingly to be able to proceed with the intended process. When creating a Safety message, its MedDRA version will default to the latest MedDRA version available by the system and will not be editable by the user.

4.3.1. Performing a MedDRA Query

The following example describes how to perform a MedDRA query. We will search all Preferred Terms (with their relevant codes) linked to the High Level Terms containing the word “Glaucoma”. The search is case sensitive so text at beginning of a term will need to be capitalised. Thus, the values we need to insert into the **MedDRA** screen are:

- **Type:** “Preferred Terms”
- **Criteria:** HLT Name (matches): Glaucoma

The steps to set up the above values and initiate the query are as follows:

- Click in the Type drop-box and select the option “Preferred Terms”

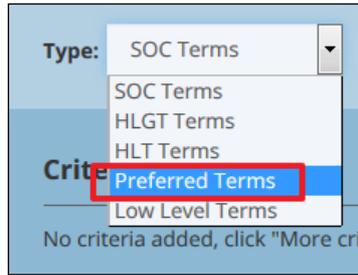


Figure 137 - MedDRA query type selection

- In the criteria ribbon, click on the “+More criteria” button and select the option “HLT Name (matches)”

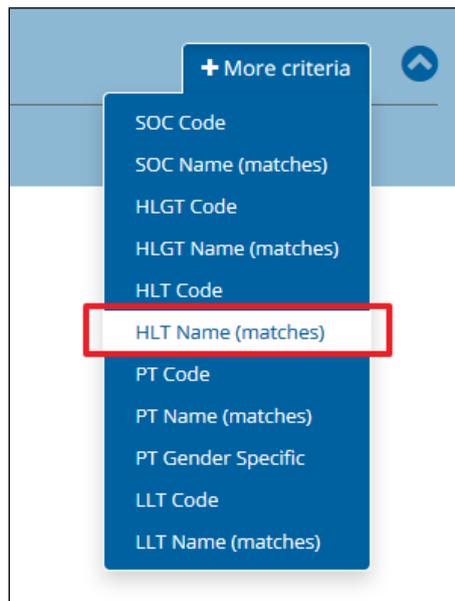


Figure 138 - MedDRA query criteria selection

- The selected criteria option will then appear in the criteria ribbon as a text box. Click on it to display a text field in which you should insert the text “Glaucoma” (without the quotes) and then click on the “Update” button



Figure 139 - MedDRA query criteria value

- With our values inserted in the **MedDRA** screen, we can now initiate the query process by clicking on the magnifying glass button ()

- **Note:** MedDRA searching is case-sensitive and all MedDRA terms start with a capital letter, so the search in the screenshot above would produce no results.

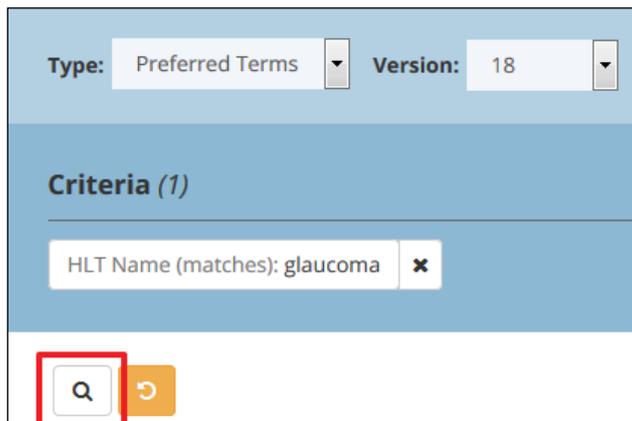


Figure 140 - MedDRA query initiation

The query results will be displayed in the results area of the **MedDRA** screen allowing, thus, further handling (see **section 4.3.2. MedDRA Query Results Management** on how to handle MedDRA query results).



Figure 141 - MedDRA query results

4.3.2. MedDRA Query Results Management

4.3.2.1. List View Layouts

By default, the query results will be displayed in a list view layout, the columns of which will adjust according to the MedDRA hierarchical structure level your query was based on. The table below outlines all possible list view layouts along with their corresponding columns:

Table 23 – Description of the possible list view layouts

MedDRA hierarchical structure level query	List view layout columns
SOC Terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SOC Code: A unique 8-digit number assigned to a term. • SOC Name: The full term name under this level. • SOC Abbreviation: The official abbreviation of a SOC name.
HLGT Terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HLGT Code: A unique 8-digit number assigned to a term. • HLGT Name: The full term name under this level.

MedDRA hierarchical structure level query	List view layout columns
HLT Terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • HLT Code: A unique 8-digit number assigned to a term. • HLT Name: The full term name under this level.
Preferred Terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PT Code: A unique 8-digit number assigned to a term. • PT Name: The full term name under this level. • PT Gender Specific: Used for clinically distinct gender cases.
Low Level Terms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LLT Code: A unique 8-digit number assigned to a term. • LLT Name: The full term name under this level. • LLT is current?: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – true: The term is up-to-date. – false: The term is not up-to-date.

The following screenshot shows an example of a Preferred Terms query result. The red box shows the list view layout columns available for this type of query.

The screenshot shows the MedDRA query results interface. At the top, the 'Type' dropdown is set to 'Preferred Terms' and 'Version' is 18. Below this, there is a 'Criteria (0)' section with a '+ More criteria' button. The main results area shows a search bar with '1-50 of 20808' results. A table of results is displayed with the following columns: PT Code, PT Name, and PT Gender Specific. The first row is highlighted with a red box.

PT Code	PT Name	PT Gender Specific
10074600	Splenic artery thrombosis	No gender-specific PT term
10000531	Acquired afibrinogenaemia	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term
10001507	Agranulocytosis	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term
10002034	Anaemia	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term
10002043	Anaemia folate deficiency	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term
10002058	Anaemia Heinz body	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term

Figure 142 - MedDRA list view layout example

4.3.2.2. Accessing Query Information

With the MedDRA query completed and the results visible in the results area, you can now proceed with accessing the required information. Locate the result item you wish to further investigate and click on it. This action will reveal the "Open" option on the top left of the item's row.

Open		
PT Code 10070000	PT Name Lactobacillus test positive	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term

Figure 143 - MedDRA query result item's "Open" option

When the "Open" option is clicked, the result item's row expands to display the linked children and parent hierarchies that are applicable to the specific MedDRA term. Thus, to locate the MedDRA hierarchical structure level information you need for this term, you should expand its children or parent hierarchies sections accordingly, by clicking on the  icon that appears under them (similarly, if you click on the  icon it will collapse the corresponding hierarchy section).

Note: If a blank icon () appears next to a hierarchy section's title, it means that this section has no further sub-sections to display.

To actually display the MedDRA hierarchical structure level information you should click on its linked title (appears underlined when hovering the mouse pointer over it). The information will appear at the bottom of the expanded result item's row, and will contain the necessary columns that are applicable to the specific structure level (see **section 4.3.2.1. List View Layouts** for more information regarding MedDRA hierarchical structure level columns).

The screenshot below provides a visual example of the children and parent hierarchies available in an opened MedDRA term query item. Also evident is the information displayed when selecting a MedDRA hierarchical structure level term (enclosed in red boxes).

Close

PT Code 10070000	PT Name Lactobacillus test positive	PT Gender Specific No gender-specific PT term
---------------------	--	--

Children hierarchy

- Lactobacillus test positive
 - LLT (1)
 - Lactobacillus test positive
 - Primary SOC
 - Investigations
 - HLG (23)
 - PT (5225)

Parent hierarchy

- Lactobacillus test positive
 - Primary SOC
 - Investigations
 - HLT (1)
 - Bacteria identification and serology (excl mycobacteria)
 - HLG (1)
 - Microbiology and serology investigations
 - SOC (1)
 - Investigations

LLT Code 10070000	LLT Name Lactobacillus test positive	LLT is current? false
----------------------	---	--------------------------

Figure 144 - Opened MedDRA term query item

To close an opened query result item click on the "Close" option that is located at the top left of the opened query item row.

4.3.3. Primary SOCs

As mentioned in **4.2. MedDRA Structure**, the purpose for the Primary SOC is to determine which SOC will represent a PT during cumulative data output. This prevents a PT from being represented more than once during data retrieval from all SOCs.

Specifically, a PT must be linked to at least one SOC but it is also allowed to be linked to as many SOCs as deemed appropriate. Furthermore, it can only be linked to each SOC via one hierarchical structure level route (i.e. HLT → HLGT → SOC).

EVWEB displays all linked SOCs and Primary SOCs under the children or parent hierarchies sections when accessing a MedDRA term.

4.3.4. LLT Current Status

LLTs carry a “true” (current) or “false” (non-current) flag status. Terms that are very vague, ambiguous, truncated, abbreviated, out-dated or misspelled carry the “false” (non-current) flag. These terms may derive from past terminology that was inserted into MedDRA. These LLTs with a “false” (non-current) flag are retained to preserve historical data for future retrieval and analysis. The flag also allows users to implement the terminology within other databases and prevent the inadvertent use of “false” (non-current) LLTs in post-implementation processes.

5. Administration Tools

EVWEB offers two administration tools that provide the ability to fine-tune certain aspects of the system. These tools are restricted to users with proper account permissions, thus will not be available to everyone accessing the application.

5.1. Rerouting Rules (NCA Users)

The re-routing rules administration tool is accessible to NCA user accounts with the role of “EV Human NCA Responsible” or “EV Human NCA Trusted Deputy” and appears as an option with the link **Rerouting Rules** in the main menu.

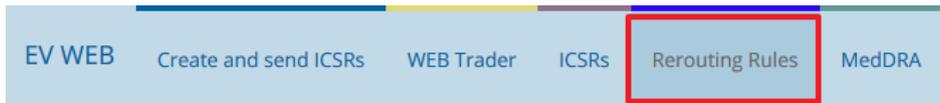


Figure 145 - Rerouting Rules screen link

The purpose of this tool is to allow interested NCAs, like the logged-in user’s organisation, to receive updated ICSRs and SUSARs for which they have legal responsibility to monitor.

By default, the updated EV items that will be re-routed concern serious cases only, meaning they must have at least one of the following fields filled-in or enabled:

- Results in Death
- Life Threatening
- Caused / Prolonged Hospitalisation
- Disabling / Incapacitating
- Congenital Anomaly / Birth Defect
- Other Medically Important Condition

Optionally, the user is allowed to include non-serious cases in addition to the default of serious cases, by enabling the corresponding checkbox as we will see below.

The creation of re-routing rules is straightforward and can be accomplished in the **Rerouting Rules** screen. The user first selects the countries from which they would like to receive the related updated ICSRs and SUSARs. Obviously, one of the entries should be the NCA user’s country so that their organisation can keep track of modified EV items of interest to their locale or region. The next step involves enabling any extra settings related to the ICSRs/SUSARs and clicking on the “Save” button. From here on, the re-routing rules will be permanently active until they are amended or cleared.

The following screenshot and accompanying table provide a visual and descriptive overview of the process.

ICSR

1 Countries

2 Receive non-serious case
 Receive master case

SUSAR

1 Countries

Primary source country

3 Clinical trial portal unique number EEA SUSARs
 Substance based EEA SUSARs
 Clinical trial portal unique number non-EEA SUSARs
 Substance based non-EEA SUSARs

4

Figure 146 - Rerouting Rules screen

Table 24 – Description of the Rerouting Rules

Rerouting Rules Option	Description
(1) Countries Look-Up Field	This field allows the selection of one or more countries from which to receive and monitor updated ICSRs/SUSARs.
(2) ICSR Checkboxes	<p>These checkboxes provide additional options for receiving updated ICSRs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Receive non-serious cases: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive non-serious ICSRs in addition to serious cases. • Receive master cases: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive master cases, which are messages that contain the merged results of two or more duplicate ICSRs.

Rerouting Rules Option	Description
(3) SUSAR Checkbox	<p>This checkbox provides the option for receiving SUSARs based on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Primary source country: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive re-routed SUSAR reports based on the primary source country. <p>In addition to the primary source country field, an NCA can also choose to receive SUSAR reports based on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical trial portal unique number EEA SUSARs: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive the re-routed EEA SUSAR reports based on clinical trial number (EudraCT number or EUCT number) matching a trial authorised in the member state selected as country. • Substance based EEA SUSARs: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive the re-routed EEA SUSAR reports based on the suspected/interacting investigational medicinal product substance(s) matching a trial authorised in the member state selected as country. • Clinical trial portal unique number non-EEA SUSARs: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive the re-routed non-EEA SUSAR reports based on the clinical trial number (EudraCT number or EUCT number) matching a trial authorised in the member state selected as country. • Substance based non-EEA SUSARs: If enabled, allows the NCA to receive the re-routed non-EEA SUSAR reports based on the suspected/interacting investigational medicinal product substance(s) matching a trial authorised in the member state selected as country.
(4) Buttons	<p>These buttons allow the saving, undoing and resetting of applied options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Save: Stores the currently applied settings. • Revert: Reverts all latest changes and returns to the previous saved state. • Clear: Clears (resets) all settings.

5.2. Rerouted ACKs (EMA Administrators)

The **Rerouted ACKs** screen allows EMA administrators to view basic details and results of Acknowledgement messages generated by NCAs. NCAs send ACKs to reply to rerouted messages they have received (according to their configured rerouting rules).

This screen is accessible to EMA administrators only, and appears as an option in the main menu.

Figure 147 - Rerouted ACKs link

The rerouted Acknowledgement messages are displayed in the active area, in a list view layout. The information displayed per message is as follows:

- Sending NCA
- ACK Message number
- Message number
- Message receive date
- Message acknowledgement code

Rerouted ACKs

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Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-32296-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-32296	Message receive date 2015-10-05T10:14:54.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Accept (message successfully processed, no further action)(AA)			
Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12368-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12368	Message receive date 2016-01-03T08:20:30.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Accept (message successfully processed, no further action)(AA)			
Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12374-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12374	Message receive date 2015-10-01T17:16:10.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Error (error detected, error response has additional detail, som...			
Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12380-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12380	Message receive date 2015-10-01T17:16:10.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Reject (parsing error, no data)(AR)			
Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12399-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12399	Message receive date 2015-10-05T10:14:54.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Accept (message successfully processed, no further action)(AA)			
Sending NCA NCALUGW	ACK Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12405-ACK	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-12405	Message receive date 2015-10-05T10:14:54.000Z
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Error (error detected, error response has additional detail, som...			

Figure 148 - Rerouted ACKs screen

Through the available contextual actions menu (which appears once an item in the active area is selected), EMA administrators have the option to download either the rerouted Acknowledgement or Safety message in XML format.

Download ack xml Download message xml			
Sending NCA NCANLWT	ACK Message number 5325235	Message number EVHUMAN-NCA-1000007264	Message receive date 2016/04/12 14:33:20
Message acknowledgement code Application Acknowledgment Accept (message successfully process...			

Figure 149 - Download rerouted Acknowledgement or Safety message

The **Rerouted ACKs** screen also provides advanced query functionality, which allows you to fine-tune the displayed items in the active area. This is possible through the use of the Criteria ribbon that can be activated when clicking on the magnifying glass icon ().



Figure 150 - Rerouted ACKs advanced query

For more information on performing advanced queries please check section **2.7.2. Advanced Query** of this manual.

5.3. Field-Level Access (EMA Administrators)

The field-level access administration tool is accessible to EMA administrators only, and appears as an option with the link **Field access** in the main menu.



Figure 151 - Field access screen link

The purpose of this tool is the management of permission levels for the following EVWEB account holders:

- EMA/NCAs
- MAHs
- WHO (World Health Organisation)

These permission levels define what each of the above EVWEB account holders can view, receive and download in terms of ICSR data. Specifically, these levels (which are also known as security permissions) concern the availability of ICSR E2B(R3) data fields, providing assignment rights for these fields to the affected abovementioned EVWEB account holders.

EMA administrators can define these security permissions by entering the **Field access** screen.

The below screenshot provides a visual overview of the tool’s interface. The available labels and checkboxes are laid out in a table format view which permits quick navigation and activation/de-activation of each setting. Thus, applying security permissions consists of ticking (or unticking) the necessary checkboxes that relate to specific E2B(R3) data fields which, in turn, define their availability to the affected EVWEB account user.

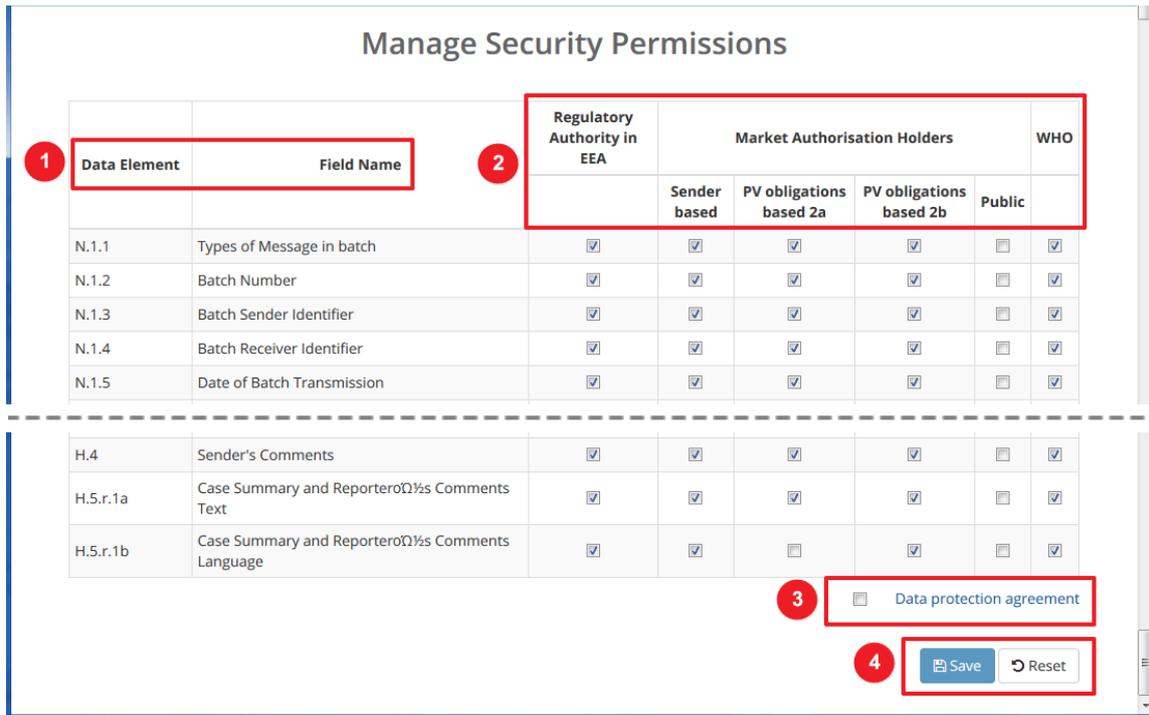


Figure 152 - Field access screen

Note: In order to save and apply the changes made to the security permissions, the EMA administrator must tick the “Data protection agreement” checkbox that is located at the bottom right of the screen. Only then will the “Save” button become active and allow the storing of the changes to the EV system.

Tip: By clicking on the “Data protection agreement” label (not its checkbox) you will be presented with the actual data protection agreement text which you should consent to (by clicking the checkbox), otherwise you will not be allowed to proceed and change any permissions.

The following table offers an overview of the screen’s main features by referencing the previous screenshot.

Table 25 – Description of the Field Access Screen

Field Access Screen	Description
(1) Field Code & Name	Displays the ICSR E2B(R3) field codes and labels which can be enabled or disabled per EVWEB account holder.

Field Access Screen	Description
(2) EVWEB Account Holders	<p>Presents the EVWEB account holders for which the permission levels can be set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Regulatory Authority in EEA (EMA & NCAs) • Market Authorisation Holders <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Sender based: Grants the sender of the ICSR access to all E2B(R3) data fields within the ICSR, including any attachments. – PV obligations based 2a / 2b: Grants access to specific E2B(R3) data fields concerning products referenced in an ICSR for which the MAH holds a marketing authorisation. – Public: Grants access to E2B(R3) data fields that do not fit any of the above two categories. • WHO
(3) Data Protection Agreement	<p>Requires the user to tick the checkbox to proceed and save any applied changes.</p> <p>The data protection agreement text can be viewed by clicking on the label.</p>
(4) Buttons	<p>These allow the saving and resetting of applied changes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Save: Stores the currently applied settings. • Revert: Reverts all latest changes and returns to the previous saved state.

6. List of Abbreviations & Acronyms

The following table presents the abbreviations and acronyms introduced in this user manual.

Table 26 – Description of the Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviation/Acronym	Description
CIOMS	Council for International Organizations of Medical Sciences
CT	Clinical Trial Module
DIA	Drug Information Association
EC	European Commission
EEA	European Economic Area
EMA	European Medicines Agency
ESTRI	Electronic Standards for the Transfer of Regulatory Information
EU	European Union
EV	EudraVigilance
EVCTM	EudraVigilance Clinical Trials Module
EVDDBMS	EudraVigilance Database Management System
EVMPD	EudraVigilance Medicinal Product Dictionary
EVWEB	EudraVigilance WEB
HLGT	High Level Group Term (MedDRA)
HLT	High Level Term (MedDRA)
HTML	HyperText Markup Language
ICH	International Conference on Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use
ICSR	Individual Case Safety Report
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LLT	Lowest Level Term (MedDRA)
MAH	Marketing Authorization Holder
MedDRA	Medical Dictionary for Regulatory Activities
MLM	Medical Literature Monitoring
MSSO	MedDRA Maintenance and Support Services Organisation
NCA	National Competent Authority
NCS	Non-Commercial Sponsor

Abbreviation/Acronym	Description
PDF	Portable Document Format
PM	Post-authorisation Module
PT	Preferred Term (MedDRA)
QPPV	Qualified Persons for Pharmacovigilance
RPC	Regional Pharmacovigilance Centre
RTF	Rich Text Format
SME	Small and Medium Size Enterprise
SOC	System Organ Class (MedDRA)
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
SUSAR	Suspected Unexpected Serious Adverse Reaction
WHO	World Health Organisation
XML	eXtensible Markup Language